2008 - AR : Architecture and Planning Exam

Ch Taraka Abhinav - EE25BTECH11016

August 18, 2025

1. The essential difference between CPM and PERT is

	(a) Critical Path vs. Cri	tical Activity				
	(b) Arrow notation vs.	Precedence notation				
(c) Deterministic approach vs. Probabilistic approach						
	(d) Project Managemen	t vs. Network Analysis				
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
2 7	The minimum thickness	of a wall where single Flen	nish hand can be used is	,		
۷, ۱		or a warr where single Men	iisii bolid cali be used is			
	(a) Half-brick thick					
	(b) One-brick thick					
	(c) One-and-half-brick	thick				
	(d) Two-brick thick					
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
3. (On the colour wheel, the	combination of 'Violet-Yel	llow' or 'Orange-Blue' ar	e best described as		
	(a) Complementary	(b) Supplementary	(c) Analogous	(d) Monochromatic		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
<i>1</i> 7	The sudden stoppeds in t	he flow of water in a closed	l conduit results in a pher			
4. 1	The sudden stoppage in t	he now of water in a closed	i conduit results in a phen	omenon caned		
	(a) Cavitation		(c) Stack pressure			
	(b) Hydraulic gradient		(d) Water hammer			
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
5. 7	5. The number of intersecting arches that support Bijapur's Gol Gumbaz is					
	(a) 4	(b) 8	(c) 12	(d) 16		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
6 7	The 73 rd and 74 th Constit	utional Amendments perta	in to			
	6. The 73 rd and 74 th Constitutional Amendments pertain to					
	(a) Abolishing the Urban Land Ceiling Act(b) Providing restricted role to local courts to settle rural disputes					
	•		-	a and davidonment		
	-	oonsibility to municipal and aformation for the general p	•	g and development		
	(u) Floriding light to h	normation for the general p	ouone			
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
	7. A simply supported beam of length L carries a concentrated load of intensity P at its centre. The bending moment at the centre of the beam will be					

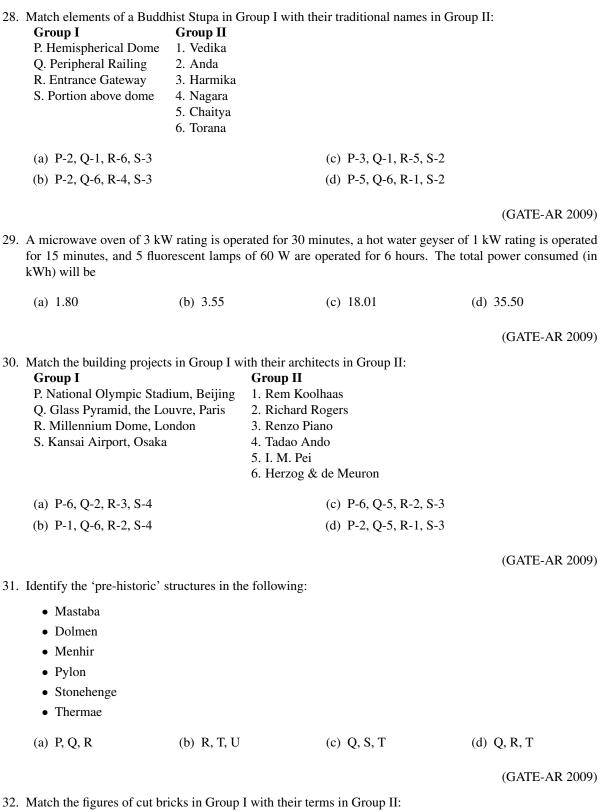
	(a) PL/2	(b) PL/4	(c) PL/6	(d) PL/8		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
8.	'Desire lines' are assoc	iated with				
(a) Origin – Destination analysis in transportation planning						
	(b) Income – Expenditure analysis in personal finance management					
	•	in landscape planning				
	(d) Demand – Supply	analysis in economic plan	ning			
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
9.	GRiHA is a rating for C	Green Buildings given by				
	(a) The Energy Resea	arch Institute	(c) Bureau of End	ergy Efficiency		
	(b) Development Alte	ernatives	(d) Ministry of Po	ower		
				(G.1777 + D.2000)		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
10.	A 'cul-de-sac' is a stree	et where				
	(a) Only two-wheeler					
	(b) Through traffic is	_				
	(c) Pedestrians are no	_				
	(d) Vehicles are perm	itted to move in one direct	ion only			
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
11.	'Usonian' houses were	designed by				
	(a) Mies van der Roh	e	(c) Frank Lloyd V	Wright		
	(b) Alvar Aalto		(d) Le Corbusier			
				(G.1777 + D.2000)		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
12.	Increase in the volume	of fine aggregate due to the	e presence of moisture is	called		
	(a) Bulking	(b) Buckling	(c) Bending	(d) Twisting		
				(CATE AD 2000)		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
13.	The Pattern Language t	heory was propounded by				
	(a) Christopher Alexa	nnder	(c) John Ruskin			
	(b) Patrick Geddes		(d) Amos Rapopo	ort		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
14.	As per 18:456-2000, the cross-sectional area, wh		i reinforcement in a RCC	C beam shall not exceed x% of its		
	(a) 2	(b) 4	(c) 6	(d) 8		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
15.	'No-cut no-fill' lines ar	e mostly used in				

	(a) Land use planning		(c) Earthwork computation		
	(b) Interpretation of stereo-vision photographs		(d) Interpretation of remotely sensed images		
				(GATE-AR 2009)	
16.	The property of con	acrete measured by the Slump Te	st is		
	(a) Durability	(b) Hardness	(c) Strength	(d) Workability	
				(GATE-AR 2009)	
17.	The Remote Sensin	g satellite that gives the highest s	spatial resolution is		
	(a) IKONOS 2	(b) IRS 1C/1D	(c) Quickbird 2	(d) SPOT 5	
				(GATE-AR 2009)	
18.	=	meets the needs of the present g their own needs is termed by UN		promising the ability of future	
	(a) Comprehensiv	ve Development	(c) Human Develo	pment	
	(b) Equitable Dev	relopment	(d) Sustainable De	velopment	
				(GATE-AR 2009)	
19.	The parameter that	does NOT apppear in a Psychron	netric Chart is		
	(a) Wind speed		(c) Wet bulb temper	erature	
	(b) Dry bulb temp	perature	(d) Relative humid	ity	
				(GATE-AR 2009)	
20.	Allowable stress in	the design of a tension member i	n a steel truss is a funct	ion of	
	` '	al area of the member			
	(b) Yield stress of				
	` ′	ntio of the member ertia of the member's cross-section	on		
	(6) 11101110111 01 111			(GATE-AR 2009)	
				,	
	Q.21 to Q.60	carry two marks eacl	h.		
21.	The parameters for	determining Human Developmen	nt Index are:		
	Educational A	ttainment			
	• Per capita Gro	oss Agricultural Produce			
	• Life Expectan	•			
	1	oss Domestic Product te Domestic Product			
	(a) P, Q, S	(b) P, Q, S, T	(c) P, R, S	(d) R, S, T	
	(4) 1, 2, 3	(0) 1, 2, 5, 1	(0) 1, 11, 2		
22	Match the individua	ale in Graun I with the works in G	Group II:	(GATE-AR 2009)	
22.	Group I	als in Group I with the works in C Group II	Froup II:		
	P. Hippodamus	1. Aqueducts			
	Q. Vitruvius R. Michelangelo	2. Campidoglio3. Hagia Sophia			
	S. Constantine	4. Agora			
		5. Hanging Gardens			

(b) P-3, Q-1, R-2, S	-5	(d) P-3, Q-4, R-1,	S-2
			(GATE-AR 2009)
_	oup I with their correspond Group II 1. 1 losure 2. 1/2 osure 3. 1/3		ne building = d, then match the
(a) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S	-4	(c) P-2, Q-3, R-4,	S-1
(b) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S	-1	(d) P-5, Q-1, R-2,	S-4
			(GATE-AR 2009)
24. The correct sequence	of activities in Solid Waste	e Management is	
(a) Collection \rightarrow Tr	ansportation \rightarrow Treatment	: → Segregation	
(b) Segregation \rightarrow C	Collection → Transportation	on \rightarrow Treatment	
(c) Collection \rightarrow Se	egregation \rightarrow Treatment \rightarrow	Transportation	
(d) Treatment \rightarrow Co	\rightarrow Transportation	→ Segregation	
			(GATE-AR 2009)
25. The principles of Univ	versal Design include:		
• Flexibility in use	e		
Tolerance for err	ror		
• Energy efficiency	у		
 Low physical eff 	fort		
(a) P, Q, R	(b) Q, R, S	(c) P, R, S	(d) P, Q, S
			(GATE-AR 2009)
		h their descriptions in Grou	ıp II:
P. District 1. R	oup II decognizable as having sor dentre of activity	ne common identifying cha	racter
	letwork of major and mind	or routes	
S. Pathway 4. P	rominent visual feature of	the city	
(a) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S	-1	(c) P-1, Q-2, R-4,	S-3
(b) P-1, Q-4, R-2, S	-3	(d) P-2, Q-4, R-1,	S-3
			(CATE AD 2000)
			(GATE-AR 2009)
		the permissible Floor Spacer of floors that can be built	e Index (FSI) is 3.0, and 50% of is
(a) 3	(b) 4	(c) 6	(d) 12
			(GATE-AR 2009)

(c) P-4, Q-5, R-1, S-3

(a) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3



Group I

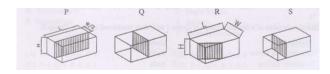


Figure 1: Figures of Cut Bricks

Group II

1. King Closer 2. Queen Closer 3. Half Bat 4. Three Quarter Bat

(a) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4(b) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4		(c) P-1, Q-2, R-4	(c) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3 (d) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2		
		(d) P-3, Q-4, R-1			
			(GATE-AR 200		
		of the line joining the midpoints is 1 in 10, then the contour interv			
(a) 5	(b) 6	(c) 50	(d) 60		
			(GATE-AR 200		
34. Match the pl Group I P. Climber Q. Shrub R. Tree S. Hedge	ant types in Group I with the Group II 1. Croton 2. Shirish 3. Duranta 4. Bougainvillea	ir corresponding examples in Gro	oup II:		
(a) P-3, Q-	-1. R-2. S-4	(c) P-4, Q-1, R-2	. S-3		
(b) P-2, Q-		(d) P-4, Q-3, R-1			
(3)) (, , , , , , ,				
			(GATE-AR 2009		
_		hectares has a gross density of ea, then net density (in pph) of the			
(a) 300	(b) 450	(c) 500	(d) 750		
			(GATE-AR 200		
Pipe diPopulaHead lo	ate in lit/sec ameter in mm tion to be served oss in m/m y in m/sec				
(a) P, Q, S	(b) R, S, T	(c) P, R, S	(d) P, S, T		
			(GATE-AR 200		
Group I P. Dome w	omes in Group I with their exit ith a huge central cut-out at the vith slit windows at the spring with an elliptical base	He top 1. Pisa Cathedral 2. St. Peter's Cathed 3. Pantheon			
	n a drum with a lantern on to	p 4. Hagia Sophia			
S. Dome or	n a drum with a lantern on to		. S-1		
	n a drum with a lantern on to	p 4. Hagia Sophia(c) P-3, Q-4, R-2(d) P-3, Q-4, R-1			
S. Dome on (a) P-2, Q-	n a drum with a lantern on to	(c) P-3, Q-4, R-2	, S-2		
S. Dome of (a) P-2, Q- (b) P-3, Q- 38. Match the In Group I	n a drum with a lantern on to	(c) P-3, Q-4, R-2 (d) P-3, Q-4, R-1 eir Architects in Group II: Group II			

- (a) P-3, Q-5, R-1, S-6
- (b) P-6, Q-3, R-4, S-1

- (c) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-6
- (d) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-6

(GATE-AR 2009)

39. Identify the urban functions that are included under Social Infrastructure:

- Schools and colleges
- Hospitals and clinics
- Roads and footpaths
- Parks and plazas
- Malls and markets
- Community centres
- (a) P, Q, S, U
- (b) P, Q, S, T
- (c) P, R, S, U
- (d) Q, S, T, U

(GATE-AR 2009)

40. Match the tombs in Group I with their architectural characteristics in Group II:

Group I

P. Tomb of Sher Shah

- Q. Tomb of Ghias-ud-din Tughlaq R. Humayun's tomb
- S. Akbar's tomb
- (a) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3
- (b) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3

- **Group II**
- 1. Irregular pentagonal site plan
- 2. Octagonal plan
- 3. Gateway with four minarets
- 4. Persian dome
- (c) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1
- (d) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4

(GATE-AR 2009)

41. Match the high-rise tube structural systems in Group I with their corresponding terms in Group II:

Group II Group I

1. Framed tube 2. Bundled tubes 3. Braced tube

4. Perforated shell tube

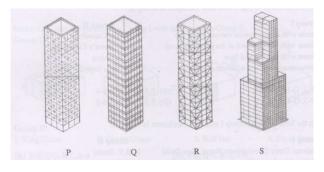


Figure 2: High-Rise Tube Structural Systems f

(a) P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4

(c) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3

(b) P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-2

(d) P-1, Q-4, R-3, S-2

(GATE-AR 2009)

42. A town with a population of 50000 has an average household size of 5.0. The number of occupied dwelling units is 8400 of which 10% are in dilapidated condition. The housing demand of the town is

- (a) 760
- (b) 1600
- (c) 2440
- (d) 10840

(GATE-AR 2009)

43. Match the items in Group I with those in Group II:

Group II Group II

- P. Hypostyle hall
 Q. Ziggurat
 R. Acropolis
 S. Triumphal arch
 I. Roman architecture
 Egyptian architecture
 Assyrian architecture
 Greek architecture
- (a) P-1, Q-3, R-4, S-2

(c) P-1, Q-4, R-2, S-3

(b) P-2, O-3, R-1, S-4

(d) P-2, O-3, R-4, S-1

(GATE-AR 2009)

44. Match the Planning Models in Group I with their proponents in Group II:

Group II

1. Homer Hoyt 2. Ernest Burgess 3. Von Thunen 4. Harris & Ullman 5. William Reilley

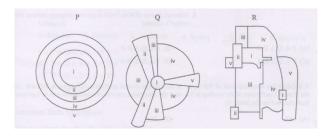


Figure 3: Planning Models

(a) P-1, Q-4, R-5

(c) P-4, Q-1, R-2

(b) P-2, Q-1, R-4

(d) P-3, Q-2, R-1

(GATE-AR 2009)

- 45. The correct sequence in the four-stage model used for transportation planning is
 - (a) Trip generation \rightarrow Trip distribution \rightarrow Modal split \rightarrow Trip assignment
 - (b) Trip generation → Trip assignment → Modal split → Trip distribution
 - (c) Trip distribution \rightarrow Modal split \rightarrow Trip assignment \rightarrow Trip generation
 - (d) Trip generation \rightarrow Trip distribution \rightarrow Trip assignment \rightarrow Modal split

(GATE-AR 2009)

- 46. Identify the objects with which the EXPLODE command in AutoCAD can be used:
 - Polyline
 - Block
 - Multi-line text
 - Arc
 - 3D Solid
 - (a) P, Q, R, T
- (b) P, R, S, T
- (c) P, Q, S
- (d) P, Q, S, T

(GATE-AR 2009)

47. Match the planning terms in Group I with their descriptions in Group II:

Group I

Group II

- P. Eminent Domain
- 1. Protecting land by reassigning the rights to
- develop from one area to another

Q. Police Power

- 2. Regulating behaviour and enforcing
- order within the state territory
- R. Transfer of Development Rights
- 3. Protecting the individual development rights of a citizen by seeking state protection
- 4. Inherent power of state to seize private property without the owner's consent

(a) P-4, Q-1, R-2

(c) P-1, Q-3, R-2

(b) P-2, Q-3, R-4

(d) P-4, Q-2, R-1

(GATE-AR 2009)

48. A building has a rooftop area of 300 sq.m. If the average annual rainfall in the region is 700 mm and the Runoff Coefficient of the rooftop is 0.8, then the maximum amount of rainfall that can be harvested from the rooftop (in litres) is

(a) 168

(c) 168000

(b) 262

(d) 262500

(GATE-AR 2009)

49. Identify Pozzolana from the following materials:

- Cement
- Fly-ash
- Sand
- Surkhi
- (a) Q, S

(c) P, Q, S

(b) P, R, S

(d) P, R

(GATE-AR 2009)

50. Match the notations in the given figure in Group I with corresponding names in Group II:

Group II

1. Intrados 2. Extrados 3. Archivolt 4. Spring 5. Rise 6. Keystone

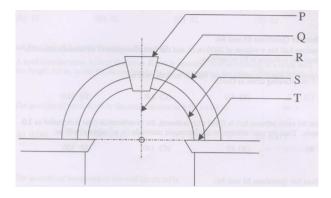


Figure 4: Figure

- (a) P-6, Q-4, R-1, S-2, T-5
- (b) P-6, Q-5, R-2, S-1, T-4
- (c) P-6, Q-3, R-2, S-1, T-5
- (d) P-6, Q-3, R-1, S-2, T-4

(GATE-AR 2009)

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 51 and 52:

A construction project has the following data:

Activity	Duration (days)	Predecessors
P	4	=
Q	3	P
R	7	P
S	2	P
T	4	Q
U	6	S
V	4	R, T, U

51. The normal project duration (in days) is

- (a) 14
- (b) 15
- (c) 16
- (d) 17

(GATE-AR 2009)

52. The critical activities of the project are

- (a) P, Q, R, V
- (b) P, R, S, U
- (c) P, Q, T, V
- (d) P, S, U, V

(GATE-AR 2009)

Common Data for Questions 53 and 54:

A seminar hall has a volume of 2000 cu.m, and the total absorption of all acoustic materials without any audience is 80 m^2 -sabines.

53. The reverberation time of the empty hall (in seconds) will be

- (a) 1.0
- (b) 4.0
- (c) 8.0
- (d) 12.0

(GATE-AR 2009)

54. When the same seminar hall is filled with audience, the reverberation time is recorded as 2.0 seconds. Then the total absorption of all acoustic materials (in m²-sabines) will be

- (a) 40
- (b) 80
- (c) 160
- (d) 320

(GATE-AR 2009)

Common Data for Questions 55 and 56:

An office has an area of 60 sq.m with floor height of 3 m and occupancy of 5 persons. The external wall area is 40 sq.m which includes 4 sq.m if double glazed windows. The thermal transmittance rate (U) of external wall is 0.35 and window is 2.00. External and internal design temperatures are 34°C and 22°C respectively.

55. The heat gain through the external walls and windows (in watts) will be

	(a) 151.2	(b) 168.0	(c) 247.2	(d) 264.0		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
56.	If 20 lit/sec/person of air is	extracted from the office, ca	lculate the ventilation rate in	terms of air changes/hour.		
	(a) 0.4	(b) 2.0	(c) 4.0	(d) 20.0		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
	Linked Answer (Questions				
	Statement for Lin	nked Answer Ques	tions 57 and 58:			
	A cantilever beam X load at free end Y.	Y of 2.5 m span is sup	ported at P and is sub	jected to 40 kN point		
57.	If self-weight of the beam	is neglected, bending mome	ent developed at the fixed er	nd (in kN-m) is		
	(a) 50	(b) 100	(c) 150	(d) 200		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
58.	A uniformly distributed lo	ad (in kN/m) that will result	in the same value of bendin	g moment at the fixed end		
	(a) 12	(b) 22	(c) 32	(d) 42		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
	Statement for Lin	nked Answer Ques	tions 59 and 60:			
	A semi-circular stone arch of thickness 30 cm is provided over an opening in a brick wall. The wall has length 3.0 m, width 30 cm and height 3.0 m. The opening has span 1.0 m and height 2.0 m.					
59.	59. The quantity of stone work in the semi-circular arch (in cu.m) is					
	(a) 0.141	(b) 0.184	(c) 0.325	(d) 0.613		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		
60.	The quantity of brickwork	in the wall (in cu.m) is				
	(a) 1.369	(b) 1.445	(c) 1.629	(d) 1.798		
				(GATE-AR 2009)		

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER