### **DOCTORAL PROGRAM IN ENGINEERING SCIENCES AT ITESO**

### ADAPTATIVE DISCOVERING ALGORITHM BASED ON NEURAL NETWORKS

Edgar-D. Ramirez-de-L. Maria-del-P. Pozos-P. Ivan Villalon-Turrubiates

Algorithm 4 - chooseRandomData.doc

May 15, 2018 Tlaquepaque, Mexico 45604

Doctoral Program in Engineering Sciences ITESO (*Instituto Tecnológico y de Estudios Superiores de Occidente*)

No part of this document may be copied, translated, transcribed or entered in any form into any machine without written permission. Address inquires in this regard to the authors or to the Chair of the Doctoral Program in Engineering Sciences at ITESO (dci@iteso.mx). Excerpts may be quoted for scholarly purposes with full acknowledgment of source. This document may not be lent or circulated without this cover page.



# ADAPTATIVE DISCOVERING ALGORITHM BASED ON NEURAL NETWORKS

Edgar-D. Ramirez-de-L. Maria-del-P. Pozos-P. Ivan Villalon-Turrubiates

May 15, 2018

Doctoral Program in Engineering Sciences ITESO (*Instituto Tecnológico y de Estudios Superiores de Occidente*)

> Tlaquepaque, Mexico 45604 Tel +52 33 3669 3598 E-mail: dci@iteso.mx

Keywords neural networks, deep learning, machine learning, classifiers, python

### Abstract

We present the Algorithm 4 (chooseRandomData) which is part of the Adaptative Discovering Algorithm based on Neural networks (ADAN algorithm).

## Algorithm 4 chooseRandomData

```
Require: args \neq \emptyset \land randomizedDataFrame \neq \emptyset
 1: LABELS \leftarrow 'Setosa' \mid 'Versicolor' \mid 'Virginica'
 2: df \leftarrow DataFrame(randomizedDataFrame)
 3: tsda \leftarrow size(df)
 4: tsfe \leftarrow size(df.keys)
 5: spfe \leftarrow readArg('spfe', args)
 6: sptr \leftarrow readArg('sptr', args)
 7: sppr \leftarrow readArg('sppr', args)
 8: label \leftarrow readArg('label', args)
 9: ssfe \leftarrow int(tsfe * spfe)
10: sstr \leftarrow int(tsda * sptr)
11: dfTraining \leftarrow sample(df, sstr)
12: dfTesting \leftarrow \{x \mid x \notin dfTraining\}
13: nRecordsForPrediction \leftarrow int(tsda * sppr)
14: dfPredict \leftarrow sample(df, nRecordsForPrediction)
15: trainY \leftarrow pop(dfTraining, label)
16: testY \leftarrow pop(dfTesting, label)
17: predictY \leftarrow pop(dfPredict, label)
18: expected \leftarrow \varnothing
19: x \leftarrow 0
20: while x < size(predictY) do
       expected \leftarrow append(expected, LABELS[x])
22: end while
23: return (dfTraining, trainY), (dfTesting, testY), dfPredict, expected
```

Take into consideration the follow about the Algorithm 4, the function chooseRandomData(args, randomizedDataFrame):

1. The function sample(dataFrame, nRecords) in lines 11 and 14, returns a sample of nRecords from dataFrame. Again, we suggest to use a library to achieve this, in our case, once more, Pandas give us this implementation.