### 1

# EE5609: Matrix Theory Assignment-2

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Abstract—This document contains a solution for proving the determinant of the given matrix is zero.

Download the python codes from latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/pavanmanesh/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment3

# 1 PROBLEM

P is a point equidistant from two lines 1 and m intersecting at point A. Show that the line AP bisects the angle between them.

## 2 SOLUTION

1) Here, the following information is given:

$$\|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B}\| = \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{C}\|$$
 (2.0.1)

2) The lines PB is the perpendicular to line AB and PC is the perpendicular to line AC:

$$(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B})(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T = 0 (2.0.2)$$

$$(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{C})(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})^T = 0 (2.0.3)$$

We need to prove that the line AP bisects the angle between them

$$\angle BAP = \angle CAP \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$\implies \cos \angle BAP = \cos \angle CAP$$
 (2.0.5)

$$\frac{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^{T}(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})}{\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P}\|} = \frac{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})^{T}(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})}{\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P}\|}$$
(2.0.6)

This is reduced to

$$\implies \frac{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T}{\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|} = \frac{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})^T}{\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|}$$
 (2.0.7)

From (2.0.2) and (2.0.3), We can write that

$$(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B})(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^{T} = (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{C})(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})^{T}$$
 (2.0.8)

using (2.0.2), the above equation reduces to

$$\left(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\right)^{T} = \left(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\right)^{T} \tag{2.0.9}$$

By using (2.0.9) in (2.0.7), We can say that the line AP bisects the angle between them

$$\angle BAP = \angle CAP$$
 (2.0.10)

The Figure below shows the plot of given lines

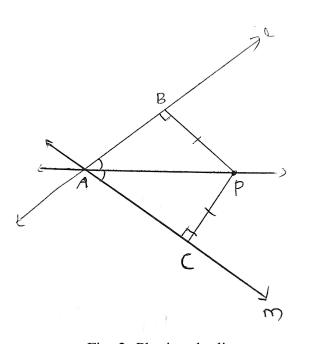


Fig. 2: Plotting the lines