

https://dzhevrie.github.io/gomike/page2.html



Performance



Accessibility



Best Practices



SEO



PWA



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

- First Contentful Paint
 - 1.1 s
- Speed Index
 - 1.1 s
- Largest Contentful Paint
 - 1.4 s

- Time to Interactive
 - 1.1 s
- **Total Blocking Time**
 - 0 ms
- **Cumulative Layout Shift**
 - 0.055

















Show audits relevant to: All FCP TBT LCP CLS

0.15s ^

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity **Estimated Savings**

Serve images in next-gen formats

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more.



These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more CLS



Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 6 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
img/texture-paper.png (dzhevrie.github.io)	10m	43 KiB
js/jqBootstrapValidation.js (dzhevrie.github.io)	10m	7 KiB
/gomike/style.css (dzhevrie.github.io)	10m	5 KiB
img/atlanta%20web%20design%20logo.png (dzhevrie.github.io)	10m	3 KiB
js/formHandler.js (dzhevrie.github.io)	10m	2 KiB
img/dots-bg.png (dzhevrie.github.io)	10m	1 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 9 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

Maximum critical path latency: 307.037 ms

Initial Navigation

/gomike/page2.html (dzhevrie.github.io)

- ...css/et-line.min.css (dzhevrie.github.io) 144.316 ms, 5.81 KiB
- ...js/jqBootstrapValidation.js (dzhevrie.github.io) 133.858 ms, 7.49 KiB
- ...css/bootstrap.min.css (dzhevrie.github.io) 144.305 ms, 5.83 KiB
 - ...js/jquery-2.1.0.min.js (dzhevrie.github.io) 137.325 ms, 5.81 KiB

/gomike/style.css (dzhevrie.github.io) - 138.971 ms, 4.59 KiB

- ...js/blocs.min.js (dzhevrie.github.io) 152.218 ms, 5.83 KiB
- ...css/font-awesome.min.css (dzhevrie.github.io) 130.895 ms, 5.81 KiB
- ...js/bootstrap.min.js (dzhevrie.github.io) 143.169 ms, 5.83 KiB
- ...js/formHandler.js (dzhevrie.github.io) 120.77 ms, 1.67 KiB
- Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small 13 requests 99 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	13.0	98.9 KiB

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Image	3.0	47.8 KiB
Script	5.0	26.6 KiB
Stylesheet	4.0	22.1 KiB
Document	1.0	2.5 KiB
Media	0.0	0.0 KiB
Font	0.0	0.0 KiB
Other	0.0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	0.0	0.0 KiB

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

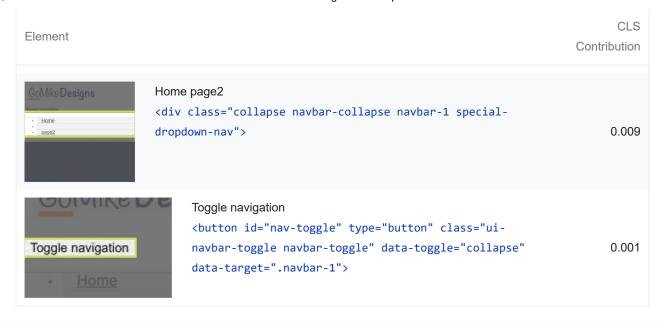
This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More [LCP]



Avoid large layout shifts — 4 elements found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. CLS





More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (33) Hide

Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 120 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

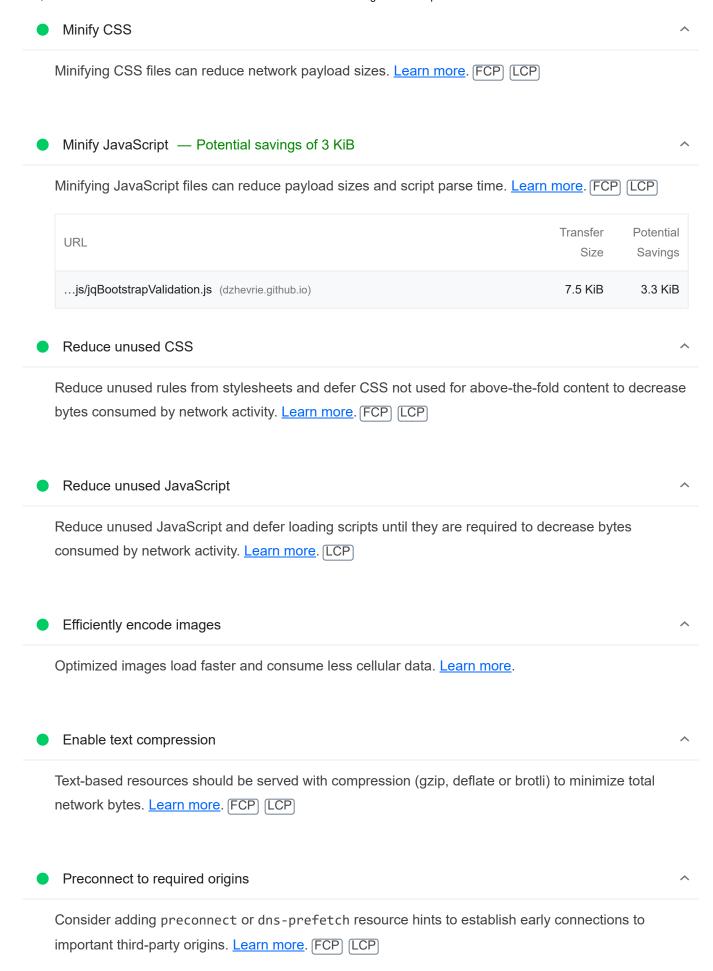
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/font-awesome.min.css (dzhevrie.github.io)	5.8 KiB	150 ms
js/jquery-2.1.0.min.js (dzhevrie.github.io)	5.8 KiB	150 ms

Properly size images

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more.

Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn more.



Initial server response time was short — Root document took 150 ms Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more. FCP [LCP] **URL** Time Spent /gomike/page2.html (dzhevrie.github.io) 150 ms Avoid multiple page redirects Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. FCP [CCP] Preload key requests Consider using link rel=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more [LCP] Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. TBT Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment

browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More TBT

strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. [LCP]



Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 99 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size
img/texture-paper.png (dzhevrie.github.io)	43.5 KiB
js/jqBootstrapValidation.js (dzhevrie.github.io)	7.5 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (dzhevrie.github.io)	5.8 KiB
js/blocs.min.js (dzhevrie.github.io)	5.8 KiB
js/bootstrap.min.js (dzhevrie.github.io)	5.8 KiB
css/et-line.min.css (dzhevrie.github.io)	5.8 KiB
css/font-awesome.min.css (dzhevrie.github.io)	5.8 KiB
js/jquery-2.1.0.min.js (dzhevrie.github.io)	5.8 KiB
/gomike/style.css (dzhevrie.github.io)	4.6 KiB
img/atlanta%20web%20design%20logo.png (dzhevrie.github.io)	3.5 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 81 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more. TBT

Statistic	Element		Value
Total DOM Elements			81.0
Maximum DOM Depth	div.col-sm-3 > div.text- <span class="fa fa-</td><td>center > a.social > span.fa
-twitter icon-md">	11.0	
Maximum Child Elements	mandigorous designs cores +1 (cia) 356-1234 129 Paractines Aves Alliantes, GA Available Same Aport, Mon Frit Interested to learn about my freebook services? Pleases visit my gifter 2009.	mike@gomikedesigns.com +1 (404) 555-1234 123 Peachtree Ave. Atlanta, GA Availa	8.0

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. Learn more.

JavaScript execution time - 0.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more. TBT

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/gomike/page2.html (dzhevrie.github.io)	113 ms	9 ms	4 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more TBT

Category	Time Spent
Other	71 ms
Style & Layout	47 ms
Script Evaluation	17 ms
Rendering	12 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	11 ms

Category	Time Spent
Script Parsing & Compilation	7 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u>. <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>

Minimize third-party usage

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn more</u>. TBT

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more</u>.



Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn more.

Avoid long main-thread tasks

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more TBT

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more CLS

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. TBT

Avoids unload event listeners

The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more

First Contentful Paint (3G) — 2430 ms

First Contentful Paint 3G marks the time at which the first text or image is painted while on a 3G network. Learn more.



These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

NAMES AND LABELS



Image elements do not have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.



▲ Form elements do not have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.





Links do not have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more.



These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

CONTRAST

Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.





These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

INTERNATIONALIZATION AND LOCALIZATION

html> element does not have a valid value for its [lang] attribute.

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.



These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

The page has a logical tab order

Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen.

Learn more.

Interactive controls are keyboard focusable

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.

Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn more.

The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more. User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more. Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more. Custom controls have ARIA roles Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn more. Visual order on the page follows DOM order DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more. Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more. HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more. These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an</u> <u>accessibility review</u>.

PASSED AUDITS (9)

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn more.

Buttons have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

• The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

• [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique

All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u>.

List items () are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent or to be announced properly. Learn more.

NOT APPLICABLE (30)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn more.

O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

O [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more.

ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	ne,
[aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn</u> more.	
[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn</u> more.	
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccura output. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>ate</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>en</td></tr><tr><td>ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assist technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>ive</td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><pre> <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more.

<input type="image"> elements have [alt] text

When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more.

<object> elements have alternate text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. ^

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.

 elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



GENERAL



Browser errors were logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more

Source	Description
css/font-awesome.min.css:1:0 (dzhevrie. github.io)	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)
js/jquery- 2.1.0.min.js:1:0 (dzhevrie.github.i o)	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)
js/bootstrap.min.js:1:0 (dzhevrie. github.io)	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)
css/bootstrap.min.css:1:0 (dzhe vrie.github.io)	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)
css/et- line.min.css:1:0 (dzhevrie.github.i o)	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)

Source	Description
js/blocs.min.js:1:0 (dzhevrie.gith ub.io)	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)
css/bootstrap.min.css:1:0 (dzhe vrie.github.io)	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)
css/et- line.min.css:1:0 (dzhevrie.github.i o)	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)
css/font-awesome.min.css:1:0 (dzhevrie. github.io)	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)
js/formHandler.js:1:0 (dzhevrie.g ithub.io)	<pre>ReferenceError: \$ is not defined at https://dzhevrie.github.io/gomike/js/formHandler.js:1:1</pre>
js/jqBootstrapValidation.js:912:4 (dzhevrie.github.io)	ReferenceError: jQuery is not defined at https://dzhevrie.github.io/gomike/js/jqBootstrapValidation.js:912:5

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn more

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

PASSED AUDITS (12) Hide



All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed content, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the

communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more.

Allows users to paste into password fields

Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more.

Page has the HTML doctype

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more.

Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more.

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more.

NOT APPLICABLE (2) Hide

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

Document does not have a meta description Description text is empty.

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.

Image elements do not have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more.



Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

CRAWLING AND INDEXING

Links are not crawlable

Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. **Learn More**

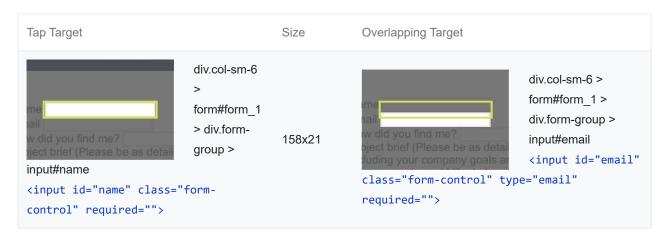


To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.

MOBILE FRIENDLY

Tap targets are not sized appropriately — 78% appropriately sized tap targets

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more.



Make sure your pages are mobile friendly so users don't have to pinch or zoom in order to read the content pages. Learn more.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn</u> more.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (8) Hide

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. TBT

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more.

Page has successful HTTP status code

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.

Links have descriptive text

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more.

Page isn't blocked from indexing

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes — 100% legible text

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more.

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
Legible text		100.00%	≥ 12px

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.

NOT APPLICABLE (2) Hide robots.txt is valid If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.



Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched



▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. Learn more.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a</u> 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. (TBT)

▲ Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an apple-touch-icon. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More.

▲ Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing

the app on a device. Learn more.

	DITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)	Hide
C	Site works cross-browser	^
	To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. <u>Learn more</u> .	
C	Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network	^
	Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u> .	to a
C	Each page has a URL	^
	Each page has a URL Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more.	^

En Captured at Feb 18, 2023, 1:28 PM ☐ Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse Single page load GMT 9.6.6 Till Initial page load T Unknown ⊕ Using HeadlessChromium 109.0.5414.101 with Ir

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