

МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ ТЕХНІЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ УКРАЇНИ «КИЇВСЬКИЙ ПОЛІТЕХНІЧНИЙ ІНСТИТУТ»

ФАКУЛЬТЕТ ІНФОРМАТИКИ ТА ОБЧИСЛЮВАЛЬНОЇ ТЕХНІКИ КАФЕДРА ОБЧИСЛЮВАЛЬНОЇ ТЕХНІКИ

ЛАБОРАТОРНА РОБОТА №7

з дисципліни «Паралельні та розподілені обчислення Паралельне програмування-2»

Тема: «Ada. Рандеву»

Виконав:

студент 3-го курсу

групи ІП-42

з номер заліковки 4206

Дзюба Влад

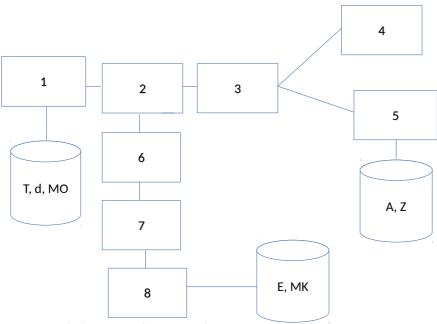
Завдання

Мета роботи: розробка програми для ПКС з ЛП

Мова програмування: Ada

Засоби організації взаємодії процесів: механізм рандеву.

Варіант



 $MA = max(Z) \cdot E + d \cdot T(MO \cdot MK)$

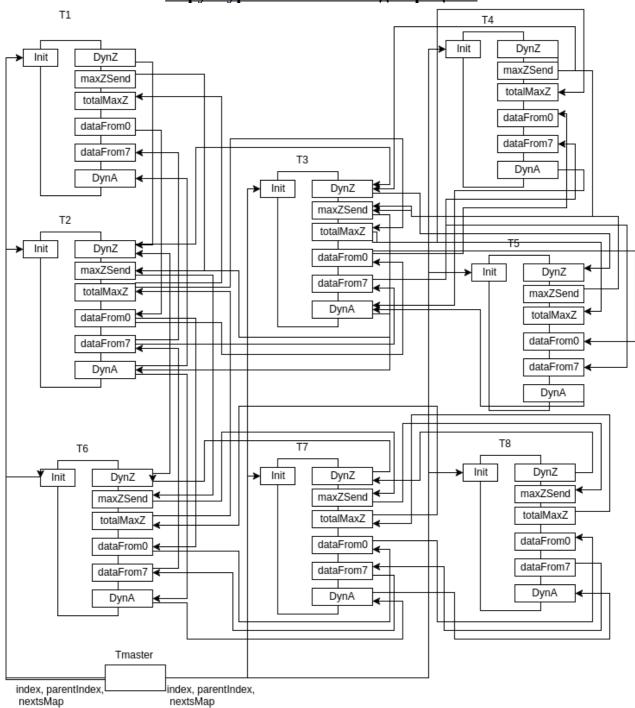
Математичний паралельний алгоритм:

- 1. $maxZ_i = max(Z_h), i \in [0..P-1]$
- $2. \\ maxZ = max\left(maxZ_{5,}max\left(maxZ_{3,}maxZ_{4,}max\left(maxZ_{2,}maxZ_{1,}max\left(maxZ_{6,}max\left(maxZ_{7,}maxZ_{8}\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)$
- 3. $A_h = maxZ \cdot E_h + d \cdot T (MO \cdot MK_h)$

Алгоритм для кожного процесу: nextsMap — множина індексів потоків, з яких надходять $\max Z_j$

inextsiviap willowina indexens horoxis, 3 kkiix hadxoda is maxz				
T_1 :			T_5 :	
	T, d MO.	TA 7	1. Ввести Z.	
	ати Z_h . ити $\mathit{max}Z_1 {=} \mathit{max}(Z_h)$	W_1	2. Передати Z_h . 3. Обчислити $maxZ_1 = max(Z_h)$	S_1
	ти $maxZ_1$	S_1	4. Отримати $maxZ_3$.	\overline{W}_1
5. Отрима	maxZ .	S_2	5. Обчислити	1
6. Переда	ти T,d,MO .	S_3	$maxZ = max (maxZ_{4}, maxZ_{3})$	
7. Отрима	ати E_{h} , MK_{h}	W_2	6. Передати <i>maxZ</i>	S_2
8. Обчисл	ити		7. Отримати T , d , MO .	W_2
$A_h = \max Z \cdot E_h + d \cdot T \left(MO \cdot MK_h \right)$			8. Отримати $E_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$, $MK_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$	W_3
9. Переда	ти $A_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$	S_3	9. Обчислити $A_h = maxZ \cdot E_h + d \cdot T \left(MO \cdot MK_h \right)$	'' 3
			10. Отримати A_{h}	$W_{\scriptscriptstyle 4}$
			11. Вивести $A_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$	4
T ₈ :			$T_i, i \in \{2,3,4,6,7\}$:	
1. Ввести	E, MK.	W_1	1. Отримати $Z_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$.	$W_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$
2. Отрима	ати $Z_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$.		2. Обчислити $maxZ_i = max(Z_h)$	
3. Обчисл	ити $maxZ_8 = max(Z_h)$	W_{2}	3. Отримати	W_{2}
4. Переда	ти $maxZ_8$	S_1	$maxZ_j$, $j \in nextsMap$.	** 2
5. Отрима		W_3	4. Обчислити	
1	T,d,MO .		$maxZi = max(maxZ_i, maxZ_j)$	
	ти E_h , MK_h	W_4	j∈nextsMap	
8. Обчисл		S_2	5. Передати maxZ_i	S_1
	$maxZ \cdot E_h + d \cdot T(MO \cdot MK_h)$		6. Отримати <i>maxZ</i>	W_3
9. Переда	ти $A_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$	S_3	7. Отримати T,d,MO .	W_4
			8. Отримати $E_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$, $MK_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$	W_5
			9. Обчислити	5
			$A_h = \max Z \cdot E_h + d \cdot T \left(MO \cdot MK_h \right)$	
			10. Передати $A_{\scriptscriptstyle h}$	S_2
				-

Структурна схема взаємодії процесів



<u> Лістінг програми:</u>

Main.adb

```
-- main
-- Author:
       Dzyuba Vlad, IP-42
      Parallel calculating of operations with numbers, vectors and matricies.
with Ada.Text_IO; use Ada.Text_IO; with Ada.Containers.Hashed_Maps;
with Ada.Containers.Vectors;
use Ada.Containers;
procedure main2 is
  rocedure main2 is
N: constant Integer := 280;
P: constant Integer := 8;
H: constant Integer := N / P;
subtype Index is Integer range 0..N-1;
subtype PartIndex is Integer range 0..P-1;
subtype ThreadIndex is Integer range 0..P-1;
type Vector is array (Index) of Integer;
type VectorPart is array (PartIndex) of Integer;
type Matrix is array (Index) of Vector;
type MatrixPart is array (PartIndex) of Vector;
   function IntHash(id: Integer) return Hash_Type is
  begin
  return Hash_Type(id);
   end:
  Equivalent_Keys => "=");
   package Matrixes is new Ada.Containers.Hashed Maps
      (Key_Type => Integer,
Element_Type => MatrixPart,
Hash => IntHash,
        Equivalent_Keys => "=");
   type DynArray is Array (Integer range <>) of ThreadIndex;
   type PDynArray is access DynArray;
  package Nexts is new Ada.Containers.Hashed_Maps
(Key_type => ThreadIndex,
    Element_Type => PDynArray,
    Hash => IntHash,
        Equivalent_keys => "=");
   function initVector return Vector is
      res: Vector;
   begin
for i in Vector'Range loop
         res(i) := 1;
      end loop:
      return res;
   end;
   function initMatrix return Matrix is
      res: Matrix;
      for i in Matrix'Range loop
  res(i) := initVector;
      end loop;
      return res;
   end:
  task type Calculation is
  entry Init(index, parentIndex: ThreadIndex; nextsMap: Nexts.Map);
  entry DynZ(from: ThreadIndex; vecParts: Vectors.Map);
  entry maxZSend(anotherMaxZ: Integer);
      entry totalMaxZ(totalMaxZ: Integer);
entry dataFrom0(from: ThreadIndex; T: Vector; d: Integer; MO: Matrix);
entry dataFrom7(from: ThreadIndex; vecParts: Vectors.Map; matParts: Matrixes.Map);
entry DynA(from: ThreadIndex; vecParts: Vectors.Map);
   end Calculation:
   calc1, calc2, calc3, calc4, calc5, calc6, calc7, calc8: Calculation;
   function toVectorsMap(vec: Vector) return Vectors.Map is
      res: Vectors.Map;
   begin for i in ThreadIndex loop
         declare
  part: VectorPart;
         begin
for j in PartIndex loop
            part(j) := vec(i*H+j);
end loop;
            Vectors.Insert(res, i, part);
         end;
      end loop:
      return res;
   function fromVectorsMap(vecParts: Vectors.Map) return Vector is
      res: Vector;
      procedure addPart(position: Vectors.Cursor) is
         procedure addPart(key: Integer; vecPart: VectorPart) is
         begin
for i in vecPart'Range loop
  res(key * H + i) := vecPart(i);
```

```
end loop:
      end;
   begin
  Vectors.Query_Element(position, addPart'Access);
   end;
begin
  Vectors.Iterate(vecParts, addPart'Access);
end:
function toMatrixesMap(mat: Matrix) return Matrixes.Map is
   res: Matrixes.Map;
beain
   for i in ThreadIndex loop
      declare
         part: MatrixPart;
      begin
for j in PartIndex loop
   part(j) := mat(i*H+j);
         end loop;
Matrixes.Insert(res, i, part);
      end:
   end loop;
   return res;
end;
function remove(vecParts: in out Vectors.Map; index: Integer) return VectorPart is
   res: VectorPart;
begin
   res := Vectors.Element(vecParts, index);
Vectors.Delete(vecParts, index);
   return res;
end;
function remove(matParts: in out Matrixes.Map; index: Integer) return MatrixPart is
   res: MatrixPart;
begin
   res := Matrixes.Element(matParts, index);
Matrixes.Delete(matParts, index);
   return res;
task body Calculation is
   index, parentIndex: ThreadIndex;
nextsMap: Nexts.Map;
  T, Z, E: Vector;
d, maxZ: Integer;
MO, MK: Matrix;
Eh, Zh, Ah: VectorPart;
   MKh: MatrixPart;
begin
   accept Init(index, parentIndex: ThreadIndex; nextsMap: Nexts.Map) do Calculation.index := index;
Calculation.parentIndex := parentIndex;
Calculation.nextsMap := nextsMap;
      case index is
         when 0 =>
T := initVector;
            d := 1;
M0 := initMatrix;
         when 4 => Z := initVector;
         when 7 =>
  E := initVector;
  MK := initMatrix;
          when others => null;
      end case:
   end Init;
   if index = 4 then
      declare
         ZParts: Vectors.Map;
      begin
         ZParts := toVectorsMap(Z);
Zh := remove(ZParts, index);
calc3.DynZ(index, ZParts);
      end:
   eno;
else declare
  fromCopy: Integer;
  vecPartsCopy: Vectors.Map;
  elem: VectorPart;
        procedure sendZhTo(position: Nexts.Cursor) is
           procedure sendZhTo(key: ThreadIndex; neededKeys: PDynArray) is cutZh: Vectors.Map;
           begin
if fromCopy = key then
              return;
end if;
              end 17;
for i in neededKeys'Range loop
   elem := Vectors.Element(vecPartsCopy, neededKeys(i));
   Vectors.Insert(cutZh, neededKeys(i), elem);
end loop;
              case key is
  when 0 => calc1.DynZ(index, cutZh);
                 when 0 => catcl.bynZ(index, cutZh); when 1 => catc2.bynZ(index, cutZh); when 2 => catc3.bynZ(index, cutZh); when 3 => catc4.bynZ(index, cutZh); when 4 => catc5.bynZ(index, cutZh); when 5 => catc6.bynZ(index, cutZh); when 6 => catc7.bynZ(index, cutZh);
```

```
when 7 => calc8.DvnZ(index. cutZh):
            end case;
         end;
     begin
         Nexts.Query_Element(position, sendZhTo'Access);
     end;
  beain
     accept DynZ(from: ThreadIndex; vecParts: Vectors.Map) do
        fromCopy := from;
vecPartsCopy:= vecParts;
     end;
     Th := remove(vecPartsCopy, index);
Nexts.Iterate(nextsMap, sendZhTo'Access);
end;
end if;
maxZ := Integer'First;
for i in Zh'Range loop
  maxZ := Integer'Max(maxZ, Zh(i));
end loop;
declare
  len: ThreadIndex := Integer(Nexts.Length(nextsMap))-1;
   if parentIndex = index then
  len := len + 1;
   end if;
for i in 1..len loop
      accept maxZSend(anotherMaxZ: Integer) do
  maxZ := Integer'Max(maxZ, anotherMaxZ);
       end:
   end loop;
end;
if index /= parentIndex then
  case parentIndex is
      ase parentinuex is
when 0 => calc1.maxZSend(maxZ);
when 1 => calc2.maxZSend(maxZ);
when 2 => calc3.maxZSend(maxZ);
when 3 => calc4.maxZSend(maxZ);
       when 4 => calc5.maxZSend(maxZ);
when 5 => calc6.maxZSend(maxZ);
when 6 => calc7.maxZSend(maxZ);
       when 7 => calc8.maxZSend(maxZ);
    end case;
    declare
       procedure sendTotalMaxZTo(position: Nexts.Cursor) is
  procedure sendTotalMaxZTo(key: ThreadIndex; neededKeys: PDynArray) is
           begin
             if parentIndex = key then
  return;
end if;
              when 0 => calc1.totalMaxZ(maxZ);
when 1 => calc2.totalMaxZ(maxZ);
when 2 => calc3.totalMaxZ(maxZ);
when 3 => calc3.totalMaxZ(maxZ);
when 4 => calc5.totalMaxZ(maxZ);
                 when 5 => calc6.totalMaxZ(maxZ);
when 6 => calc7.totalMaxZ(maxZ);
when 7 => calc8.totalMaxZ(maxZ);
              end case;
          end;
       begin
          Nexts.Query_Element(position, sendTotalMaxZTo'Access);
   beain
      accept totalMaxZ(totalMaxZ: Integer) do
  maxZ := totalMaxZ;
       Nexts.Iterate(nextsMap, sendTotalMaxZTo'Access);
else
calc3.totalMaxZ(maxZ);
end if;
if index = 0 then
    calc2.dataFrom0(index, T, d, M0);
else
       fromIndex: ThreadIndex;
      procedure sendDataFrom0To(position: Nexts.Cursor) is
  procedure sendDataFrom0To(key: ThreadIndex; neededKeys: PDynArray) is
  begin
  if fromIndex = key then
              return;
end if;
              end 1T;
case key is
when 0 => calc1.dataFrom0(index, T, d, M0);
when 1 => calc2.dataFrom0(index, T, d, M0);
when 2 => calc3.dataFrom0(index, T, d, M0);
                 when 2 => calc3.dataFrom0(index, T, d, MO);
when 3 => calc4.dataFrom0(index, T, d, MO);
when 4 => calc5.dataFrom0(index, T, d, MO);
when 5 => calc6.dataFrom0(index, T, d, MO);
when 6 => calc7.dataFrom0(index, T, d, MO);
when 7 => calc8.dataFrom0(index, T, d, MO);
              end case:
           end;
       begin
          Nexts.Query_Element(position, sendDataFromOTo'Access);
       end;
       accept dataFromO(from: ThreadIndex; T: Vector; d: Integer; MO: Matrix) do
          Calculation.T := T;
Calculation.d := d;
           Calculation.MO := MO;
           fromIndex := from;
       Nexts.Iterate(nextsMap, sendDataFromOTo'Access);
```

```
end:
end if;
if index = 7 then
     declare
           EParts: Vectors.Map;
MKParts: Matrixes.Map;
           EParts := toVectorsMap(E):
           Eh := remove(EParts, index);
MKParts := toMatrixesMap(MK);
           MKh := remove(MKParts, index);
calc7.dataFrom7(index, EParts, MKParts);
      end;
else
      declare
           fromIndex: ThreadIndex;
           vecPartsCopy: Vectors.Map;
matPartsCopy: Matrixes.Map;
           elem: VectorPart;
elemMat: MatrixPart;
           procedure sendDataFrom7To(position: Nexts.Cursor) is
  procedure sendDataFrom7To(key: ThreadIndex; neededKeys: PDynArray) is
                       cutEh: Vectors.Map;
cutMKh: Matrixes.Map;
                 begin
  if fromIndex = key then
                             return;
                        end if;
                       end 1T;
for i in neededKeys'Range loop
  elem := Vectors.Element(vecPartsCopy, neededKeys(i));
  Vectors.Insert(cutEh, neededKeys(i), elem);
  elemMat := Matrixes.Element(matPartsCopy, neededKeys(i));
  Matrixes.Insert(cutMKh, neededKeys(i), elemMat);
  cod loop.
                        end loop;
                       end toop;
case key is
when 0 => calc1.dataFrom7(index, cutEh, cutMKh);
when 1 => calc2.dataFrom7(index, cutEh, cutMKh);
when 2 => calc3.dataFrom7(index, cutEh, cutMKh);
                             when 3 => calc4.dataFrom7(index, cutEh, cutMKh);
when 4 => calc5.dataFrom7(index, cutEh, cutMKh);
                             when 5 => calc6.dataFrom7(index, cutEh, cutMKh);
when 6 => calc7.dataFrom7(index, cutEh, cutMKh);
when 7 => calc8.dataFrom7(index, cutEh, cutMKh);
                       end case;
                 end;
           begin
                 Nexts.Query_Element(position, sendDataFrom7To'Access);
           end;
     begin
           accept dataFrom7(from: ThreadIndex; vecParts: Vectors.Map; matParts: Matrixes.Map) do
                 fromIndex := from;
vecPartsCopy := vecParts;
                 matPartsCopy := matParts;
          mark of the content of the cont
end if:
for i in Ah'Range loop
     declare
  mok: Integer;
      heain
           Ah(i) := maxZ * Eh(i);
for j in T'Range loop
mok := 0;
                 for k in MO'Range loop
  mok := mok + MO(k)(j) * MKh(i)(k);
                 end loop;
           Ah(i) := Ah(i) + d * T(j) * mok;
end loop;
end loop;
     qVecParts: Vectors.Map;
      procedure mixin(position: Vectors.Cursor) is
           procedure mixin(key: Integer; vecPart: VectorPart) is begin
                Vectors.Insert(gVecParts, key, vecPart);
           end;
      begin
           Vectors.Query_Element(position, mixin'Access);
      end:
      len: Integer := Integer(Nexts.Length(nextsMap))-1;
begin
    vectors.Insert(gVecParts, index, Ah);
if index = parentIndex then
  len := len + 1;
end if;
      for i in 1..len loop
  accept dynA(from: ThreadIndex; vecParts: Vectors.Map) do
                 Vectors.Iterate(vecParts, mixin'Access);
           end:
      end loop;
      if index /= parentIndex then
           when 0 => calc1.dynA(index, gVecParts);
when 1 => calc2.dynA(index, gVecParts);
when 2 => calc3.dynA(index, gVecParts);
when 3 => calc4.dynA(index, gVecParts);
when 4 => calc5.dynA(index, gVecParts);
when 5 => calc5.dynA(index, gVecParts);
                 when 5 => calc6.dynA(index, gVecParts);
when 6 => calc7.dynA(index, gVecParts);
```

```
when 7 => calc8.dvnA(index. gVecParts):
              end case;
          else
              declare
                A: Vector := fromVectorsMap(qVecParts);
              begin
if N < 20 then
                    for i in A'Range loop
  put(Integer'Image(A(i)));
end loop;
put_line("");
             end if;
end;
          end if;
      end:
   end Calculation;
begin
   declare
      nextsMap: Nexts.Map;
       keys1: PDynArray;
   begin
      keys1 := new DynArray(0..6);
for i in keys1'Range loop
       keys1(i) := i + 1;
end loop;
      Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 1, keys1);
calc1.Init(0, 1, nextsMap);
   end;
declare
      nextsMap: Nexts.Map;
keys0: PDynArray;
keys2: PDynArray;
keys5: PDynArray;
   begin
      egin
keys0 := new DynArray(0..0);
keys0(0) := 0;
keys2 := new DynArray(0..2);
keys2(0) := 2; keys2(1) := 3; keys2(2) := 4;
keys5 := new DynArray(0..2);
keys5(0) := 5; keys5(1) := 6; keys5(2) := 7;
      Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 0, keys0);
Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 2, keys2);
Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 5, keys5);
       calc2.Init(1, 2, nextsMap);
   end;
declare
       nextsMap: Nexts.Map;
       keys1: PDynArray;
keys3: PDynArray;
       keys4: PDynArray;
   begin
      egin
   keys1 := new DynArray(0..4);
   keys1(0) := 0;   keys1(1) := 1;   keys1(2) := 5;   keys1(3) := 6;   keys1(4) := 7;
   keys3 := new DynArray(0..0);
   keys3(0) := 3;
   keys4 := new DynArray(0..0);
   keys4 := new DynArray(0..0);
   keys4 := new DynArray(0..0);
       keys4(0) := 4;
       Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 1, keys1);
      Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 3, keys3);
Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 4, keys4);
       calc3.Init(2, 4, nextsMap);
   end:
   declare
      nextsMap: Nexts.Map;
       keys2: PDynArray;
   begin
       keys2:
       keys2 := new DynArray(0..6);
keys2(0) := 0; keys2(1) := 1; keys2(2) := 2;
keys2(3) := 4; keys2(4) := 5; keys2(5) := 6; keys2(6) := 7;
       Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 2, keys2);
       calc4.Init(3, 2, nextsMap);
   end;
   declare
      nextsMap: Nexts.Map;
       keys2: PDynArray;
   beain
       keys2 := new DynArray(0..6);
keys2(0) := 0; keys2(1) := 1; keys2(2) := 2; keys2(3) := 3;
keys2(4) := 5; keys2(5) := 6; keys2(6) := 7;
      Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 2, keys2);
       calc5.Init(4, 4, nextsMap);
   end;
   declare
       nextsMap: Nexts.Map;
      keys1: PDynArray;
keys6: PDynArray;
  Reyso: Poynarray,
begin
keys1 := new DynArray(0..4);
keys1(0) := 0; keys1(1) := 1; keys1(2) := 2; keys1(3) := 3; keys1(4) := 4;
keys6 := new DynArray(0..1);
       keys6(0) := 6; keys6(1) := 7;
      Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 1, keys1);
Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 6, keys6);
       calc6.Init(5, 1, nextsMap);
   end;
declare
```

```
nextsMap: Nexts.Map;
keys5: PDynArray;
keys7: PDynArray;
begin
    keys5 := new DynArray(0..5);
    keys5(0) := 0; keys5(1) := 1; keys5(2) := 2; keys5(3) := 3; keys5(4) := 4; keys5(5) := 5;
    keys7 := new DynArray(0..0);
    keys7(0) := 7;

    Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 5, keys5);
    Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 7, keys7);

    calc7.Init(6, 5, nextsMap);
end;
declare
    nextsMap: Nexts.Map;
    keys6: PDynArray;
begin
    keys6 := new DynArray(0..6);
    for i in keys6'Range loop
        keys6(i) := i;
end loop;

    Nexts.Insert(nextsMap, 6, keys6);

    calc8.Init(7, 6, nextsMap);
end;
end;
end;
```