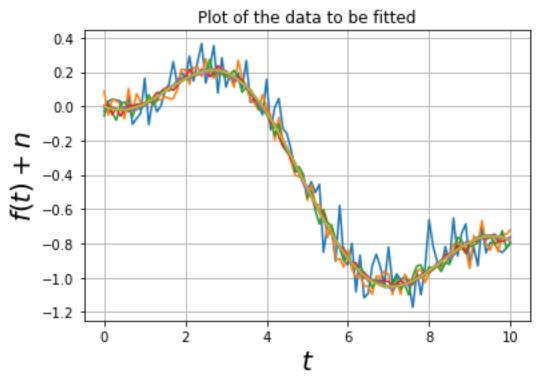
# Assingment3

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March 2021

## 1 DOWNLOAD THE SCRIPT

On running the script python code grnerate-data.py. This code code creates a file fitting.dat. This gives a plot of a Function with added noise. Fitting.dat file has ten columns with 101 rows of data. The first column is time and the next nine columns are the values of the function with different amount of noise.



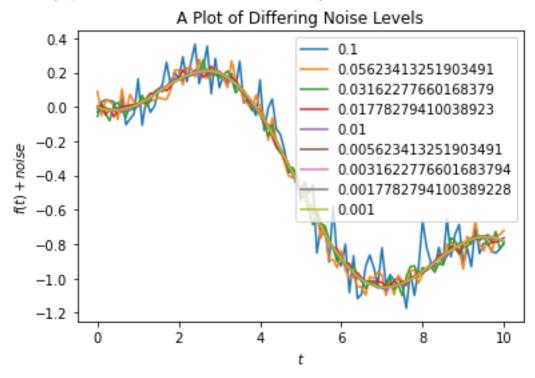
Script to generate data files for the least squares assingment from pylab import

## 2 Extraction of Data

To extract data from the fitting.dat file Pythons load txt function is used. data = np.load txt(fittingfile) x = data[:,0]

## 3 Ploting the Function with Noise

Function is given as : g(t,A=1.05,B=-0.105);  $return\ A^*sp.jn(2,t)+B^*t$   $Q3,Q4\ asks\ to\ plot\ the\ nine\ data\ columns\ along\ with\ true\ value$   $Plots\ of\ graph\ for\ nine\ data\ column\ and\ true\ value\ is\ given\ below$ 



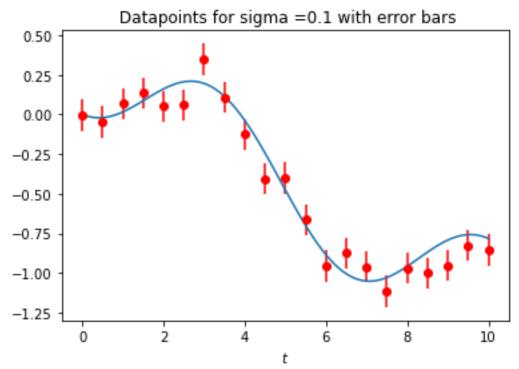
## 4 Plots of Error Bar

. Ploting every 5th data we are plot the error bars with red dots using errorbar(t,data,stdev,fmt='ro')

Here, 't' and 'data' contain the data, while 'stdev' contains n for the noise.

In order to show everyf ifth data point, we can instead use errorbar(t[::5],data[::5],stdev,fmt='ro')

The graph obtained by ploting every 5th data point with error bars and the original data is as follows :



## 5 Creating Matrix

The matrix M created when multiplied with (A,B) matrix will be equal to the value

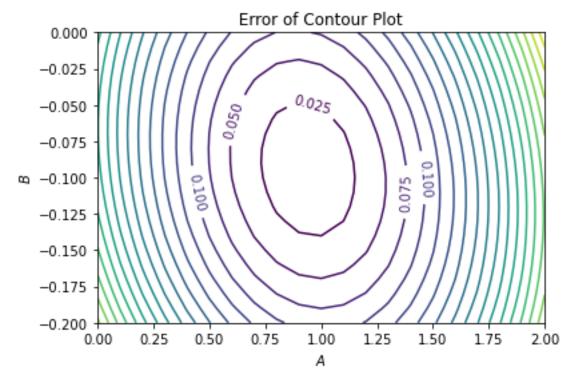
of the function . This can be recognized by substituting A=1.05 and B=-0.105.

# 6 Computing mean square error

The mean square error is calculated as follows ij function is given so The python code to calculate the mean squared error is as follows

```
\begin{aligned} & \text{xp} = \text{np.linspace}(0,2,21): \\ & \text{yp} = \text{np.linspace}(-0.2,0,21): \\ & \text{X, Y} = \text{np.meshgrid}(\text{xp,yp}): \\ & \text{error} = \text{Error}_m atrix(x,y,0): \end{aligned}
```

# 7 Plotting contour of Eij



#### Conclusion

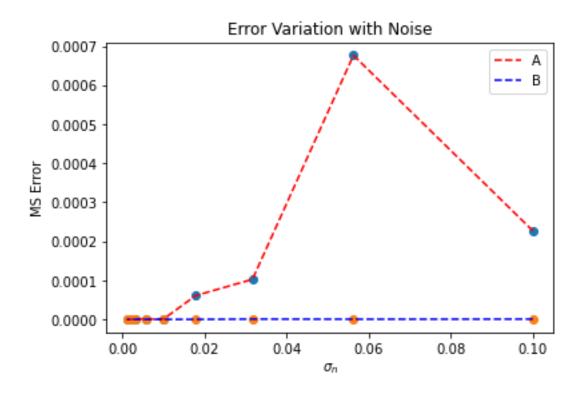
From the above plot ,we can conclude that there exist one and only one minimum for ij and as we move away from Ao,Bo value of Eij increases

# 8 Error in the Estimate of A and B

A and B are calculated by minimisins Eij by lstsq from scipy.linalg . Using Python function lstsq from scipy.linalg to obtain the best estimate of A and B.

## 9

The plot of the MS error im A and B vs noise in linear and loglog scale



# 10 Conclusion

The graph is not linear because our noise variation in on the logrithmic scale and it is expected that the error must vary accordingly logrithmic manner.