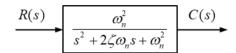
Midterm Exam: Control Systems Eng. (I) 2019/04/16

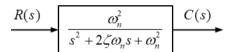
Student Number: [] Name:

- 1. (20 points) The system shown in the following figure has a unit step input.
- (1) (15 pts) Find the output response as a function of time in the form of $1 A(t)\cos(B(t))$. Assume the system is underdamped (0 < ζ < 1).



- (2) (5 pts) Evaluate the settling time (T_s) with the natural logarithm using the result of (1).
- 2. (20 points) The system shown in the following figure has a unit step input.

The peak time (T_p) is found by differentiating c(t). In this problem, we want to use the following relationship to find $\dot{c}(t)$:



$$L(\dot{c}(t)) = sC(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{(s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2)}$$

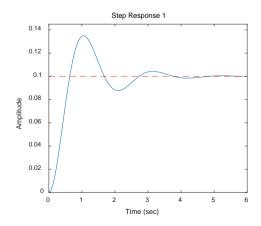
- (1) (15 pts) Find $\dot{c}(t)$
- (2) (5 pts) Evaluate the peak time (T_n) using the result of (1).
- 3. (20 points) Consider the closed-loop system below, where the transfer function is either

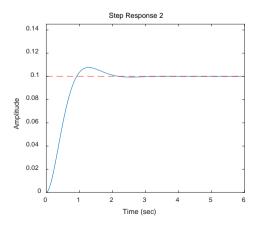
$$G_1(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 5}$$
 or $G_2(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 4s + 5}$

 $V + U \longrightarrow G(s) \longrightarrow K$

and where u(t) = -Ky(t) + v(t) for some constant K.

Now, consider the two step responses below that were produced with a particular choice of K. Find this K and determine which step response belongs to which closed-loop system (as defined by G_1 or G_2). Note, you must motivate your answer carefully – just giving an answer without justification will give no points, even if the answer happens to be correct.



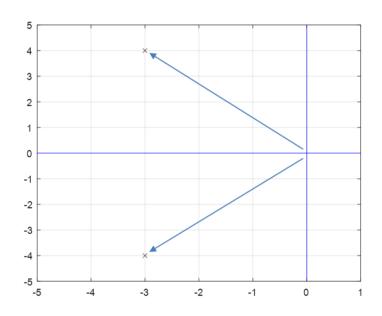


4. (20 points) Given the system represented in state space by the following equations.

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -3 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}(t) + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t}, \quad \mathbf{y}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}(t), \quad \mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Solve for y(t) using state-space and Laplace transform techniques.

5. (10 points) For the given pole plot, find the following values. Use $\pi = 3$.



$$T_p = \frac{\pi}{\omega_d}$$

$$T_s = \frac{4}{\sigma_d}$$

$$\% OS = e^{-(\zeta \pi / \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2})} \times 100\%$$

- (1) (2 pts) ζ
- (2) (2 pts) ω_n
- (3) (3 pts) T_p
- (4) (3 pts) $T_{\rm s}$.

6. (10 points)

Given a linear time-invariant system with
$$\dot{\mathbf{x}}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}(t), \quad \mathbf{y} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}(t), \quad \mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Evaluate the state-transition matrix $(\Phi(t) = e^{At})$ for the system.