# Statistical Ecotoxicology - Improving the utilization of data for ecological risk assessment

#### Eduard Szöcs

Institute for Environmental Sciences, University of Koblenz-Landau

Landau, 22.09.2016

## My field of research is somewhere between...

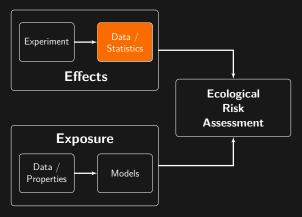


... Eco(-toxico)logy, Data Analysis & Programming

# Statistical Ecotoxicology

# Current use in ecotoxicology

► Ecological risk assessment (ERA) relies on statistics



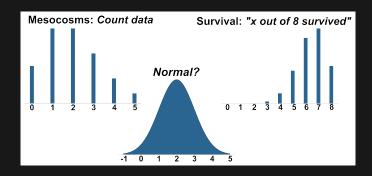
# Current use in ecotoxicology

- ► Ecological risk assessment (ERA) relies on statistics
- ► Experiments with low replication

Statistical Ecotoxicology

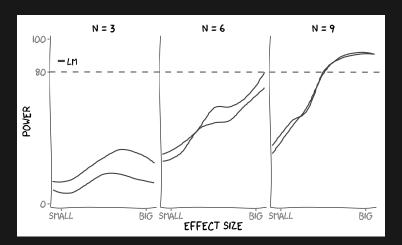
### Current use in ecotoxicology

- Ecological risk assessment (ERA) relies on statistics
- Experiments with low replication
- Usually analysed using Linear Models of transformed data
- Null Hypothesis Significance Testing (=> NOEC)

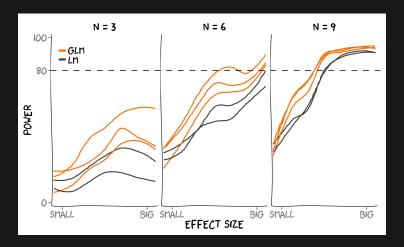


Statistical Ecotoxicology

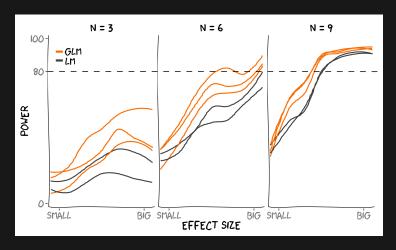
# Statistical Power in current experimental designs in ecotoxicology is unacceptably low



#### Generalized Linear Models can do better



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Better abandon NOEC and use a regression design 1...

<sup>1</sup> debated since 30 years.

# Monitoring Data

# Monitoring data...

... provides an opportunity to study large-scale dynamics of pesticides

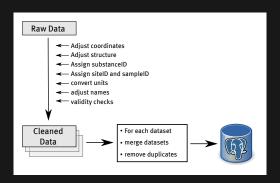
#### Monitoring data...

- ... provides an opportunity to study large-scale dynamics of pesticides
- ▶ ... provides the biggest amount of data available

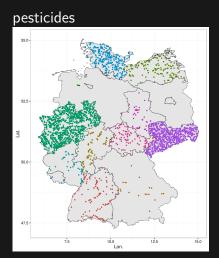
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#### Monitoring data...

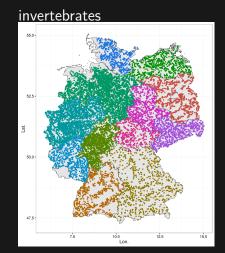
- ... provides an opportunity to study large-scale dynamics of pesticides
- ... provides the biggest amount of data available
- ... is really messy



# The biggest currently available dataset on



3,000 sites, 45,000 samples, 500 pesticides



14,000 sites, 27,000 samples, 3000 taxa

#### Additional data on

#### Sites

- catchment size
- agriculture within catchment

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#### Samples

daily precipitation

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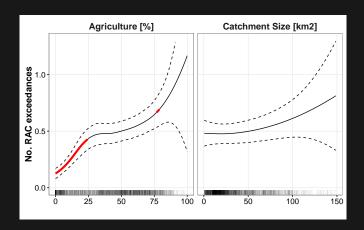
daily precipitation

#### Compounds

- ► RAC, LC50, EQS
- chemical group
- identifiers
- properties

# Results - Thresholds

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Used a mixture model

$$egin{aligned} RQ_i \sim ZAGA(\mu_i, \sigma, \pi_i) = \ & \left\{ (1 - \pi_i) & ext{if } y < LOQ \ & \pi_i imes f_{Gamma}(\mu_i, \sigma) & ext{if } y \geq LOQ \end{aligned}$$

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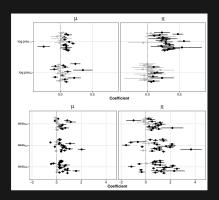
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- Precipitation and Quarter as predictors
- Site within state as random intercept

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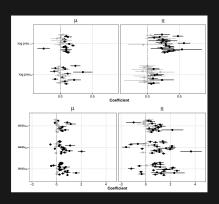
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Used a mixture model

- Precipitation and Quarter as predictors
- Site within state as random intercept
- Precipitation before sampling increases RQ
- ► Summer higher RQ, but compound specific



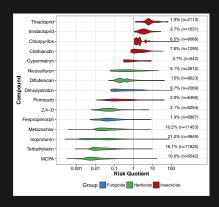
# Results - Small Water Bodies (SWB)

- most streams are small
- refuge of biodiversity
- High risk of pollution
  - adjacency to fields
  - low dilution

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- most streams are small
- refuge of biodiversity
- High risk of pollution
  - adjacency to fields
  - ▶ low dilution
- Neonicotinoids
- ▶ up to 244x RAC
- ecological effects likely



# Software

#### **Names**

Osmia rufa, Osmia bicornis, Osmia ruffa, Osmia unilandauis, Osmia spec. Chlorpyrifos, Chlorpyrifos, Chlorphyrifos, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Chlorpypifot

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#### **Hierarchies**

Hymenoptera/ Apoidea/ Megachilidae/Osmia/rufa organophospate, ester, insecticide



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#### **Attributes**

Wing length, Mass, Season

Mass,  $K_{OW}$ ,  $LC_{50}$ 



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insecticide

NCBI, ITIS, EOL, ...

#### **Identifiers**

2921-88-2, Clc1c(OP(=S)[...], InChl=1S/C9H11C[...], SBPBAQFW[...], CSID,...

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#### Amount of data

2993 taxa

489 pesticides (+590 other organics)

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#### taxize - taxonomic search and retrieval in R



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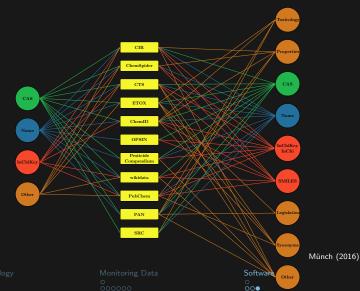


"webchem ...likely saved hundreds of working hours"

Münch (2016)

#### Instead of wasting time...

"webchem ...likely saved hundreds of working hours"



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- ► Monitoring data can be used to
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- SWB at risk from pesticides

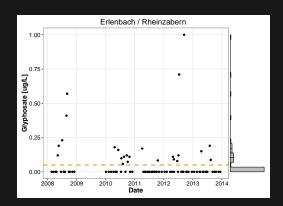
- Change your model, not your data
- Ultimately ban NOEC
- Monitoring data can be used to
  - study pesticide dynamics
  - ▶ inform ERA
- SWB at risk from pesticides
- Handling big eco(toxico-)logical data not easy
  - now easier



# Outlook

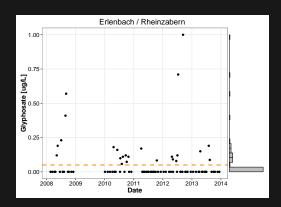
## Analysing chemical concentrations is not easy, because of

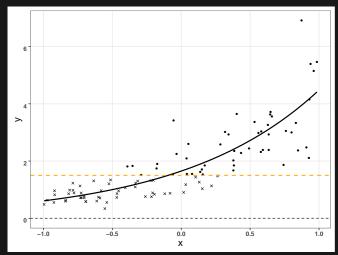
- Continuous distribution in ℝ<sub>0</sub><sup>+</sup>
- censoring
  (x <LOQ)</pre>

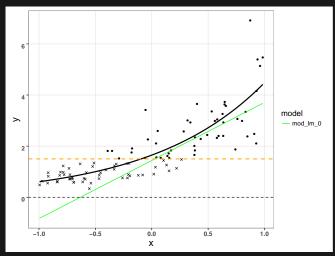


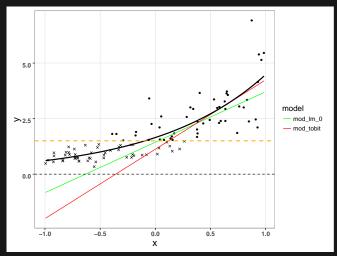
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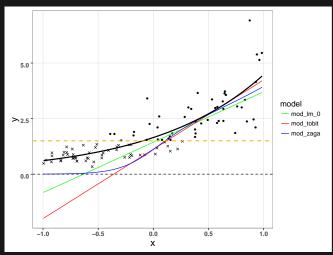
- continuous distribution in  $\mathbb{R}^+_0$
- censoring
  (x <LOQ)</pre>
- non-linearity (season, trends)
- dependency (spatial, temporal)

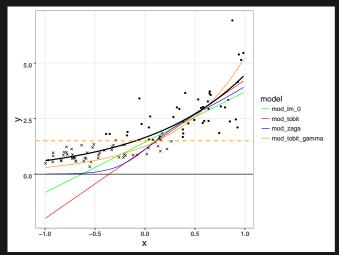












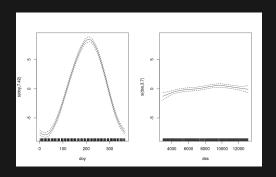
Guidance how to model environmental concentrations is missing

#### Temporal dynamics of pesticide occurrence

- Pesticides show compound specific dynamics
- Mixture dynamics? Multivariate response.

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- Pesticides show compound specific dynamics
- Mixture dynamics? Multivariate response.
- ► Seasonality, Trends (Fade out...)?  $y = \beta_0 + f_{seasonal}(x_1) + f_{trend}(x_2) + \epsilon$ ;  $\epsilon \sim ????$



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- https://github.com/edild/talk\_work2

