

# Troubleshooting like a boss!

teach-shiny.rbind.io

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## teach

## COmmon

Errors

## "Object of type 'closure' is not subsettable"

You forgot to use () when retrieving a value from a reactive expression plot(userData) should be plot(userData())

## "Unexpected symbol" "Argument xxx is missing, with no default"

Missing or extra comma in UI. Sometimes Shiny will realize this and give you a hint, or use RStudio editor margin diagnostics.

# "Operation not allowed without an active reactive context."

(You tried to do something that can only be done from inside a reactive expression or observer.)

Tried to access an input or reactive expression from directly inside the server function. You must use a reactive expression or observer instead.

Or if you really only care about the value of that input at the time that the session starts, then use isolate().

# Wite robust

### Writing robust code

Complexity is the problem; abstraction is the solution.

- Are our fragments simple enough to understand?
- Do they compose reliably?

### Understandable fragments

- Indent your code! (Ctrl+I/Cmd+I)
- Extract out complicated processing logic (as opposed to UI logic) into top-level functions so you can test them separately
- Each function, reactive, observer, or module should be **small**, and do one thing
  - Function/reactive/observer bodies that don't fit on a single screen is a bad code smell
  - If you're having trouble giving something a meaningful name, maybe it's doing too much

## Reliable composition

- Prefer "pure functions" functions without side effects. Much less likely to surprise you.
  - Nhen you do need side effects, don't put them in surprising places.
  - Consider following <u>command-query separation</u> "asking a question should not change the answer"
- Reactive expressions must not have side effects
- Avoid observers and reactive values, where possible; use reactive expressions if you can help it
- For ease of reasoning, prefer: pure functional > reactive > imperative (observers)

# debugging



### Standard R debugging tools

- Tracing
  - print()/cat()/str()
  - renderPrint eats messages, must use cat(file = stderr(), ...)
  - Also consider shinyjs package's logjs, which puts messages in the browser's JavaScript console
- Debugger
  - Set breakpoints in RStudio
  - browser()
  - Conditionals: if (!is.null(input\$x)) browser()

### Shiny debugging tools

- Symptom: Outputs or observers don't execute when expected, or execute too often
- Reactlog
  - Restart R process
  - Set options(shiny.reactlog = TRUE)
  - In the browser, Ctrl+F3 (or Cmd+F3)
- Showcase mode: DESCRIPTION file or runApp(display.mode = "showcase")

## Shiny debugging tools

- Symptom: Red error messages in the UI or session abruptly terminates
- This means an R error has occurred
- Look in R console for stack traces
  - ▶ By default, Shiny hides "internal" stack traces. Use options(shiny.fullstacktrace = TRUE) if necessary to show.
- Newer versions of Shiny/Shiny Server "sanitize" errors, for security reasons (every error message is displayed as "An error has occurred")
  - See <u>sanitizing errors</u> article for more details, including how to view the real errors

### Shiny debugging tools

- Symptom: Server logic seems OK, but unexpected/ broken/missing results in browser
- Check browser's JavaScript console for errors
- Listen in on conversation between client and server
  - options(shiny.trace=TRUE) logs messages in the R console
  - Use Chrome's Network tab to show individual websocket messages

### Your turn

- Open movies\_broken\_01.R. It is broken in a not-very-subtle way. See if you can find and fix the bug.
- Continue on for movies\_broken\_02.R through movies\_broken\_04.R.

10<sub>m</sub> 00<sub>s</sub>



### Your turn

- Open movies\_broken\_05.R. It is broken in a subtle way. See if you can find and fix the bug.
  - Check the box for one other type of movie and see how the text about number of movies changes.
  - Choose a low sample size and get a new sample.
  - Choose a high sample size and get a new sample.

3m 00s



### teach common errors



## write robust code





### Resources

- Debugging article on shiny.rstudio.com
- Jonathan McPherson's talk at Shiny Developer conference (video, slides)
- Hadley Wickham's Advanced R has a <u>chapter on</u> <u>debugging</u>