# SOP 84: Obtaining Climate Records

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## 1 Terrestrial Meteorological Data

### 1.1 Selected History of Meteorology

In 1607, Galileo Galilei constructed a thermoscope, but it wasn't until 1654, that Ferdinando II de Medici established the first weather observing network, consisting of meteorological stations in Florence, Cutigliano, Vallombrosa, Bologna, Parma, Milan, Innsbruck, Osnabrck, Paris and Warsaw. The collected data were sent to Florence at regular time intervals. In 1714, Gabriel Fahrenheit created a reliable scale for measuring temperature with a mercury-type thermometer. In 1742, Anders Celsius, a Swedish astronomer, proposed the "centigrade" temperature scale, the predecessor of the current Celsius scale.

The arrival of the electrical telegraph in 1837 afforded, for the first time, a practical method for quickly gathering surface weather observations from a wide area. This data could be used to produce maps of the state of the atmosphere for a region near the Earth's surface and to study how these states evolved through time.

To make frequent weather forecasts based on these data required a reliable network of observations, but it was not until 1849 that the Smithsonian Institution began to establish an observation network across the United States under the leadership of Joseph Henry.[39] Similar observation networks were established in Europe at this time.

#### 1.2 Purpose

This document is a guide for getting started on the climate data analysis project. Here you will find:

- different sources for climate data
- a description of how to download/access the data

## 1.3 Climate Data Online (CDO) system

Climate Data Online (CDO) provides free access to the National Climate Data Center's archive of global historical weather and climate data in addition to station history information. These data include quality controlled daily, monthly,

seasonal, and yearly measurements of temperature, precipitation, wind, and degree days as well as radar data and 30-year Climate Normals.

There are several ways to obtain online climate data and the CDO-web interface is probably the easiest, using the following URL: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/.

Climate data, such as temperature and precipitation are recorded at each station – so these are the observational units we will generally be interested in for our analyses. Even if you don't have a location of interest nailed down, this interface can help you find sites and evaluate the length of their records. For the purpose of our project we recommend picking a site that has data going back at least into the 1940's as it might be difficult to come up with insightful observations about sites with less data.

Below is a description of the steps to get data from the site:

Follow Link Click on the following link to reach the CDO website: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/

Click Browse Datasets after clicking the icon you should see a list of available data sets by type

Expand Link Daily Summaries

Select the Search Tool additionally, you can use the mapping tool to evaluate which areas of the globe have available datasets but if you have a particular area in mind it might be easiest to search for that one first using the search tool

Specify Parameters • ensure that "Daily Summaries" is selected from the dropdown menu in Select Weather Observation Type/Dataset

• in **Select Data Range** change the range to the earliest date available (so that you will be able to see how far back the data) on the list to the present. Although your site might not have these records, it's easier to set the greatest range upfront.

Add Search Terms Select the state or country of interest.

Start Search Once you have initiated a search, the next window will give a list of records – click in these records to see what they might be composed of. Then decide which station you will want to evaluate.

Add to Cart Don't worry, there is no charge (yet!)

Station Detail & Data Flag Options Change to metric, dataset to include ppt and temperature.

Click 'Continue' Button NOTE: Common Errors:

Error – \*Text order size is 3,948 Station Years, which exceeds our capacity of 1,000 Station Years. Please select fewer stations/locations, or reduce the date range.

If you get this error, you need to reduce the number of stations selected.

Complete Order Type in your email address and you will get a confirmation relatively soon and the data in a day or so...

#### 1.3.1 Evaluating the Data

Once you get the data, we'll need to evaluate what we have and format it for our purposes. Often you'll find problems when you begin analyzing it, but it's good to understand the structure of the data before you run into problems.

The CHCND documentation helps us to understand the data format, https://www1.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/cdo/documentation/GHCND\_documentation.pdf.

## 1.4 Historical Climatology Network-Daily (GHCND) data

Alternatively, one can use the FTP site to access the data in a different format (e.g. dyl). The site's url is ftp://ftp.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/ghcn/daily/gsn/.

In addition, the CHCND documentation, as noted above, is very helpful in understanding the data format, https://www1.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/cdo/documentation/GHCND\_documentation.pdf.

## 1.5 rNOAA library tools–NOT WORKING YET

There is a relatively new tool to access NOAA data using an R package, called rNOAA.

To use the tool, several dependent packages need to be installed and loaded, including rNOAA. Next users need to get an API code, which is quite simple, following this link: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/token.

Using the rNOAA package is relatively strait foreward, although I have been getting timeout errors that I can't solve.

Here's a URL for a tutorial: https://ropensci.org/tutorials/rnoaa\_tutorial.html.

First, we prepare R by loading two libraries that we'll use to download (rNOAA) and manipulate (plyr) the data.

```
library('plyr')
library('rnoaa')
## Error in library("rnoaa"): there is no package called 'rnoaa'
```

#### 1.5.1 List of Cities

rNOAA has a simple function to list the cities:

```
ncdc_locs(locationcategoryid='CITY', sortfield='name', sortorder='desc')
## Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): could not find function "ncdc_locs"
```

## 1.5.2 Getting Data

```
ncdc_stations(datasetid='GHCND', locationid='FIPS:12017', stationid='GHCND:USC00084289')
## Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): could not find function "ncdc_stations"
```

- 1.6 Evaluating Records
- 1.7 Export Options
- 2 Sea Surface Temperature Data
- 3 Satellite Data
- 4 Ice-Core Data