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JEE Questions 3

EE24BTECH11012

- 1) Let **A** and **B** be 3×3 real matrices such that **A** is symmetric matrix and **B** is skew-symmetric matrix. Then the system of linear equations $(A^2B^2 - B^2A^2)X = 0$, where X is a 3 × 1 column matrix of unknown variables and \mathbf{O} is a 3×1 null matrix, has: [Feb 2021]
 - a) a unique solution
 - b) exactly two solutions
 - c) infinitely many solutions
 - d) no solution
- 2) If $n \ge 2$ is a positive integer, then the sum of the series ${}^{n+1}C_2 + 2\left({}^2C_2 + {}^3C_2 + {}^4C_2 + \cdots + {}^nC_2\right)$ is
 - a) $\frac{n(n+1)^2(n+2)}{12}$
- b) $\frac{n(n-1)(2n+1)}{6}$
- c) $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$
- 3) If a curve y = f(x) passes through the point (1,2) and satisfies $x\frac{dy}{dx} + y = bx^4$, then for what value of b, $\int_{1}^{2} f(x) dx = \frac{62}{5}$ holds good ? [Feb 2021]
 - a) 5

b) $\frac{62}{5}$

d) 10

4) The area of the region: $\mathbf{R}\{(x,y): 5x^2 \le y \le 2x^2 + 9\}$ is :

[Feb 2021]

- a) $9\sqrt{3}$
- b) $12\sqrt{3}$
- c) $11\sqrt{3}$
- d) $6\sqrt{3}$
- 5) Let f(x) be a differentiable function defined on [0,2] such that f'(x) = f'(2-x) for all $x \in (0,2)$, f(0) = 1 and $f(2) = e^2$. Then the value of $\int_0^2 f(x) dx$ is: [Feb 2021]
 - a) $1 + e^2$
- b) $1 e^2$
- c) $2(1-e^2)$ d) $2(1+e^2)$

I. Integer-Type Questions

- 1) The number of real roots of the equation $(x+1)^2 + |x-5| = \frac{27}{4}$ is: [Feb 2021] 2) The students S_1, S_2, \dots, S_{10} are to be divided into 3 groups A, B and C such that each group has at least one student and the group C has at most 3 students. Then the total number of possibilities of forming such groups is: [Feb 2021]
- 3) If $a + \alpha = 1$, $b + \beta = 2$ and $af(x) + \alpha(1)x = bx + \frac{\beta}{2}$, $x \neq 0$ then the value of the expression $\frac{\left[f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\right]}{\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)}$ [Feb 2021]
- 4) If the variance of 10 natural numbers $1,1,1,\ldots,1,k$ is less than 10, then the maximum possible value [Feb 2021]
- 5) Let λ be an integer. If the shortest distance between the lines $x-\lambda=2y-1==-2z$ and $x=y+2\lambda=z-\lambda$ is $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{2\sqrt{2}}$, then the value of $|\lambda|$ is : [Feb 2021]
- 6) If $i = \sqrt{-1}$. If $\frac{(-1+i\sqrt{3})^2 1}{(1-i)^2 4} + \frac{(1+i\sqrt{3})^2 1}{(1+i)^2 4} = k$, and $n = \lfloor |k| \rfloor$ be the greatest integral part of |k|. Then $\sum_{j=0}^{n+5} (j+5)^2 \sum_{j=0}^{n+5} (j+5)$ is equal to:
- 7) Let a point **P** be such that its distance from the point (5,0) is thrice the distance of **P** from the point (-5,0). If the locus of the point **P** is a circle of radius r, then $4r^2$ is equal to :
- 8) The maximum value of k for which the sum $\sum_{i=0}^{k} {}^{10}C_i {}^{15}C_{k-i} + \sum_{i=0}^{k+1} {}^{12}C_i {}^{13}C_{k+1-i}$ exists, is equal to : [Feb 2021]
- 9) The sum of first four terms of a geometric progression is 65/12 and the sum of their respective reciprocals is 65/18. If the product of first three terms of the G.P. is 1, and the third term is α then 2α is:
 10) If the area of the triangle formed by the positive x-axis, the normal and the tangent to the circle
- $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25$ at the point (5,7) is A, then 24A is equal to: [Feb 2021]