

Matrix Theory EE5609

Assignment-1

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- 1 Problem 53:** Find the direction in which a straight line must be drawn through the point $(-\frac{1}{2})$ so that its point of intersection with the line

$$(1 - 1)x = 4$$

may be the distance of 3 units from this point.

Solution:

Let the slope of the line m , which is passing through the point $A(-1,2)$.

So, the equation of the line is :

$$(m - 1)x = -m - 2 \quad (1)$$

Also the given equation of the line is:

$$(1 - 1)x = 4 \quad (2)$$

Consider these two lines meet at a point B .

From (1) and (2),

$$B = \left(\frac{m+6}{m+1}, \frac{3m-2}{m+1}\right)$$

Now, Given that the distance $(AB) = 3$

$$\implies (AB)^2 = 9 \implies \left(\frac{m+6}{m+1} + 1\right)^2 + \left(\frac{3m-2}{m+1} - 2\right)^2 = 9$$

Desired equation of the line is : $(4 - 1)x = -6$

And the plot is as follows:

