

AMOC Variability and Its Impact on Atlantic Heat Transport in ECCO V4r5

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Overview

Objective

Understanding AMOC variability in the Past 3 decades and its impact on Atlantic heat transport in ECCO V4r5.

Highlights

- A Python routine to compute the density-space AMOC.
- Comparison of depth-space and density-space AMOC mean state and variability.
 - Subpolar AMOC signal is only captured in density space.
 - Both frameworks show meridional incoherence in interannual AMOC variability.
- Diagnosis of the sharp 2010 drop in MHT at 30°N using EMU Attribution and Adjoint tools.
 - Anomalous weak subtropical easterlies are responsible! Likely linked with negative NAO phase.

Resources Used

- ECCO V4r5: temperature, density, volume flux, velocity, and grid products.
- Tools: `ecco_v4_py`, `ecco_access`, OSS, P-Cluster, EMU Tools.
- ESS25 Tutorials, `ecco_v4_py` Tutorials.

Math Background

Streamfunction Representations

$$\psi(y, z) = \int_z^0 \int_{x_w}^{x_e} v(x, y, z') dx dz'$$

Streamfunction in Depth Space

$$\psi(y, \sigma) = \int_{\sigma}^{\infty} \int_{x_w}^{x_e} v(x, y, \sigma') dx d\sigma'$$

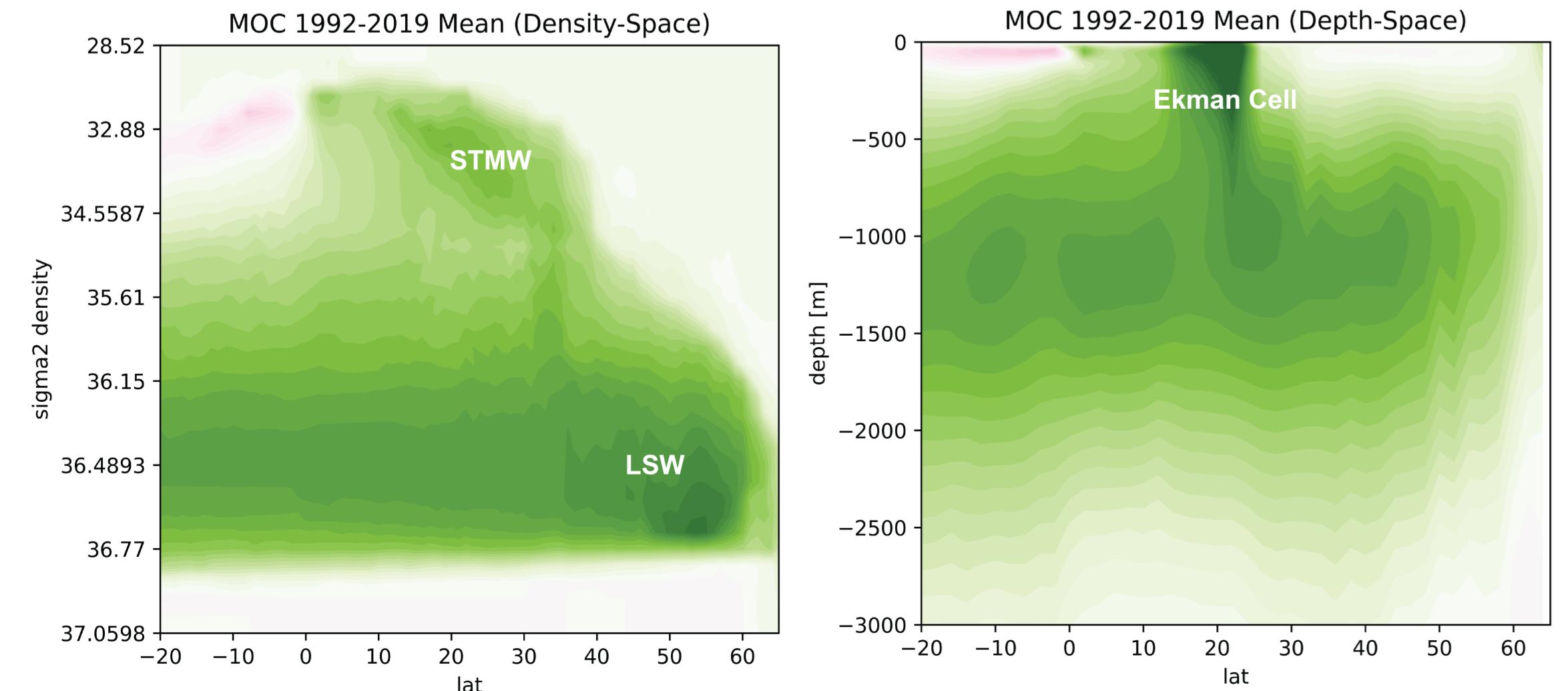
Streamfunction in Density Space

Ocean Heat Transport (OHT)

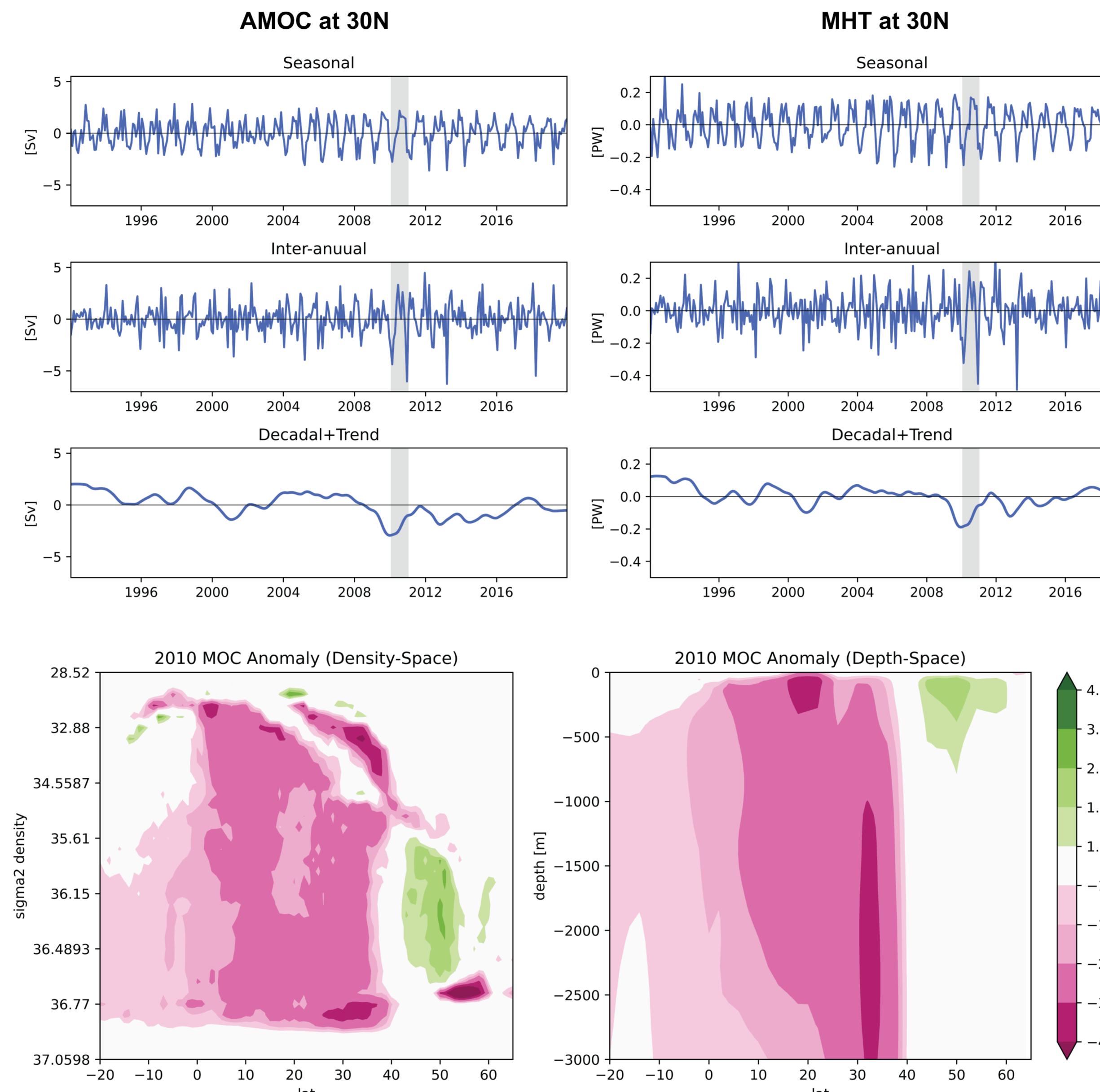
$$OHT(y) = \rho_0 c_p \int_{x_w}^{x_e} \int_{-H}^0 v(x, y, z) T(x, y, z) dz dx$$

Where ρ_0 is the reference density, c_p is the specific heat capacity, v is meridional velocity, T is temperature, and σ is the potential density (e.g., σ_2 referenced to 2000 dbar).

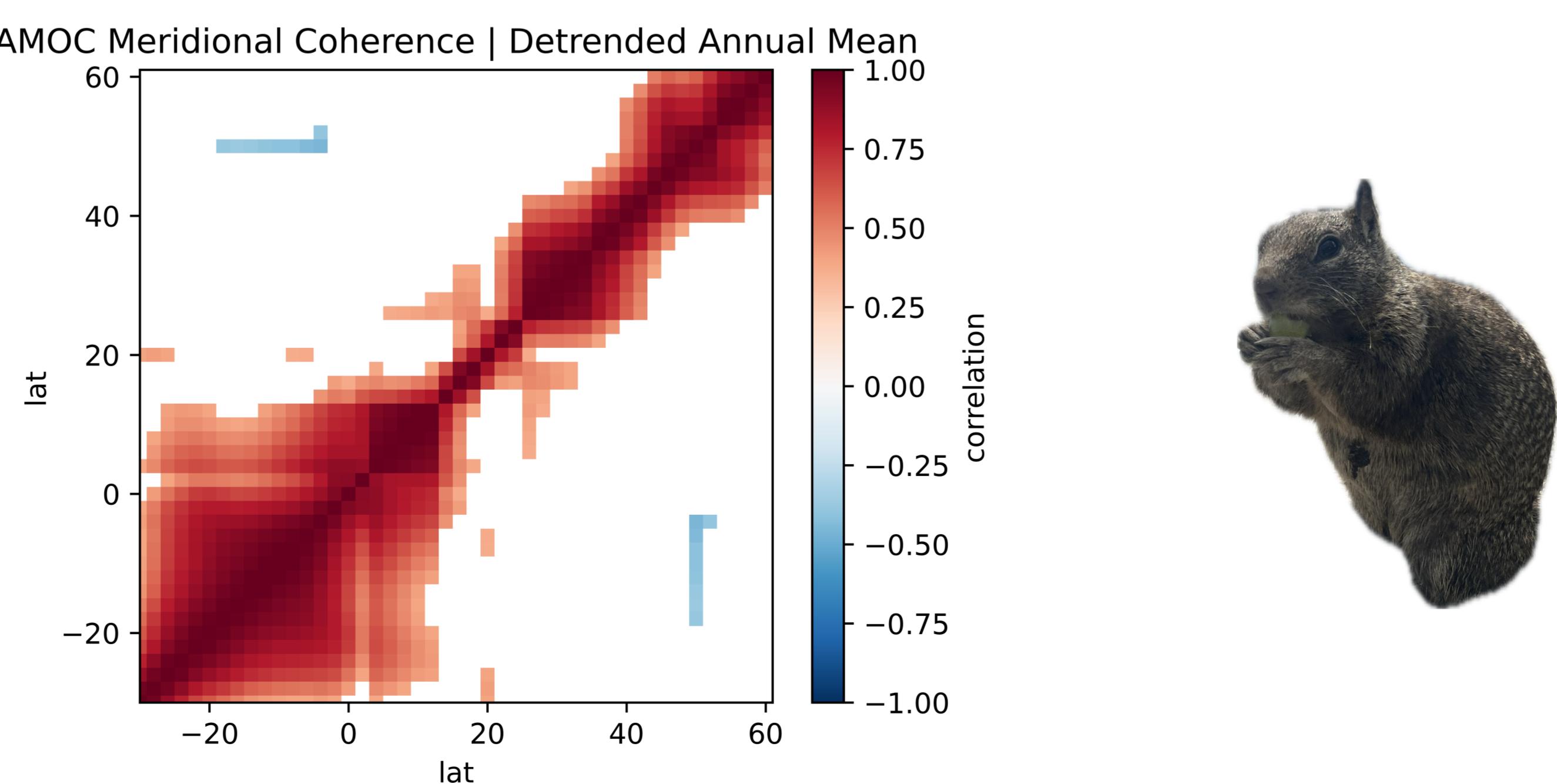
Mean State Comparison



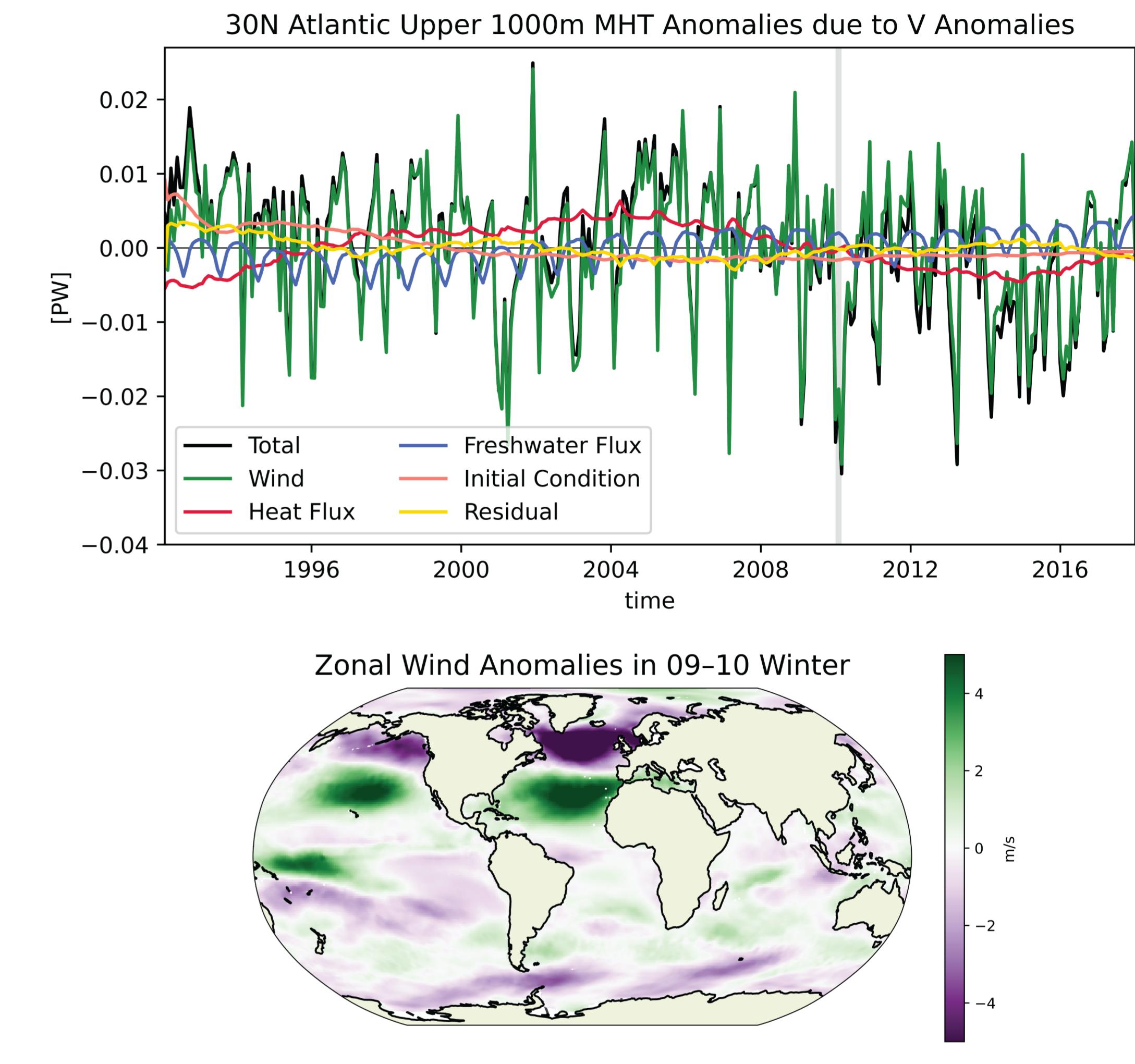
Sharp Decrease in 2010



Meridional Coherence



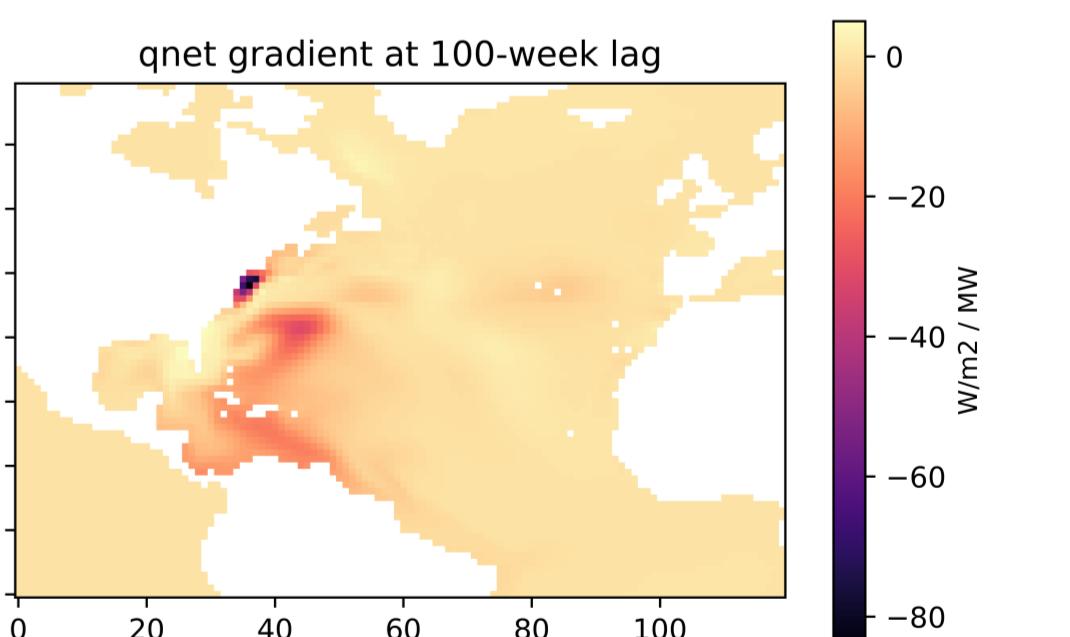
Attribution of the Decrease



Conclusion

Challenges

- Inconsistent adjoint run behavior — one worked while another failed, possibly due to conflicts with the P-cluster or other system issues.
- Job queue delays and limited runtime — the convolution run had not started by the time this poster was completed.



Future Work

- Complete all adjoint runs to identify controls on the 2010 velocity anomalies at 30°N.
- Run convolution simulations to further investigate causality.
- Investigate strong seasonality in AMOC at 10°N and its negative correlation with subpolar North Atlantic and South Atlantic MOC.

References

- [1] Carl Wunsch and Patrick Heimbach. Two decades of the amoc: Anatomy, variations, extremes, prediction, and overcoming its limitations. *Journal of Climate*, 26(18):7167–7186, 2013.