



University of  
New Haven

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TAGLIATELA  
COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

**EDU PREDICT TOOL  
PREDICTING ENROLLMENT TRENDS IN  
HIGHER EDUCATION IN THE USA**

# Project Details:



**Project Title: EDU PREDICT TOOL**



**Project Team: 01**



**Project Advisor: Dr. Ardiana Sula**



**MSDS Capstone – SP 25 DSCI 6051-07**



**Date of Presentation: 02-28-2025**

# EduPredict – Forecasting Higher Education Enrollment Trends

- **Goal:** Analyze and predict future enrollment patterns for international students in U.S. universities using data-driven techniques.
- **Outcome:** A Power BI-based interactive dashboard that provides enrollment trend forecasts under different scenarios (**Baseline, Growth, and Decline**).
- **Core Features:**
  - Machine learning-driven insights for **strategic academic planning**.
  - Customizable filters for **region, study level, and time period** to explore data dynamically.
- **Significance:**
  - Equips university officials with insights to **optimize resource planning and policy decisions**.
  - Supports institutions in **adapting to demographic and economic shifts** in student enrollment.

# TEAM

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Koteswar Enamadni



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Gnaneswari Vaddepalli



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# The Problem

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## Unpredictable Enrollment Trends

- ❖ Universities struggle to accurately forecast student enrollments due to shifting demographics, changing student preferences, and external influences.

2

## Impact of External Factors

- ❖ Enrollment is heavily influenced by **government policies, economic conditions, and global mobility trends**, making long-term planning difficult.

3

## Data Fragmentation & Decision-Making Challenges

- ❖ Enrollment data is scattered across multiple sources, leading to incomplete insights and reactive rather than proactive strategic planning.

# Project Goals & Objectives

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**Primary Goal:** Develop a **predictive model** that estimates future **student enrollments** based on multiple factors.



**Key Objectives:**



Integrate **historical datasets** on enrollment, demographics, and funding sources.



Identify **patterns & trends** in student admissions across various academic levels.



Build a **forecasting model** using machine learning.



Deploy results via a **user-friendly Power BI dashboard** for dynamic analysis.

# Data Collection & Sources

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**Title:** Where Our Data Comes From

**Content:**

- **Dataset Breakdown:**
  - **Student Enrollment Trends** (By year, region, academic level).
  - **Demographics** (Gender, marital status, visa type).
  - **Funding Sources** (Self-funded, government-sponsored, institution grants).
- **Data Quality:**
  - Missing data handled using **forward fill & interpolation** techniques.
  - Cleaned, structured, and prepared for **model training**.

# Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

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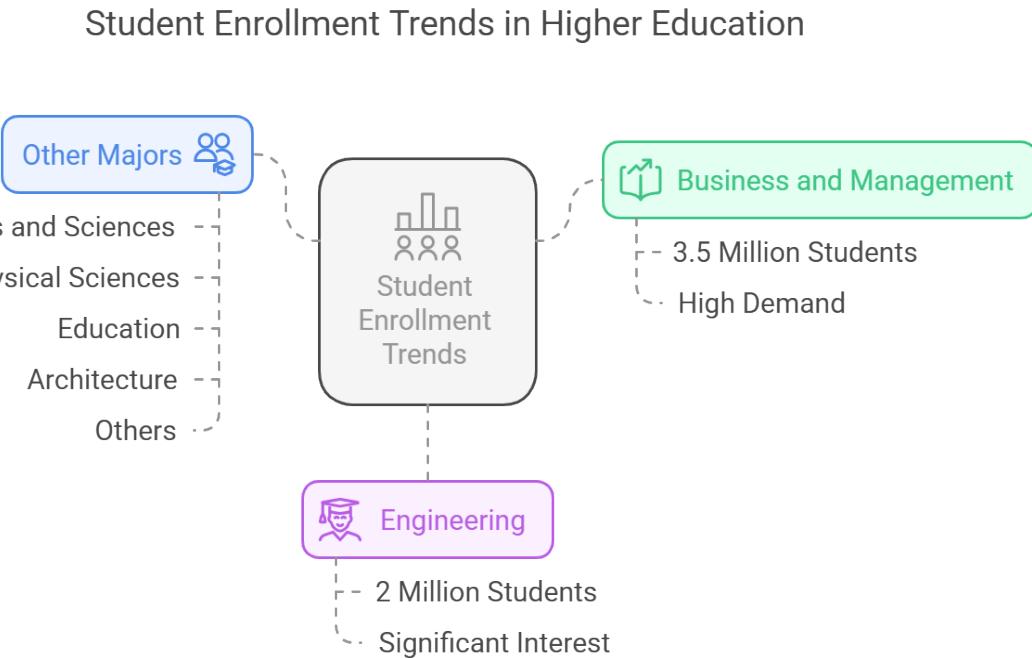
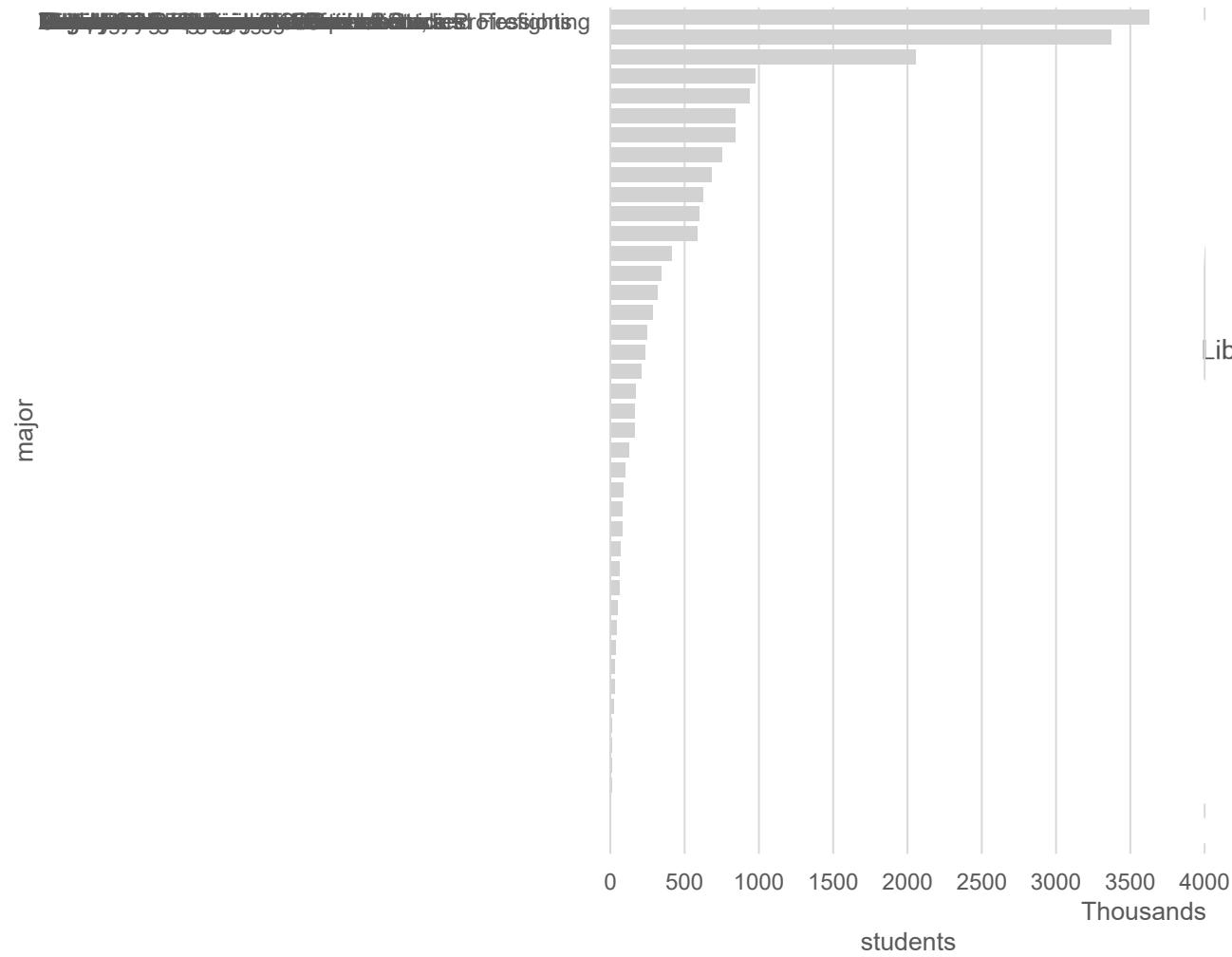
**Title:** Making Sense of the Data

**Content:**

- **What We Did:**
  - Examined trends in **student enrollment across different years**.
  - Analyzed **regional student distribution** to identify dominant source countries.
  - Explored funding types to understand **how students finance their studies**.
  - Correlation analysis to detect **relationships between key factors**.
- **Key Insights:**
  - **Business & STEM fields** are the most popular.
  - **Asia contributes the highest number** of international students.
  - Enrollment growth has **gradually increased over the years**.

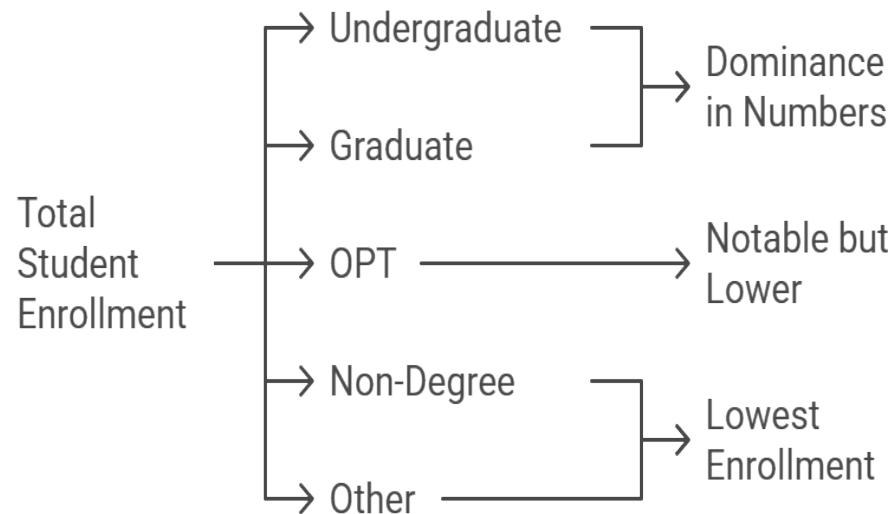
# Key EDA Visualizations

'major': Business and Management and Engineering have noticeably higher 'students'.

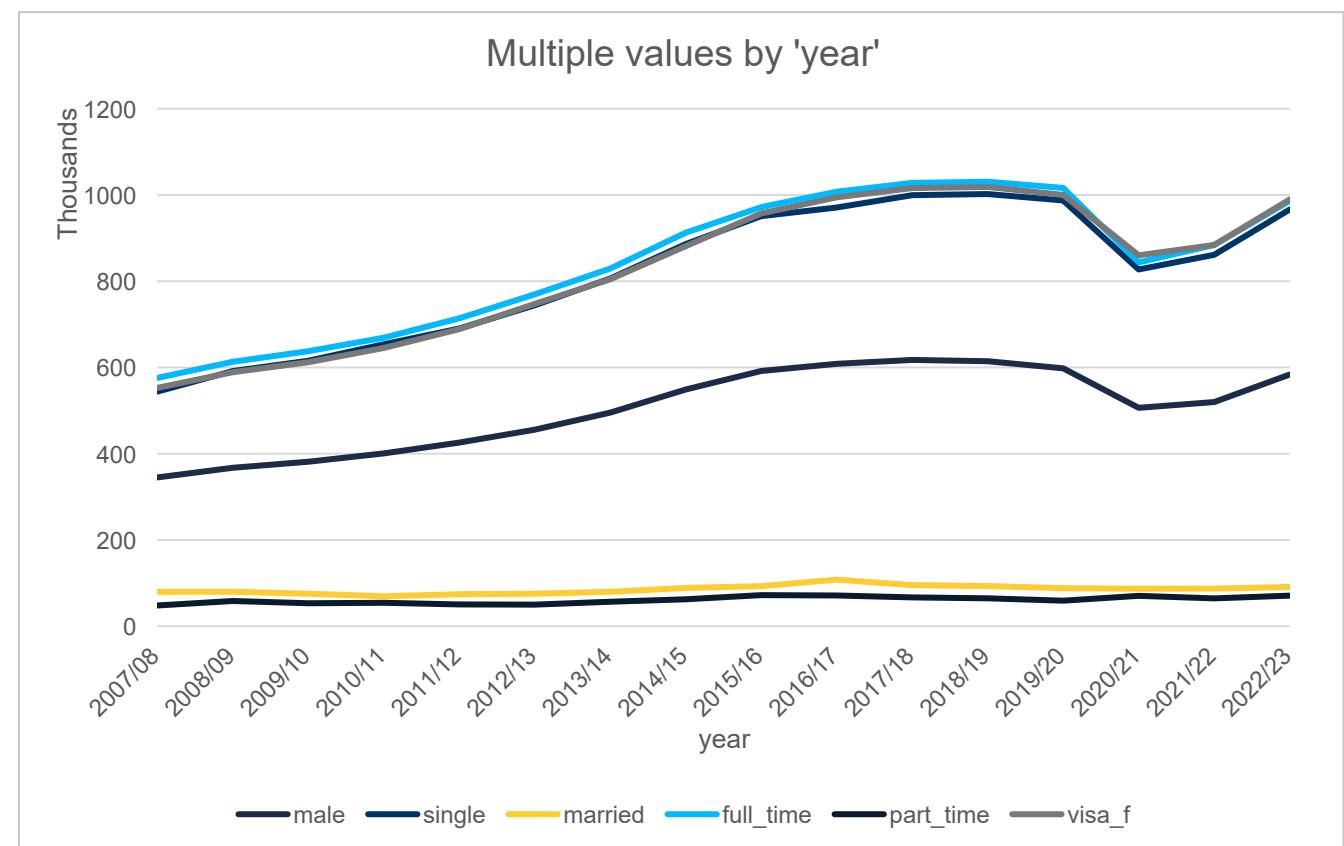
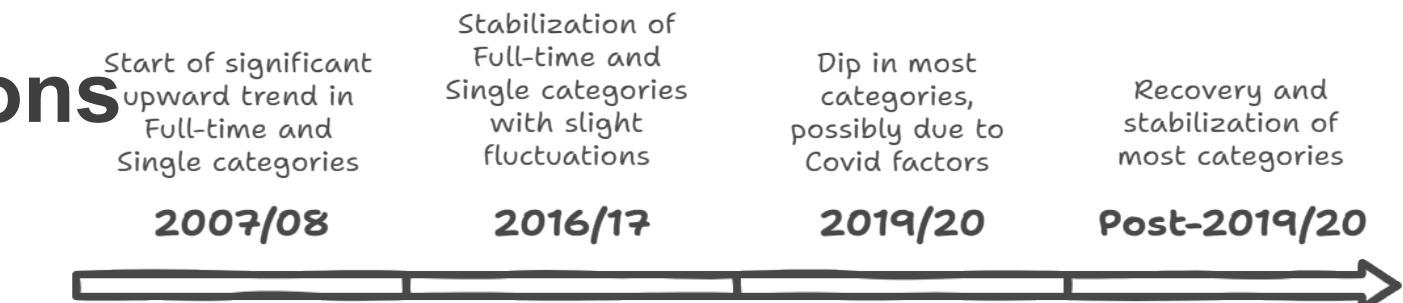


# Key EDA Visualizations

## Student Enrollment Trends and Patterns

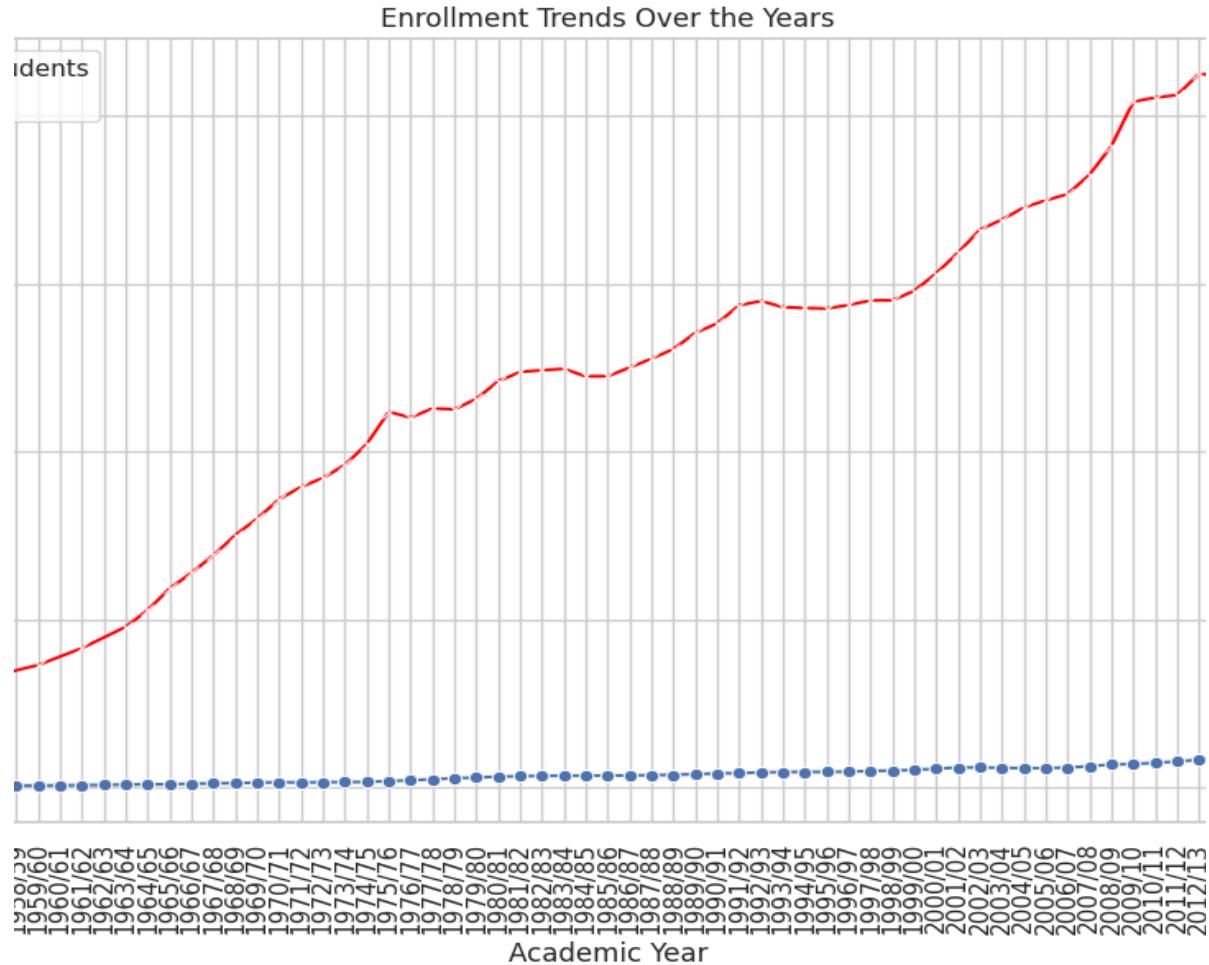


## Trends in Demographic Categories Over Time

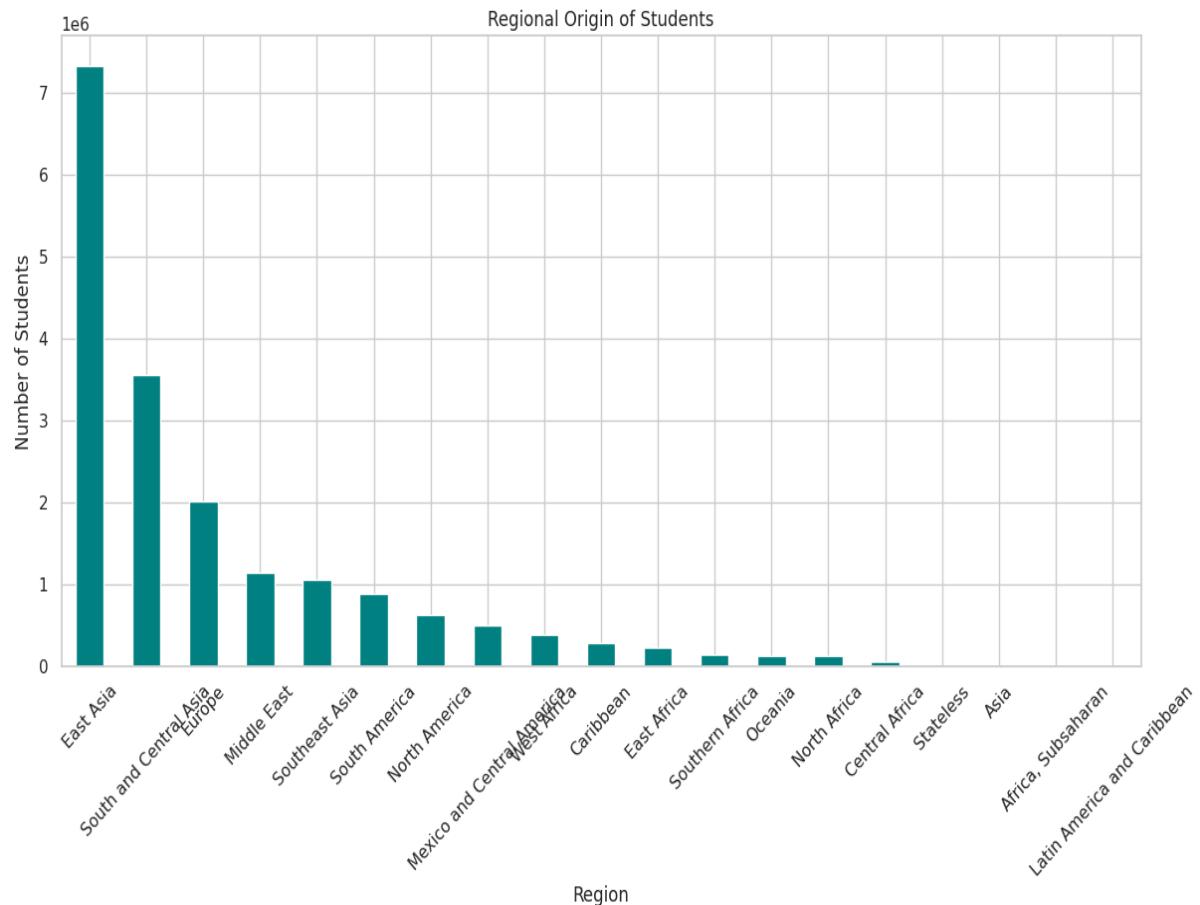


# Key EDA Visualizations

**Trend Analysis:** Growth in international vs. U.S. students over time.



**Regional Breakdown:** Top contributing countries & continents for international students.



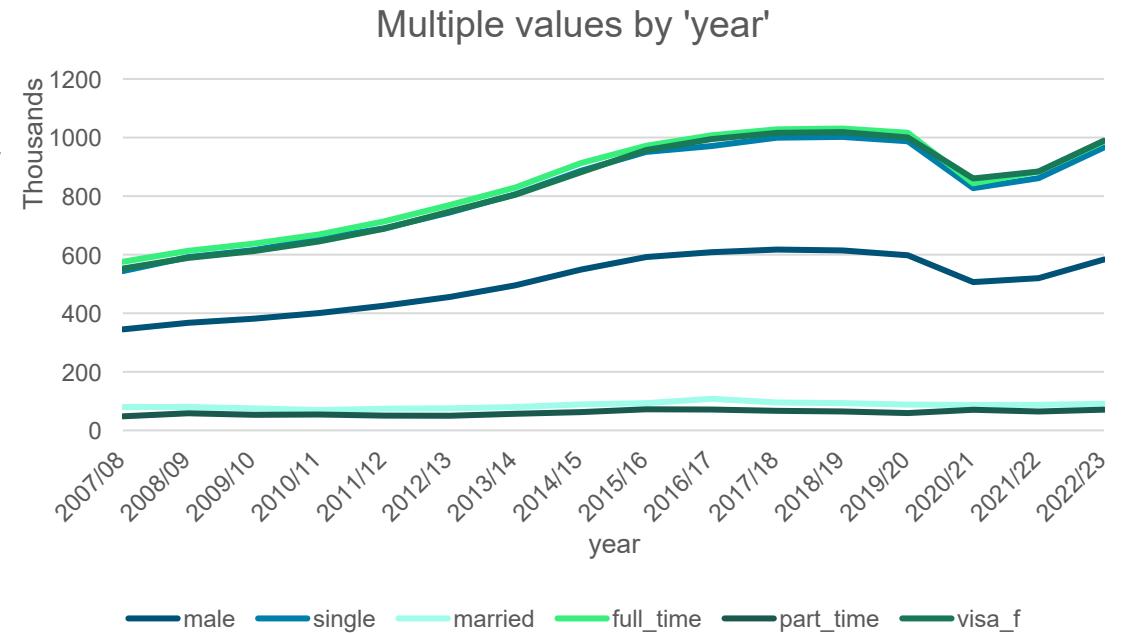
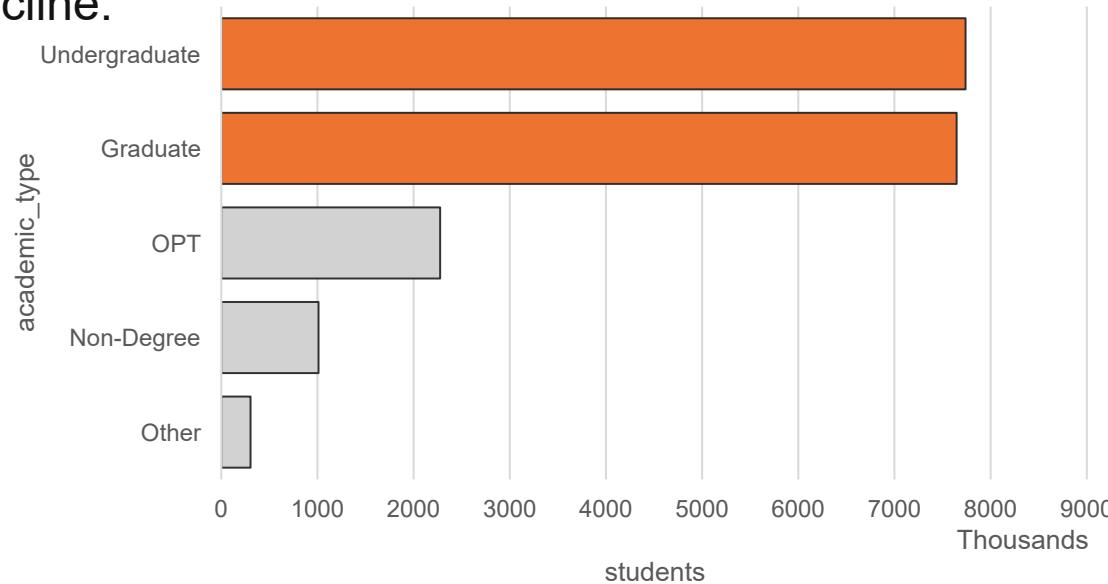
# Key EDA Visualizations

**1. Full-time, Married Increase:** These categories show upward trends.

**2. Male, Part-time, Visa\_f Stable:** Little to no change over time.

**3. Single Declines:** Peaks around 2017/18, then decreases.

**4. Overall Growth Until 2019/20:** Followed by slight decline.



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# Trends in Employment Categories

## Full-time Growth

Significant upward trend observed from 2007/08 to 2016/17.



## Male Growth

Slower upward trend compared to full-time and single categories.



## Married Stability

Remains relatively flat throughout the observed period.



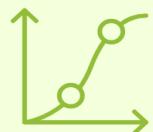
## Observations Summary

Highlights notable growth and external factors affecting trends.



## Single Growth

Notable increase from 2007/08 to 2016/17, stabilizing afterward.



## Part-time Growth

Shows an upward trend but at a slower rate.



## Visa\_f Increase

Slight increase over the years, lowest among all categories.



# Handling Missing Data

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**Title:** Ensuring Data Accuracy

**Content:**

- **Challenges:**
  - Some datasets had missing values, particularly in **older academic years**.
- **Solutions Implemented:**
  - **Forward Fill:** Used to maintain **continuity in time-series data**.
  - **Linear Interpolation:** Applied to estimate missing records based on known values.
  - **Outlier Detection:** Cleaned inconsistent data to avoid skewing results.
- **Outcome:**
  - A well-structured, **high-quality dataset** for training predictive models.

# Modeling Approach

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**Title:** Choosing the Right Prediction Models

**Content:**

- **Forecasting Techniques Used:**
  - **ARIMA:** For traditional time-series forecasting.
  - **Prophet:** Captures seasonality and event-driven changes.
  - **XGBoost:** Handles complex interactions in **demographic and financial factors.**
- **Trade-Offs:**
  - ARIMA works well for **time-dependent trends** but lacks flexibility.
  - Prophet helps with **seasonal patterns** but needs additional tuning.
  - XGBoost is **highly accurate** but computationally expensive.

# Baseline & Progress [02-26-2025 to 03-02-2025]

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**Title:** What We Have Done So Far

**Content:**

- **Reviewed past submissions** and finalized project scope.
- **Conducted detailed EDA** to understand **key trends & data gaps**.
- **Handled missing data** using **forward-fill and interpolation**.
- **Developed the first baseline forecasting model (ARIMA)** to test initial predictions.
- **Refined feature selection** to improve model accuracy.

# Bi-Weekly Key Milestones Report

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**Title:** Tracking Our Progress

**Content:**

- **Week 1 Progress:**
  - Reviewed **project scope and data sources**.
  - Conducted **data cleaning & preprocessing**.
  - Built **initial visualization reports** for trend analysis.
- **Next Steps:**
  - Enhance **model accuracy** using hyperparameter tuning.
  - Explore **alternative models** for better forecasting.
  - Start integrating insights into **Power BI dashboard**.

# Implementation & Deployment

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**Feature Engineering:**  
Categorical encoding,  
normalizing numerical features.

**Model Optimization:**  
Hyperparameter tuning to **increase predictive accuracy**.

**Deployment Strategy:** Integrating forecasts into an **interactive Power BI dashboard** & Enabling **user-driven filtering** for customized trend analysis.



## Next steps



**Refine our EDA** to enhance trend interpretation.



**Improve model accuracy** with fine-tuned parameters.



**Test different machine learning models** for better performance.



**Build a user-friendly dashboard** for interactive data visualization.



**Document insights** for reporting and final project submission.

# THANK YOU

Please let us know if you have any further suggestions or improvements.



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