Matrix Theory EE5609 Assignment-1

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1 Problem 53

Let the slope of the line m, which is passing through the point A(-1,2).

So, the equation of the line is:

$$y = mx + m + 2 \implies (m - 1)x = -m - 2 \tag{1}$$

Also the given equation of the line is:

$$y = 4 - x \implies (1 \quad 1)x = 4 \tag{2}$$

Consider these two lines meet at a point B.

From (1) and (2),

$$B = (\frac{m+6}{m+1}, \frac{3m-2}{m+1})$$

Now, Given that AB = 3

$$\implies AB^2 = 9 \implies (\frac{m+6}{m+1} + 1)^2 + (\frac{3m-2}{m+1} - 2)^2 = 9$$

$$\implies 2m^2 - m - 28 = 0$$

$$\implies m = 4, m = -3.5$$

$$\implies tan\theta = 4 \text{ or } tan\theta = -3.5$$

Hence, the direction angle $\theta = 75.96^{\circ}$ or $\theta = -74.05^{\circ}$

Now, consider m = 4 and the equations are:

$$4x - y + 6 = 0$$

$$x + y - 4 = 0$$

The plot is as follows:

