



#### SAFE DESIGN OF SHIPS & OTHER MARINE STRUCTURES

using environmental contours and response-based methods



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### **BACKGROUND**



# Environmental Contours for SAfe DEsign of Ships and other marine structures (ECSADES)

- ECSADES is a research project funded by Forskningsrådet and Innovate UK through the ERA-NET call.
- It is a collaboration between DNV GL (project manager), University of Oslo, Shell UK, and HR Wallingford.
- The project focuses on how to account for extreme environmental conditions in the safe design of ships and other marine structures.











### Project outcomes

A review of environmental contours and response based methods for designing marine structures.

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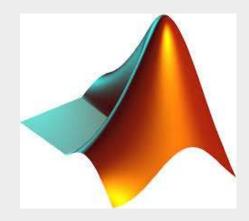
<sup>e</sup>Shell Projects & Technology, 1031 HW Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

<sup>f</sup>Shell Projects & Technology, London SE1 7NA, United Kingdom.

Research papers (in preparation)

Software packages <a href="https://ecsades.github.io/">https://ecsades.github.io/</a> (to be released)





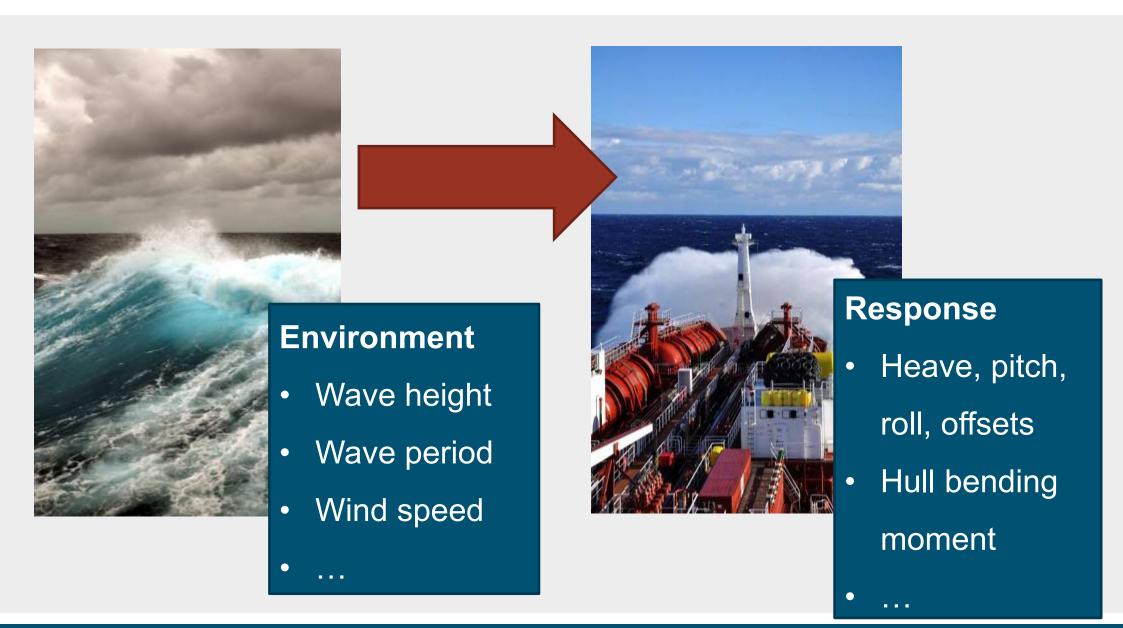




## METHODOLOGY

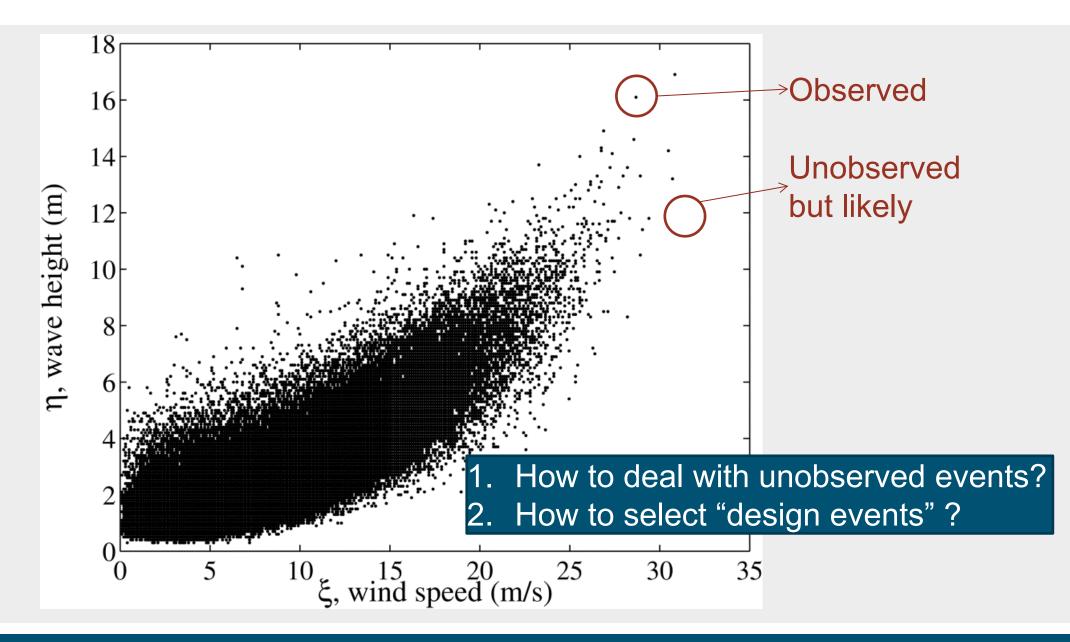








### Challenges



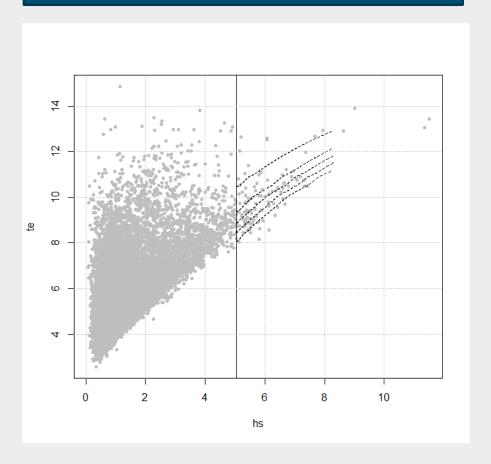


### Dealing with unobserved events

 Estimating the probability of rare or unobserved events

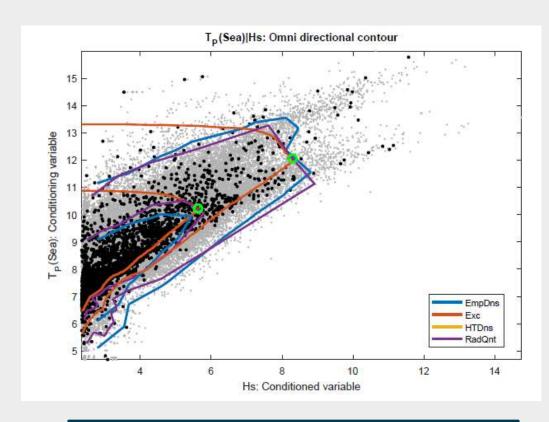
- Based on the Heffernan-Tawn model (or alternative models)
- Flexible for all types of extremal dependences (unlike most copula based models)

## Heffernan-Tawn (2004) for multivariate tail distribution





### Dealing with design events



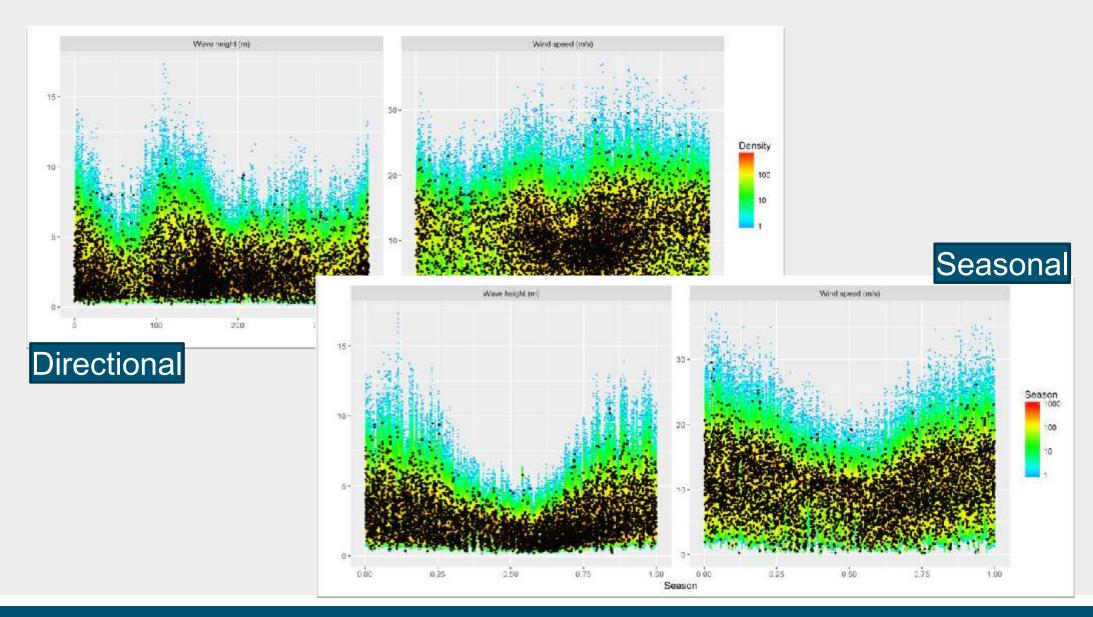
A collection of popular contours included in the package

 Based on the simulated events or fitted distribution

- Draw the contours using the preferred method
- Select "design events" on the contours for the desired return periods



## Accounting for covariate effects





### Software package content at release

Joint exceedance contours

Iso-density contours

IFORM contours

Directsampling contours

- A collection of contours
- State-of-the-art multivariate statistical models
- Extreme value analysis with covariate effects
- User guide and plenty of examples
- ... and more to come



### Possible approaches

# Unknown Response

- The mathematical form of the response is unknown or costly to calculate
- Use Heffernan-Tawn or alternative
- Application of contours to fitted statistical distribution

# Approximate Response

- The response can be approximated
- Heffernan-Tawn with the approximate response as the condition
- Application of the contours to the simulated data

# Accurate Response

- The response is mathematically known or can be estimated accurately
- Construct response surface or use response-based analysis



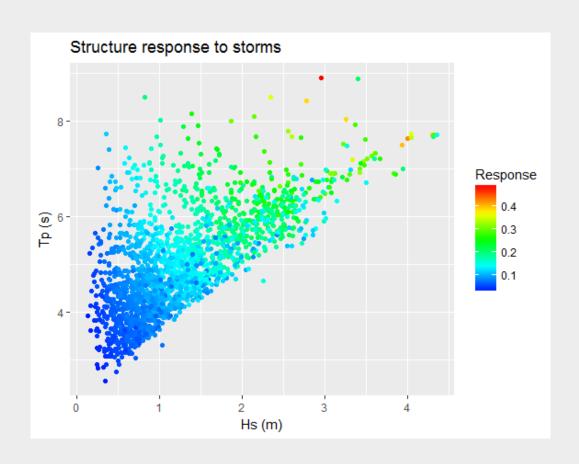


## **APPLICATION**



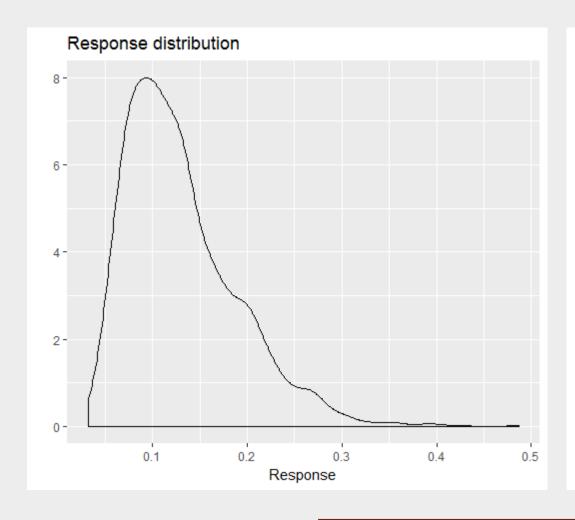
### Example A – statistical model

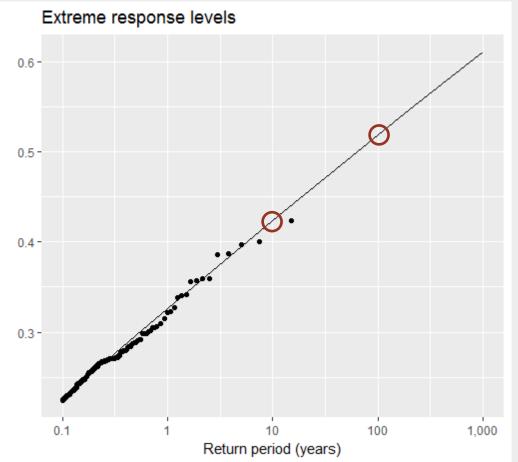
- An offshore structure with the key response approximated
- Driving variables are wave height (Hs) and period (Tp)
- Input data cover 2,000 storms over 15 years
- Need distribution for Hs/Tp when the response is above 10- and 100-year level





### Example A – response analysis

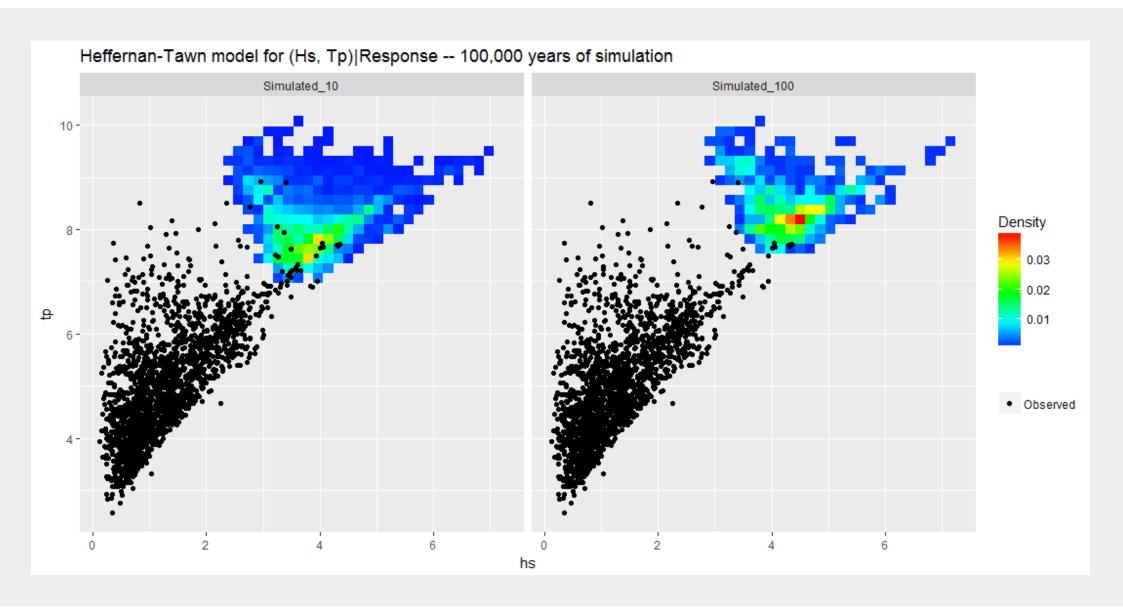




Peaks-over-threshold model



## Example A – conditional simulation





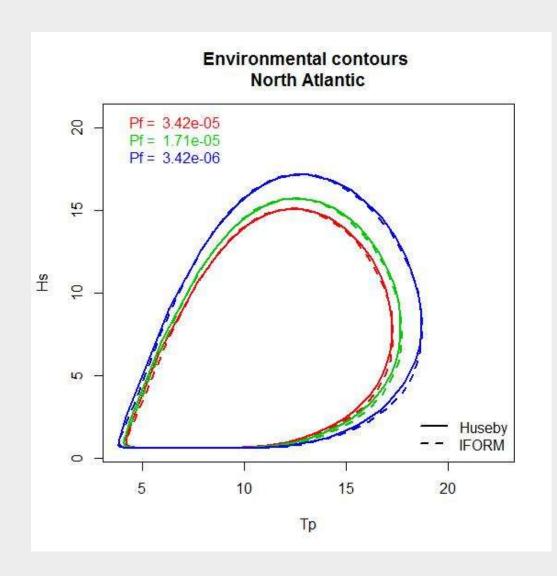
### Example B – contours

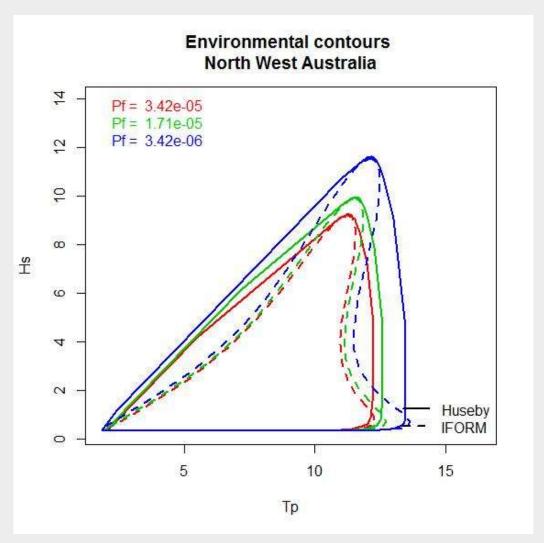
**Erik Vanem (2017)** A comparison study on the estimation of extreme structural response from different environmental contour methods, Marine Structures, 56 (2017), 137-162.





### Example B – sample outcome







#### Thanks. Questions?



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