percent_w_nectar.R

Audrey McCombs

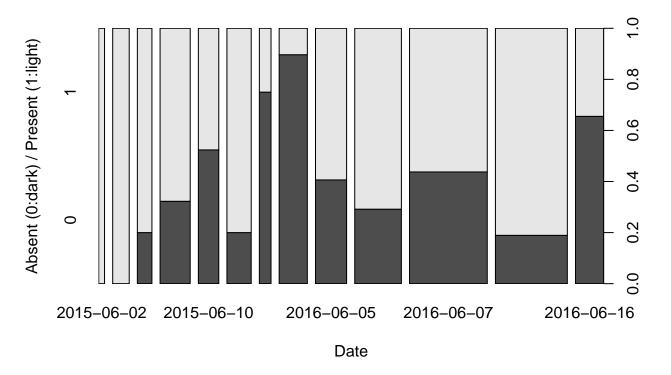
Fri Jan 25 20:42:57 2019

```
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       date
library(lme4)
## Loading required package: Matrix
library(nlme)
##
## Attaching package: 'nlme'
## The following object is masked from 'package:lme4':
##
##
       lmList
library(lsmeans)
## The 'lsmeans' package is being deprecated.
## Users are encouraged to switch to 'emmeans'.
## See help('transition') for more information, including how
## to convert 'lsmeans' objects and scripts to work with 'emmeans'.
library(car)
## Loading required package: carData
setwd("C:/Users/Audrey McCombs/Desktop/MAL")
# Read and minor munging of dataframes
balsam15 <- read.csv("nectar analysis/data files/balsam15.csv", header = T, as.is = T)
balsam16 <- read.csv("nectar analysis/data files/balsam16.csv", header = T, as.is = T)
buckwt15 <- read.csv("nectar analysis/data files/buckwt15.csv", header = T, as.is = T)</pre>
buckwt16 <- read.csv("nectar analysis/data files/buckwt16.csv", header = T, as.is = T)</pre>
balsam <- rbind(balsam15, balsam16)</pre>
buckwt <- rbind(buckwt15, buckwt16)</pre>
rm(balsam15)
rm(balsam16)
rm(buckwt15)
rm(buckwt16)
balsam$date <- ymd(balsam$date)</pre>
```

```
balsam$plot <- as.factor(balsam$plot)</pre>
balsam$treatment <- as.factor(balsam$treatment)</pre>
balsam$plant <- as.factor(balsam$plant)</pre>
balsam$year <- as.factor(year((balsam$date)))</pre>
buckwt$date <- ymd(buckwt$date)</pre>
buckwt$plot <- as.factor(buckwt$plot)</pre>
buckwt$treatment <- as.factor(buckwt$treatment)</pre>
buckwt$quad <- as.factor(buckwt$quad)</pre>
buckwt$year <- as.factor(year((buckwt$date)))</pre>
# Calculate percentage of flowers that are/aren't producing nectar
balscontrol <- subset(balsam, treatment == "C")</pre>
pz.bac <- sum(balscontrol$volume == "0")/nrow(balscontrol)</pre>
pnz.bac <- sum(balscontrol$volume != "0")/nrow(balscontrol)</pre>
balsheat <- subset(balsam, treatment == "H")</pre>
pz.bah <- sum(balsheat$volume == "0")/nrow(balsheat)</pre>
pnz.bah <- sum(balsheat$volume != "0")/nrow(balsheat)</pre>
balscontrol15 <- subset(balsam, treatment == "C" & year == "2015")
pz.bac15 <- sum(balscontrol15$volume == "0")/nrow(balscontrol15)</pre>
pnz.bac15 <- sum(balscontrol15$volume != "0")/nrow(balscontrol15)</pre>
balsheat15 <- subset(balsam, treatment == "H" & year == "2015")
pz.bah15 <- sum(balsheat15$volume == "0")/nrow(balsheat15)</pre>
pnz.bah15 <- sum(balsheat15$volume != "0")/nrow(balsheat15)</pre>
buckcontrol <- subset(buckwt, treatment == "C")</pre>
pz.buc <- sum(buckcontrol$volume == "0")/nrow(buckcontrol)</pre>
pnz.buc <- sum(buckcontrol$volume != "0")/nrow(buckcontrol)</pre>
buckheat <- subset(buckwt, treatment == "H")</pre>
pz.buh <- sum(buckheat$volume == "0")/nrow(buckheat)</pre>
pnz.buh <- sum(buckheat$volume != "0")/nrow(buckheat)</pre>
rm(balscontrol)
rm(balsheat)
rm(buckcontrol)
rm(buckheat)
# Create dataframes for regression analysis
balsam$necpres[balsam$volume != "0"] <- "1"</pre>
balsam$necpres[balsam$volume == "0"] <- "0"</pre>
balsam$necpres <- as.factor(balsam$necpres)</pre>
balsam \leftarrow balsam[,-c(5:7)]
buckwt$necpres[buckwt$volume != "0"] <- "1"</pre>
buckwt$necpres[buckwt$volume == "0"] <- "0"</pre>
buckwt$necpres <- as.factor(buckwt$necpres)</pre>
```

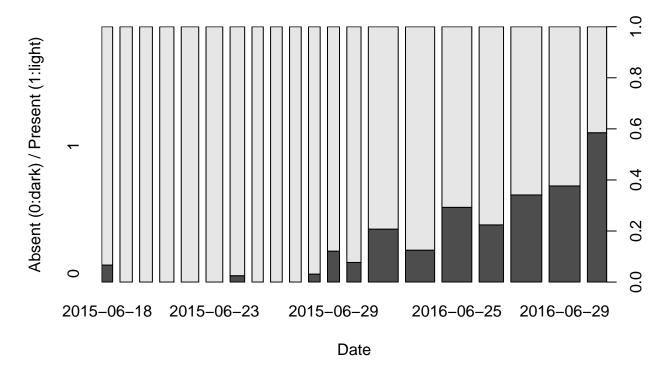
```
buckwt <- buckwt[,-c(5:7)]
#Data exploration
with(balsam, plot(as.factor(date), necpres, main = "Balsamroot", xlab = "Date", ylab = "Absent (0:dark)</pre>
```

Balsamroot



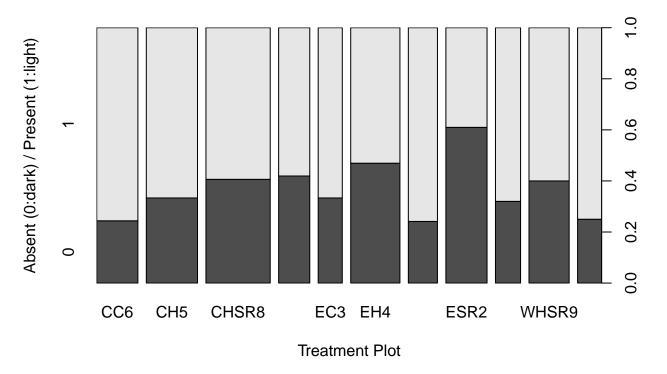
with(buckwt, plot(as.factor(date), necpres, main = "Buckwheat", xlab = "Date", ylab = "Absent (0:dark)

Buckwheat



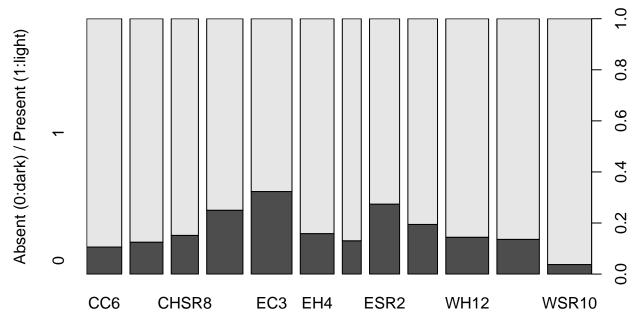
with(balsam, plot(plot, necpres, main = "Balsamroot", xlab = "Treatment Plot", ylab = "Absent (0:dark)

Balsamroot



with(buckwt, plot(plot, necpres, main = "Buckwheat", xlab = "Treatment Plot", ylab = "Absent (0:dark) /

Buckwheat



Treatment Plot

```
#Remove 2015 buckwheat from analysis (because all 1's)
buckwt <- subset(buckwt, year != "2015", select = date:necpres)</pre>
# Models
  #balsamroot
modbals <- glmer(necpres ~ treatment * year + (1|plot/plant) + (1| year:date), data = balsam, family =
summary(modbals)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
    Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: necpres ~ treatment * year + (1 | plot/plant) + (1 | year:date)
##
     Data: balsam
##
##
        AIC
                 BIC
                       logLik deviance df.resid
##
      513.6
               541.8
                       -249.8
                                 499.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
##
## -2.2901 -0.8135 0.4517 0.6754
##
## Random effects:
                           Variance Std.Dev.
## Groups
               Name
## plant:plot (Intercept) 0.1692
                                    0.4113
## year:date (Intercept) 2.0089
                                    1.4173
```

0.0000

(Intercept) 0.0000

plot

```
## Number of obs: 419, groups: plant:plot, 56; year:date, 13; plot, 11
##
## Fixed effects:
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                         0.2996
                                    0.6254 0.479
                                                     0.6319
                         0.8095
                                    0.4564 1.774
                                                    0.0761 .
## treatmentH
## year2016
                         0.1278
                                    0.9153 0.140
                                                   0.8890
## treatmentH:year2016 -0.7051
                                    0.5305 - 1.329
                                                   0.1838
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
               (Intr) trtmnH yr2016
## treatmentH -0.405
## year2016
              -0.675 0.264
## trtmnH:2016 0.334 -0.810 -0.326
#interaction?
Anova(modbals, type = 3)
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: necpres
##
                   Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## (Intercept)
                  0.2295 1
                               0.63191
                  3.1464 1
## treatment
                               0.07609
## year
                  0.0195 1
                               0.88898
## treatment:year 1.7670 1
                               0.18376
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
balsam$count <- as.numeric(balsam$necpres) - 1</pre>
cellMean <- with(balsam, tapply(count, list(treatment, year), sum))</pre>
cellMean
    2015 2016
##
## C
      31
            85
## H
      61
            83
cellN <- with(balsam, table(treatment, year))</pre>
cellN
##
           year
## treatment 2015 2016
##
          C
             56 130
          H 100 133
##
necpres.grid <- ref.grid(modbals)</pre>
int.necpres <- pairs(necpres.grid, by = "year")</pre>
int.necprestable <- update(int.necpres, by = NULL)</pre>
int.necprestable
## contrast year
                    estimate
                                    SE df z.ratio p.value
## C - H
            2015 -0.8095371 0.4563806 NA -1.774 0.0761
            2016 -0.1044233 0.3118917 NA -0.335 0.7378
## C - H
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

```
summary(necpres.grid)
## treatment year prediction
            2015 0.2995892 0.6253857 NA
## C
## H
             2015 1.1091263 0.6069270 NA
## C
             2016 0.4273521 0.6751771 NA
## H
             2016 0.5317754 0.6693038 NA
##
## Results are given on the logit (not the response) scale.
lsmeans(necpres.grid, "treatment")
## NOTE: Results may be misleading due to involvement in interactions
## treatment
                               SE df asymp.LCL asymp.UCL
             0.3634706 0.4626671 NA -0.5433403 1.270281
## C
## H
             0.8204508 0.4556146 NA -0.0725374 1.713439
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## Results are given on the logit (not the response) scale.
## Confidence level used: 0.95
lsmeans(necpres.grid, "year")
## NOTE: Results may be misleading due to involvement in interactions
                          SE df asymp.LCL asymp.UCL
   year
            lsmean
## 2015 0.7043577 0.5724186 NA -0.4175620 1.826278
## 2016 0.4795637 0.6539088 NA -0.8020741 1.761201
## Results are averaged over the levels of: treatment
## Results are given on the logit (not the response) scale.
## Confidence level used: 0.95
necpres.treat <- lsmeans(necpres.grid, "treatment")</pre>
## NOTE: Results may be misleading due to involvement in interactions
pairs(necpres.treat)
## contrast estimate
                               SE df z.ratio p.value
## C - H
          -0.4569802 0.2871149 NA -1.592 0.1115
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
necpres.year <- lsmeans(necpres.grid, "year")</pre>
## NOTE: Results may be misleading due to involvement in interactions
pairs(necpres.year)
## contrast
               estimate
                               SE df z.ratio p.value
## 2015 - 2016 0.224794 0.8658311 NA
                                        0.26 0.7952
## Results are averaged over the levels of: treatment
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

```
#buckwheat (only 2016)
modbuck <- glmer(necpres ~ treatment + (1|plot) + (1|date), data = buckwt, family = binomial)</pre>
summary(modbuck)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: necpres ~ treatment + (1 | plot) + (1 | date)
##
     Data: buckwt
##
       AIC
##
               BIC logLik deviance df.resid
##
      607.3
               624.4 -299.6
                                599.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
## -3.2254 -0.8488 0.4219 0.6269 1.5189
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                       Variance Std.Dev.
          (Intercept) 0.4367 0.6609
## plot
## date
          (Intercept) 0.4618
                                0.6796
## Number of obs: 534, groups: plot, 12; date, 7
##
## Fixed effects:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept) 0.7905
                           0.4002 1.975
                                            0.0483 *
## treatmentH
                0.3609
                           0.4374
                                   0.825
                                            0.4093
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
              (Intr)
## treatmentH -0.535
Anova (modbuck)
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: necpres
             Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## treatment 0.6807 1
                          0.4093
buckwt$count <- as.numeric(buckwt$necpres) - 1</pre>
cellMean <- with(buckwt, tapply(count, list(treatment, year), sum))</pre>
cellMean
##
     2015 2016
## C
    NA 190
## H NA 186
cellN <- with(buckwt, table(treatment, year))</pre>
##
           vear
## treatment 2015 2016
          C
               0 286
```

```
##
           Η
                0 248
necpres.grid.buck <- ref.grid(modbuck)</pre>
summary(necpres.grid.buck)
  treatment prediction
                                SE df
               0.7904996 0.4002213 NA
## C
## H
               1.1514068 0.4053525 NA
##
## Results are given on the logit (not the response) scale.
lsmeans(necpres.grid.buck, "treatment")
   treatment
                lsmean
                               SE df
                                       asymp.LCL asymp.UCL
## C
              0.7904996 0.4002213 NA 0.006080314 1.574919
              1.1514068 0.4053525 NA 0.356930410 1.945883
## Results are given on the logit (not the response) scale.
## Confidence level used: 0.95
necpres.treat <- lsmeans(necpres.grid.buck, "treatment")</pre>
pairs(necpres.treat)
## contrast
              estimate
                               SE df z.ratio p.value
          -0.3609072 0.4374291 NA -0.825 0.4093
## C - H
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```