-'
$$P(X=k) = \frac{10^k}{k!} e^{-10}$$

(C) Exact
$$\frac{1}{k=0}$$
 $P_{B}(X=k) = 1 - \frac{50}{k=0} (woo) = 1 - \frac{50$

Poisson Approximation

2.14) (a)
$$Y = X \mod 3 = \begin{cases} 0, & X=0,3,6,9 \\ 1 & X=1,4,7 \\ 2 & X=2,5,4 \end{cases}$$

$$(k) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{5}, k = 0 \\ \frac{3}{10}, k = 1, 2 \end{cases}$$

(b)
$$Y=5 \mod(X+1) = \begin{cases} 0, & X=0,4, \\ 1, & X=1,3, \\ 2, & X=2, \\ \frac{1}{5}, & k=0,1 \end{cases}$$

$$\stackrel{?}{=} P_{Y}(k) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{10}, & k=2 \\ \frac{1}{2}, & k=5 \end{cases}$$

으에 기원에 사용에서 첫번에 됐면에 반성은 각물
$$P_{\mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{n}) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$$
, 이제 사용에 기계값 $E(\mathbf{x}) = 2^n$

9.23 (4) 최종 오번문 레임하면 로 시아이어 앞/위章 번역하나 운 $\Re(k) = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k-1}, k \geq 2$ 夏时 华景色7月之 0 , oth.

Y Geometric 世記 2/24 对京 好多 好好 X= Y+1 0/23

(b) k 10 mail अध्यानिय जनारे पेट १९३०। १६२

$$T, H, H, \dots, H, T$$
 $(k-1)(\frac{1}{2})^k = p(x-k)$
 T, T, H, \dots, H, T
 T, T, T, \dots, H, H, T

for $k \ge 2$

$$E(X) = \frac{\alpha}{k} k k + 1 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^k = \frac{\alpha}{k+1} k^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^k = \frac{\alpha}{k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^k = 6 - 2 - 4$$

$$\frac{2.26}{P(X_{i}=k)} = \frac{P(X_{i}>k-1) - P(X_{i}>k)}{P(X_{i}>k)}, |0| \le k \le 100$$

$$E(X_{i}) = 105.5$$

$$P(X>k) = P(X_{1}>k), |X_{2}>k), |X_{3}>k)$$

$$= P(X_{1}>k), |X_{2}>k), |X_{3}>k)$$

$$= \frac{(10-k)^{3}}{10^{3}}$$

$$P(X=k) = P(X>k-1) - P(X>k)$$

$$= \frac{1}{10^3} \left\{ (11-k)^3 - (110-k)^3 \right\} \quad |w| \le k \le 110$$

$$E(X) = \frac{100}{k^{2} \log k} \cdot P(X=k) = \frac{100}{k^{2} \log k} \frac{k}{(100-k)^{3}} - (100-k)^{3} = 103,025$$
of 2.475 fel 211 4505t

2.32] i Hay couple of those with XE, Y's I For

 $Pr(X_i = 1 \text{ and } Y_i = 1 \text{ } A = a) = Pr(X_i = 1 \text{ } A = a) \cdot Pr(Y_i = 1 \text{ } X_i = 1 \text{ } A = a)$ $= \frac{a}{2m} \cdot \frac{a-1}{2m-1}$

" ELSIA=a) = m Pr(Xi=1 and Fi=1 (A-a) = \frac{a(a-1)}{2(2m-1)}

$$-\frac{1}{k} E(X_{h}) = 1 + \frac{5}{k} E(X_{h}) = 1 + \frac{5}{k} \frac{6}{k}$$

$$= 1 + 6 + 3 + 2 + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{6}{5}$$

$$= \frac{47}{10} = 14.7$$