# **Knowledge Base of Research Methods of LIS Academic Papers: Tentative Construction and Experimental Application**

Pan Pei <sup>1</sup> School of Economic and Management, South China Normal University, China 1140172558@qq.com Zhuang Jiazheng <sup>2</sup>
School of Economic and Management, South China Normal University, China
834275759@qq.com

Chen Yijin <sup>3</sup>
School of Economic and Management, South China Normal University, China cyj@scnu.edu.cn

# **ABSTRACT**

This paper aims to better understand the semantic functions of the research methods used in academic papers in the field of library and information science, and to provide users with fine-grained knowledge services based on knowledge units. Firstly, guided by the genre theory, it analyzes the knowledge unit composition of some important research methods, such as citation analysis method, field research method, co-word analysis method, experimental method, comparative analysis method and questionnaire survey method. Secondly, it uses the text analysis method to filter out academic papers using the above six research methods in 18 CSSCI-indexed LIS journals, and carries out a deep indexing of the knowledge units, and makes them act as the corpus of knowledge base. Thirdly, it uses the system design method to construct a multifunctional knowledge base of research methods, with Python's DjangoRestFramework as its framework, and adopts such technologies as front-end html, CSS, Vue and MySQL. Finally, 30 postgraduate students were recruited to use the knowledge base, so as to evaluate its usability and convenience. The results show that the genre analysis can indicate the semantic function of the papers better by using a certain kind of research method, explain the semantic features of the various parts of the research method, and provide a basis for the indexing of knowledge units. It also provides users with a fine-grained retrieval point based on knowledge units. Besides, the knowledge base has good usability. This paper reveals the semantic features of each part of the use of the research methods. The knowledge base of research methods based on the composition of knowledge units can help users to grasp such research methods and provide a deep semantic indexing for the details of research methods in academic papers. It not only lays a foundation for the development of ontology, but also provides users with a fine-grained, multidimensional retrieval method for the details of the research methods. Such could be significant for researches on knowledge discovery and knowledge organization.

Permission to make digital or hard copies of part or all of this work for personal or classroom use is granted without fee provided that copies are not made or distributed for profit or commercial advantage and that copies bear this notice and the full citation on the first page. Copyrights for third-party components of this work must be honored. For all other uses, contact the owner/author(s).

JCDL '20, August 1-5, 2020, Virtual Event, China

# **KEYWORDS**

academic paper; research method; knowledge base; knowledge unit; usability evaluation

#### **ACM Reference format:**

Pan Pei, Zhuang Jiazheng and Chen Yijin. 2020. I Knowledge Base of Research Methods of LIS Academic Papers: Tentative Construction and Experimental Application. In Proceedings of the ACM/IEEE Joint Conference on Digital Libraries in 2020 (JCDL '20), August 1–5, 2020, Virtual Event, China. ACM, New York, NY, USA, 3 pages.

# 1 INTRODUCTION

It is of great significance to understand the components and structure of research methods in academic papers. To reveal the author's writing intention, rhetorical structure and other semantic features and analyze and identify content components from the perspective of linguistics is helpful to realize the deep knowledge organization and resource aggregation. The content of research methods in academic papers has a complex structure, and the semantic attributes of research methods in academic papers can be described and accurately expressed in a standard manner, which is the basis for in-depth semantic indexing, knowledge mining and knowledge discovery in academic papers. Academic knowledge units has caused wide concern of study. The existing research mostly focus on the research method as part of the overall structure. While the research methods have their own semantic function structure on the expression of the ideal, the existing research, to some extent, limits the academic research method to automatically extract the important information and knowledge discovery.

### 2 RESEARCH METHOD

Based on genre theory, 6 research methods, including citation analysis method, field research method, co-word analysis method, experimental method, comparative analysis method and question-naire survey method, were selected as the research object to analyze the knowledge unit composition of each method. Secondly, academic papers using the above six research methods were selected from 18 journals in CSSCI mapping field by text analysis method, and the depth index of knowledge unit level was carried out as corpus for knowledge base construction. Thirdly, the sys-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Pan Pei, male, undergraduate of South China Normal University.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Zhuang Jiazheng, male, undergraduate of South China Normal University.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Chen Yijin, female, associated professor of South China Normal University. Corresponding author. Email:cyj@scnu.edu.cn

<sup>© 2020</sup> Copyright held by the owner/author(s).

tem design method is adopted, and the DjangoRestFramework of Python, front-end HTML, CSS, Vue framework and mysql database are used to develop the academic paper research method learning system with four functions. Finally, the experiment method was adopted to recruit 30 graduate students to use the system, and the usability evaluation method was used to verify the usability of the knowledge base according to the user experience.

# 3 THE CONSTRUCTION OF KNOWLEDGE UNITS OF RESEARCH METHODS USED IN LIS PAPERS

Based on IMRD modeland genre theory<sup>[1]</sup>, the construction of knowledge units of research methods were analyzed, including citation analysis method, field research method, co-word analysis method, experimental method, comparative analysis method and questionnaire survey method.

Table 1 shows the knowledge units of the citation analysis method.

The knowledge base corpus were academic papers selected from 18 CSSCI core journals in the field of LIS. Advanced retrieval functions were used for finding the academic papers using the specification research method. In this research, there are 39 papers using citation analysis, 54 papers using field research method, 109 papers using co-word analysis method, 81 papers using experimental method, 54 papers using comparative analysis method and 89 papers using questionnaire survey method. All of the papers' research methods were tagged according to the knowledge units analyzed.

Table 1: The Knowledge Unit Analysis Of Citation Analysis

Moves	Steps			
Move 1: Basic information	Step 1: external feature information of litera-			
	ture			
Move 2: research purpose	Step 1: the purpose of citation analysis			
Move 3: data sources	Step 1: retrieval method			
	Step 2: data volume			
	Step 3: time span			
	Step 4: citation tools			
Move 4: statistical data	Step 1: Statistical object criteria			
	Step 2: Description of statistical data			
	Step 3: Statistical tools			
Move 5: Citation distribution analy-	Step 1: Identify the type of measure objects			
sis	Step 2: Determine the interval of the meas-			
	ure objects			
	Step 3: Statistics the frequency of measure-			
	ment objects			
	Step 4: Interpretation of results			
Move 6: Self-citation analysis of	Step 1: Identify measurement objects			
cited literature	Step 2: Analyze the interval of the measure			
	objects			
	Step 3: Statistics the frequency of measure-			
	ment objects			
	Step 4: Interpretation of results			
Move 7: Citation network analysis	Step 1: Identify network analysis objects			
	Step 2: Establish coupling or co-citation			
	frequency matrix			
	Step 3: Data standardization			
	Step 4: Citation network analysis tool			
	Step 5: Interpretation of results			

# 4 FUNCTIONS OF TARGET SYSTEM

The construction of knowledge base Web system should be based on the requirement users need to learn and master a research method more easily and quickly. There are three steps for users to learn a research method: firstly, to clarify the research method of learning; secondly, acquire the study materials of research methods; finally, study and practice research methods.

Basically, five functions were designed as follows:

- Knowledge units of each research method (Fig 1). For each
  research method, their knowledge units were displayed in detail, and users can use this function to systematically learn the
  research method, so as to achieve the goal of mastering the
  method.
- Cases of academic paper using the research method. Cases of academic papers using certain research method were stored with specific tagging and displayed in details, and users can search by title, journal, subjects, time, etc.
- Search for papers. Users can search for papers directly according to the attributes of the academic papers, including the title, subject, keywords, journal, etc. There is no restriction on the research method, and all the papers in the database could be potential objects that matched the queries.
- Preview of keyword-method. Users can firstly search the subjects to be studied according to this function, in order to preview kinds of research methods that had been used for a certain research topic. And then they can learn a certain research methods following the preview.
- Presentation of papers details. Knowledge units of research methods, the title, and the source journal were displayed, navigating users to learn how each knowledge unit of the research method was used in the academic paper.



Figure 1: Knowledge Units Of Each Research Method

# 5 USABILITY EVALUATION OF THE KNOWLEDGE BASE

30 graduates of LIS were recruited to test the usability of the knowledge base of research methods of LIS academic papers. Each of them read the functional introduction and operation guidance of the knowledge base, then used the each of its four functions, and evaluated the usability based on user experience. Usability evaluation items is designed according to the system availability scale<sup>[2]</sup>, and five-scale is adopted for measurement (Tab 2). Evaluation results shows that the statistical score is

S=84.5, which is higher than the average value of international public information (66.4), indicating that the knowledge base has good usability.

**Table 2: Usability Evaluation Scale** 

	Strongly				Strongly
Items	disagree				agree
	1	2	3	4	5
I am willing to use the research method					
knowledge base frequently					
I don't think the research methodology					
repository needs to be that complex					
I think this knowledge base is easy to use					
I felt I needed someone with experience to					
help me use this knowledge base					
I think the multiple functions of this					
knowledge base are well integrated					
I think there is too much inconsistency in					
this knowledge base					
I think most people can learn this					
knowledge base quickly					
I find this knowledge base cumbersome to					
use					
I feel confident about using this					
knowledge base					
I need to learn a lot in order to manipulate					
this knowledge base					

# 6 CONCLUSION

Overall, this study reveals the semantic feature of the research method of academic papers based on the knowledge unit analysis. The knowledge base designed according to the knowledge unit of research method in academic papers can effectively help the user to learn the research methods. The research has implication for the ontology semantic indexing of academic research method content, and also provides users with fine grained, multi-dimensional thesis research method content retrieval service, an effective way of academic knowledge discovery and knowledge mining. It is of certain reference significance to the research of knowledge organization oriented to knowledge discovery.

The following research directions include: building the semantic ontology of research methods based on the composition of knowledge units, adding more research methods, enriching the functions of knowledge base, and further studying the connection between user needs and knowledge units of research methods, so as to provide better interaction experience for users.

# REFERENCES

- Swales, J. M. Genre Analysis: English in Academic and Research Settings [M].Cambridge: Cambridge University Press,1990:21-26.Conference Name: ACM Woodstock conference.
- [2] Jordan, PW., Thomas, B., Weerdmeester, BA., et al. Usability Evaluation in Industry[M]. London: CRC Press, 1996.