

Informatics 1
Introduction to Computation
Lecture 8

Algebraic Data Types

Philip Wadler
University of Edinburgh

Functional Programming Class Test

11.00–11.50 Tuesday 24 October 2018

Gordon Aikman Lecture Theatre

Plus some other rooms — you will be notified

Closed book written exam, no computers

Will cover everything in FP up to — but not including — higher-order functions

Past exams are available via the course Learn page

Formative vs. Summative

0%	Week 1: FP tutorial
0%	Week 2: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 3: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 4: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 5: CL and FP tutorials
10%	Week 6: Functional Programming Class Test
0%	Week 6: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 7: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 8: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 9: CL, FP, IP tutorials
0%	Week 10: CL, FP, IP tutorials
0%	Week 11: Mock Functional Programming Exam
90%	December: Final Exam

Formative vs. Summative

0%	Week 1: FP tutorial
0%	Week 2: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 3: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 4: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 5: CL and FP tutorials
10% 5%	Week 6: Functional Programming Class Test
0%	Week 6: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 7: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 8: CL and FP tutorials
0%	Week 9: CL, FP, IP tutorials
0%	Week 10: CL, FP, IP tutorials
0%	Week 11: Mock Functional Programming Exam
90% 95%	December: Final Exam

Part I

Algebraic types

Everything is an algebraic type

```
data Bool = False | True
data Season = Winter | Spring | Summer | Fall
data Shape = Circle Float | Rectangle Float Float
data List a = Nil | Cons a (List a)
data Nat = Zero | Succ Nat
data Exp = Lit Int | Add Exp Exp | Mul Exp Exp
data Tree a = Empty | Leaf a | Branch (Tree a) (Tree a)
data Maybe a = Nothing | Just a
data Pair a b = Pair a b
data Either a b = Left a | Right b
```

Part II

Boolean

Boolean

```
data Bool = False | True
```

```
not :: Bool -> Bool
```

```
not False  =  True
```

```
not True   =  False
```

```
(&&) :: Bool -> Bool -> Bool
```

```
False && q  =  False
```

```
True  && q  =  q
```

```
(||) :: Bool -> Bool -> Bool
```

```
False || q  =  q
```

```
True  || q  =  True
```


Boolean — eq and show

```
eqBool :: Bool -> Bool -> Bool
eqBool False False  =  True
eqBool False True   =  False
eqBool True  False  =  False
eqBool True  True   =  True
```

```
showBool :: Bool -> String
showBool False  =  "False"
showBool True   =  "True"
```

Part III

Seasons

Seasons

```
data Season = Winter | Spring | Summer | Fall
```

```
next :: Season -> Season
```

```
next Winter  = Spring
```

```
next Spring  = Summer
```

```
next Summer  = Fall
```

```
next Fall    = Winter
```

Seasons—eq and show

```
eqSeason :: Season -> Season -> Bool
eqSeason Winter Winter = True
eqSeason Spring Spring = True
eqSeason Summer Summer = True
eqSeason Fall Fall = True
eqSeason x y = False
```

```
showSeason :: Season -> String
showSeason Winter = "Winter"
showSeason Spring = "Spring"
showSeason Summer = "Summer"
showSeason Fall = "Fall"
```

Seasons and integers

```
data Season = Winter | Spring | Summer | Fall
```

```
toInt :: Season -> Int
```

```
toInt Winter  =  0
```

```
toInt Spring  =  1
```

```
toInt Summer  =  2
```

```
toInt Fall    =  3
```

```
fromInt :: Int -> Season
```

```
fromInt 0  =  Winter
```

```
fromInt 1  =  Spring
```

```
fromInt 2  =  Summer
```

```
fromInt 3  =  Fall
```

```
next :: Season -> Season
```

```
next x  =  fromInt ((toInt x + 1) `mod` 4)
```

```
eqSeason :: Season -> Season -> Bool
```

```
eqSeason x y  =  (toInt x == toInt y)
```

Part IV

Shape

Shape

```
type Radius = Float
```

```
type Width = Float
```

```
type Height = Float
```

```
data Shape = Circle Radius  
          | Rect Width Height
```

```
area :: Shape -> Float
```

```
area (Circle r) = pi * r^2
```

```
area (Rect w h) = w * h
```

Shape—eq and show

```
eqShape :: Shape -> Shape -> Bool
eqShape (Circle r) (Circle r')    = (r == r')
eqShape (Rect w h) (Rect w' h')   = (w == w') && (h == h')
eqShape x           y             = False

showShape :: Shape -> String
showShape (Circle r)  = "Circle " ++ showF r
showShape (Rect w h)  = "Rect " ++ showF w ++ " " ++ showF h

showF :: Float -> String
showF x | x >= 0       = show x
        | otherwise    = "(" ++ show x ++ ")"
```


Shape—tests and selectors

```
isCircle :: Shape -> Bool
isCircle (Circle r)    = True
isCircle (Rect w h)    = False
```

```
isRect :: Shape -> Bool
isRect (Circle r)      = False
isRect (Rect w h)      = True
```

```
radius :: Shape -> Float
radius (Circle r)      = r
```

```
width :: Shape -> Float
width (Rect w h)       = w
```

```
height :: Shape -> Float
height (Rect w h)      = h
```

Shape—pattern matching

```
area :: Shape -> Float
area (Circle r)  = pi * r^2
area (Rect w h)  = w * h
```

```
area :: Shape -> Float
area s =
  if isCircle s then
    let
      r = radius s
    in
      pi * r^2
  else if isRect s then
    let
      w = width s
      h = height s
    in
      w * h
  else error "impossible"
```

Part V

Lists

Lists

With declarations

```
data List a = Nil
           | Cons a (List a)

append :: List a -> List a -> List a
append Nil ys          = ys
append (Cons x xs) ys = Cons x (append xs ys)
```

With built-in notation

```
(++) :: [a] -> [a] -> [a]
[] ++ ys      = ys
(x:xs) ++ ys = x : (xs ++ ys)
```

Part VI

Natural numbers

Naturals

With names

```
data Nat  = Zero
          | Succ Nat
```

```
power :: Float -> Nat -> Float
power x Zero      = 1.0
power x (Succ n)  = x * power x n
```

With built-in notation

```
(^^) :: Float -> Int -> Float
x ^^ 0  = 1.0
x ^^ n  = x * (x ^^ (n-1))
```

Naturals

With declarations

```
add :: Nat -> Nat -> Nat
add m Zero      = m
add m (Succ n)  = Succ (add m n)

mul :: Nat -> Nat -> Nat
mul m Zero      = Zero
mul m (Succ n)  = add (mul m n) m
```

With built-in notation

```
(+) :: Int -> Int -> Int
m + 0 = m
m + n = (m + (n-1)) + 1

(*) :: Int -> Int -> Int
m * 0 = 0
m * n = (m * (n-1)) + m
```