

# Matrix Theory EE5609

## Assignment-1

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**Problem:** Find the direction in which a straight line must be drawn through the point  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$  so that its point of intersection with the line

$$(1 - 1)X = 4$$

may be the distance of 3 units from this point.

**Solution:**

Let

$$\vec{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \vec{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$\vec{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Now, the given equation in parametric form is:

$$\vec{X} = \vec{A} + \lambda \vec{m} \quad (1)$$

Given that the distance is 3 units.

$$\Rightarrow \|\vec{X} - \vec{B}\| = 3 \quad (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^2 + 5\lambda + 4 = 0 \quad (3)$$

