

ONESTOP MEDIA LIBRARY

Logical database design – phase 2

Addis Ababa institute of technology

SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING

DATABASE SYSTEMS PROJECT

AUTHORS

Names	ID	E-mail	GitHub
Adonay Dereje	ATR/7743/10	donniedereje1@gmail.com	<u>adonaydereje</u>
Eyob Eshetu	ATR/0164/10	eyobgeletu@tutanota.com	eyob-geletu
Fekadesilassie Tsegaye	ATR/5519/10	beshoo.f1990@gmail.com	beshoo-07
Fraol Bereket	ATR/8289/10	fraolbereket@gmail.com	<u>fraolb</u>
Henok Hailu	ATR/4973/10	henokhailu96@gmail.com	henokhailu96

Phase-2: Logical database design

In this phase we tried to design a relational database and map our ER-diagram to the relational database. We prepared tables for entities, classes and subclasses and their attributes by following the algorithms that we learnt during lecture classes. After that we pointed out the functional dependencies of each table and tried to minimize them. Finally we made sure the tables are in normalized forms. The normalization extends from First Normal Form (1NF) to Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF).

1. Mapping

- Primary Key and Foreign Key identification
- Tables for Normal Entities
- Tables for Super classes and Subclasses by adding an attribute

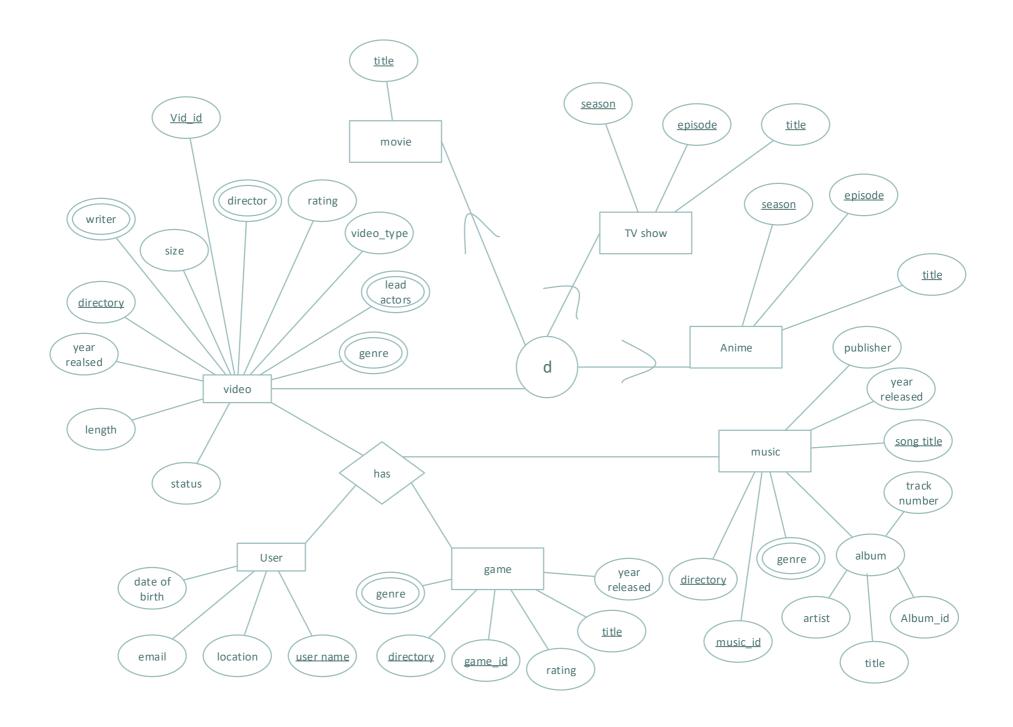
2. Functional dependencies

- Extraction of functional dependency of each table
- Minimize Functional Dependencies
- Finding the closed dependency

3. Normalization

- Finding out the normalization states
- Normalize to 1NF, 2NF, 3NF and BCNF

Additionally, we also tried to modify our previous ER-diagram by adding missing and necessary attributes, removing unnecessary relations and entities, creating superclass and subclasses for video, movie, TV show and Anime entities. This is shown in the diagram shown on the next page



1. Mapping

Step 1: Mapping regular entities

We have three regular entities (music, game and user) and a super class called video. The primary keys are music_id, game_id, username and Vid_id respectively. We first create a relation for the simple attributes only.

Music

Music_Id Song_	title publisher	Rating	Year_released	directory
----------------	-----------------	--------	---------------	-----------

Game

Game id title Rating	Year_released	directory
----------------------	---------------	-----------

User

<u>Username</u>	email	location	DOB
-----------------	-------	----------	-----

Video

Vid_id Size Length Rating Year_released directory status Video_Type

Step 2-5:

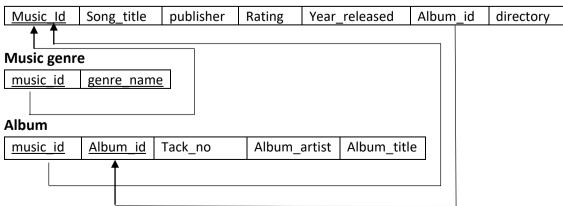
- These steps are not applicable in our case.
- We don't have weak entities and binary relations.

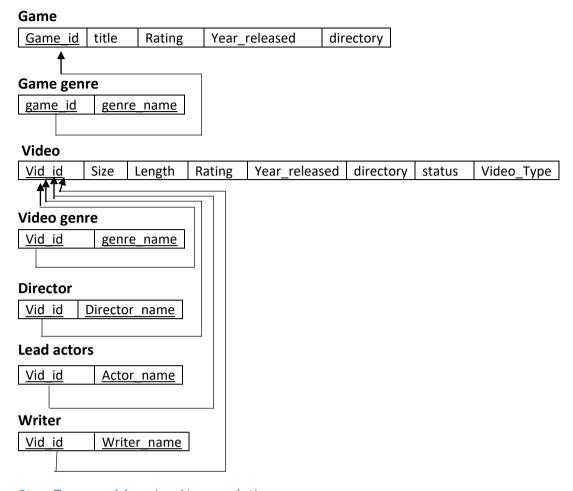
Step 6: Mapping multivalued and composite attributes

We have a multivalued attribute called **genre** in game, music and video entities and also attributes called **writer**, **director** and **lead actors** for video entity in particular. We create a relation for each of these attributes. The primary key of the relations will be the attributes and a foreign key from the entity they were a part of.

We also created a relation called Album for the composite attribute album in music entity. The primary key of the relation Album is the combination of a foreign key from music entity and album id attribute.

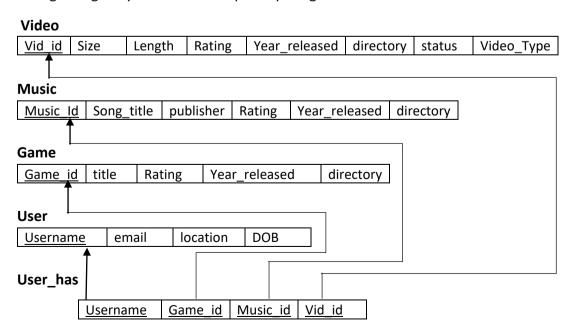
Music





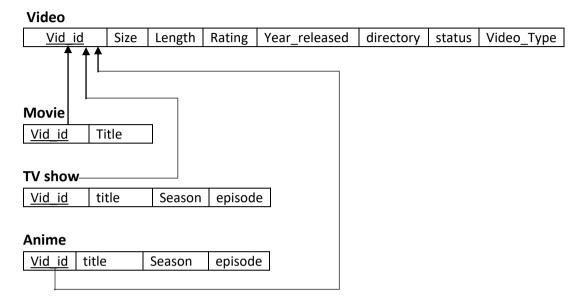
Step 7: Mapping N-ary relations

We have a relation called "has" between user and video, music & game entities. This is a tertiary relationship. It defines to whom the information belongs to if there is a second user. For this we created a relation called **user has** and it has a composite primary key by taking foreign keys form the four participating entities.



Step 8: Mapping Specializations

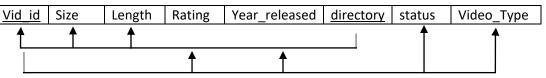
In our case we have a super class called video and subclasses of video that define the type of the videos called **movie**, **TV** show and anime. We mapped this using the **multiple** relations Superclass and subclasses option.



2. Functional dependency

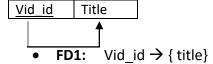
In this section we determined the candidate keys, the functional dependencies of each relation to the keys and the closure of the keys. Transitive dependencies that may occur can be fixed when normalizing the relations.

Video



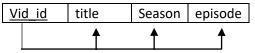
- FD1: Vid_id → { rating, year_released, status, video_type}
- Closure of Vid_id {Vid_id}+ = { Vid_id, rating, year_released, status, video_type}
- **FD2**: Directory → { Vid_id, size, length}
- Closure of directory {Directory}+ = { Directory, Vid_id, size, length, rating, year released, status, video type } = Video

Movie



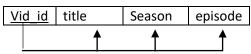
• Closure of Vid_id {Vid_id}+ = { Vid_id, title} = Movie

TV show



- **FD1:** Vid id → { title, season, episode}
- Closure of Vid_id {Vid_id}+ = { Vid_id, title, season, episode } = TV show

Anime



- **FD1**: Vid_id → { title, season, episode}
- Closure of Vid_id {Vid_id}+ = { Vid_id, title, season, episode } = Anime

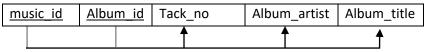
Music



• **FD1:** Music_id → { Song_title, publisher, Rating, Year_released }

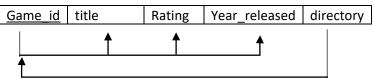
- Closure of music_id {music_id}⁺ = { music_id, Song_title, publisher, Rating, Year_released }
- **FD2:** Directory → { music_id, Album_id}
- Closure of Directory { Directory }⁺ = { Directory, music_id, Album_id, Song_title, publisher, Rating, Year_released } = Music

Album



- **FD1:** {Music_id, Album_id} → { Tack_no, Album_artist, Album_title }
- Closure of {Music_id, Album_id}+ = {Music_id, Album_id, Tack_no, Album_artist,
 Album_title } = Album

Game



- **FD1:** game_id → { title, Rating, Year_released }
- Closure of game_id { game_id } + = { game_id, title, Rating, Year_released }
- **FD2:** Directory → { game_id}
- **Closure of Directory** {Directory}⁺ = {Directory,game_id,title,Rating,Year_released}=Game

User



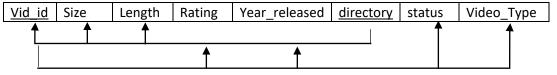
- **FD1:** username → { email, location, DOB }
- Closure of username { username } + = { username, email, location, DOB } = User

The rest of the relations have no dependencies that can be extracted from them. They only contain key attributes.

3. Normalization

Here we tried to determine the normalization form of the relations are in at this point and we further normalized those are not in BCN form already. Most of the relations are In BCNF form already after mapping is done. The relations below are not in BCNF form.

Video



- There is a transitive dependency between directory and vid_id
- We have to split this relation into two

Video File

directory Size	Length	Vid_id
----------------	--------	--------

Video

Vid_id Rating	Year_released	Video_Type
---------------	---------------	------------

Music



- There is a transitive dependency between directory and music_id
- We have to split this relation into two

Music file



Music

Music_Id Song_title publisher Rating Year_released	Music_Id	Song_title	publisher	Rating	Year_released
--	----------	------------	-----------	--------	---------------

Game



- There is a transitive dependency between directory and game_id
- We have to split this relation into two

Game

Game_id	title	Rating	Year_released
---------	-------	--------	---------------

Game file

directory Game_id

- Now all relations are in BCNF form.
- Now the relation table of the database will be as follows

Video File

	directory	Size	Length	Vid id
--	-----------	------	--------	--------

Video

Video genre

<u>Vid_id</u> g	enre_name
-----------------	-----------

Director

|--|

Lead actors

Vid_id	Actor	name

Writer

Vid_id	Writer_name

Movie

Vid	id	Title

TV show

Vid_id	title	Season	episode

Anime

Vid id title	Season	episode
--------------	--------	---------

Music file

directory Music_Id Album_id

Music

Music Id Song_title publisher Rating	Year released
--	---------------

Music genre

music id	genre	name
----------	-------	------

Album

music_id	Album_id	Tack_no	Album_artist	Album_title
----------	----------	---------	--------------	-------------

Game file

directory	Game id
ancetory	Guille la

Game

Gan	ne id	title	Rating	Year released	
-----	-------	-------	--------	---------------	--

Game genre

game id	genre	name
gaine iu	genie	Hallie

User

<u>Username</u> email location DOB
