

# HW3 E94116198 劉雲伶

$$1. P_n(x) = \sum_{i=0}^n f(x_i) L_i(x), \quad L_i(x) = \prod_{j \neq i} \frac{x - x_j}{x_i - x_j}$$

$$\text{Error Bound: } E_n(x) = |f(x) - P_n(x)| \leq \frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi)}{(n+1)!} \prod_{i=0}^n |x - x_i|$$

(1) degree one:  $x_1 = 0.733, x_2 = 0.768$

$$P_1(x) = f(x_1) L_1(x) + f(x_2) L_2(x)$$

$$P_1(x) = 0.7432 \times \frac{x - 0.768}{0.733 - 0.768} + 0.7193 \times \frac{x - 0.733}{0.768 - 0.733}$$

$$P_1(0.750) = 0.7432 \times 0.51429 + 0.7193 \times 0.48571 \approx 0.73159$$

$$E_1(0.750) = \frac{|f''(\xi)|}{2} |(x - 0.733)(x - 0.768)| \xrightarrow{-\cos(0.733)} = \frac{0.7432}{2} |(0.75 - 0.733)(0.75 - 0.768)| = 1.137 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\therefore P_1(0.750) = 0.73159, E_1(0.750) \leq 1.137 \times 10^{-4} *$$

(2) degree two:  $x_0 = 0.698, x_1 = 0.733, x_2 = 0.768$

$$P_2(x) = f(x_0) L_0(x) + f(x_1) L_1(x) + f(x_2) L_2(x)$$

$$P_2(x) = 0.7661 \times \frac{(x - 0.733)(x - 0.768)}{(0.698 - 0.733)(0.698 - 0.768)} + 0.7432 \times \frac{(x - 0.698)(x - 0.768)}{(0.733 - 0.698)(0.733 - 0.768)} + 0.7193 \times \frac{(x - 0.698)(x - 0.733)}{(0.768 - 0.698)(0.768 - 0.733)}$$

$$P_2(0.750) = 0.7661 \times (-0.1249) + 0.7432 \times 0.16408 + 0.7193 \times 0.36082 \approx 0.731716$$

$$E_2(x) = \frac{|f'''(\xi)|}{6} |(x - 0.698)(x - 0.733)(x - 0.768)| \xrightarrow{\sin(0.768)}$$

$$E_2(0.750) = \frac{0.694698}{6} |(0.750 - 0.698)(0.750 - 0.733)(0.750 - 0.768)| \approx 1.842 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\therefore P_2(0.750) = 0.731716, E_2(0.750) \leq 1.842 \times 10^{-6} *$$

(3) degree three:  $x_0 = 0.698, x_1 = 0.733, x_2 = 0.768, x_3 = 0.803$

$$P_3(x) = f(x_0) L_0(x) + f(x_1) L_1(x) + f(x_2) L_2(x) + f(x_3) L_3(x)$$

$$P_3(x) = 0.7661 \times \frac{(x - 0.733)(x - 0.768)(x - 0.803)}{(0.698 - 0.733)(0.698 - 0.768)(0.698 - 0.803)} + 0.7432 \times \frac{(x - 0.698)(x - 0.768)(x - 0.803)}{(0.733 - 0.698)(0.733 - 0.768)(0.733 - 0.803)} \\ + 0.7193 \times \frac{(x - 0.698)(x - 0.733)(x - 0.803)}{(0.768 - 0.698)(0.768 - 0.733)(0.768 - 0.803)} + 0.6946 \times \frac{(x - 0.698)(x - 0.733)(x - 0.768)}{(0.803 - 0.698)(0.803 - 0.733)(0.803 - 0.768)}$$

$$P_3(0.750) = 0.7661 \times (-0.06304) + 0.7432 \times 0.57852 + 0.7193 \times 0.54638 + 0.6946 \times (-0.061854) \approx 0.731708$$

$$E_3(x) = \frac{|f^{(4)}(\xi)|}{24} |(x - 0.698)(x - 0.733)(x - 0.768)(x - 0.803)| \xrightarrow{\cos(0.698)}$$

$$E_3(0.750) = \frac{0.7661}{24} |(0.75 - 0.698)(0.75 - 0.733)(0.75 - 0.768)(0.75 - 0.803)| = 2.692 \times 10^{-8}$$

$$\therefore P_3(0.750) \approx 0.731708, E_3(0.750) = 2.692 \times 10^{-8} *$$

(4) degree 4: 只有4個已知點, 最高只能做 degree 3

$\Rightarrow$  degree 4 插值 = degree 3 插值

$$E_4(0.750) = E_3(0.750) \leq 2.692 \times 10^{-8} *$$

2.  $y = e^{-x}$ , 求  $x$  使  $x = y$

$x=y$	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6
$e^{-x}$	0.740818	0.670320	0.606531	0.548812

$\Rightarrow 0.5 < x < 0.6$

$$f(x) = x - e^{-x}, \quad f'(x) = 1 + e^{-x}$$

Newton's method

$$x_1 = 0.5 - \frac{0.5 - 0.606531}{1 + 0.606531} = 0.566311, \quad f(0.566311) = -0.0013045$$

$$x_2 = 0.566311 - \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)} = 0.566311 - \frac{-0.0013045}{1.5676155} = 0.567145, \quad f(0.567145) = -4.551138 \times 10^{-7} \approx 0$$

$\therefore x = 0.567145$  is an approximation to the solution  $x - e^{-x} = 0$  #

3.

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import numpy as np
from scipy.interpolate import CubicHermiteSpline
from scipy.optimize import minimize_scalar, root_scalar

# 原始數據
T = np.array([0, 3, 5, 8, 13]) # 時間 (s)
D = np.array([0, 200, 375, 620, 990]) # 距離 (ft)
V = np.array([75, 77, 80, 74, 72]) # 速度 (ft/s)

# 建立 Hermite 插值函數
hermite_poly = CubicHermiteSpline(T, D, V)

# (a) 計算 t = 10 時的距離和速度
t_pred = 10
d_pred = hermite_poly(t_pred) # 位置
v_pred = hermite_poly.derivative()(t_pred) # 速度

print("===問題(a)===")
print(f"At t = {t_pred}s: Predicted Position = {d_pred:.2f} ft, Speed = {v_pred:.2f} ft/s")

# (b) 檢查何時速度超過 55 mi/h (80.67 ft/s)
def speed_exceeds_threshold(t):
    return hermite_poly.derivative()(t) - 80.67

# 設定較小的區間以確保求解成功
try:
    exceed_time = root_scalar(speed_exceeds_threshold, bracket=[3, 3.5], method='brentq').root
    print("\n===問題(b)===")
    print(f"The car first exceeds 55 mi/h at t = {exceed_time:.2f} s")
except ValueError:
    print("\n===問題(b)===")
    print("Error: Unable to find the time when the speed exceeds 55 mi/h")

# (c) 預測最大速度
result = minimize_scalar(lambda t: -hermite_poly.derivative()(t), bounds=(T[0], T[-1]), method='bounded')
max_speed = -result.fun
max_speed_time = result.x
print("\n===問題(c)===")
print(f"Predicted Maximum Speed = {max_speed:.2f} ft/s at t = {max_speed_time:.2f} s")
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===問題(a)===

At t = 10s: Predicted Position = 768.96 ft, Speed = 74.64 ft/s

===問題(b)===

The car first exceeds 55 mi/h at t = 3.14 s

===問題(c)===

Predicted Maximum Speed = 92.04 ft/s at t = 4.06 s

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