Package 'PETr'

February 17, 2020

Type Package
Title PET
Version 0.1.0
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Depends R (>= 2.12.0)
Imports ncdf4 (>= 1.10)
Description Estimates potential evapotranspiration using the Penman-Monteith method. The climate variables required are Tmax, Tmin, vapour pressure, wind speed, sunshine hours OR radiation.
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 7.0.2
R topics documented:
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dewpoint_to_humidity

Description

This function computes RH from dewpoint

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Usage

```
dewpoint_{to}-humidity(dp = NA, t = NA)
```

Arguments

```
dp = Dewpoint (degrees celsius)
t = Temperature mean (degrees celcius)
```

Value

A vector containing the daily vp

pet_makkink

Potential Evapotranspiration

Description

This function takes a dataframe object as input and computes PET using Makkink's method.

Usage

```
pet_makkink(indat)
```

Arguments

indat = dataframe containing the input variables

Value

A vector containing the daily Potential EvapoTranspiration (mm/day)

Examples

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pet_penmon

Potential Evapotranspiration

Description

This function takes a dataframe object as input and computes PET.

Usage

```
pet_penmon(indat)
```

Arguments

indat

= dataframe containing the input variables

Value

A vector containing the daily Potential EvapoTranspiration (mm/day)

Examples

```
pet_penmon(indat)
Where the dataframe "indat" contains the following variables:
tmin = Temperature min
                           (degrees Celsius)
                           (degrees Celsius)
tmax = Temperature max
only one of the following variables (vp OR rh OR dp) are to be passed
vp = Vapour pressure
                        (hPa)
rh = Relative humidity (%)
dp = Dewpoint
                         (degrees Celsius)
ws = Wind speed at 10m (m/s)
either ss or rs is passed, but not both
ss = Sunshine duration (0-24 \text{ hours})
                         (0-1)
cl = Cloudiness
cl is optional for use with ss, if unavailble cl is estimated
rs = radiation
                         (MJ/m^2)
Also rquired is the latitude and longitude
lat = Latitude (degrees)
lons = Longitude (degrees)
Elevation (needed) is retrieved from the PETr internal file "data/elev_dat.rda" which contains data from:
http://www.ecad.eu/download/ensembles/data/Grid_0.1deg_reg_ensemble/elev_ens_0.1deg_reg_v17.0e.nc
Missing values should be converted to NA
```

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Description

This function takes a dataframe object as input and computes PET using Makkink's method.

Usage

```
pet_priestley_taylor(indat)
```

Arguments

indat = dataframe containing the input variables

Value

A vector containing the daily Potential EvapoTranspiration (mm/day)

Examples

```
pet_priestley_taylor(indat)
Where the dataframe "indat" contains the following variables:
                        (degrees Celsius)
tmin = Temperature min
tmax = Temperature max (degrees Celsius)
only one of the following variables (vp OR rh OR dp) are to be passed
vp = Vapour pressure (hPa)
rh = Relative humidity (%)
dp = Dewpoint
                        (degrees Celsius)
rs = radiation
                        (MJ/m^2)
Also rquired is the latitude and longitude (for land sea mask)
lat = Latitude (degrees)
lons = Longitude (degrees)
Missing values should be converted to NA
```

vapour_pressure

Vapour pressure

Description

This function computes vapour pressure from temperature

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Usage

```
vapour_pressure(tm)
```

Arguments

tm = Temperature (degrees Celcius)

vp = Vapour pressure (hPa)

Value

A vector containing the daily vp

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