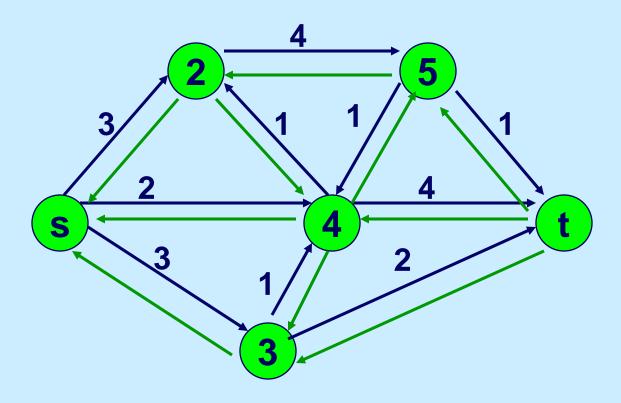
15.082 and 6.855J

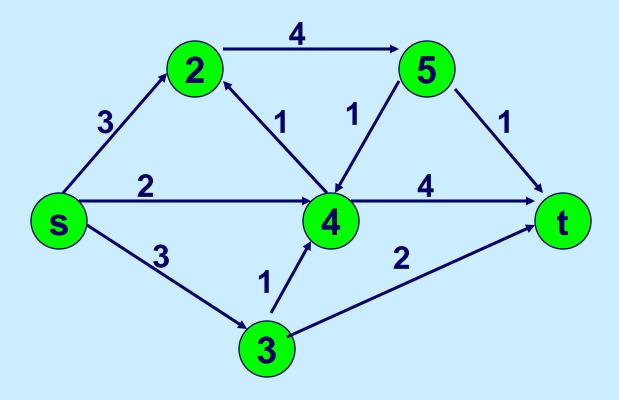
The Goldberg-Tarjan Preflow Push Algorithm for the Maximum Flow Problem

Preflow Push



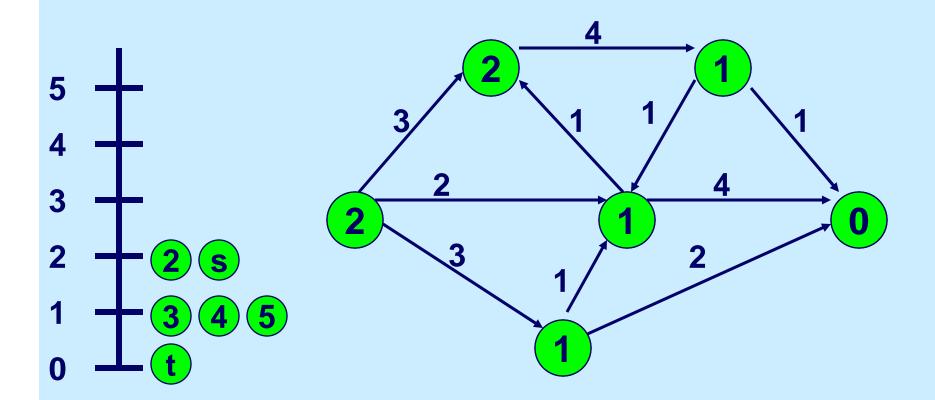
This is the original network, plus reversals of the arcs.

Preflow Push



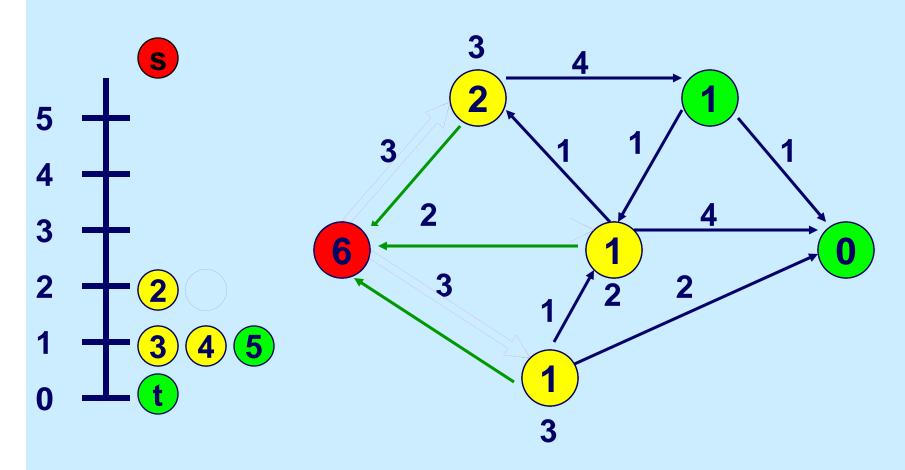
This is the original network, and the original residual network.

Initialize Distances



The node label henceforth will be the distance label. d(j) is at most the distance of j to t in G(x)

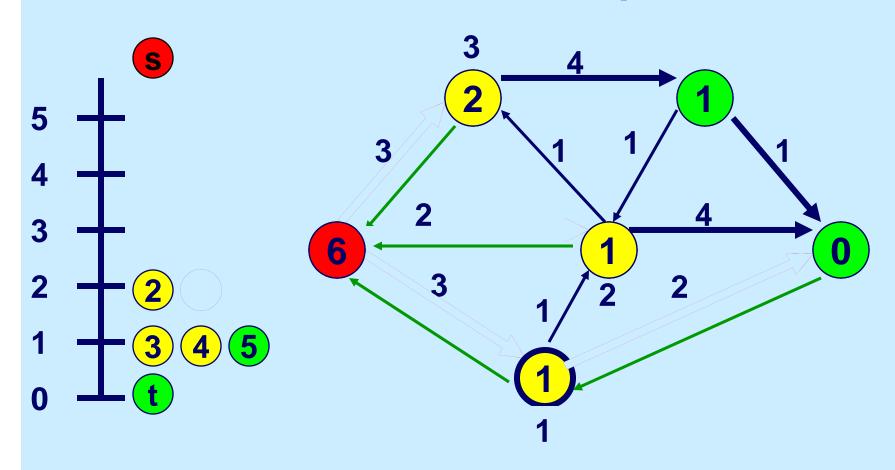
Saturate Arcs out of node s



Saturate arcs out of node s.

Move excess to the adjacent arcs

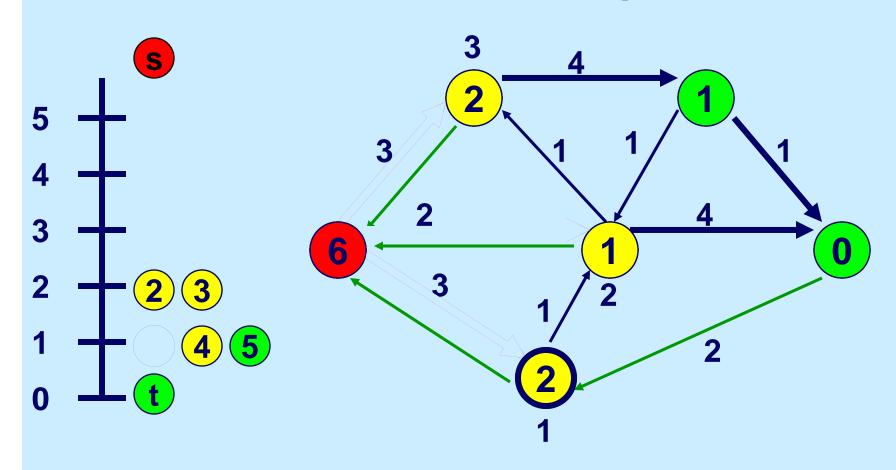
Relabel node s after all incident arcs have been saturated.



Select an active node, that is, one with excess

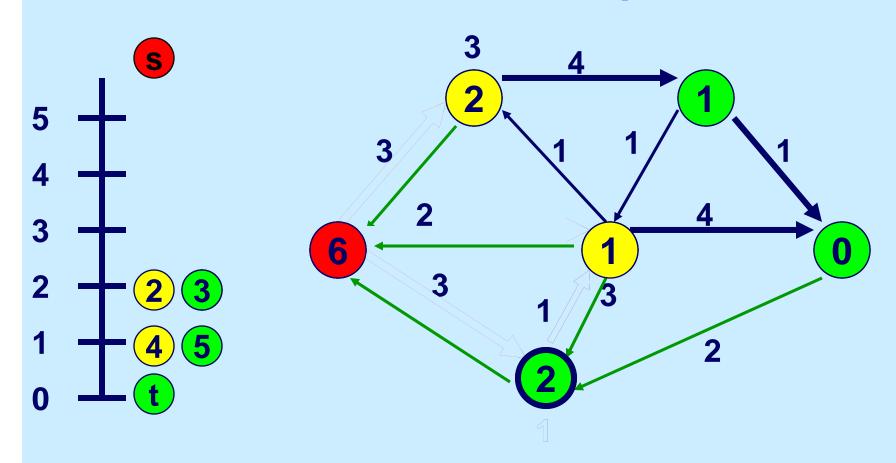
Push/Relabel

Update excess after a push

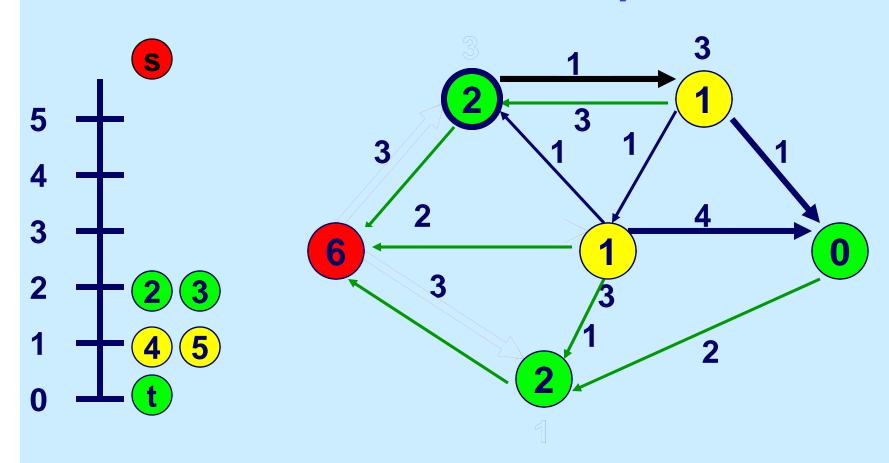


Select an active node, that is, one with excess

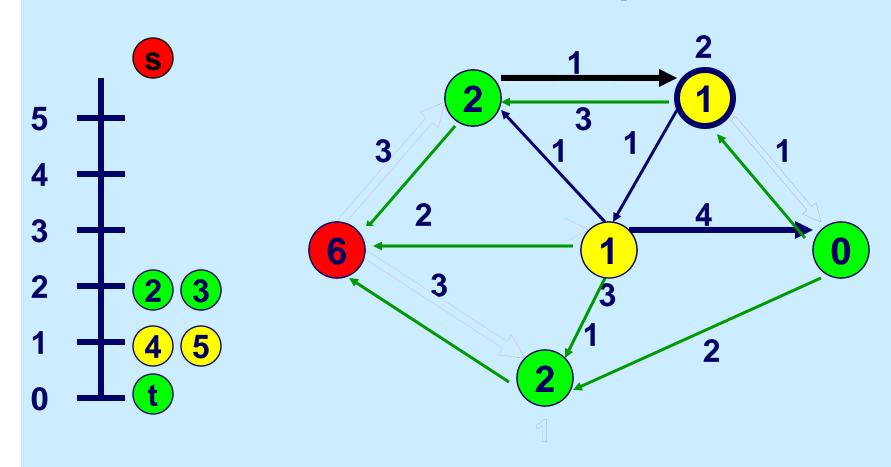
No arc incident to the selected node is admissible. So relabel.



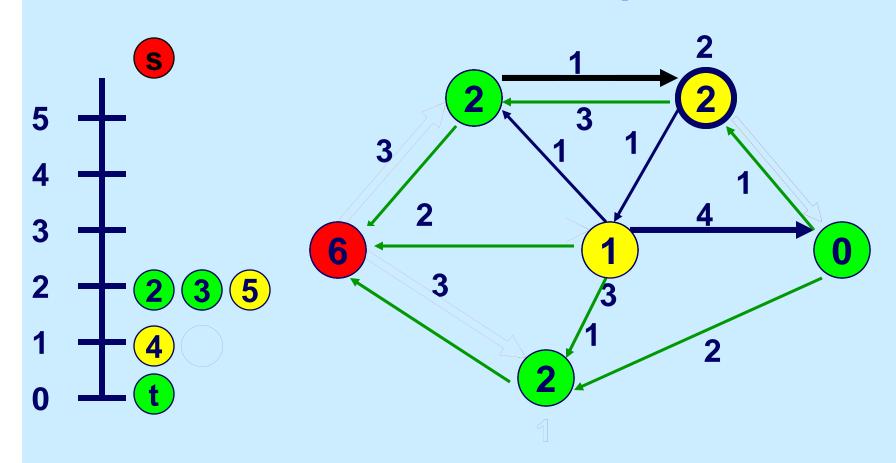
Select an active node, that is, one with excess



Select an active node.

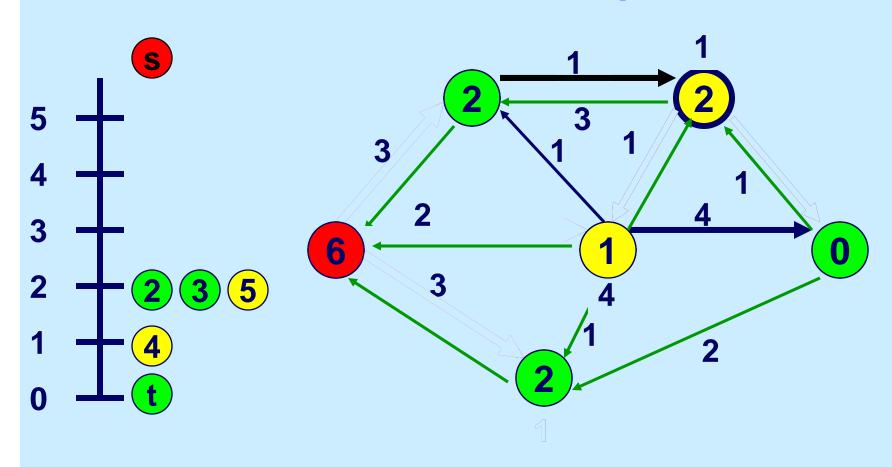


Select an active node.

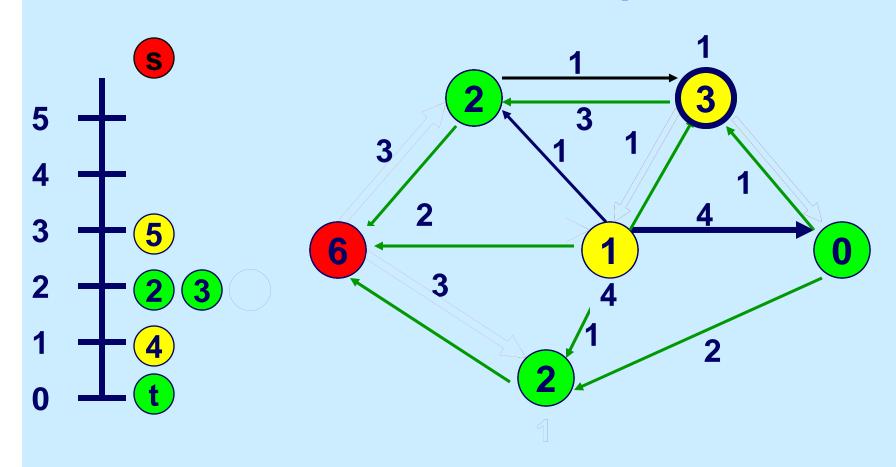


Select an active node.

There is no incident admissible arc. So Relabel.

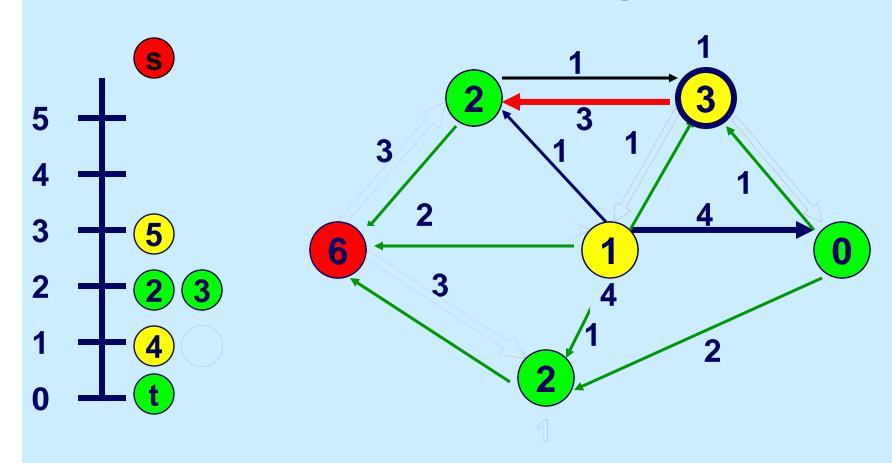


Select an active node.

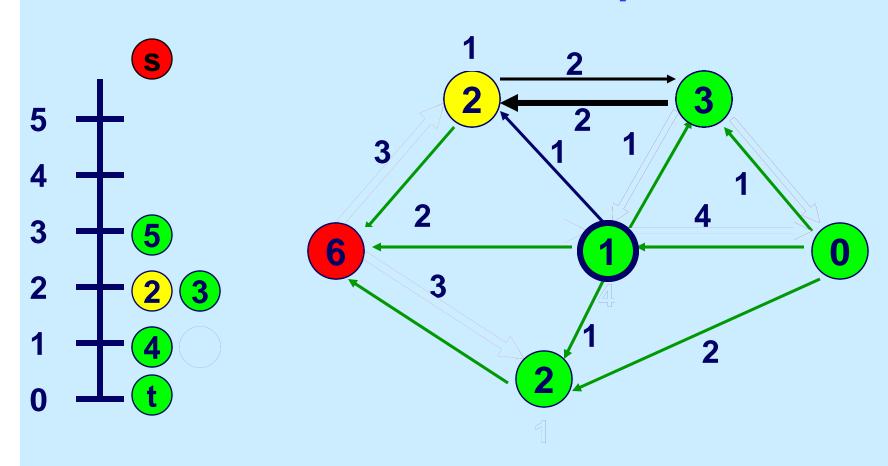


Select an active node.

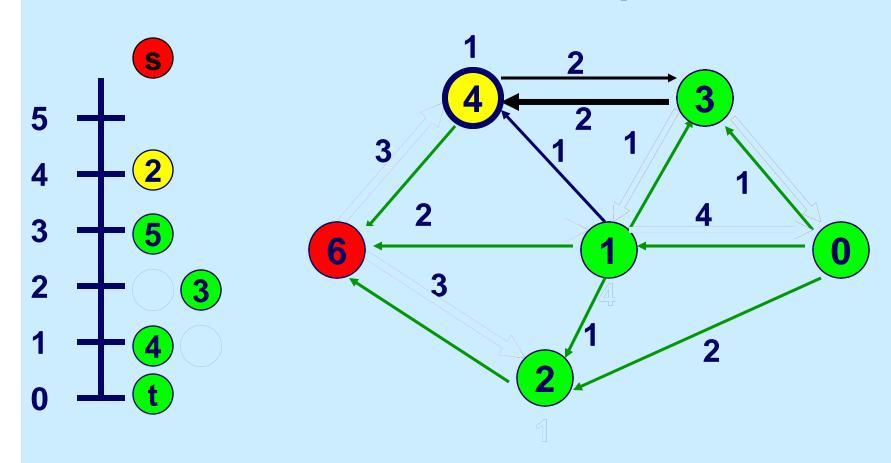
There is no incident admissible arc. So relabel.



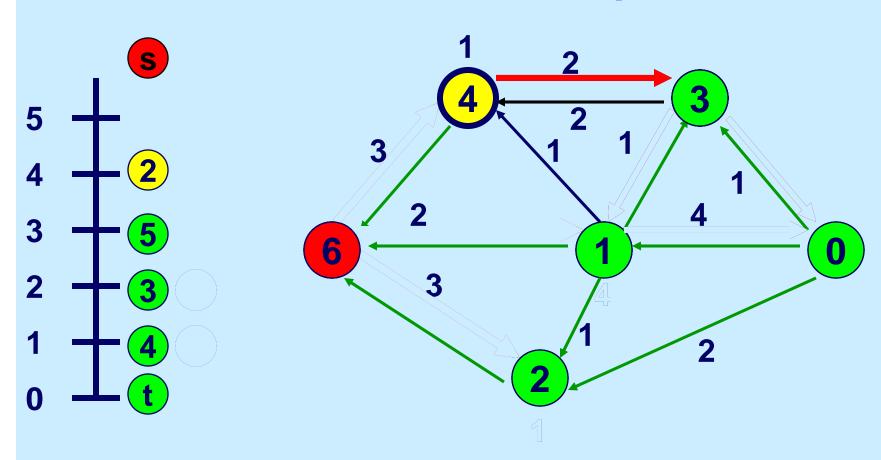
Select an active node.



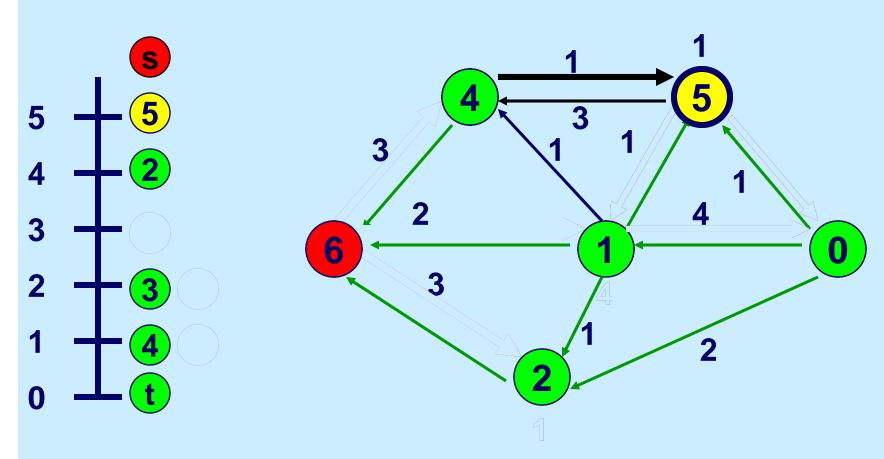
Select an active node.



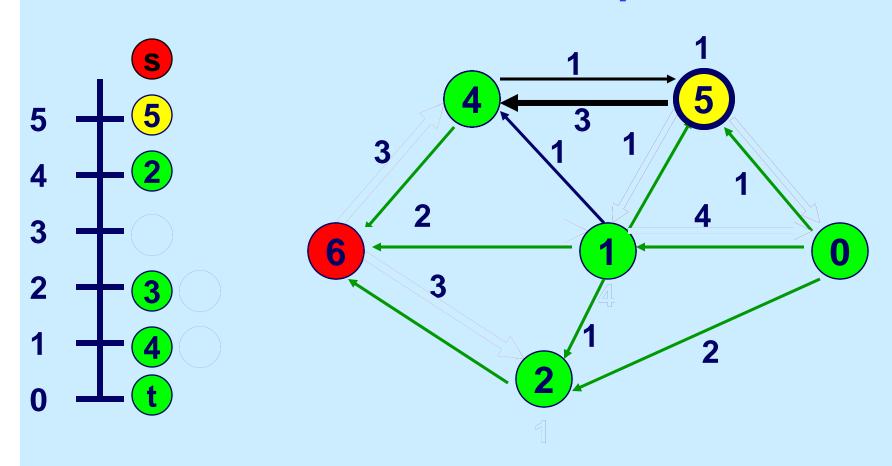
Select an active node.



Select an active node.



Select an active node.



One can keep pushing flow between nodes 2 and 5 until eventually all flow returns to node s.

There are no paths from nodes 2 and 5 to t, and there are ways to speed up the last iterations.