Dataset of standard tests of Nafion 112 membrane and Membrane Electrode Assembly (MEA) activation tests of Proton Exchange Membrane (PEM) fuel cell

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Abstract:

Reported data in this paper are about Nafion 112 membrane standard tests and MEA activation tests of PEM fuel cell in various operation condition. Dataset include two general electrochemical analysis method, Polarization and Impedance curves. In this dataset, effect of different pressure of H_2/O_2 gas, different voltages and various humidity conditions in several steps are considered. Details of experimental methods has been explained in this paper. Behavior of PEM fuel cell during distinct operation condition tests, activation procedure and different operation condition before and after activation analysis can be concluded from data. In Polarization curves, voltage and power density change as a function of flows of H_2/O_2 and relative humidity. Resistance of the used equivalent circuit of fuel cell can be calculated from Impedance data. Thus, experimental response of the cell is obvious in the presented data, which is useful in depth analysis, simulation and material performance investigation in PEM fuel cell researches.

Highlights:

- Experimentally data useful for investigation and work on PEMFCs.

- Data obtained from various test conditions and changing variables that provides possibility for users to compare curves and resulted parameters.

- Observable graphical data in presented documents help better interpretation for research on PEMFC.

1- Data Introduction

The experimentally resulted data shows the performance of a PEMFC at several percent of membrane compression, different applied voltages, different pressure of H_2/O_2 gas, and various humidity conditions of cathode and air, which can be used to study behavior of PEMFC that is necessary to research and development of fuel cells. In other words, the dataset help researchers and specialists who investigate and work on PEM fuel cells [1].

Polarization and Impedance curves have obtained from specific empirical operation condition. MEA structure defines as composition of anode, membrane and cathode. Temperature of anode, cathode and cell, pressure and flow rate of H_2/O_2 have been considered as operation condition during the evaluation. In Polarization curves, cell voltage (V) per current density (mA.cm⁻²) and cell power density (mW.cm⁻²) per current density (mA.cm⁻²) has been obtained at various relative humidity, gas pressure and membrane compression. Impedance analysis were done at the end of the each activation set and procedure at different cell voltages, relative humidity and H_2/O_2 pressure. Also, in each activation procedure, analysis has been accomplished by repeat of activation sets [2].

Obtained data can be useful for simulation of PEMFC and simulation has important role in scientific and applied studies. The report provides necessary results and experimentally parameters such as temperature of anode, cathode and cell, pressure and flow rate of gasses, relative humidity, power density, current density, voltage and resistances of cells which are obligatory data for electrochemical, material, mechanical and electrical simulation of PEMFCs. Hence, obtained data used for simulation of PEM in OPEM [3] simulation software produced by Electrochemistry Simulation (ECSIM) research team organization and these are compatible with the Amphlett model [4] in OPEM software. Repository of PEMFC reported dataset contribute to ECSIM/pem-dataset1 development by creating an account on GitHub [5].

2- Report Data

2-1-Standard test of Nafion 112 membrane

2-1-1- Experimental design, method and details

MEA structure for standard cell of Nafion 112 membrane includes anode, cathode and membrane composition. Composition of anode in standard test is Carbon paper Ballard, Platinum-Carbon 20%, Nafion solution (27% weight), 80ml Isopropyl alcohol, and 20ml double distillation water with 0.39 mg /cm² loading of Platinum. Also, composition of cathode including Carbon paper (CP) Ballard, Platinum-Carbon (Pt/C) 20%, Nafion solution (25% weight), 80 ml Isopropyl alcohol and 20 ml double distillation water with 0.39 mg/cm² loading of Platinum. Carbon 20%, Nafion solution (20% weight), 80 ml Isopropyl alcohol and 20 ml double distillation water with 0.39 mg/cm² loading of Platinum. Composition of second cathode is Carbon paper Ballard, Platinum-Carbon 20%, Nafion solution (20% weight), 80 ml Isopropyl alcohol, and 20 ml double distillation water with 0.39 mg/cm² loading of Platinum. Composition of second cathode is Carbon paper Ballard, Platinum-Carbon 20%, Nafion solution (20% weight), 80 ml Isopropyl alcohol, and 20 ml double distillation water with 0.39 mg /cm² loading of Platinum. Cell temperature is 75 degree centigrade (°C), anode temperature is 80 degree centigrade and Cathode temperature was evaluated 48-59-70-75 degree centigrade. For activation, in first step a constant voltage at 0.6 V for 30 minutes applied, and then constant voltage at 0.2 V for 10 minutes and constant voltage at 0.7 V for 1 minute. In next step, constant voltage at 0.6 V for 60 minutes and then, constant voltage at 0.5 V for 40 minutes. At the end of activation operation, a constant current at 250 mA/cm² has been applied for 60 minutes.

Effect of percent of Nafion membrane (N %) and Relative Humidity of the Cathode (RHC %) on cell performance in various compression of membrane in various pressure has been analyzed in Polarization curves. Changing in N % between 20% and 25%, RHC % between 30, 50, 80 and 100%, P between 5, 15 and 25 psi, and membrane compression percent (%) lead to change the value of voltage and power density per current density. From each polarization curve, in table (1-2) and figure (1-2), an example of data extracted from the curve and related polarization curve presented, respectively.



Figure (1-2): Polarization curve of standard test of Nafion 112 membrane at RHC 50%, membrane compression 5% and Nafion Percent 20%, 25%, (a) pressure 5 psi (b) pressure 15 psi (c) pressure 25 psi.

Table (1-2): Extracted data from figure (1-2), t	he values are: power	density, current density and
resistance.		

P(psi)	%N	MPD(mW/cm ²)	i(mA/cm ²)@0.8V	i(mA/cm ²)@0.5V	i(mA/cm ²)@0.3V	R(mΩ)@0.5V
5	25%	291	60	470	860	190
	20%	304	50	550	890	193
15	25%	316	80	600	910	209
	20%	362	50	650	1100	195
25	25%	376	130	750	1080	206
	20%	490	28	960	1350	147

2-2- Activation test of MEA

Four analysis were done in activation tests of MEA; Cycling Potential between 0.2 and 0.7V, Constant Current 0.25Acm⁻², Constant Voltage 0.6V and standard test protocol. In all of them, specific MEA structure and activation procedure were applied and operation condition before and after activation procedure are similar. The membrane is Nafion 112, flow rate of H_2/O_2 measured 200/200, pressure at operation condition is 5 psig and temperature of anode, cathode and cell is 60, 50 and 55°C controlled during all of the tests. After the activation procedure, operation condition in several relative humidity (30%, 50% and 100%), various pressure and flow rate (5psi flow H₂/O₂ 200/200, 15 psi flow H₂/O₂ 300/300 and 25 psi flow H₂/O₂ 500/500) was determined. Also, temperature of anode, cathode and cell for RH 30% ($T_a/T_c/T_{cell}$: 80/49/75 °C), RH 50% ($T_a/T_c/T_{cell}$: 80/59/75 °C) and RH 100%($T_a/T_c/T_{cell}$: 80/75/75 °C) were measured. On the other hand, each activation set contains repetition of the items of activation procedure. In other words, numbers of set means number of repetition.

2-2-1-Activation test MEA at cycling potential between 0.2 and 0.7 V 2-2-1-1-Experimental design, method and details

MEA structure in this analysis including anode components such as CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion, 1.98 mg DL/cm² (C28) with 0.38 mg/cm² catalyst loading. Cathode composition is CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion and 1.98 mg DL/cm² (C28) with 0.38 mg/cm² Catalyst loading. The membrane is Nafion 112. To start activation procedure, 10 minutes Open Circuit Voltage (OCV) time and then, one minute 0.7 V, 10 minutes 0.2 V (for five times) was applied. Finally, steps 1 and 2 repeated for three times.

In this analysis, the reported data are related to polarization curves after 1 hour during activation procedure, impedance curves at different voltage 0.3, 0.5, 0.7 and 0.8V for set 1, set 2 and set 3, at 60 /50/ 55°C, 5 psig flow rate H₂/O₂: 200/200, polarization curves at the end of activation procedure in humidity condition 30, 50, 100% at 5, 15 and 25 psig, impedance curves in various voltages at the end of activation procedure in humidity condition 30, 50, 100% at 5, 15 and 25 psig in flow rate H₂/O₂: 200/200 mlmin⁻¹, polarization curves 0.7 V at the end of activation procedure in different cathode humidity condition 30, 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15, and 25 and impedance curves in various voltages at the end of activation procedure in different cathode humidity condition 30, 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15, and 25 and impedance curves in various voltages at the end of activation procedure in different cathode humidity condition 30, 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15, and 25 and impedance curves in various voltages at the end of activation procedure in different cathode humidity condition 30, 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15, and 25. Figures (2-2) and (3-2) represent polarization curves in three sets of activation procedure after 1 hour and impedance curves at different voltages for each sets. Table (2-2) shows the extracted data from related polarization curve.

Table (2-2) extracted data from polarization curve during activation procedure in three sets.

	OCV	i at 0.5V	i at 0.3V	R(mQ)
st 1	991	870	1214	70
st 2	1003	895	1220	72
st 3	1014	1092	1486	70



Figure (2-2) Polarization curves after 1 hour during activation procedure (Polarization curves at end of each activation set in three sets).



Figure (3-2) impedance curves at different voltage (1) set 1, (2) set 2, (3) set 3, 60 /50/ 55°C, 5 psig flow rate H2/O2: 200/200

2-2-2 Activation test MEA at constant current 0.25Acm⁻² 2-2-2-1-Experimental design, method and details

The start-up procedure for a new fuel cell membrane electrode assembly MEA may vary somewhat from application to application. What is important in any research or production environment is to be consistent with the break-in procedure that you use. How the MEA is initially broken-in can have long lasting effects on the ultimate performance of the MEA. Published procedures vary in specifics, but almost all follow a similar sequence:

- 1. Initial Start-Up
- 2. Load Cycling
- 3. Final Performance

The US Fuel Cell Council (USFCC) [6] published a standard for single cell testing that includes specific break-in procedures:

- Fuel: Hydrogen, 1.2 Stoich, 100% RH
- Oxidant: Air, 2.0 Stoich, 100% RH
- Temperature (C): 80°
- Pressures (psig): 25

Initial Startup: As required to reach 80°C

- 1. Cycle Step 1 (Perform Once): Hold 0.6V for 60 mins
- 2. Cycling Step 2 (Perform 9 times): Hold 0.7V for 20 mins, than hold 0.5V for 20 mins
- 3. Constant Current Operation: Hold at 200 mA/cm² for 720 mins (12 hrs)

Verify break-in status by repeating the polarization curve sequence three times, or as necessary, to ensure that the cell is broken-in. Remain at each sequence step for 20 minutes. The cell is considered broken-in when less than a 5 mV deviation from the previous polarization curve is recorded at 800 mA/cm². A wait period of 10 minutes should be observed between polarization curves. During this period, return the gas flow rates to the equivalent of 10 stoich at 200 mA/cm² and set the current to 800 mA/cm².

MEA structure at constant current 0.25 Acm⁻² containing CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion, 1.98 mg DL/cm² (C28) with 0.38 mg/cm² of catalyst loading as anode composition with Nafion 112 membrane. Cathode components are containing CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion and 1.98 mg DL/cm² (C28) with 0.38 mg/cm² of catalyst loading. 10 minutes OCV time as first step in activation procedure. Then, 30 minutes constant voltage 0.6 V and constant current 0.25Acm⁻² (repeat for 18 time) was applied.

Obtained data from MEA activation test at constant current are summarized to polarization curves at end of each activation set in 17 sets, impedance curves at the end of each activation set at various voltages 0.3, 0.5, 0.7 and 0.8V at 60 /50/ 55°C, 5psig flow rate H₂/O₂: 200/200 mlmin⁻¹, polarization curves at the end of activation procedure in humidity condition 30, 50, 100% at 5, 15 and 25 psig, impedance curves in various voltages at the end of activation procedure in humidity condition 30, 50, 100% at 5, 15 and 25 psig and flow rate H₂/O₂: 200/200 mlmin⁻¹, polarization curves at the end of activation procedure in different cathode humidity condition 30, 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15 and 25 psig, impedance curves in different voltages at the end of activation procedure in different cathode humidity condition 30, 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15 and 25 psig. In table (3-2) extracted data form polarization curves of 17 sets at the end of activation set.

	OCV	MPD	R(mQ)
st 1	968	215	142
st 2	979	345	122
st 3	972	380	116
st 4	990	460	102
st 5	985	508	99
st 6	977	529	94
st 7	978	540	93
st 8	982	594	92
st 9	975	605	89
st 10	975	600	89
st 11	977	600	89
st 12	979	709	84
st 13	976	705	83
st 14	974	700	83
st 15	975	696	83
st 16	980	703	82
st 17	977	694	83
st 18	980	703	82

Table (3-2) extracted data form Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 17 sets.



Figure (4-2) Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 17 sets.

2-2-3 Activation test MEA at Constant Voltage 0.6V 2-2-3-1 Experimental design, method and details

Composition of anode including CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion, 1.98 mg DL/cm² (C28) with 0.38 mg/cm² of catalyst loading. The Membrane is Nafion 112 and composition of Cathode is CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion, and 1.98 mg DL/cm² (C28) with 0.38 mg/cm² of catalyst loading. In activation procedure of this analysis, a constant voltage 0.6 V has been applied.

Activation test of MEA at constant voltage 0.6V was analyzed with repeat of activation sets. In this analysis, Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 9 sets, impedance curves at the end of each activation for 0.3, 0.5, 0.7 and 0.8V at 60 /50/ 55°C, in 5psig flow rate H2/O2: 200/200 mlmin⁻¹, polarization curves at the end of activation procedure in humidity condition 30, 50, 100% at 5, 15, and 25 psig, impedance curves at various voltages at the end of activation

procedure in humidity condition 30, 50, 100% at 5, 15, and 25 psig ;flow rate H_2/O_2 : 200/200 mlmin⁻¹, polarization curves at the end of activation procedure in different air humidity condition 30, 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15, and 25, impedance curves at various voltages, at the end of activation procedure in different air humidity condition 30 a 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15, and 25 psig have been done. Table (4-2) represents extracted data form polarization curve at the end of each activation set.

	OCV	i at 0.5V	i at 0.3V	R(mQ)
st 1	965	1300	2300	75
st 2	980	1700	2700	71
st 3	980	1700	2800	70
st 4	980	1700	2800	71
st 5	984	1700	2800	70
st 6	980	1700	2800	70
st 7	983	1700	2800	70
st 8	982	1750	3000	66
st 9	986	1700	2800	65

Table (4-2): extracted data from Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 9 sets.



Figure (5-2) Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 9 sets.

Activation of MEA at constant voltage 0.6 V repeated in exact MEA structure and operation condition but, after a treatment procedure. In first treatment method, electrodes were ultra-sonicated in 10% Isopropyl solution for 60 min at 60°C. In Second treatment method, ultra-sonication of electrodes was in water for 60 minutes at 60°C but, this treatment method has some differences in MEA structure, anode composition is A16: CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion, and 1.98 mg DL/cm² with 0.396 mg /cm² catalyst loading. Also, cathode composition is A16: CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion, and 1.98 mg DL/cm² with 0.4 mg /cm2 catalyst loading.

Figures (6-2) and (7-2) show polarization curves at the end of activation set in 9 sets for ultra-sonication in Isopropyl solution and water, respectively. Tables (5-2) and (6-2) represents extracted data from polarization curves of figures (6-2) and (7-2), in order.

Table (5-2) extracted data Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 9 sets for ultra-sonication in Isopropyl solution

	OCV	R(mQ)	MPD
st 1	973	122	337
st 2	989	128	377
st 3	988	124	400
st 4	987	121	417
st 5	986	98	538
st 6	982	98	558
st 7	981	95	557
st 8	980	99	542
st 9	980	99	564



Figure (6-2) Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 9 sets for ultra-sonication in Isopropyl solution

	OCV	R(mQ)	MPD
st 1	960	98	330
st 2	975	92	462
st 3	978	91	513
st 4	980	92	536
st 5	980	87	618
st 6	968	86	651
st 7	977	85	665
st 8	977	86	669
st 9	980	87	672

Table (6-2) extracted data from Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 9 sets for ultra-sonication in water



Figure (7-2) Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 9 sets for ultra-sonication in water

In final step of activation test at constant voltage 0.6 V, analysis was done at different MEA structure without treatment procedure. Anode components are C39: CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion with 0.42 mg/cm² catalyst loading. Cathode composition is A16: CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion with 0.396 mg/cm² catalyst loading. Table (7-2) and figure (8-2) are related to polarization curve at the end of activation set in 9 sets.

Table (7-2)	extracted	data from]	Polarization	curves at	end of	each a	activation	set in 9 sets	3.

	OCV	R(mQ)	MPD
st 1	942	82	462
st 2	978	76	648
st 3	975	77	714
st 4	983	72	900
st 5	980	72	929
st 6	982	74	930
st 7	982	74	924
st 8	985	72	1014
st 9	980	77	993



Figure (8-2) Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 9 sets.

2-2-4-Activation test MEA: standard test protocol 2-2-4-1-Experimental design, method and details

MEA structure include anode composition such as CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion and 1.98 mg DL/cm² (C29) with 0.377 mg/cm² catalyst loading. Cathode components are CP (TGP-0120), Pt/C 20%, 30% Nafion and 1.98 mg DL/cm² (C29) with 0.377 mg/cm² catalyst loading. In activation procedure, 10 minutes OCV time and then, 60 minutes constant voltage 0.6 V was applied. In next steps, 14 minutes cycling potential between 0.7-0.5 V repeated for 10 times and a constant current 0.2 A.cm⁻² for 18 hours was applied. Table (8-2) and figure (9-2) presents polarization curves at end of activation set in 24 sets.

In standard test protocol of MEA activation, reported data related to polarization curves at end of each activation set in 24 sets, impedance curves at the end of each activation set 0.3, 0.5, 0.7 and 0.8V at 60 /50/ 55°C with 5psig flow rate H₂/O₂: 200/200 mlmin⁻¹, polarization curves at the end of activation procedure in humidity condition 30, 50, 100% at 5, 15 and 25 psig, impedance curves in various voltages at the end of activation procedure in humidity condition 30, 50, 100% at 5, 15 and 25 psig flow rate H₂/O₂: 200/200 mlmin⁻¹, polarization curves at the end of activation procedure in humidity condition 30, 50, 100% at 5, 15 and 25 psig flow rate H₂/O₂: 200/200 mlmin⁻¹, polarization curves at the end of activation procedure in different air humidity condition 30, 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15 and 25 psig, impedance curves in various voltages at the end of activation procedure in different cathode humidity condition 30 a 50 and 100% at pressure at 5, 15 and 25 psig.

Table (8-2) Extracted data from Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 24 sets.

	OCV	MPD	R(mQ)
st 1	961	375	103
st 2	963	460	98
st 3	970	505	89
st 4	977	617	85
st 5	975	645	83
st 6	974	650	82
st 7	975	650	80
st 8	982	702	81
st 9	979	703	79
st 10	979	709	79
st 11	979	714	79
st 12	987	758	77
st 13	977	740	77
st 14	977	737	77
st 15	979	736	77

st 16	986	777	75
st 17	979	762	77
st 18	981	768	77
st 19	981	761	77
st 20	990	803	77
st 21	980	780	76
st 22	981	781	76
st 23	981	792	75
st 24	996	869	73



Figure (9-2 Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 24 sets.

Standard test protocol of MEA activation repeated with a difference in 0.38 mg/cm² catalyst loading in anode and cathode composition as MEA structure (other components of anode and cathode are similar). In activation procedure, 10 minutes OCV time and then, 0.6 V constant voltage for 60 minutes applied. In next steps, 14 minutes cycling potential between 0.7-0.5 V repeated for 12 times and a constant current 0.2 A.cm⁻² for 12 hours was applied. Obtained data are the same as before protocol, exactly. Table (9-2) and figure (10-2) presents polarization curves at end of activation procedure in 19 sets.

	OCV	MPD	R(mQ)
st 1	976	771	79
st 2	983	887	76
st 3	981	879	77
st 4	991	542	68
st 5	995	945	77
st 6	995	952	78
st 7	994	943	78
st 8	997	930	78
st 9	992	990	81
st 10	996	963	77
st 11	997	962	77
st 12	994	954	77
st 13	993	954	77
st 14	992	904	93
st 15	998	1022	76
st 16	999	1025	75
st 17	999	1019	74
st 18	999	1010	75
st 19	998	1011	75

Table (9-2) Extracted data from Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 19 sets.



Figure (10-2) Polarization curves at end of each activation set in 19 sets.

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