Development of Building Energy Management Platform

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Thursday, October 19, 2020





Outline

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- System Architecture
- 3 High Level Functionality
- Modes of Operation
- **5** End-Use Requirements



Introduction

- Why BEMS?
 - Can help save on energy costs
 - · Less impact on environment
- How can the IoT help?
 - WiFi integrated into most buildings
 - Our Web-based approach simplifies development and end-user experience
- Overall Goal
 - Create a platform in which users can login and access devices connected to a buildings energy supply
 - Allow the user to closely monitor energy usage throughout a commercial or residential building.



Introduction

Play Video



System Architecture

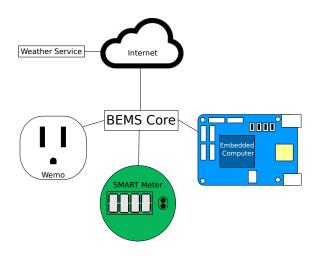


Figure 1: High level architecture



System Architecture - Supported Devices

- WeMo Switch
 - Turn on and off from web server
 - Record power usage month to month
 - Plot power usage for a given time frame using MatPlotLib library in Python
- Embedded Computer
 - Connect to BeagleBone Blue
 - Control motor drivers from web server
- Smart Meter
 - Cannot physically implement this
 - MATLAB has ability to simulate power meters





System Architecture

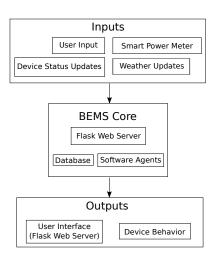


Figure 2: Functional block diagram of the BEMS

System Architecture - Inputs

- Users will adjust the operation of a device (turn up temperature of AC unit or turn on/off a light)
- Smart Power meters (BEMS core will need to receive power data from MATLAB scripts) will provide real-time power consumption for the entire building
- Connected devices will give status updates when prompted by the BEMS Core
- The BEMS core will scan a weather service website to receive updates on severe weather that may impact power transmission

System Architecture - BEMS Core

- Python and Javascript
 - Python is used to control devices on the back end
 - Javascript is used to run the web page (user interface)
- Flask Web Framework
 - Handles rendering device metadata and time-series data to the web page
 - Routes URLs to view functions
- Apache Cassandra and SQLite databases
 - Apache Cassandra is a NoSQL database management system for storing time-series device data
 - SQLite is a simple relational database management system that will be used to store device metadata
- Bootstrap and JQuery
 - Bootstrap is a CSS framework for creating modern web pages
 - JQuery is a Javascript library to help with DOM traversal, event handling, and AJAX requests



System Architecture - Outputs

- BEMS core will output all data from connected devices to be accessed through the web server via a browser (accessed by any device that can browse the web)
- All available data on any smart device will be able to be perused via the platform

Modes of Operation

- Mode #0: Device discovery mode: networked IoT devices will be automatically discovered on the local building network
- Mode #1: Manual device control mode: the state of each active device will be controllable through an easy-to-use web interface and command line application
- Mode #2: Power reporting mode: a page will be available for reporting overall building power consumption and individual device power consumption

End-Use Requirements

- Device behavior should be implemented to seamlessly support different status configurations
- Users (building admins, employees, home owners) will have the ability to see a plot of the past energy usage of a device
- Python's Matplotlib package will form the basis for the plotting functionality
- Support for new devices should be easily developed through multiple layers of abstractions

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