HW2_solution

```
library(ISLR)
library(nnet)
library(MASS)
library(e1071)
library(caret)
library(glmnet)
library(class)
data(OJ)
y <- OJ[, 1]
x \leftarrow scale(OJ[, -c(1,11:14,17)])
thre = seq(0,1,0.001)
scorefun <- function(decision,y){</pre>
  FP <- sum(decision[y=="CH"]=="MM")</pre>
  TN <- sum(decision[y=="CH"]=="CH")
  FN <- sum(decision[y=="MM"]=="CH")</pre>
  TP <- sum(decision[y=="MM"]=="MM")</pre>
  ACC <- (TP+TN)/(TP+FP+TN+FN)
  F1 <- (2*TP)/(2*TP+FP+FN)
  demons <- (TP+FP)*(TP+FN)*(TN+FP)*(TN+FN)</pre>
  MCC <- ifelse(demons == 0, 0,(TP*TN-FP*FN)/sqrt(demons))</pre>
  return(cbind(ACC=ACC, F1=F1, MCC=MCC))
```

```
fun <- function(type=c('lr','lda','qda','nb','knn'),thre,x,y,z,v,w,s,pred,pred_test,...){</pre>
  if (type == 'knn'){
    score <- matrix(NA, length(thre), 3)</pre>
    score_test <- matrix(NA,1,3)</pre>
    colnames(score) <- colnames(score_test) <- c('ACC','F1','MCC')</pre>
    for (i in 1:length(thre)) {
      knn.pred <-knn(x, y, z, k = thre[i])
      score[i,] <- scorefun(knn.pred,v)</pre>
    }
    score_wh <- apply(score, 2, function(x) list(which(x==max(x))))</pre>
    score_thre<- cbind(ACC=min(thre[unlist(score_wh$ACC)]),</pre>
                         F1=min(thre[unlist(score_wh$F1)]),
                         MCC=min(thre[unlist(score_wh$MCC)]))
    for (j in 1:3){
      knn.pred_test <-knn(x, s, z, k=score_thre[,j])</pre>
      score_test[,j]<- scorefun(knn.pred_test,w)[j]</pre>
    }
  }else{
    score <- matrix(NA,length(thre),3)</pre>
    score_test <- matrix(NA,1,3)</pre>
    colnames(score) <- colnames(score test) <- c('ACC','F1','MCC')</pre>
    for (i in 1:length(thre)) {
      decision = rep("CH", length(v))
      decision[pred > thre[i]] = "MM"
      score[i,] <- scorefun(decision,v)</pre>
    }
    score_wh <- apply(score,2,function(x) list(which(x==max(x))))</pre>
    score_thre<- cbind(ACC=mean(thre[unlist(score_wh$ACC)]),</pre>
                         F1=mean(thre[unlist(score_wh$F1)]),
                         MCC=mean(thre[unlist(score_wh$MCC)]))
    for (j in 1:3){
      decision_test <- rep("CH", length(y_test))</pre>
      decision_test[pred_test > score_thre[j]] = "MM"
      score_test[,j] <- scorefun(decision_test,w)[j]</pre>
    }
  }
  out <- list(ACC=score[,1], F1=score[,2], MCC=score[,3],</pre>
               thresholds=score_thre, score=score_test)
  return(out)
}
```

```
set.seed(1111)
M <- sample(rep(c(-1, 0, 1), c(600, 370, 100)))
x_tran <- x[M==-1,];y_tran <- y[M==-1]
x_vald <- x[M==0,];y_vald <- y[M==0]
x_test <- x[M==1,];y_test <- y[M==1]

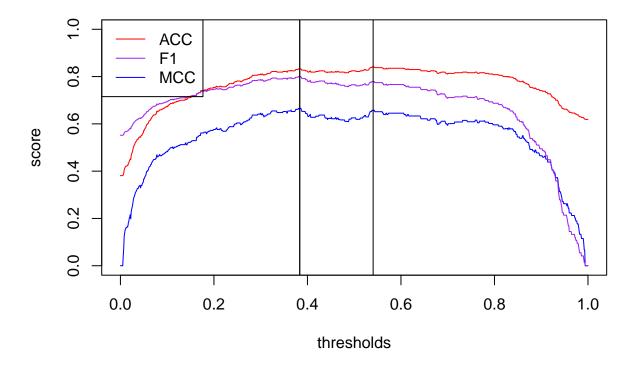
tran_data <- data.frame(y = y_tran, x_tran)
vald_data <- data.frame(y = y_vald, x_vald)
test_data <- data.frame(y = y_test, x_test)

thre <- seq(0,1,0.001)</pre>
```

```
LR <- glm(y ~ ., data=tran_data, family="binomial")
pred_LR <- predict(LR, vald_data,type='response')
pred_LR_test <- predict(LR, test_data,type='response')
Q1 <- fun(type='lr',thre=thre,v=y_vald,pred=pred_LR,w=y_test,pred_test=pred_LR_test)
Q1s <- Q1$thresholds
Q1s</pre>
```

```
## ACC F1 MCC
## [1,] 0.5405 0.3835 0.3835
```

```
plot(thre,Q1$MCC,type='l',xlab='thresholds',ylab='score',col='blue',ylim=c(0,1))
lines(thre,Q1$ACC,col='red')
lines(thre,Q1$F1,col='purple')
abline(v=Q1$thresholds[1])
abline(v=Q1$thresholds[2])
abline(v=Q1$thresholds[3])
legend('topleft',c('ACC','F1','MCC'), col=c('red','purple','blue'),lty=1)
```



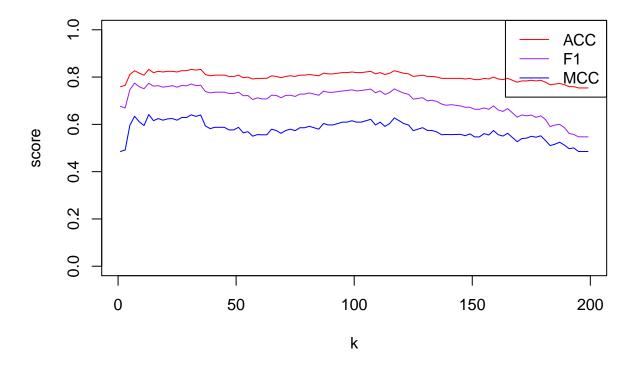
```
Q2 <- Q1$score
Q2
```

```
## ACC F1 MCC
## [1,] 0.87 0.7901235 0.6688529
```

```
#LDA
LDA <- lda(y ~ ., data=tran_data)</pre>
pred_LDA <- predict(LDA, vald_data)$posterior[,2]</pre>
pred_LDA_test <- predict(LDA, test_data)$posterior[,2]</pre>
LDA1 <- fun(type='lda', thre=thre, pred=pred_LDA, pred_test=pred_LDA_test,
            v=y_vald, w=y_test)$score
#QDA
QDA <- qda(y ~ ., data=tran_data)
pred_QDA <- predict(QDA, vald_data)$posterior[,2]</pre>
pred_QDA_test <- predict(QDA, test_data)$posterior[,2]</pre>
QDA1 <- fun(type='qda',thre=thre,pred=pred_QDA,pred_test=pred_QDA_test,
            v=y_vald, w=y_test)$score
#NB
NB <- naiveBayes(y ~., data=tran_data)</pre>
pred_NB <- predict(NB, vald_data, type='raw')[,2]</pre>
pred_NB_test <- predict(NB, test_data, type='raw')[,2]</pre>
NB1 <- fun(type='nb',thre=thre,pred=pred_NB,pred_test=pred_NB_test,</pre>
            v=y_vald, w=y_test)$score
Q3 <- list(LDA=LDA1, QDA=QDA1, NB=NB1)
QЗ
## $LDA
         ACC
                     F1
                               MCC
## [1,] 0.85 0.7804878 0.6378677
##
## $QDA
                               MCC
##
         ACC
                     F1
## [1,] 0.74 0.7042254 0.5416138
##
## $NB
         ACC
                               MCC
##
                     F1
## [1,] 0.79 0.7142857 0.5355293
```

```
k <- seq(1,200,2)
knn <- fun(type='knn',thre=k,x=x_tran,y=x_vald,z=y_tran,v=y_vald,w=y_test,s=x_test)

plot(k,knn$MCC,type='l',xlab='k',ylab='score',col='blue',ylim=c(0,1))
lines(k,knn$ACC,col='red')
lines(k,knn$F1,col='purple')
legend('topright',c('ACC','F1','MCC'), col=c('red','purple','blue'),lty=1)</pre>
```



```
Q4 <-knn$score
Q4
```

```
## ACC F1 MCC
## [1,] 0.81 0.7887324 0.5852924
```

Ouestion 5

```
set.seed(1234)
M \leftarrow rep(c(-1, 0, 1), c(600, 370, 100))
M <- apply(matrix(M, length(M), 100), 2, sample)</pre>
thre \leftarrow seq(0,1,0.001)
k \leftarrow seq(1,200,2)
Q5 \leftarrow array(NA,c(100,3,5))
colnames(Q5) <- c('ACC','F1','MCC')</pre>
for(j in 1:100){
  M \leftarrow M_{j}
  x_tran <- x[M==-1,];y_tran <- y[M==-1]</pre>
  x_vald \leftarrow x[M==0,]; y_vald \leftarrow y[M==0]
  x_test <- x[M==1,];y_test <- y[M==1]</pre>
  tran_data <- data.frame(y = y_tran, x_tran)</pre>
  vald_data <- data.frame(y = y_vald, x_vald)</pre>
  test_data <- data.frame(y = y_test, x_test)</pre>
  #T.R.
  LR <- glm(y ~ ., data=tran_data, family="binomial")</pre>
  pred_LR <- predict(LR, vald_data, type='response')</pre>
  pred_LR_test <- predict(LR, test_data,type='response')</pre>
  Q5[j,,1] <- fun(type='lr',thre=thre,v=y_vald,pred=pred_LR,
                    w=y_test,pred_test=pred_LR_test)$score
  #LDA
  LDA <- lda(y ~ ., data=tran_data)</pre>
  pred_LDA <- predict(LDA, vald_data)$posterior[,2]</pre>
  pred_LDA_test <- predict(LDA, test_data)$posterior[,2]</pre>
  Q5[j,,2]<- fun(type='lda',thre=thre,pred=pred_LDA,pred_test=pred_LDA_test,
                   v=y vald, w=y test)$score
  #QDA
  QDA <- qda(y ~ ., data=tran_data)
  pred_QDA <- predict(QDA, vald_data)$posterior[,2]</pre>
  pred_QDA_test <- predict(QDA, test_data)$posterior[,2]</pre>
  Q5[j,,3]<- fun(type='qda',thre=thre,pred=pred_QDA,pred_test=pred_QDA_test,
                   v=y_vald, w=y_test)$score
  #NB
  NB <- naiveBayes(y ~., data=tran_data)</pre>
  pred_NB <- predict(NB, vald_data, type='raw')[,2]</pre>
  pred_NB_test<- predict(NB, test_data,type='raw')[,2]</pre>
  Q5[j,,4]<- fun(type='nb',thre=thre,pred=pred_NB,pred_test=pred_NB_test,
                   v=y_vald, w=y_test)$score
  #KNN
  Q5[j,,5]<- fun(type='knn',thre=k,x=x_tran,y=x_vald,z=y_tran,v=y_vald,
                   w=y_test,s=x_test)$score
```

```
Q5_table <- apply(Q5,c(2,3),mean)
colnames(Q5_table) <- c('LR','LDA','QDA','NB','KNN')
Q5_table
```

```
## LDA LDA QDA NB KNN
## ACC 0.8222000 0.8176000 0.7885000 0.7792000 0.7902000
## F1 0.7719514 0.7721626 0.7383222 0.7109886 0.7206220
## MCC 0.6263166 0.6204818 0.5544242 0.5285466 0.5531418
```