

# Forest Fires

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Regression Modeling in Practice Course  
by Wesleyan University

Linear Regression Model  
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```
In [1]: %matplotlib inline
```

```
import pandas
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import statsmodels.formula.api as smf

pandas.set_option('display.mpl_style', 'default') # Make the graphs a bit prettier
pandas.set_option('display.float_format', lambda x: '%.3f'%x)
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (15, 5)
```

```
C:\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\IPython\core\interactiveshell.py:2885: FutureWarning:
mpl.style had been deprecated and will be removed in a future version.
Use 'matplotlib.pyplot.style.use' instead.
```

```
exec(code_obj, self.user_global_ns, self.user_ns)
```

```
In [2]: #plt.style.use('ggplot')
        #plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (15, 5)

        #print(plt.style.available)
```

## 0.0.1 Load Forest Fires .csv file

```
In [3]: fires = pandas.read_csv('forestfires.csv')
```

## 0.1 1. Lets have a brief look of Fires DataFrame

```
In [4]: fires.head() #Show first rows
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	X	Y	month	day	FFMC	DMC	DC	ISI	temp	RH	wind	rain	area
0	7	5	mar	fri	86.200	26.200	94.300	5.100	8.200	51	6.700	0.000	0.000
1	7	4	oct	tue	90.600	35.400	669.100	6.700	18.000	33	0.900	0.000	0.000
2	7	4	oct	sat	90.600	43.700	686.900	6.700	14.600	33	1.300	0.000	0.000
3	8	6	mar	fri	91.700	33.300	77.500	9.000	8.300	97	4.000	0.200	0.000
4	8	6	mar	sun	89.300	51.300	102.200	9.600	11.400	99	1.800	0.000	0.000

### 0.1.1 Get some descriptive statistic of the data

```
In [5]: fires_attributes = fires.columns.values.tolist()
        number_of_columns = len(fires_attributes)
```

```
In [6]: statistics = pandas.DataFrame(index=range(0, number_of_columns - 4),
        columns=('name', 'min', 'max', 'mean'))
```

```
In [7]: for attr in range(4, number_of_columns):
        idx = attr - 4
        statistics.loc[idx] = {'name': fires_attributes[attr],
                                'min': min(fires[fires_attributes[attr]]),
                                'max': max(fires[fires_attributes[attr]]),
                                'mean': fires[fires_attributes[attr]].mean()}
```

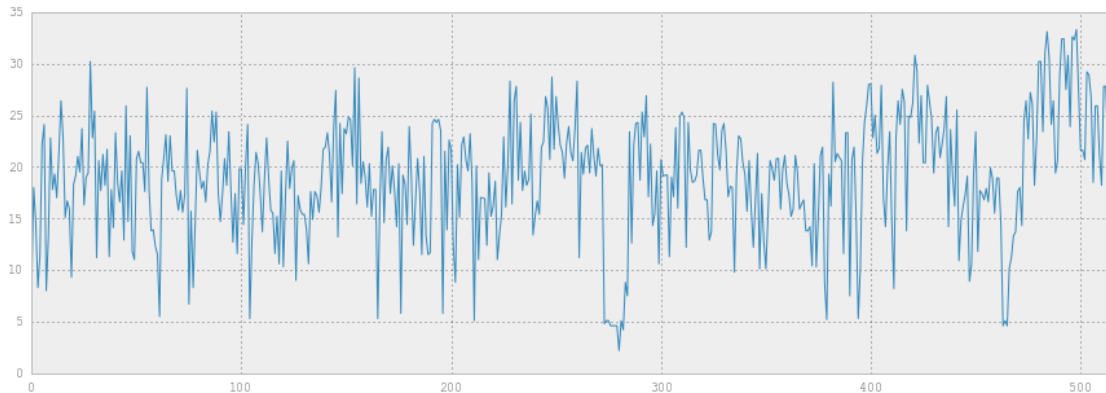
```
In [8]: statistics    #Show min, max and mean
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	name	min	max	mean
0	FFMC	18.700	96.200	90.645
1	DMC	1.100	291.300	110.872
2	DC	7.900	860.600	547.940
3	ISI	0.000	56.100	9.022
4	temp	2.200	33.300	18.889
5	RH	15	100	44.288
6	wind	0.400	9.400	4.018
7	rain	0.000	6.400	0.022
8	area	0.000	1090.840	12.847

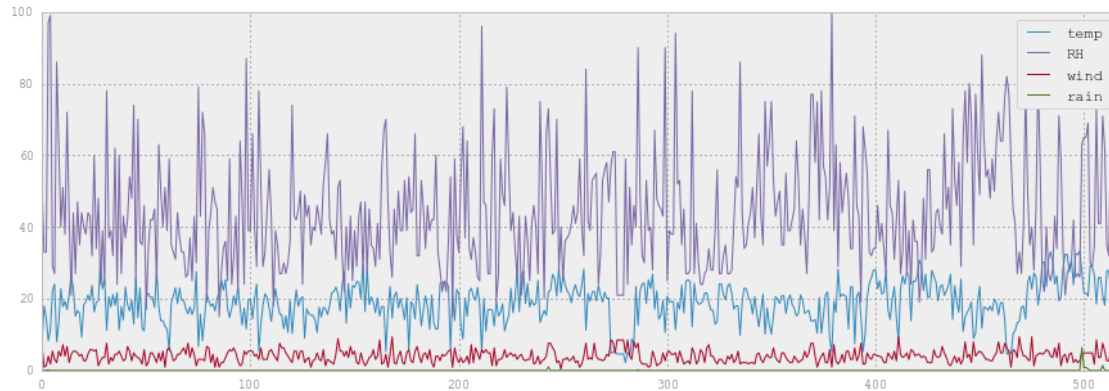
```
In [9]: fires['temp'].plot()    #Plot temperature graph
```

```
Out[9]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1f797faaef0>
```



```
In [10]: fires[['temp', 'RH', 'wind', 'rain']].plot()    #Plot temperature, relative humidity, wind
                                                         #and rain graphs
```

```
Out[10]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1f79806aef0>
```



```
In [11]: print(fires.corr())    #Show correlation between variables
```

X	Y	FFMC	DMC	DC	ISI	temp	RH	wind	rain	\
X	1.000	0.540	-0.021	-0.048	-0.086	0.006	-0.051	0.085	0.019	0.065
Y	0.540	1.000	-0.046	0.008	-0.101	-0.024	-0.024	0.062	-0.020	0.033
FFMC	-0.021	-0.046	1.000	0.383	0.331	0.532	0.432	-0.301	-0.028	0.057
DMC	-0.048	0.008	0.383	1.000	0.682	0.305	0.470	0.074	-0.105	0.075
DC	-0.086	-0.101	0.331	0.682	1.000	0.229	0.496	-0.039	-0.203	0.036
ISI	0.006	-0.024	0.532	0.305	0.229	1.000	0.394	-0.133	0.107	0.068
temp	-0.051	-0.024	0.432	0.470	0.496	0.394	1.000	-0.527	-0.227	0.069
RH	0.085	0.062	-0.301	0.074	-0.039	-0.133	-0.527	1.000	0.069	0.100
wind	0.019	-0.020	-0.028	-0.105	-0.203	0.107	-0.227	0.069	1.000	0.061
rain	0.065	0.033	0.057	0.075	0.036	0.068	0.069	0.100	0.061	1.000
area	0.063	0.045	0.040	0.073	0.049	0.008	0.098	-0.076	0.012	-0.007

	area
X	0.063
Y	0.045
FFMC	0.040
DMC	0.073
DC	0.049
ISI	0.008
temp	0.098
RH	-0.076
wind	0.012
rain	-0.007
area	1.000

## 0.2 2. Linear regression

### 0.2.1 Convert categorical variables (months and days) into numerical values

```
In [12]: months_table = ['jan', 'feb', 'mar', 'apr', 'may', 'jun',
                        'jul', 'aug', 'sep', 'oct', 'nov', 'dec']
        days_table = ['sun', 'mon', 'tue', 'wed', 'thu', 'fri', 'sat']

        fires['month'] = [months_table.index(month) for month in fires['month']]
        fires['day'] = [days_table.index(day) for day in fires['day']]
```

```
fires.head()
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	X	Y	month	day	FFMC	DMC	DC	ISI	temp	RH	wind	rain	area
0	7	5	2	5	86.200	26.200	94.300	5.100	8.200	51	6.700	0.000	0.000
1	7	4	9	2	90.600	35.400	669.100	6.700	18.000	33	0.900	0.000	0.000
2	7	4	9	6	90.600	43.700	686.900	6.700	14.600	33	1.300	0.000	0.000
3	8	6	2	5	91.700	33.300	77.500	9.000	8.300	97	4.000	0.200	0.000
4	8	6	2	0	89.300	51.300	102.200	9.600	11.400	99	1.800	0.000	0.000

## 0.2.2 Center each explanatory variable

```
In [13]: for idx in range(0, number_of_columns - 1):
          fires[fires_attributes[idx]] = fires[fires_attributes[idx]] -
                                          fires[fires_attributes[idx]].mean()

In [14]: for idx in range(0, number_of_columns):
          statistics.loc[idx] = {'name': fires_attributes[idx],
                                'min':  min(fires[fires_attributes[idx]]),
                                'max':  max(fires[fires_attributes[idx]]),
                                'mean':  fires[fires_attributes[idx]].mean()}
```

```
In [15]: statistics    #Only explanatory variables were centered
```

```
Out[15]:
```

	name	min	max	mean
0	X	-3.669	4.331	0.000
1	Y	-2.300	4.700	0.000
2	month	-6.476	4.524	0.000
3	day	-2.973	3.027	-0.000
4	FFMC	-71.945	5.555	0.000
5	DMC	-109.772	180.428	-0.000
6	DC	-540.040	312.660	0.000
7	ISI	-9.022	47.078	-0.000
8	temp	-16.689	14.411	0.000
9	RH	-29.288	55.712	0.000
10	wind	-3.618	5.382	-0.000
11	rain	-0.022	6.378	0.000
12	area	0.000	1090.840	12.847

## 0.2.3 Generate models to test each variable

```
In [16]: for idx in range(4, number_of_columns - 1):
          model = smf.ols(formula = "area ~ " +
                           fires_attributes[idx], data = fires).fit()
          print(model.summary())
          print()
```

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          area    R-squared:                0.002
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           -0.000
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:         0.8304
Date:                   Fri, 03 Jun 2016    Prob (F-statistic):    0.363
Time:                   21:45:10    Log-Likelihood:       -2880.0
No. Observations:       517    AIC:                  5764.
Df Residuals:           515    BIC:                  5773.
```

```

Df Model: 1
Covariance Type: nonrobust
=====
              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [95.0% Conf. Int.]
-----
Intercept    12.8473      2.800      4.588      0.000       7.346    18.348
FFMC         0.4627      0.508      0.911      0.363      -0.535    1.460
=====
Omnibus: 983.137 Durbin-Watson: 1.649
Prob(Omnibus): 0.000 Jarque-Bera (JB): 808340.065
Skew: 12.793 Prob(JB): 0.00
Kurtosis: 195.015 Cond. No. 5.51
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```

                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable: area R-squared: 0.005
Model: OLS Adj. R-squared: 0.003
Method: Least Squares F-statistic: 2.759
Date: Fri, 03 Jun 2016 Prob (F-statistic): 0.0973
Time: 21:45:10 Log-Likelihood: -2879.1
No. Observations: 517 AIC: 5762.
Df Residuals: 515 BIC: 5771.
Df Model: 1
Covariance Type: nonrobust
=====
              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [95.0% Conf. Int.]
-----
Intercept    12.8473      2.795      4.597      0.000       7.357    18.338
DMC          0.0725      0.044      1.661      0.097      -0.013    0.158
=====
Omnibus: 982.803 Durbin-Watson: 1.649
Prob(Omnibus): 0.000 Jarque-Bera (JB): 811231.935
Skew: 12.780 Prob(JB): 0.00
Kurtosis: 195.368 Cond. No. 64.0
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```

                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable: area R-squared: 0.002
Model: OLS Adj. R-squared: 0.001
Method: Least Squares F-statistic: 1.259
Date: Fri, 03 Jun 2016 Prob (F-statistic): 0.262
Time: 21:45:10 Log-Likelihood: -2879.8
No. Observations: 517 AIC: 5764.
Df Residuals: 515 BIC: 5772.
Df Model: 1
Covariance Type: nonrobust

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]	
Intercept	12.8473	2.799	4.590	0.000	7.349	18.346
DC	0.0127	0.011	1.122	0.262	-0.010	0.035
Omnibus:		982.892	Durbin-Watson:			1.645
Prob(Omnibus):		0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):			807312.305
Skew:		12.786	Prob(JB):			0.00
Kurtosis:		194.893	Cond. No.			248.

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

#### OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	area	R-squared:	0.000			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	-0.002			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	0.03512			
Date:	Fri, 03 Jun 2016	Prob (F-statistic):	0.851			
Time:	21:45:11	Log-Likelihood:	-2880.4			
No. Observations:	517	AIC:	5765.			
Df Residuals:	515	BIC:	5773.			
Df Model:	1					
Covariance Type:	nonrobust					
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]	
Intercept	12.8473	2.802	4.585	0.000	7.342	18.352
ISI	0.1153	0.615	0.187	0.851	-1.093	1.324
Omnibus:		983.625	Durbin-Watson:			1.649
Prob(Omnibus):		0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):			809992.277
Skew:		12.806	Prob(JB):			0.00
Kurtosis:		195.211	Cond. No.			4.56

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

#### OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	area	R-squared:	0.010
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.008
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	4.978
Date:	Fri, 03 Jun 2016	Prob (F-statistic):	0.0261
Time:	21:45:11	Log-Likelihood:	-2878.0
No. Observations:	517	AIC:	5760.
Df Residuals:	515	BIC:	5768.
Df Model:	1		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		
=====			
	coef	std err	t P> t  [95.0% Conf. Int.]

```

-----
Intercept      12.8473      2.789      4.607      0.000      7.368      18.326
temp           1.0726      0.481      2.231      0.026      0.128      2.017
=====
Omnibus:                979.270      Durbin-Watson:                1.650
Prob(Omnibus):           0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):           793772.021
Skew:                   12.687      Prob(JB):                   0.00
Kurtosis:              193.275      Cond. No.                   5.80
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

#### OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          area      R-squared:                0.006
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.004
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:             2.954
Date:                  Fri, 03 Jun 2016      Prob (F-statistic):       0.0863
Time:                  21:45:11      Log-Likelihood:          -2879.0
No. Observations:      517      AIC:                     5762.
Df Residuals:          515      BIC:                     5770.
Df Model:              1
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]
Intercept	12.8473	2.794	4.598	0.000	7.358 18.337
RH	-0.2946	0.171	-1.719	0.086	-0.631 0.042

```

=====
Omnibus:                980.422      Durbin-Watson:                1.642
Prob(Omnibus):           0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):           795947.965
Skew:                   12.720      Prob(JB):                   0.00
Kurtosis:              193.531      Cond. No.                   16.3
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

#### OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          area      R-squared:                0.000
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           -0.002
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:             0.07815
Date:                  Fri, 03 Jun 2016      Prob (F-statistic):       0.780
Time:                  21:45:11      Log-Likelihood:          -2880.4
No. Observations:      517      AIC:                     5765.
Df Residuals:          515      BIC:                     5773.
Df Model:              1
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]
Intercept	12.8473	2.802	4.585	0.000	7.342 18.352

```

wind            0.4376    1.565    0.280    0.780    -2.638    3.513
=====
Omnibus:                983.721    Durbin-Watson:                1.647
Prob(Omnibus):           0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):          810324.708
Skew:                    12.809    Prob(JB):                  0.00
Kurtosis:                195.251    Cond. No.                  1.79
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

#### OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          area    R-squared:                0.000
Model:                  OLS     Adj. R-squared:           -0.002
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:            0.02794
Date:                   Fri, 03 Jun 2016    Prob (F-statistic):      0.867
Time:                   21:45:11    Log-Likelihood:          -2880.4
No. Observations:       517    AIC:                    5765.
Df Residuals:           515    BIC:                    5773.
Df Model:                1
Covariance Type:        nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]
Intercept	12.8473	2.802	4.585	0.000	7.342 18.352
rain	-1.5842	9.477	-0.167	0.867	-20.203 17.035

```

=====
Omnibus:                983.726    Durbin-Watson:                1.649
Prob(Omnibus):           0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):          810320.385
Skew:                    12.809    Prob(JB):                  0.00
Kurtosis:                195.250    Cond. No.                  3.38
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
In [17]: print((smf.ols(formula = "area ~ temp", data = fires).fit()).summary())
```

#### OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          area    R-squared:                0.010
Model:                  OLS     Adj. R-squared:           0.008
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:            4.978
Date:                   Fri, 03 Jun 2016    Prob (F-statistic):      0.0261
Time:                   21:45:11    Log-Likelihood:          -2878.0
No. Observations:       517    AIC:                    5760.
Df Residuals:           515    BIC:                    5768.
Df Model:                1
Covariance Type:        nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]
Intercept	12.8473	2.789	4.607	0.000	7.368 18.326
temp	1.0726	0.481	2.231	0.026	0.128 2.017



```
=====
Omnibus:                979.270    Durbin-Watson:                1.650
Prob(Omnibus):          0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):          793772.021
Skew:                   12.687    Prob(JB):                  0.00
Kurtosis:               193.275    Cond. No.                  5.80
=====
```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

The results of the linear regression models indicated that only temperature (Beta = 1.0726,  $p = 0.026$ ) was significantly and positively associated with the total burned area due to forest fires. 'p-value' of other models are greater than threshold value of 0.05 so results are not statistically significant to reject null hypothesis.

#### 0.2.4 Create a Linear Regression Model for a combination of variables

```
In [18]: explanatory_variables = "FFMC + DMC + DC + ISI + temp + RH + wind + rain"
        response_variable =     "area"

        model = smf.ols(formula = response_variable + " ~ " + explanatory_variables,
                        data = fires).fit()
```

```
In [19]: print(model.summary())
```

##### OLS Regression Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          area    R-squared:                0.016
Model:                  OLS    Adj. R-squared:          0.001
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:          1.033
Date:                   Fri, 03 Jun 2016    Prob (F-statistic):    0.410
Time:                   21:45:11    Log-Likelihood:        -2876.3
No. Observations:       517    AIC:                   5771.
Df Residuals:           508    BIC:                   5809.
Df Model:                8
Covariance Type:        nonrobust
=====
```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]
Intercept	12.8473	2.799	4.590	0.000	7.349 18.346
FFMC	-0.0233	0.661	-0.035	0.972	-1.322 1.275
DMC	0.0765	0.067	1.145	0.253	-0.055 0.208
DC	-0.0057	0.016	-0.349	0.727	-0.038 0.026
ISI	-0.6984	0.772	-0.905	0.366	-2.215 0.818
temp	0.8480	0.787	1.077	0.282	-0.699 2.394
RH	-0.1963	0.237	-0.829	0.407	-0.661 0.269
wind	1.5271	1.670	0.914	0.361	-1.754 4.808
rain	-2.5400	9.676	-0.263	0.793	-21.549 16.469

```
=====
Omnibus:                978.059    Durbin-Watson:                1.645
Prob(Omnibus):          0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):          792201.920
Skew:                   12.652    Prob(JB):                  0.00
Kurtosis:               193.092    Cond. No.                  871.
=====
```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

p-value of combination model ( $p = 0.410$ ) is bigger than treshold value, so the combination of the Canadian Forest Fire Weather Index (FWI) system plus temperature, humidity, wind and rain are not significantly associated with the total burned area due to forest fires. p-value of temperature in combination model ( $p = 0.282$ ) is not longer statistically significant, a confounder variable?

In [ ]: