

Due: 11:59 pm on Dec 17, 2024

Problem 1 (25 pts)

At the initial instant of time t=0, the wave function of a particle in an infinite potential well with walls at x=0 and x=a is $\Psi(x,0)=\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\psi_3+\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\psi_5$, where ψ_3 and ψ_5 are normalized solutions of the stationary Schrödinger equation.

- 1. Is Ψ normalized? Explain.
- 2. Write down the explicit form of $\Psi(x,0)$. What is the probability that the particle is in the region 0 < x < a/2 (use a computer to calculate the integral).
- 3. What are possible outcomes of a measurement of energy in the state described by $\Psi(x,0)$? What are their probabilities?
- 4. What is the average value of the particle's total energy in this state?
- 5. What is the wave function of the particle for t > 0?

Problem 2 (35 pts)

A particle moving in an infinite potential well with walls at x = 0 and x = a is in its ground state. At t = 0, the right wall of the well is suddenly moved to x = 2a.

- 1. Find the wave function of the particle $\Psi(x,t)$ for t>0. Use a computer to calculate the integrals in the expansion coefficients and list the values of the first five coefficients c_1, c_2, \ldots, c_5 . Plot $|\Psi(x,t)|^2$ for t=0 and three other instants t>0. Hint. Is the ground-state wave function in the narrow well an eigenstate in the wide well?
- 2. What is the probability that a measurement of the particle's energy at $t = 0^+$ finds its value unchanged?

Problem 3 (40 pts)

1. Find the energy levels of a particle moving in the potential field with

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} \infty & \text{for } x < 0, \\ -V_0 & \text{for } 0 \le x \le a, \\ 0 & \text{for } x > a \end{cases}$$

where a, V_0 are positive constants. For the energy levels it is enough to write down a system of transcendental equations.

- 2. Discuss the solution of the system of transcendental equations from part 1 graphically. Is it possible to set the width and the depth of the well so that there are no bound states? One bound state?
- 3. For $a = 10^{-10}$ m and m equal to the mass of the electron, find the minimum depth of the well with exactly one bound state.