Consider following table:

Student Attendance (Student Id, January, February, March, Percentage). Assume 25 working days in each month.

Student Id	January	February	March	Present_Percentage
01	12	11	20	
02	15	22	22	
03	22	22	15	
04	11	23	10	
05	11	21	5	

Set A

1. Write a procedure P_Not_Allowed that accept short_percentage as input and insert student id and present_percentage of those students who are not allowed to appear in exam into another table Student Not_Allowed. (Use cursor named C_Attendance)

2. Write a function P_Lowest_Attendance that will return the student id whose attendance is lowest. If more than one student have lowest attendance, than return the highest student id among them.

Set B

1. Write a procedure P_Bellow_Average that insert student id and present_percentage of those students whose attendance falls below the average of class attendance into another table Student Not_Allowed. (Use cursor named C_Average)

2. Write a function P_Highest_Attendance that will accept student id as input and returns the month in which he/she has highest attendance.