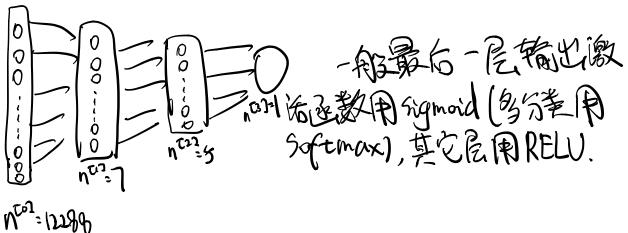
给定数据集(如大小为64xb4x3的图片,m张)写为向量形式:

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x^{(i)} & x^{(i)} & x^{(i)} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

X的Shape: (12280,m) 其中 12288=64x64X3



11 - Wy

正向传播流经如下:

初始的, A^{col} = X, w^{cll} shape: (n^{cll}, n^{cl-1})

6. Shape: (nc12, 1)

$$Z^{CO} = W^{CO}A^{CO} + b^{CO}$$
 (7x12)\$\forallow{\text{1}} \text{x(1)} \tex

白的传播流程如一 (= = = [(A (1) (1) , y (1)) = - \frac{1}{m} (\frac{1}{2} y(\hat{\chi}) \line A^{(3)} (\hat{\chi}) + ((-y(\hat{\chi})) \line (\line A^{(3)} (\hat{\chi})) $\sqrt{A_{C33}} = -\frac{\mu}{l} \left(\frac{A_{C33}}{l} - \frac{l - A_{C33}}{l - \lambda} \right) \qquad (l \times m)$ $dZ^{(3)} = dA^{(3)} \cdot g'(Z^{(3)}) \text{ p, multiply (1xm, 1xm) = (1xm)}$ $dw^{(3)} = dZ^{(3)} \cdot A^{(2)} \cdot (1xm) \times (5xm)^{T} = (1x5)$ $db^{(3)} = dZ^{(3)} \cdot P. Sum (1xm, axis=1) = (1x1)$ $\int_{0}^{\infty} A^{\alpha} = \int_{0}^{\infty} A^{\alpha} \cdot W^{\alpha} = (1 \times 5)^{T} \times (1 \times m) = (5 \times m)$ 1200 = 1 A C22. g (2022) np. multiply (5xm, 5xm) = (5xm) dwar = d= (5 xm) x (7xm) = (5 x7) 16 = 17 np. sum (5xm, axisc1) = (5x1) dA = d2 = w (5x7) x (5xm) = (7xm) 1200 = AA to g (200) mondaiply (1xm, 7xm)= (7xm) 1Wti2 = 12ti2. Aton (1xm)x (12288, m) = (7x12286) d b = d= ci) NP. Sum (7XM, axis=1) = (7X1) 两分的传播时会用到A^{CC}, Z^{CC}, 例上应在正的传播 中将它们存起来。

后的模拟:

dz = np. multiply (dA to), g'zto)

dw to = dZ to Att-12T

db^{TU}= np. sum(dz^{TU}, axis=1) dA^{TUI}= W^{TUtIIT}. dz^{TUHII}(第一层除外)