Smart Control Algorithm for 2-DOF Helicopter

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- Introduction
- Background Study
 - Control Techniques
 - Modeling a 2-DOF Helicopter
 - Prior Work
- 3 Subsystem Level Functional Requirements
 - Block Diagram
- Preliminary Work
 - LQR Simulation
 - LQR via USB
 - LQR via Wireless
 - Demonstration
- Parts List
- 6 Future Directions



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Introduction

- Helicopter are important for short-distance travel
 - air-sea rescue
 - fire fighting
 - traffic control
 - tourism
- Purpose of control system
 - resistance to turbulence
 - enable use of mobile device
- Which is better?
 - Fundamental (LQR)
 - Noise Filtering (LQG)
 - Machine Learning (ADP)



Introduction

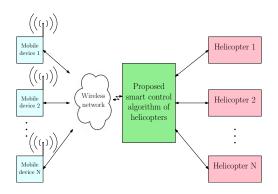


Figure 1: General High-Level System Architecture

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Introduction

- This project will:
 - use a pair of 2-DOF (2-degrees-of-freedom) testing platforms
 - implement control algorithms on embedded system
 - use mobile device for user control
 - encourage research
 - serve as an educational tool

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Control Techniques

Various control techniques have been proposed for 2-DOF helicopters such as:

- Sliding mode control [1]
- Fuzzy Logic control [2] [3] [4]
- Data-driven Adaptive Optimal Output-feedback control [5]
- Decentralized discrete-time neural control [6]

These control techniques employ advanced mathematics that are difficult to implement on embedded systems.

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Modeling a 2-DOF Helicopter

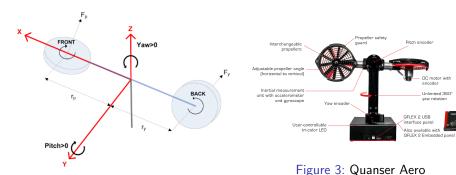


Figure 2: Model of a 2-DOF Helicopter





Modeling a 2-DOF Helicopter

- Characterized by fixed base
 - Can change 2 of 3 possible orientations...
 - Pitch (θ)
 - Yaw (ψ)
 - Not Roll
 - and cannot change position
 - x direction
 - y direction
 - z direction



Modeling a 2-DOF Helicopter

- Motors are attached to the propellers to create thrust due to air resistance
 - Main changes pitch angle
 - Tail changes yaw angle
- Torque due to rotation also creates a force on opposite axes

Modeling a 2-DOF Helicopter

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}}(t) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}(t) + \mathbf{B}\mathbf{u}(t), \text{ where}$$
 (1)

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{K_{\rm sp}}{J_p} & 0 & -\frac{D_p}{J_p} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{D_y}{J_v} \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ \frac{K_{\rm pp}}{J_p} & \frac{K_{\rm py}}{J_p} \\ \frac{K_{\rm yp}}{J_y} & \frac{K_{\rm yy}}{J_y} \end{bmatrix},$$

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Modeling a 2-DOF Helicopter

- K_{sp} being the stiffness of the axes
- K_{pp} pitch motor thrust constant
- \bullet K_{py} thrust constant acting on the pitch angle from the yaw motor
- ullet K_{yp} thrust constant acting on the yaw angle from the pitch motor
- K_{yy} yaw motor thrust constant
- J_p moment of inertia about pitch axis
- J_{ν} moment of inertia about yaw axis
- ullet D_p viscous damping of the pitch axis
- \bullet D_y viscous damping of the yaw axis

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Prior Work

- extensive modeling & simulations
- implementation of two motion control algorithms (LQR & ADP)
- one helicopter

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Subsystem Level Functional Requirements

Block Diagram

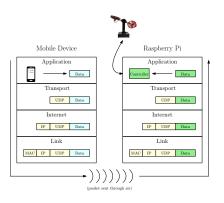


Figure 4: Communication Model

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Subsystem Level Functional Requirements

Block Diagram

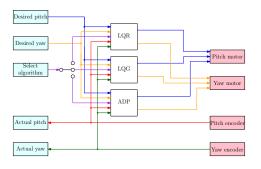


Figure 5: Low Level Smart Control Diagram

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Preliminary Work

LQR Simulation

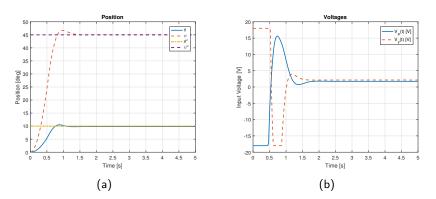


Figure 6: LQR Simulation (a) Position and (b) Voltage w/ Constant Signal

Preliminary Work

LQR Simulation

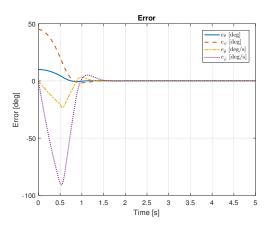


Figure 7: LQR Simulation Error w/ Constant Signal



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Preliminary Work

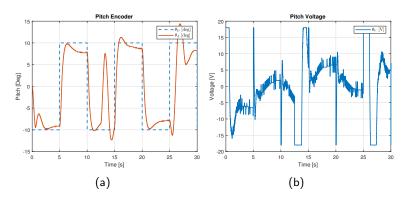


Figure 8: LQR Pitch Position (a) and Voltage (b) on PC with Square Wave Input

Preliminary Work

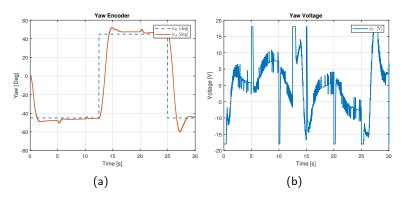


Figure 9: LQR Yaw Position (a) and Voltage (b) on PC with Square Wave Input

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Preliminary Work

LQR via Wireless

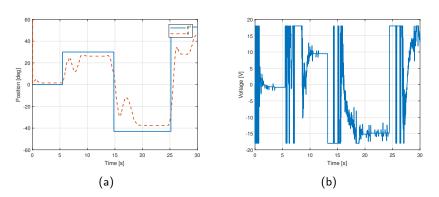


Figure 10: Performance in following user's command (a) tracking pitch angle, and (b) pitch motor input voltage

Preliminary Work

LQR via Wireless

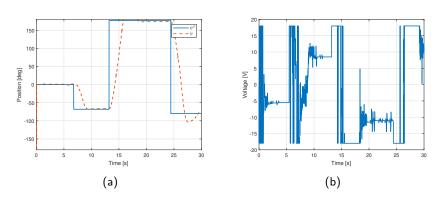


Figure 11: Performance in following user's command (a) tracking yaw angle, and (b) yaw motor input voltage.

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Demonstration



Parts List

- Hardware
 - Two Quanser Aeros
 - Q-flex2 Embedded Panel
 - Two Single Board Computers (Raspberry Pi 3 Model B)
 - Android Smart-phone or Tablet (Note that Apple devices could also be used, however modifications are needed)
- Software
 - MATLAB & Simulink
 - Raspberry Pi Support Package
 - Android Support Package
 - Quanser Real-Time Control (QUARC)



Future Directions

- Two more motion control algorithms (LQG & ADP)
- Test plan
- Implmentation on 6-DOF Helicopter



Summary

- Embedded implementation of control algorithms
- Mobile interface

For Further Reading I

- Q. Ahmed, A. I. Bhatti, S. Iqbal, and I. H. Kazmi, "2-sliding mode based robust control for 2-dof helicopter," in 2010 11th International Workshop on Variable Structure Systems (VSS), June 2010, pp. 481–486.
- [2] W. Chang, J. Moon, and H. Lee, "Fuzzy model-based output-tracking control for 2 degree-of-freedom helicopter," *Journal of Electrical Engineering Technology*, vol. 12.00, no. 1, pp. 1921–1928, 2017, quanser product(s): 2 DOF Helicopter.
- [3] E. Kayacan and M. Khanesar, "Recurrent interval type-2 fuzzy control of 2-dof helicopter with finite time training algorithm," in *IFAC-PapersOnLine*, July 2016, pp. 293–299.

For Further Reading II

- [4] P. Mndez-Monroy and H. Bentez-Prez, "Fuzzy control with estimated variable sampling period for non-linear networked control systems: 2-dof helicopter as case study," *Transactions of the Institute of Measurement*, vol. no. 7, October 2012.
- [5] W. Gao and Z. P. Jiang, "Data-driven adaptive optimal output-feedback control of a 2-dof helicopter," in *2016 American Control Conference (ACC)*, July 2016, pp. 2512–2517.
- [6] M. Hernandez-Gonzalez, A. Alanis, and E. Hernandez-Vargas, "Decentralized discrete-time neural control for a quanser 2-dof helicopter," *Applied Soft Computing*, 2012.