

1. Student Analysis

A school recently conducted its annual examination and wishes to know the list of academically low performing students to organize extra classes for them. Write a query to return the roll number and names of students who have a total of less than 100 marks including all 3 subjects.

There are two tables: *student_information* and *examination_marks*. Their primary keys are *roll_number*.

▼ Schema

You are provided 2 tables: student_information, examination_marks.

student_information		
Name	Type	Description
roll_number	INTEGER	The roll number of the student. This is the primary key.
name	STRING	The name of the student.

examination_marks		
Name	Type	Description
roll_number	INTEGER	The roll number of the student. This is the primary key.
subject_one	INTEGER	The marks of the student in first subject.
subject_two	INTEGER	The marks of the student in second subject.
subject_three	INTEGER	The marks of the student in third subject.

Note: Both tables contain data about all students enrolled in the school.

roll_number	name
1	Sheila
2	Rachel
3	Christopher

examination_marks			
roll_number	subject_one	subject_two	subject_three
1	32	48	64
2	24	21	25
3	55	12	10

Sample Output

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2 Rachel
3 Christopher
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Explanation

- The cumulative marks of student with roll numbers 1, 2 and 3 are 144, 70 and 77. Since student 2 and 3 have a total of less than 100, their names and roll numbers are displayed.