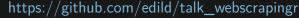
Web Scraping with R

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Landau, 07.04.2016





About me

- ▶ Phd-Student @Uni Koblenz-Landau
 - Environmental data
- ► Freelance (R) Consultant
 - ▶ Data sourcing, cleaning & analysis
 - ► Chemoinformatics
 - R Courses

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R packages:

taxize Taxonomic Information from Around the Web webchem Chemical Information from the Web



I What is web scraping?

Getting data from the internet



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Getting data from the internet

(in a structured automated way)

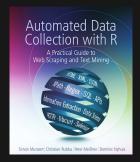


II - R Packages for web scraping (selected)

```
xml2 Parsing HTML & XML
rvest parse common html structures (e.g. tables)
xmlview View pretty HTML/XML, explore XPaths
httr* Working with APIs / http protocol
jsonlite* Parse JSON
```

II - R Packages for web scraping (selected)

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^{*} I won't cover APIs here

III - Scraping structured web-pages

What is structured data?

```
First name
Last name
Age
Tinu
Elejogun (/td>
Blaszczyk
Kostrzewski
ſ...1
```

2D representation of data -> data.frame

III - Demo

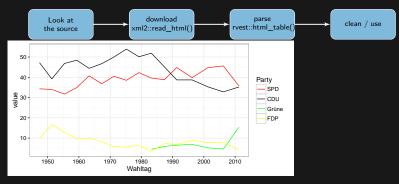
Extract election results from wikipedia

https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Landtagswahlen_in_Rheinland-Pfalz



III - Demo

Extract election results from wikipedia https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Landtagswahlen_in_Rheinland-Pfalz



IV - Scraping unstructured web-pages

- Not all data is stored in
- scattered on the web page
- Need to find and extract the parts we need.

```
http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/cbook.cgi?ID=50-00-0&Units=SI
```

```
<hi id="Top":Formaldehyde</hi>

<strong>
<a title="IUPAC definition of relatVe molecular mass (molecular weight)" Molecular weight </a>
:
</strong>
30.0260
<//ii>

<strong> IUPAC Standard InChIKey:</strong>
<span style="font-family: monospace;" WSFSSNUMVMOOMR-UHFFFAOYSA-N:/span>

<a trong> CAS Registry Number:</a>:</a>
</strong> 50-00-0
```

IV - XPath

➤ XPath is a query language for selecting parts (nodes).

```
\\a Select all a elements (links)
\\li\a Select all links within li
\\li\a[3] Select third link within li
```

- Inspectors can export paths (fragile)
- Build robust Xpaths
- http://www.w3schools.com/xsl/xpath_intro.asp

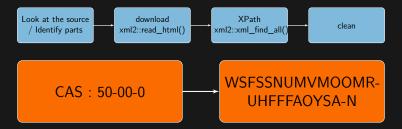
IV - RegEx

Regular Expressions

- For residual cleaning of characters
- E.g. Split Value and Unit
- ▶ gsub() & Co
- http://www.regular-expressions.info

IV - Demo

Extract Inchikeys from webbook.nist.gov



V - Automatisation

- ▶ Wrap into function (Input = URL)
- Function should return vector or list
- ▶ Build URLs
- Iterate with I/sapply

V - Demo Automatisation



CAS	inchikey	mw
50-00-0	WSFSSNUMVMOOMR-UHFFFAOYSA-N	30.026
126-86-3	LXOFYPKXCSULTL-UHFFFAOYSA-N	226.355
28159-98-0	HDHLIWCXDDZUFH-UHFFFAOYSA-N	253.367
1461-25-2	AFCAKJKUYFLYFK-UHFFFAOYSA-N	347.167
120-18-3		
25637-99-4		

VI - Remarks

- Error handling?
- Robustness? (e.g. Change in website)
- APIs! (functions provided by servers to query data)
- ► ROpenSci (e.g. webchem) provides good functionalities
- ▶ forum.r-statistik.de

VI - Conclusions

VI - Lessons learned

- scraping is easy.
- being user-friendly is not.
- be nice to the servers!
 - scrape slowly, time-outs
 - Sys.sleep(rgamma(1, shape = 30, scale = 1/10))
- ▶ legal?
 - ► even slower
 - ► anonymous EC2
 - ▶ TOR

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- http://edild.github.io/
- https://github.com/edild/talk_webscrapingr
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