Difference in Difference

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Recap



The basics:

- The ceteris Paribus
- Selection Bias
- OVB
- Quasi-experimental design: DID
 - Why do we need it?

Difference in Difference



DID

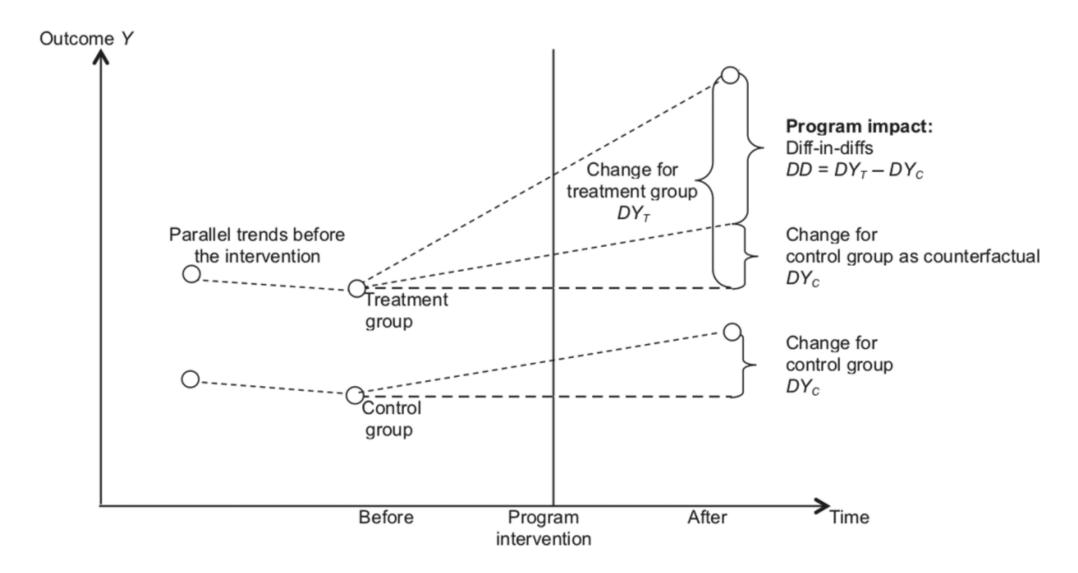


Figure 4.3 Difference-in-differences method

Assumptions

- 1. Parallel trends
- 2. Linear Additive Effect
- 3. All GM assumption of the linear regression

Learn more about DID:

Watch: Introduction to Differences-in-Differences

https://youtu.be/eiffOVbYvNc

Read:

- 1. (Angrist & Pischke, 2014, Chapter 5)
- 2. (Angrist & Pischke, 2009, also Chapter 5)
- 3. (de Janvry & Sadoulet, 2021, Chapter 4)
- 4. (Card & Krueger, 1994)

Example 1. Otrachshenko, Popova, & Tavares (2016)

Reproducing:

• Otrachshenko, V., Popova, O., & Tavares, J. (2016). Psychological costs of currency transition: evidence from the euro adoption. European Journal of Political Economy, 45, 89-100.



Example 2. Card & Krueger (1994)

The Minimal Wage debate. See Economist's short "The minimum wage: does it hurt workers?" (https://youtu.be/8H4yp8Fbi-Y)

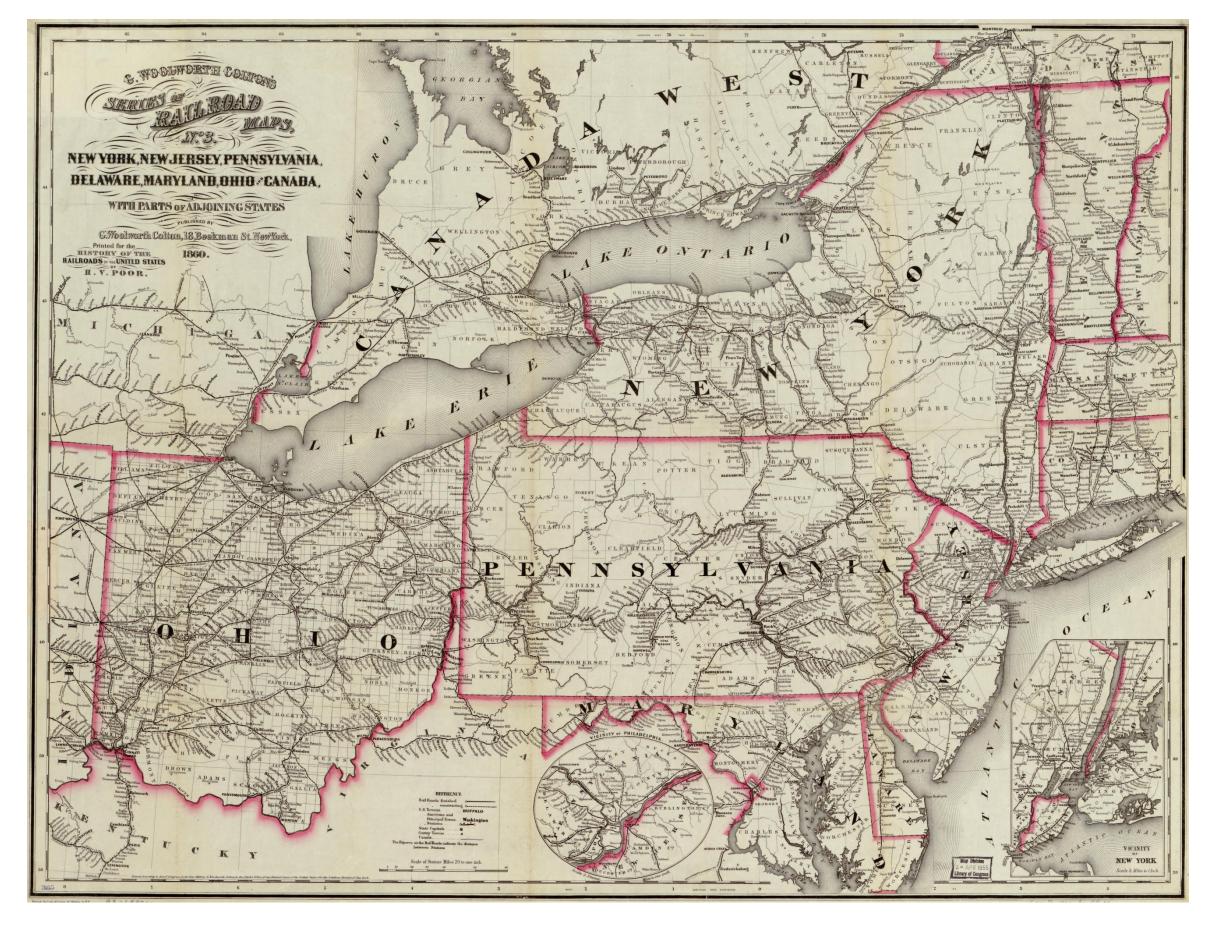


Research question and the setting

Causal effect of the minimum wage policy on employmnet is not negative.

- Two states: New Jersey (NJ) and Pennsylvanian (PA)
- Two time periods: Before and after
- Treatment: Minimal Wage in one state (New Jersey) only

Geography



Empirical problem

$$Y_{jt} = eta_0 + eta_1 \mathrm{NJ}_j + eta_2 \mathrm{Time}_t + eta_3 (\mathrm{NJ}_j imes \mathrm{Time}_t) + eta_4 X_{jt} + \epsilon_{jt}$$

Where:

- ullet Outcome: Y_{jt} Employment level at the key fast food chains, Full Time Equivalent persons.
- Treatment: Minimal wage policy in NJ NJ_j indicator variable where 1 = NJ, and 0 = PA.
- Time: $Time_t$ indicator variable where 0 = before, and 1 = after.
- What are we expecting to find?
- What are the expected values of the coefficients?
 - If the minimal wage policy reduces employment.
 - If the minimal wage policy increases employment.



Practical exercise in R

Let us estimate β_3 now using R and corresponding data.



References



References

- Angrist, J. D., & Pischke, J.-S. (2009). *Mostly harmless econometrics*. Princeton University Press. http://doi.org/10.1515/9781400829828
- Angrist, J. D., & Pischke, J.-S. (2014). *Mastering'metrics: The path from cause to effect*. Princeton University Press.
- Card, D., & Krueger, A. B. (1994). Minimum wages and employment: A case study of the fast-food industry in new jersey and pennsylvania. *The American Economic Review*, 84(4), 772–793. Retrieved from http://www.jstor.org/stable/2118030
- de Janvry, A., & Sadoulet, E. (2021). *Development Economics : Theory and Practice*. Taylor & Francis Group. Otrachshenko, V., Popova, O., & Tavares, J. (2016). Psychological costs of currency transition: Evidence from the euro adoption. *European Journal of Political Economy*, *45*, 89–100. http://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejpoleco.2016.10.002

