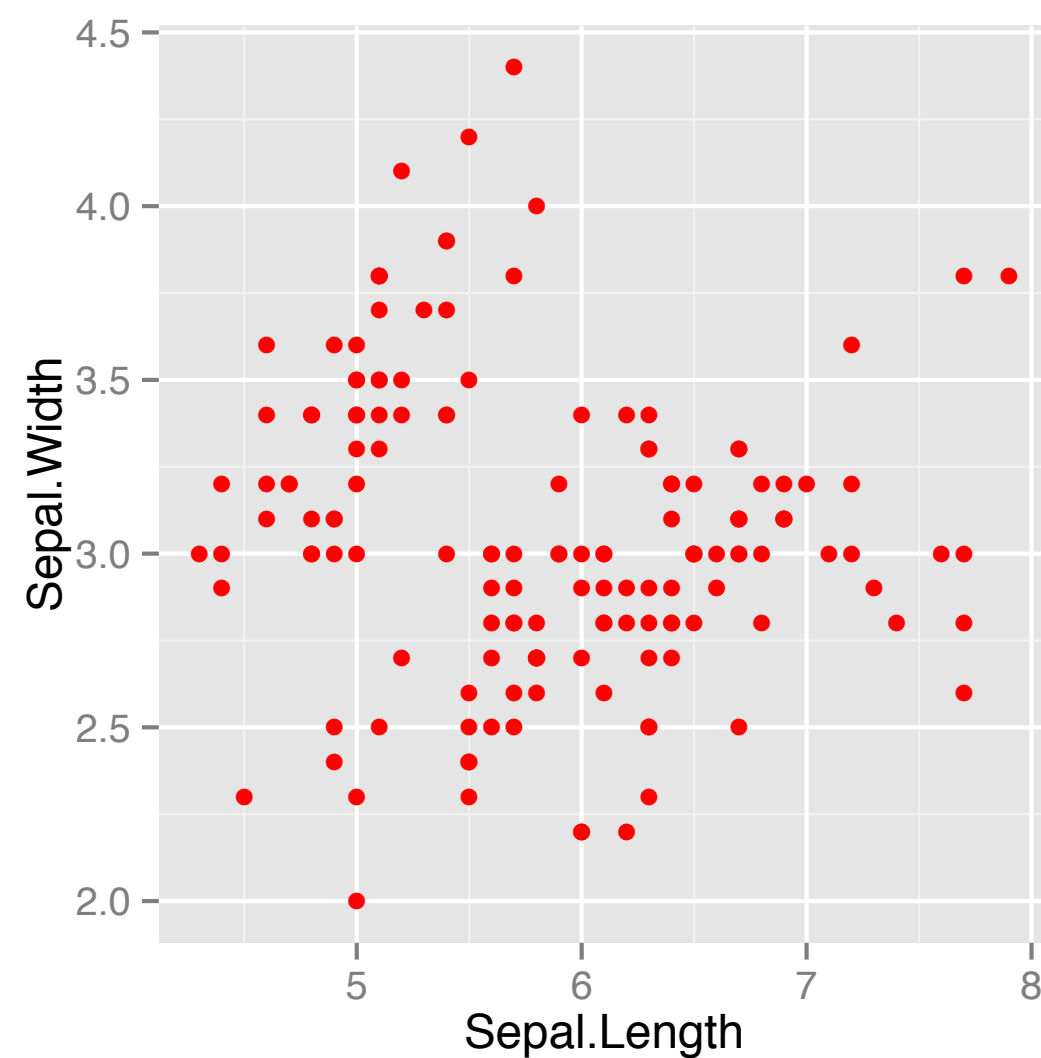




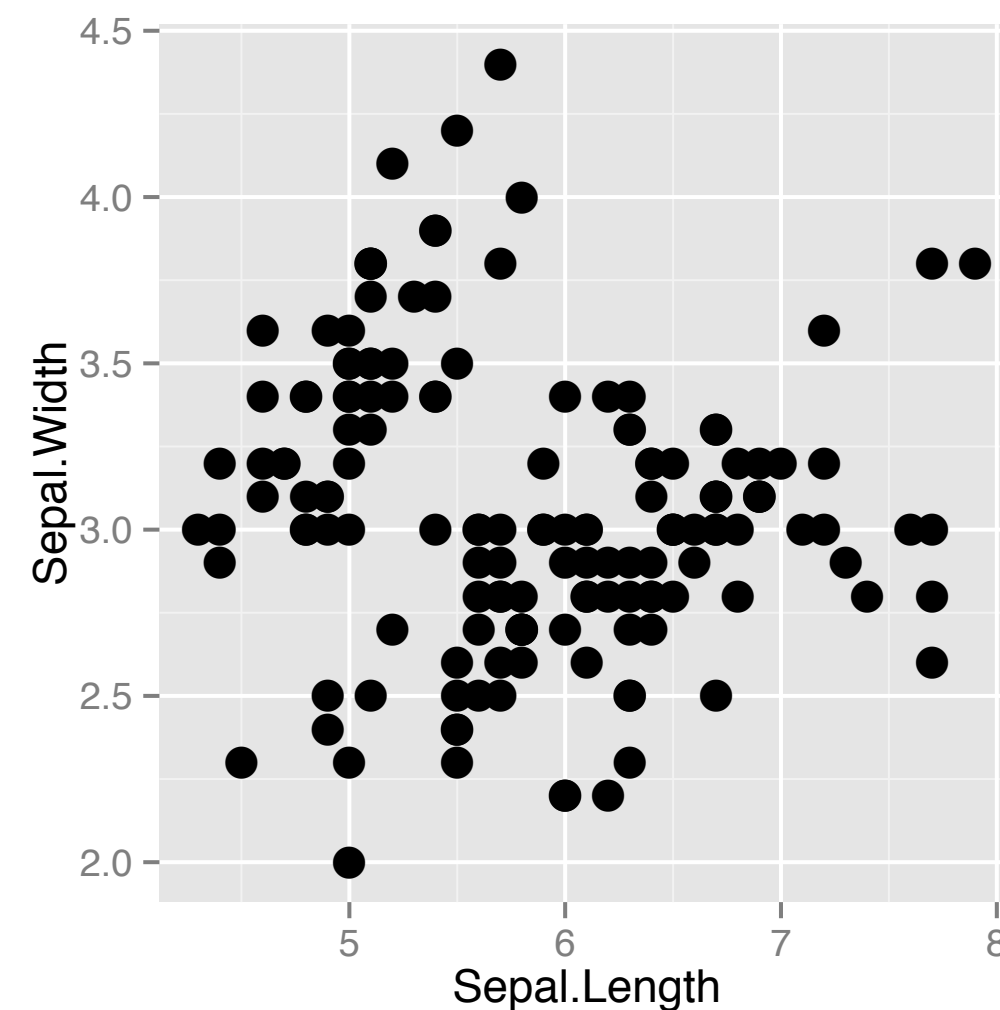
DATA VISUALIZATION WITH GGPLOT2

Visible Aesthetics

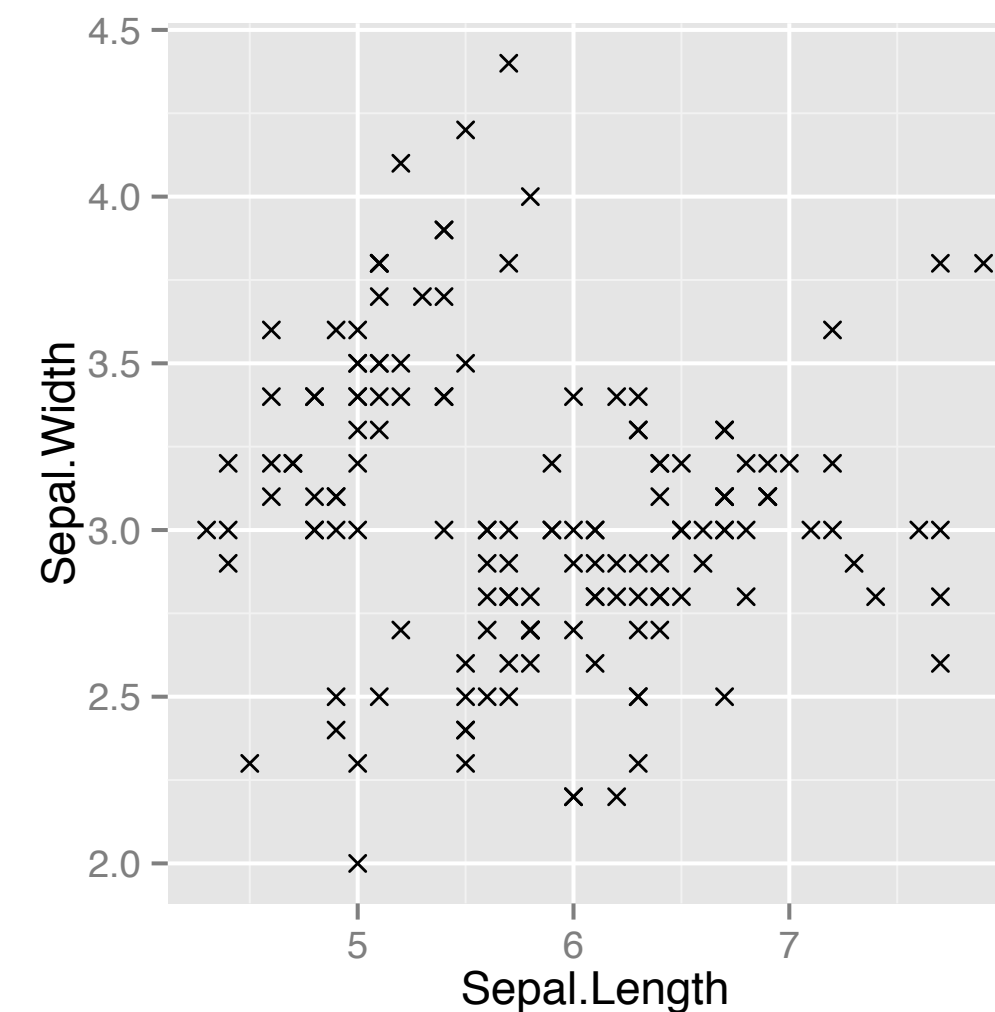
Aesthetics? Attributes!



Type	Property
Colour	Red



Type	Property
Size	10



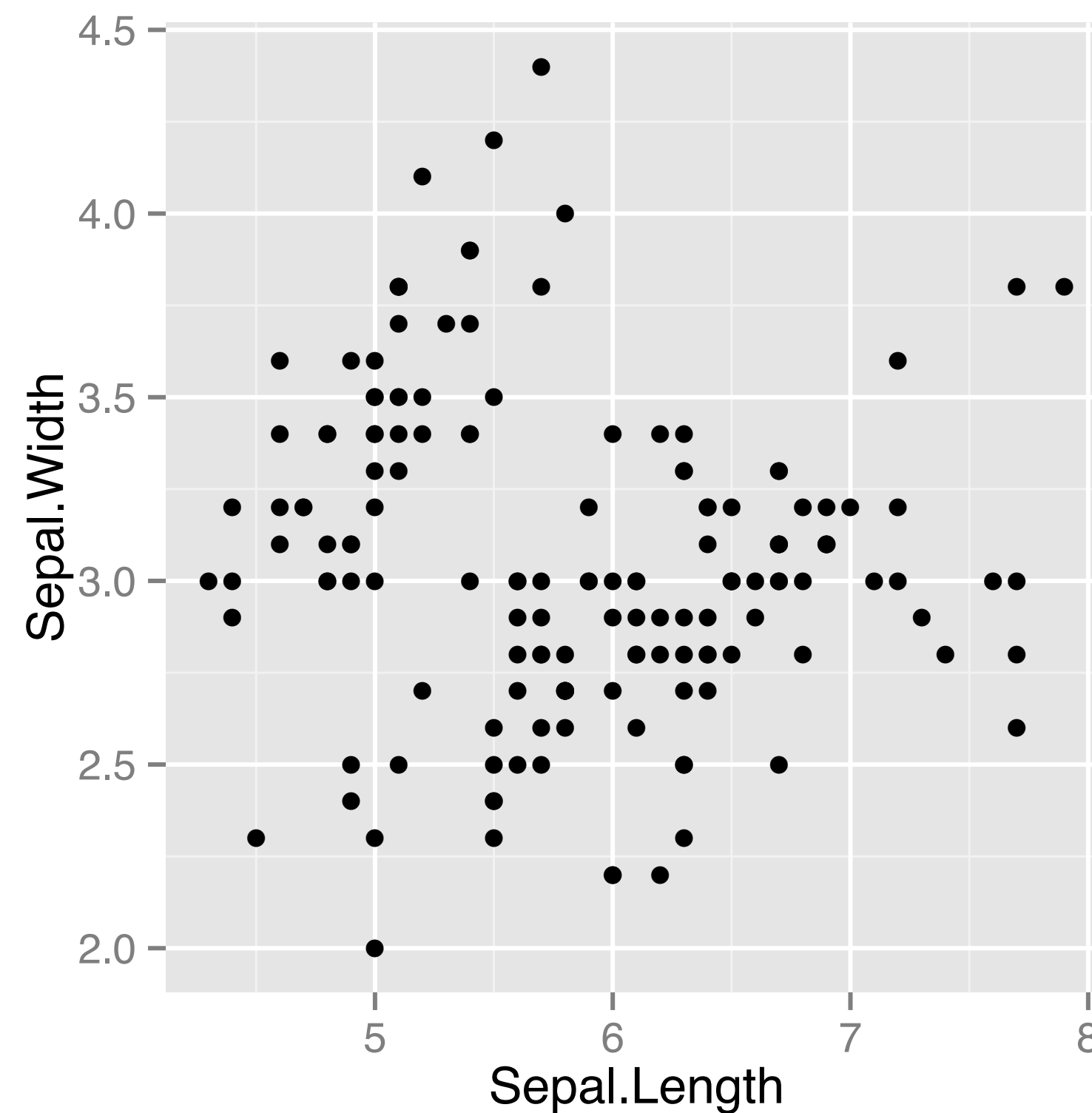
Type	Property
Shape	4

Type	Variable
Colour	Species

mapping Species on colour

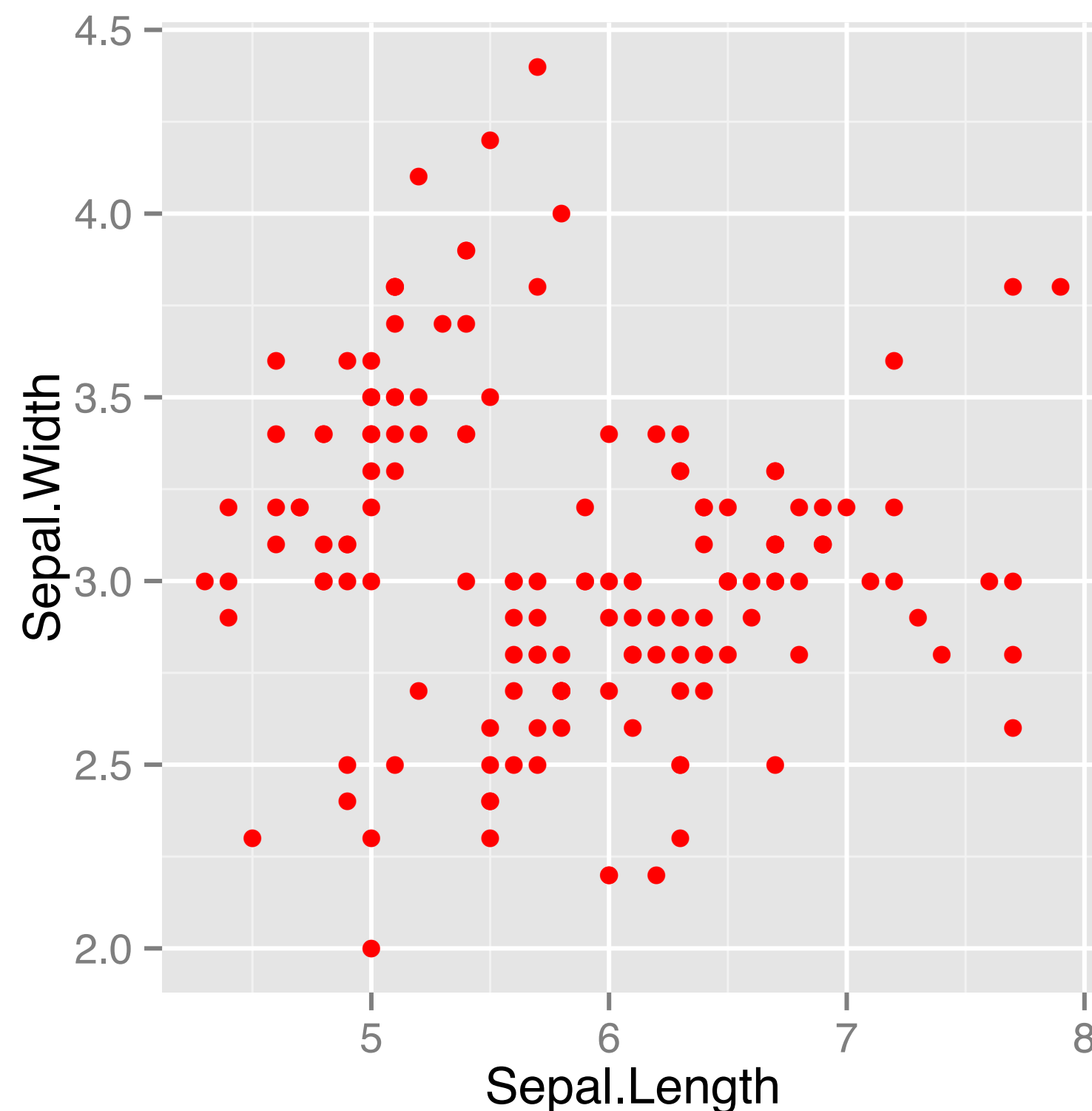
Mapping

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width)) +  
  geom_point()
```



Attribute

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width)) +  
  geom_point(col = "red")
```

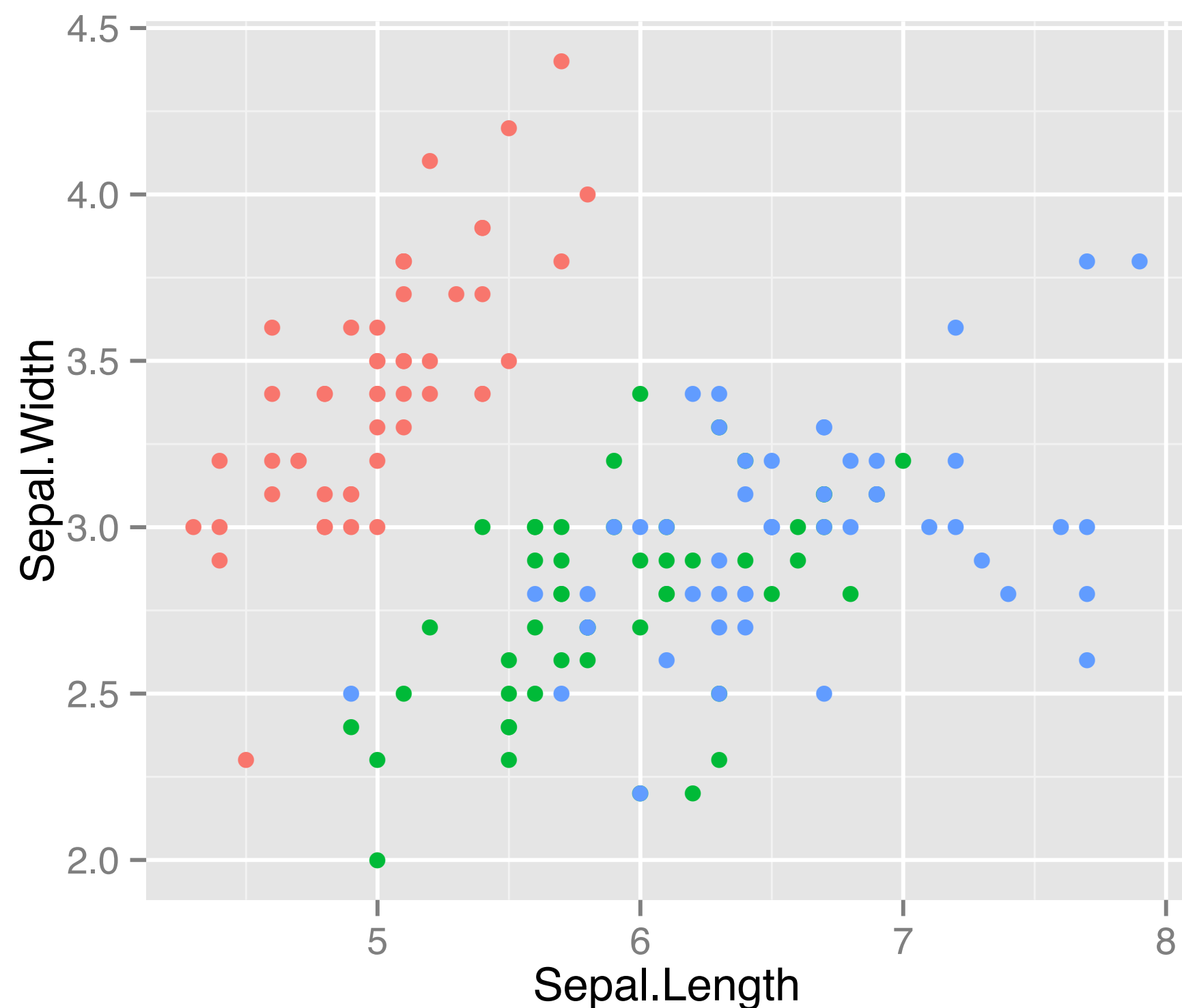


so mapping occurs in `aes()`
but you can specify attributes
just in that geom. Interestingly
you can also specify `aes()` within
any geom - that will do the mapping

That is more commonly done if you
wish to use different data set
for the other geom

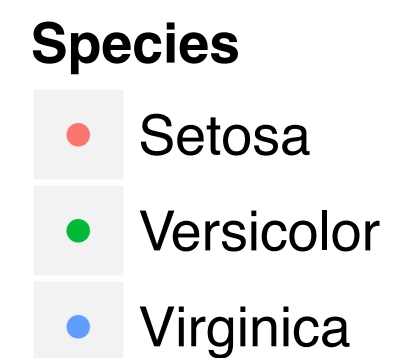
Mapping onto color

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width,  
                  col = Species)) +  
  geom_point()
```



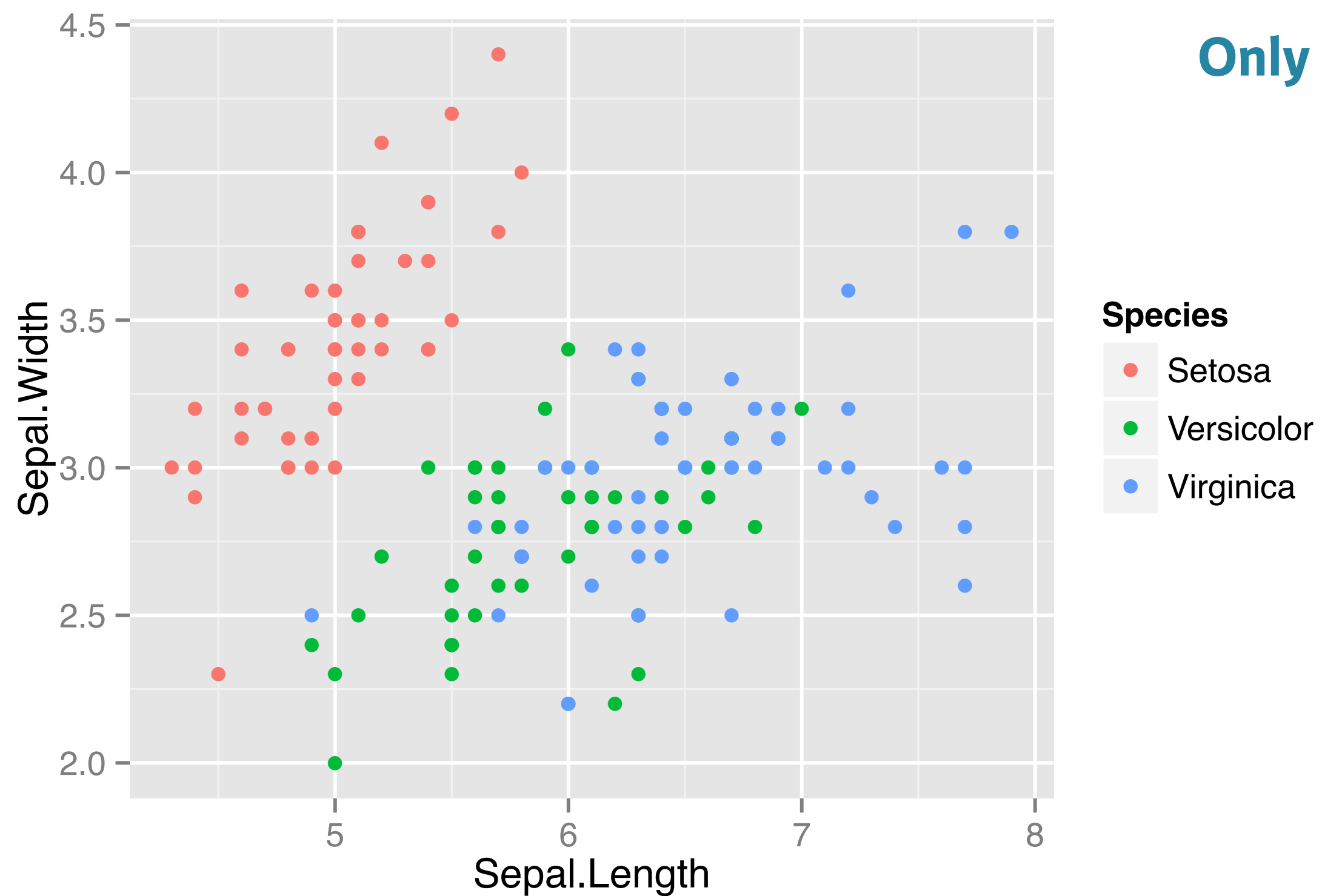
Data frame column mapped onto visible aesthetic

Aesthetics in aes(), attributes in geom_()



Mapping onto color (2)

```
> ggplot(iris) +  
  geom_point(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width,  
                 col = Species))
```



Typical Aesthetics

Aesthetic	Description
x	X axis position
y	Y axis position
colour	Colour of dots, outlines of other shapes
fill	Fill colour
size	Diameter of points, thickness of lines
alpha	Transparency
linetype	Line dash pattern
labels	Text on a plot or axes
shape	Shape



DATA VISUALIZATION WITH GGPLOT2

Aesthetics Best Practices

Which Aesthetic?

- Be creative
- Clear guidelines
- Jacques Bertin (cartographer)
 - *The Semiology of Graphics*, 1967
- William Cleveland
 - Perception of visual elements (90s)

Form follows Function

there is a function to the plot and it depends on who your audience is



for other specialists

for general public

if data is not effectively presented - it is junk :-]

Aesthetics

never misrepresent your data

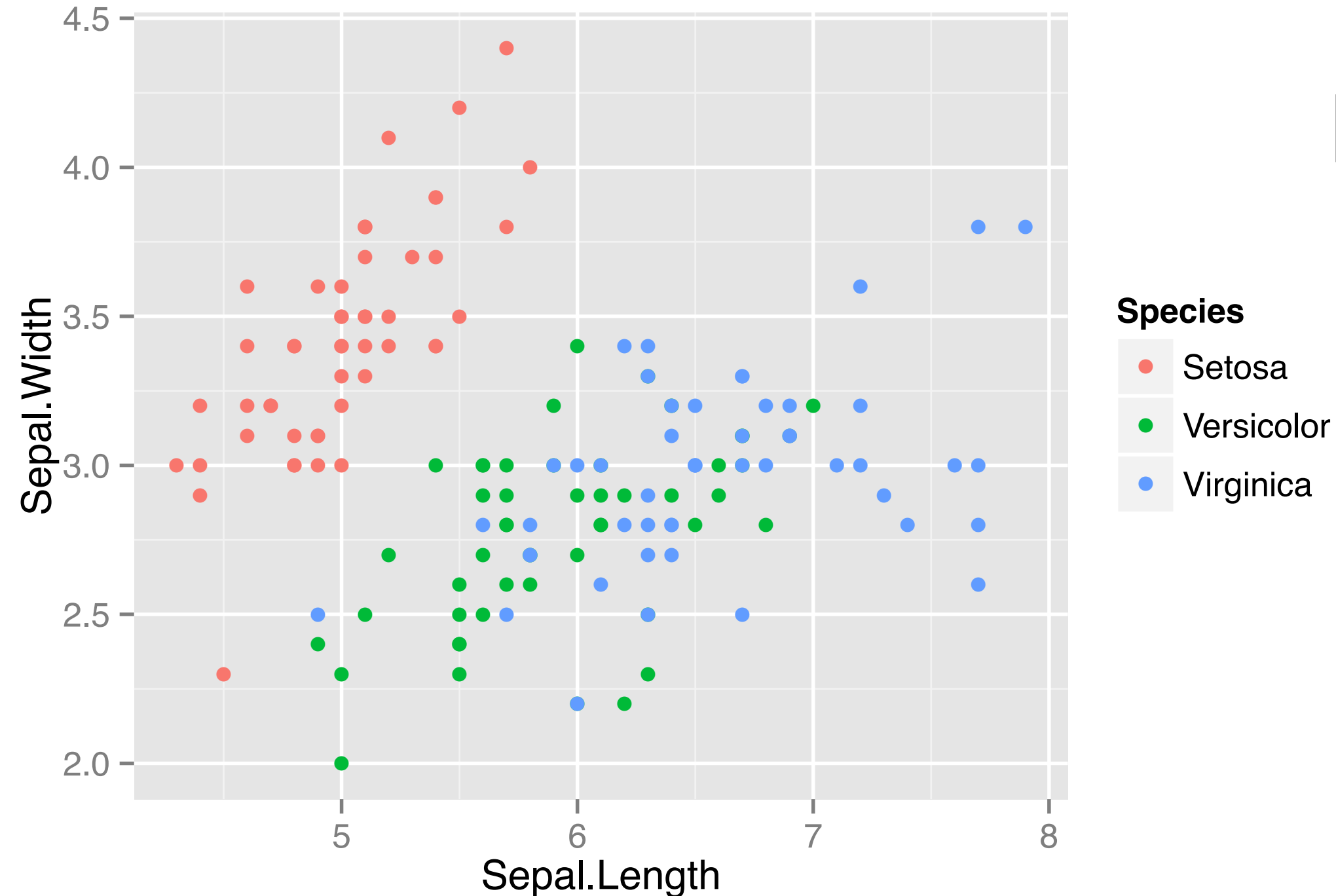
do not confuse the reader (overly complex figures)

encode the data (numbers, tags) into visual language

Aesthetic	Description
x	X axis position
y	Y axis position
colour	Colour of dots, outlines of other shapes
fill	Fill colour
size	Diameter of points, thickness of lines
alpha	Transparency
linetype	Line dash pattern
labels	Text on a plot or axes
shape	Shape

Aesthetics - Continuous Variables

```
> ggplot(iris.1, aes(x = Sepal.Length,  
                    y = Sepal.Width,  
                    col = Species)) +  
  geom_point()
```

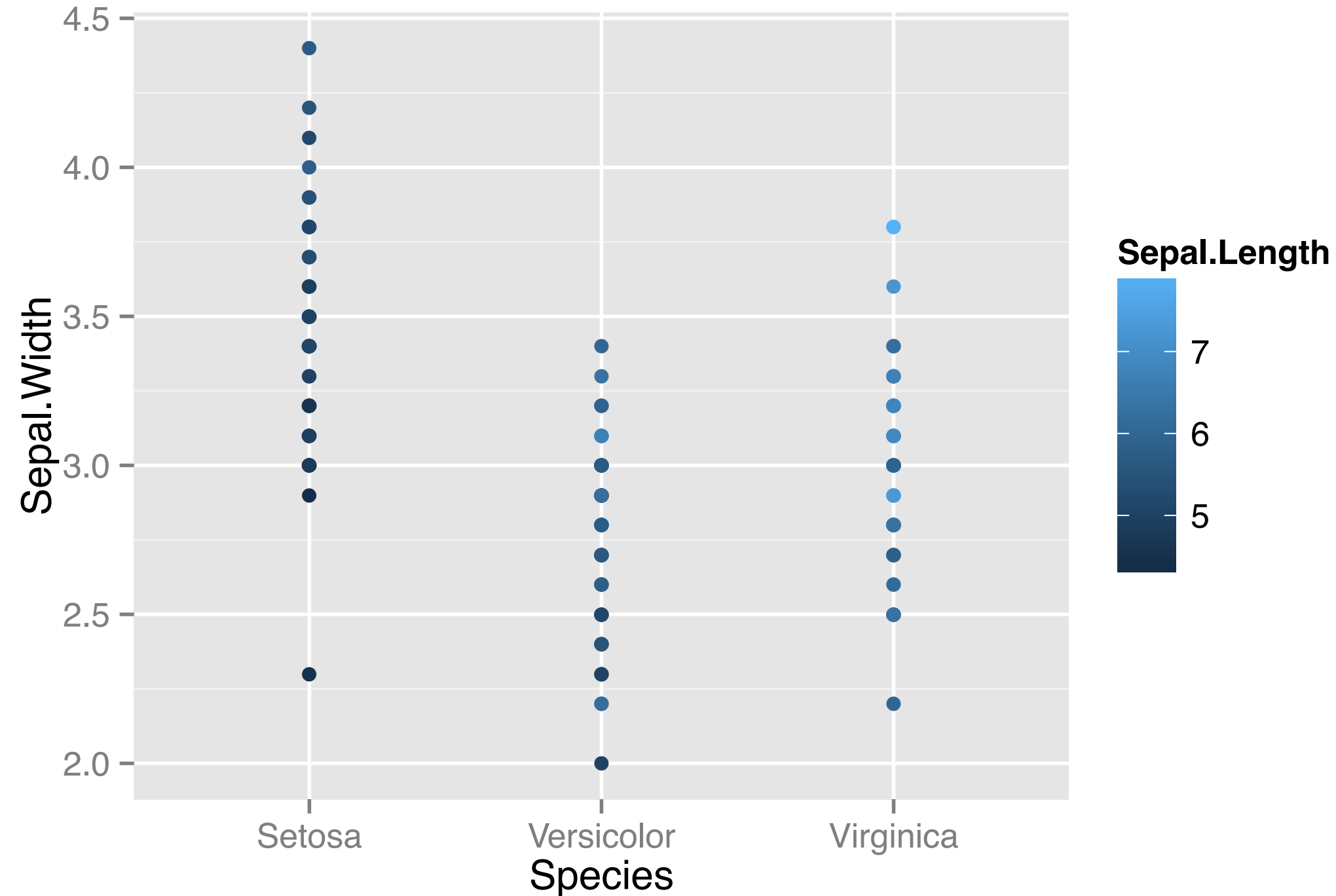


position on a common scale

color assigned to map to factor variable

Aesthetics - Continuous Variables

```
> ggplot(iris.1, aes(col = Sepal.Length,  
                    y = Sepal.Width,  
                    x = Species)) +  
  geom_point()
```



color assigned to continuous variable

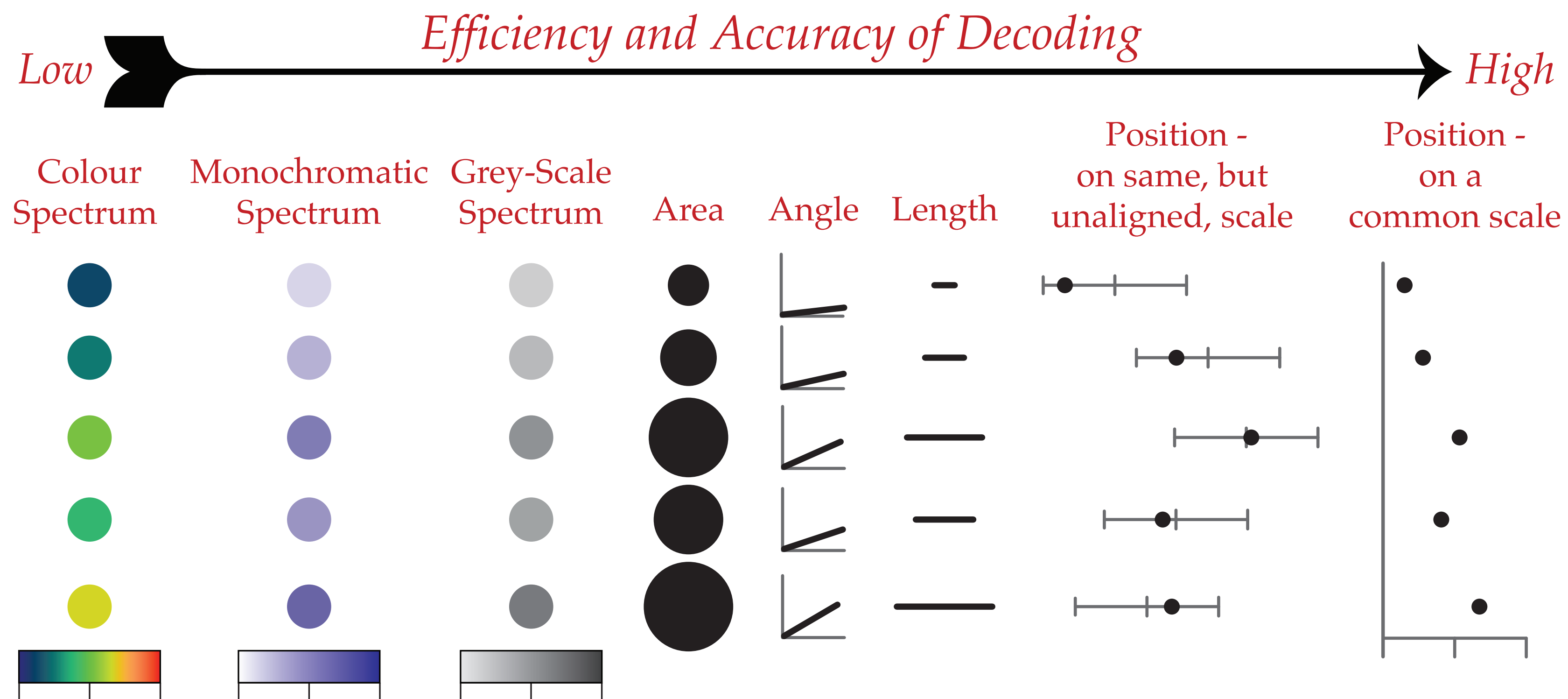
Aesthetics - Continuous Variables

Aesthetic	Description
x	X axis position
y	Y axis position
size	Diameter of points, thickness of lines
alpha	Transparency
colour	Colour of dots, outlines of other shapes
fill	Fill colour

less useful -> lower in the table

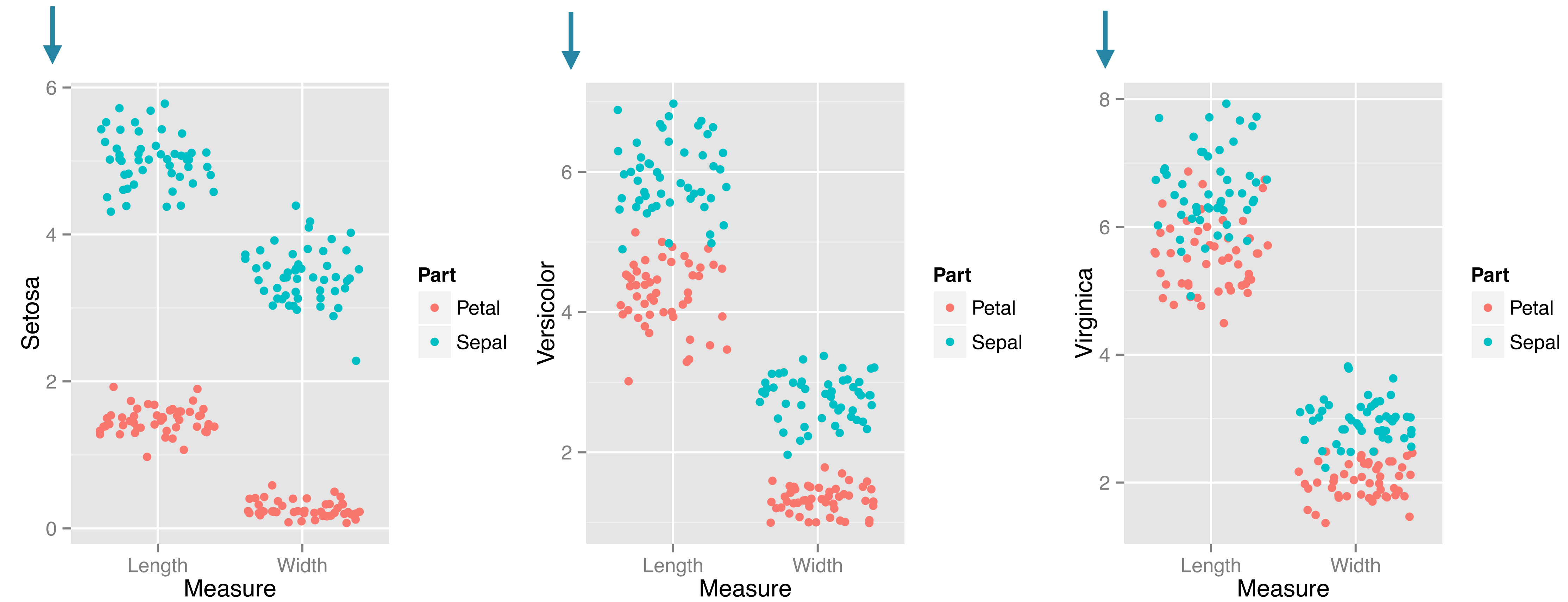
one data column can be assigned to more than one aesthetic e.g. size AND alpha

Guide - Continuous Variables

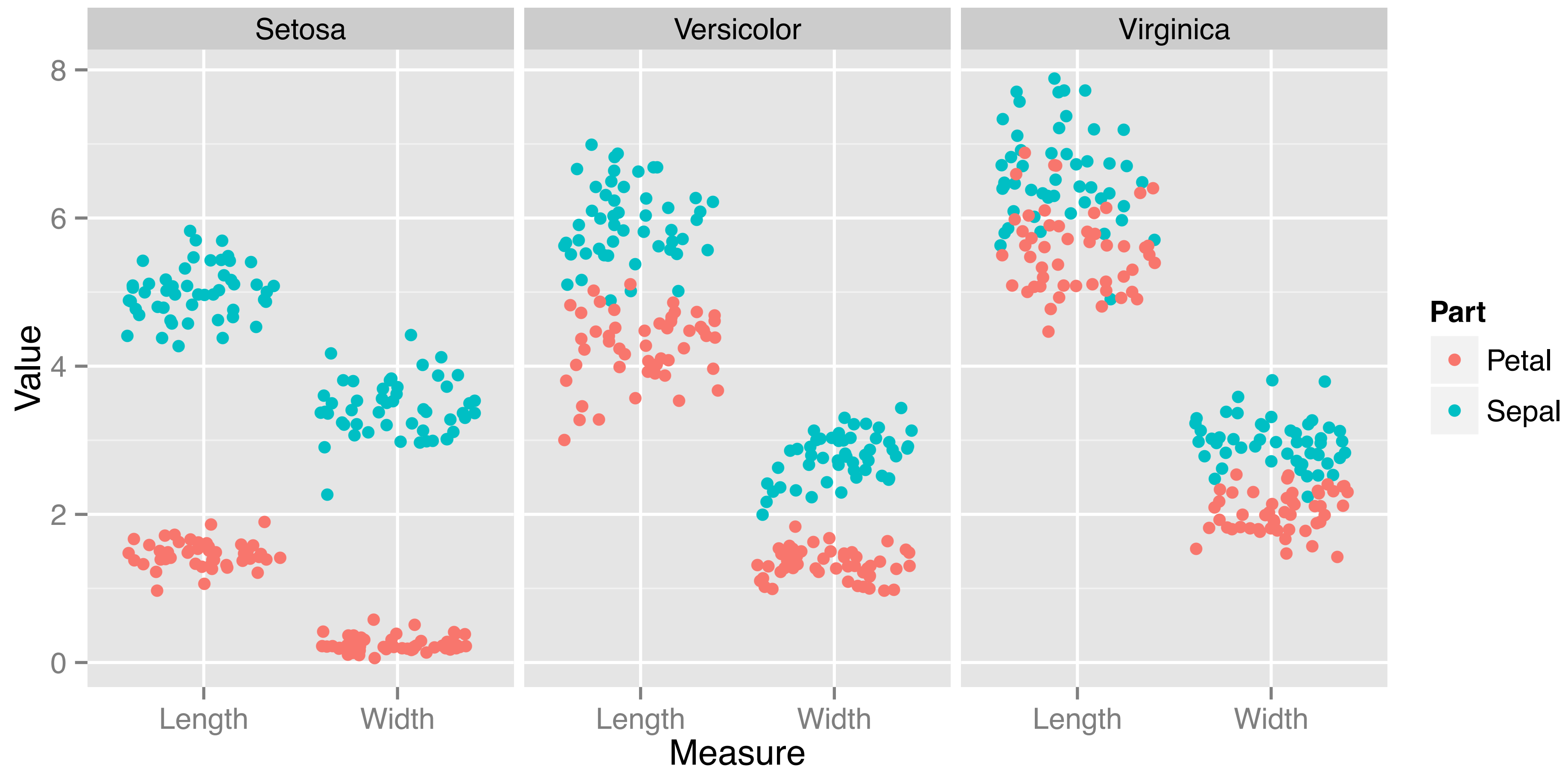


Unaligned y axes

also 3 separate plots v.s. 3 facets

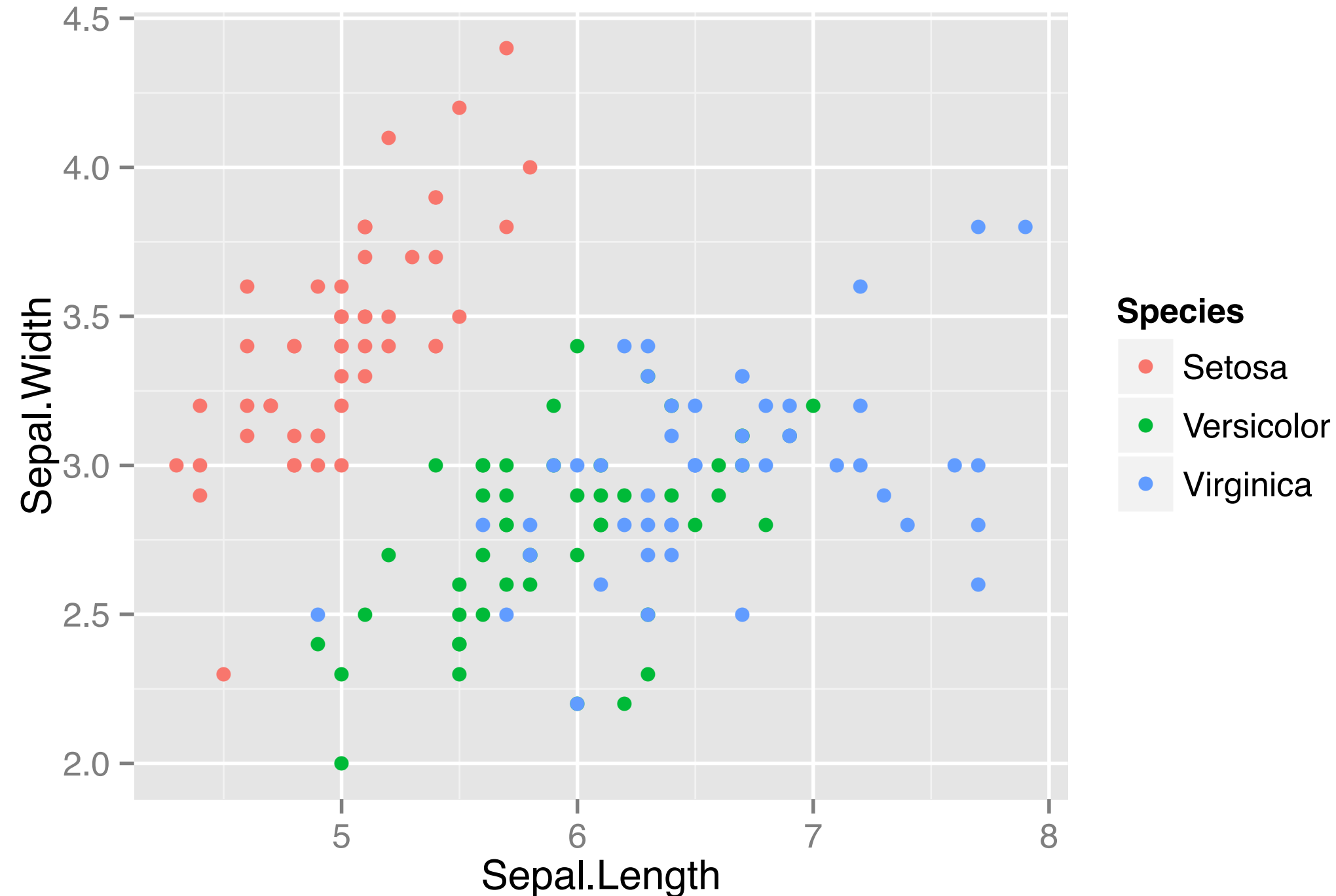


Common y axis



Aesthetics - Categorical Variables

```
> ggplot(iris.1, aes(x = Sepal.Length,  
                    y = Sepal.Width,  
                    col = Species)) +  
  geom_point()
```

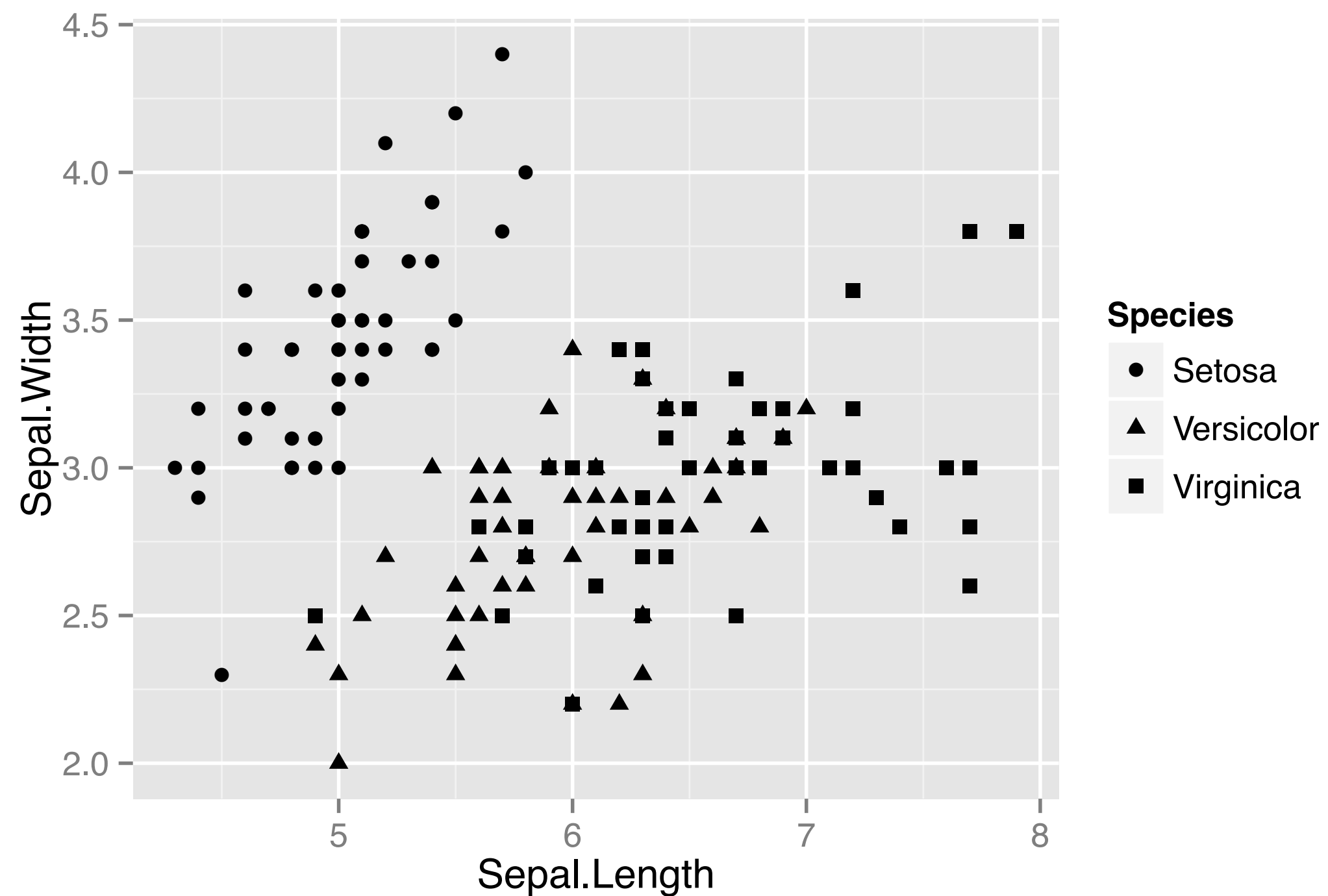


categorical variables have more diverse choices
- since they represent small and finite groups
however it is good to choose something that
is easy to interpret.

Aim to remove unnecessary visual elements - not data

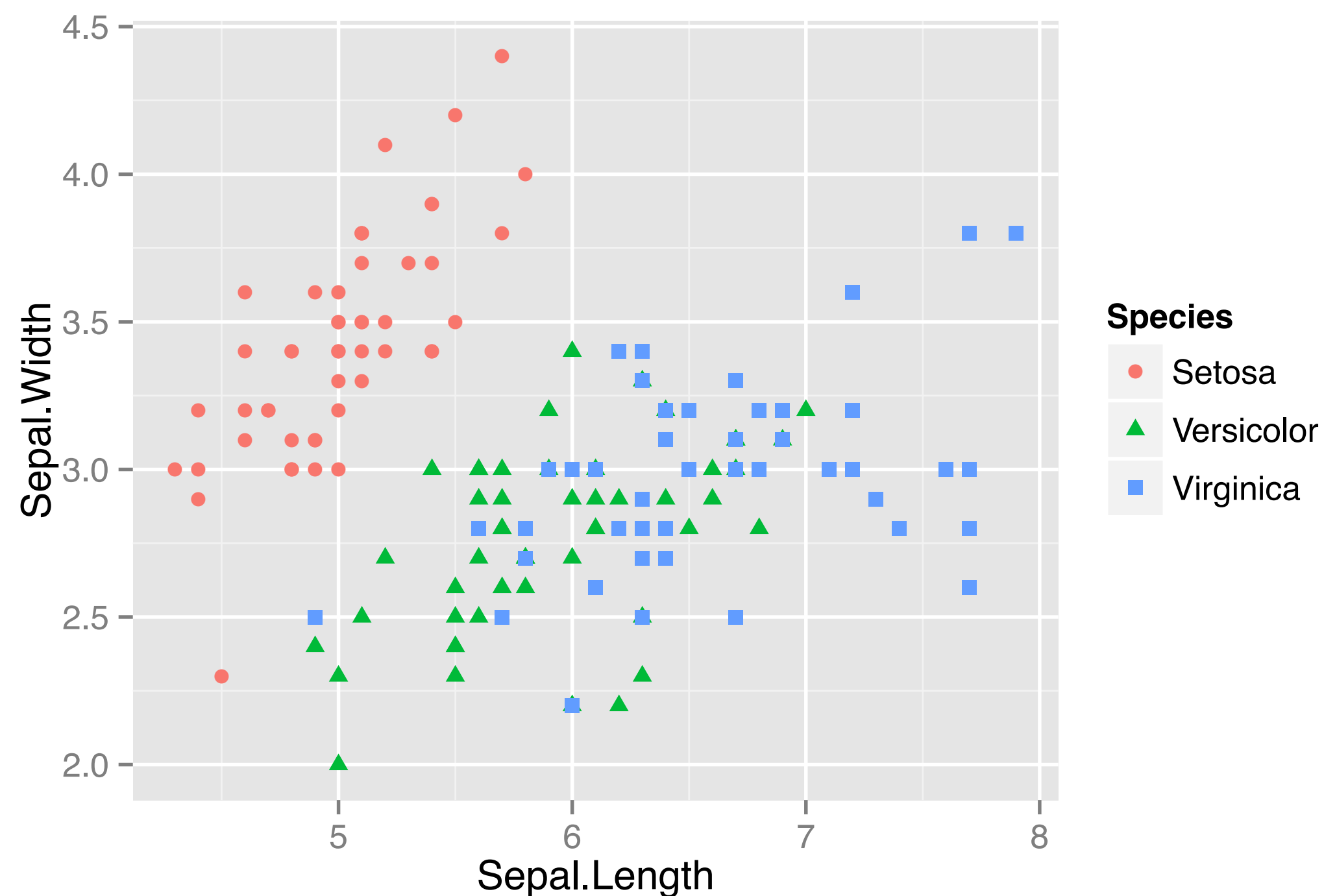
Aesthetics - Categorical Variables

```
> ggplot(iris.1, aes(x = Sepal.Length,  
                    y = Sepal.Width,  
                    shape = Species)) +  
  geom_point()
```



Aesthetics - Categorical Variables

```
> ggplot(iris.1, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width,  
                    shape = Species, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point()
```



you can use two mappings for one variable
(categorical variable)

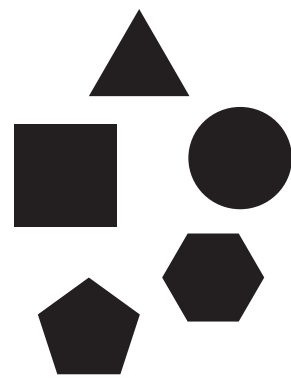
Aesthetics - Categorical Variables

Aesthetic	Description
labels	Text on a plot or axes
fill	Fill colour
shape	Shape of point
alpha	Transparency
linetype	Line dash pattern
size	Diameter of points, thickness of lines

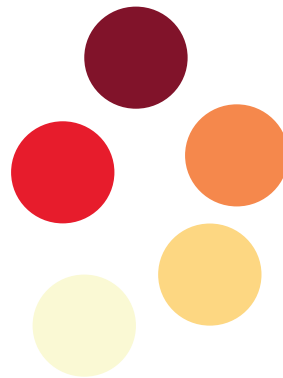
Aesthetics - Categorical Variables

Low  Efficiency in Decoding Separate Groups  High

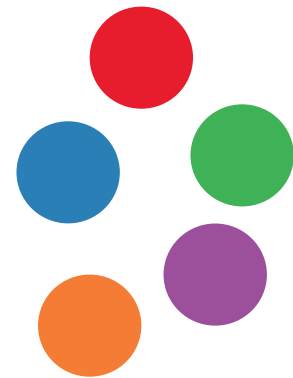
Filled
Shapes



Sequential
Colours

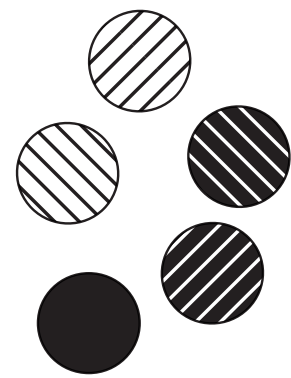


Qualitative
Colours

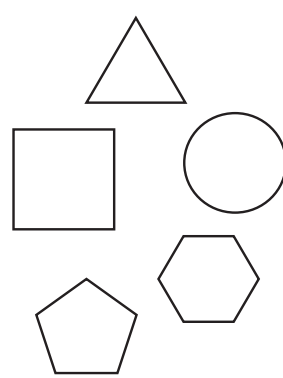


qual cols - nominal variables
seq col - for ordinal variables

Hatching



Shape
Outlines

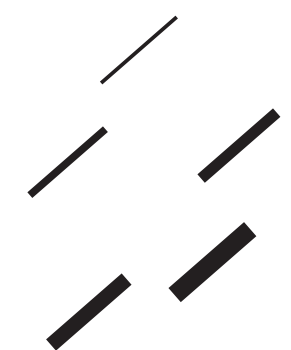


Labels

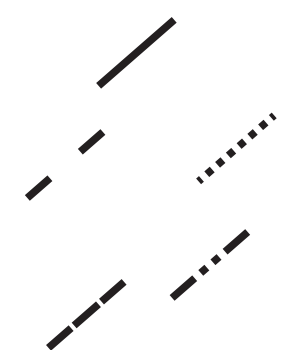
ANT1
FRG1 FRG2
Gapdh
DUX4

hollow shapes easier to distinguish
than solid shapes

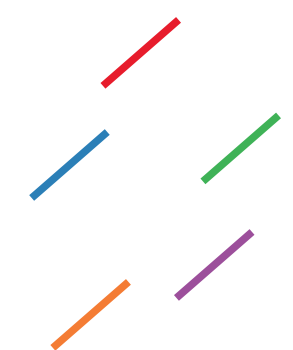
Line Width



Line Type



Line Colours



circles preferable to shapes with straight lines

better avoid
left side
elements
in graphs



DATA VISUALIZATION WITH GGPLOT2

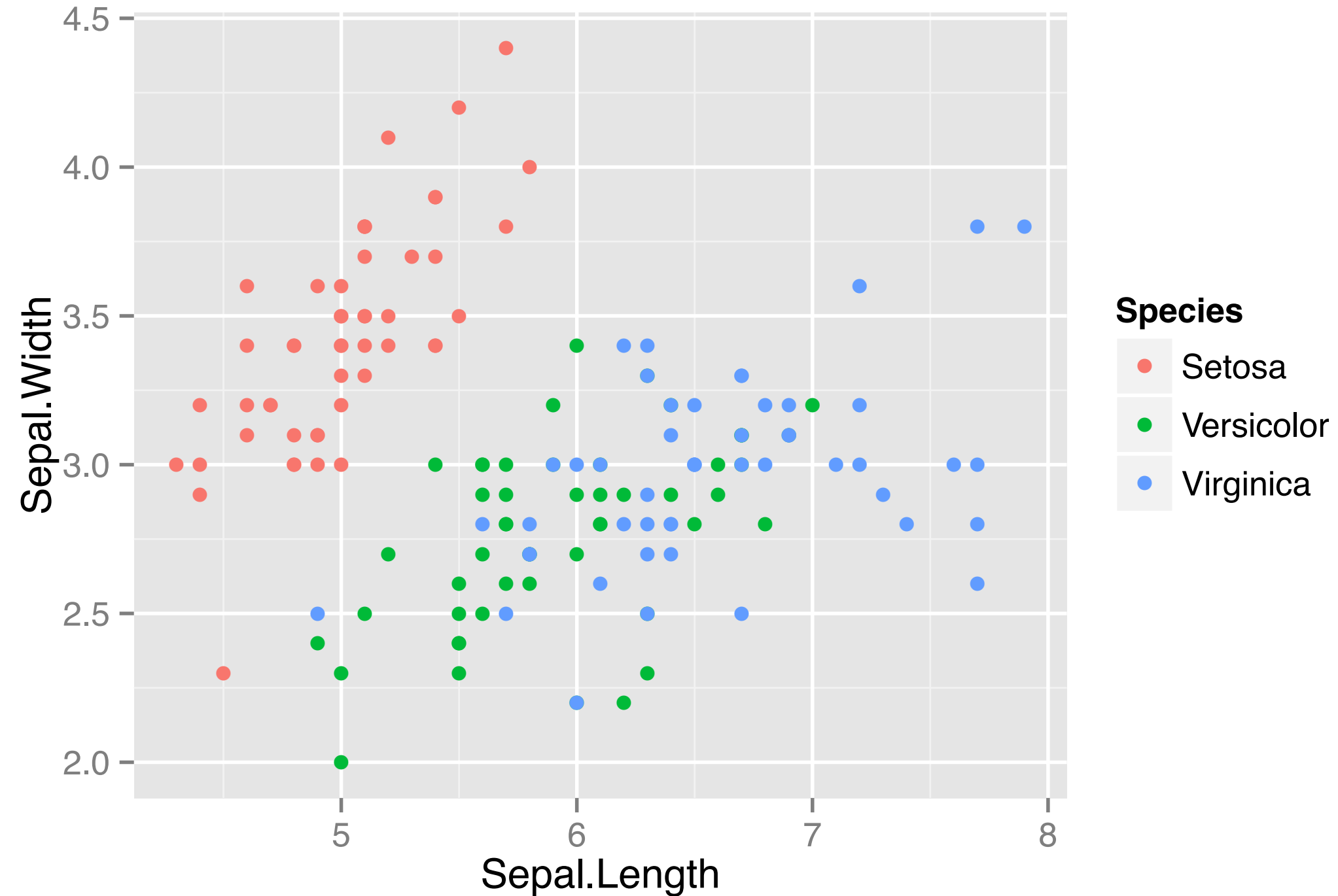
Modifying Aesthetics

Positions

- **identity** value in the dataframe is exactly where the value (geom) will be placed on the plot
- **dodge**
- **stack**
- **fill**
- **jitter** ——— when there is too much overplotting and we need to add some random noise to x and y. We specify the amount of jitter such as 0.1 or 0.7
- **jitterdodge**

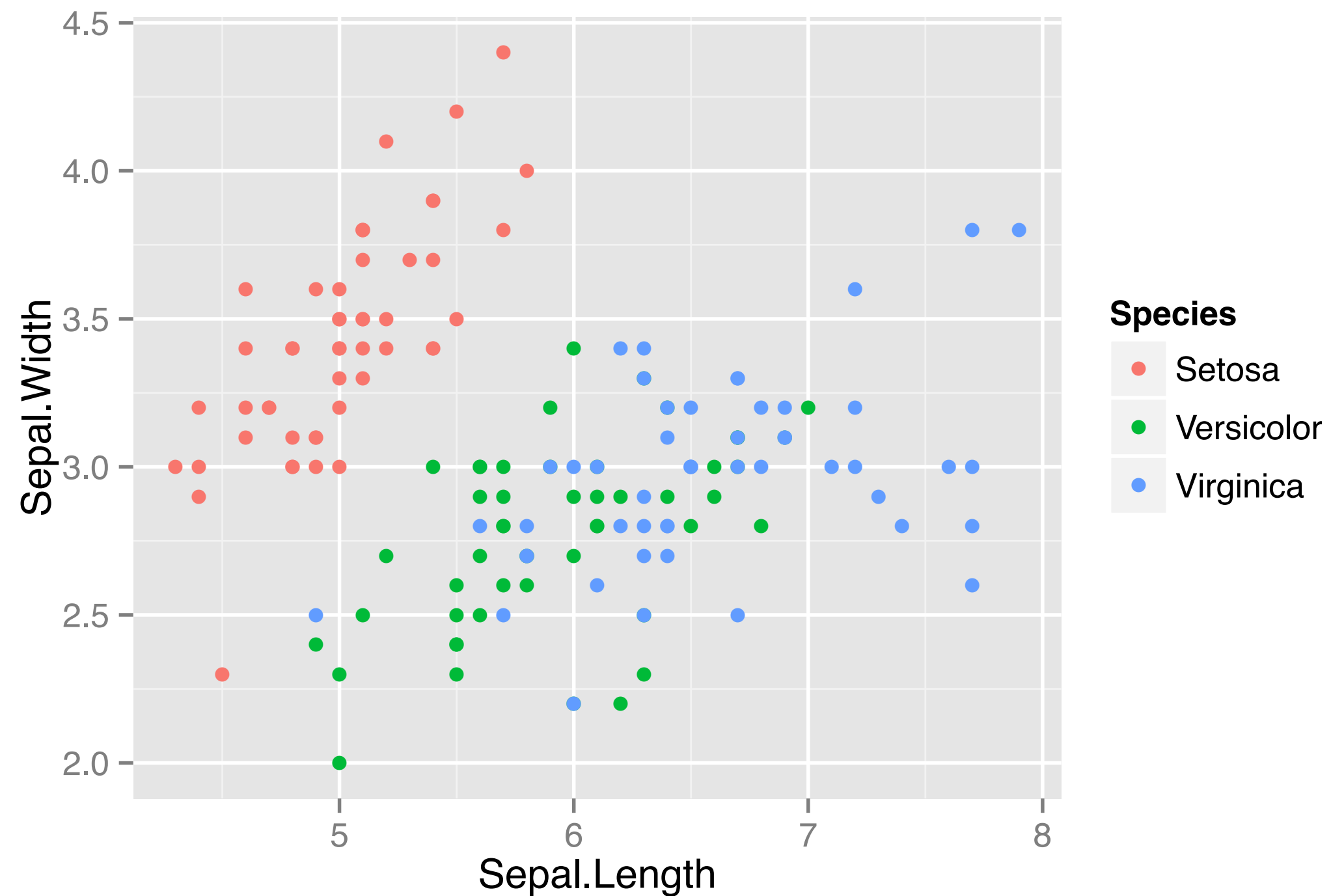
position identity (default)

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point()
```



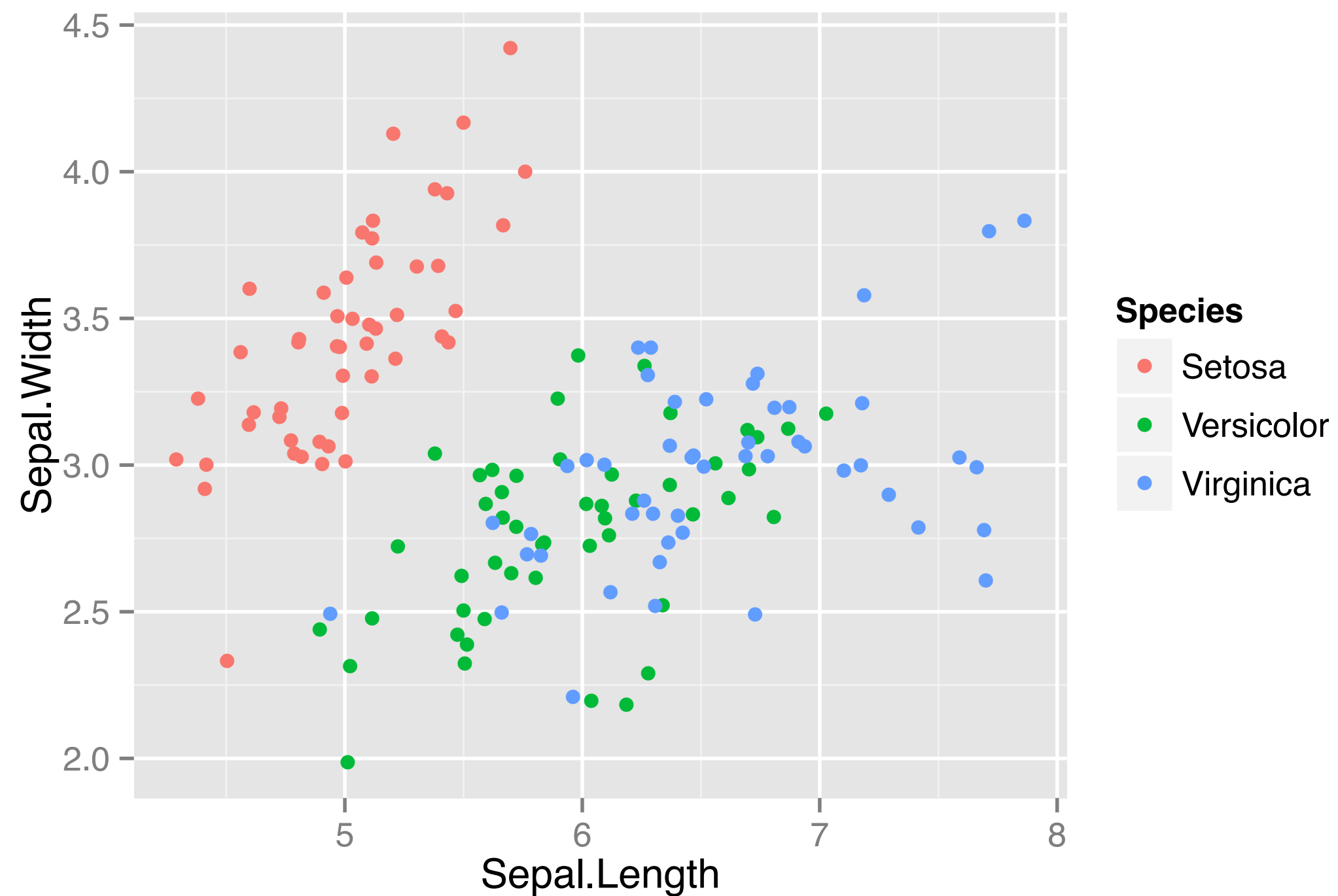
position identity (default)

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point(position = "identity")
```



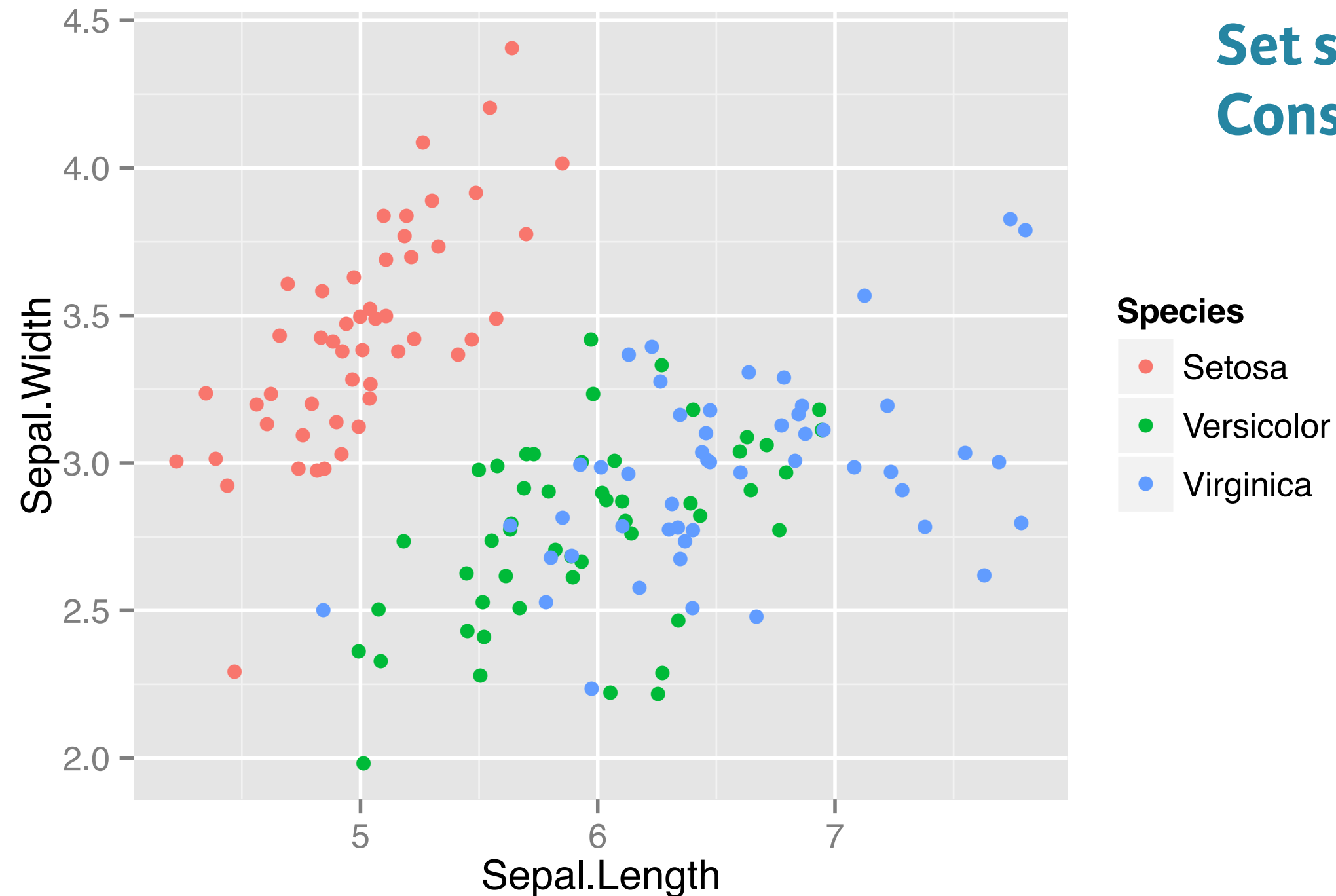
position jitter

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point(position = "jitter")
```



position jitter (2)

```
> posn.j <- position_jitter(width = 0.1)
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +
  geom_point(position = posn.j)
```



Set specific arguments for the position
Consistency in jitter across plots

because we can re-use that position
in all our plots

Scale Functions

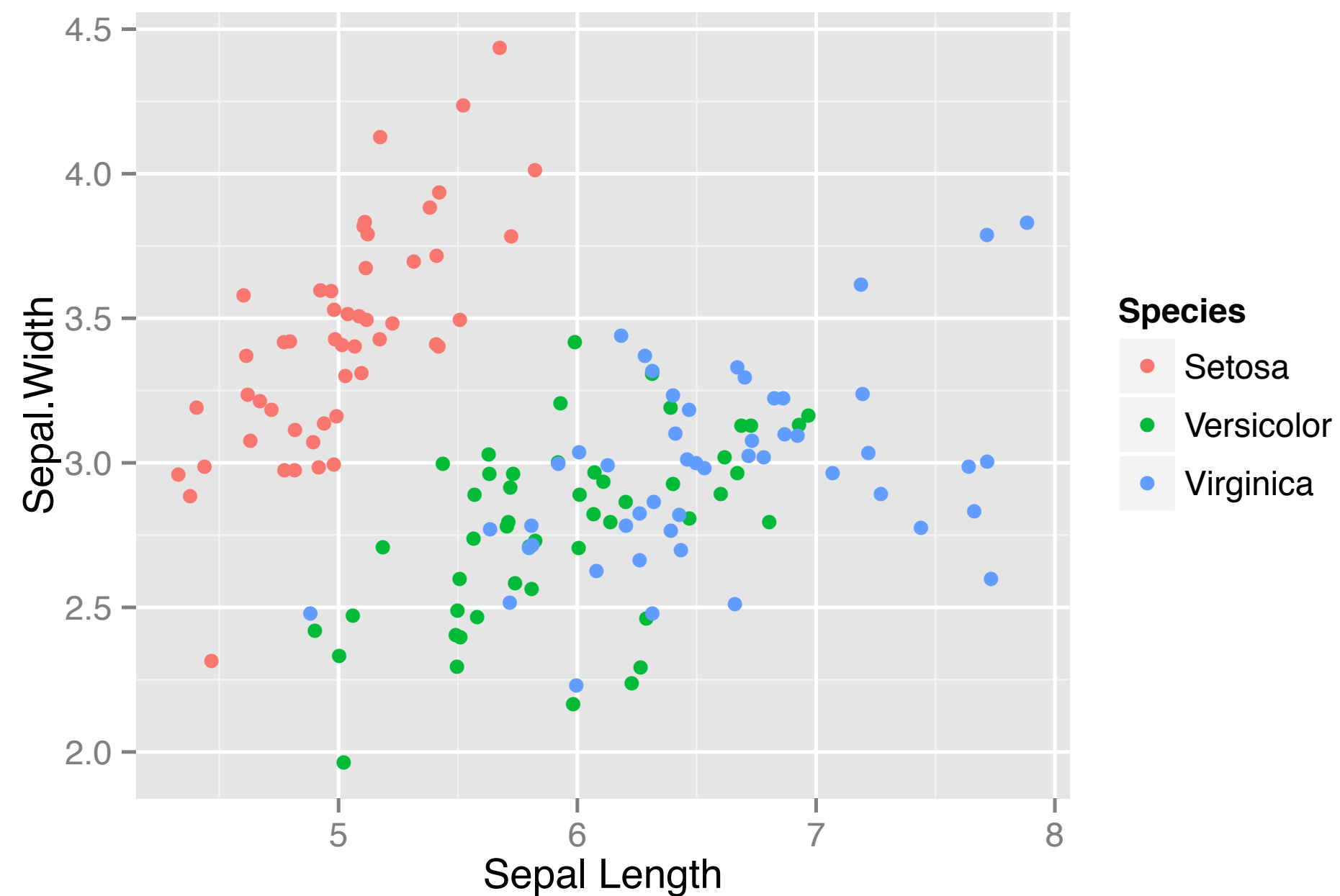
- `scale_x...` each of the aesthetics is a scale which we map data onto. Color is a scale and x and y is a scale therefore we can access them with scale underscore functions
- `scale_y...` factor - discrete - categorical - qualitative (depending on context but they all are the same)
- `scale_color...` first argument is the name of the scale. then the most common are:
 - limits - the limits of the scale
- `scale_fill...` breaks - controls the breaks in the guide
- `scale_color...` expand - numeric vector of length 2 that controls space between axes and data
- `scale_shape...` labels - are just the category names (such as in legend)
- `scale_linetype...`

Scale Functions

- `scale_x_continuous`
- `scale_y...`
- `scale_color_discrete`
- `scale_fill...`
- `scale_color...`
- `scale_shape...`
- `scale_linetype...`

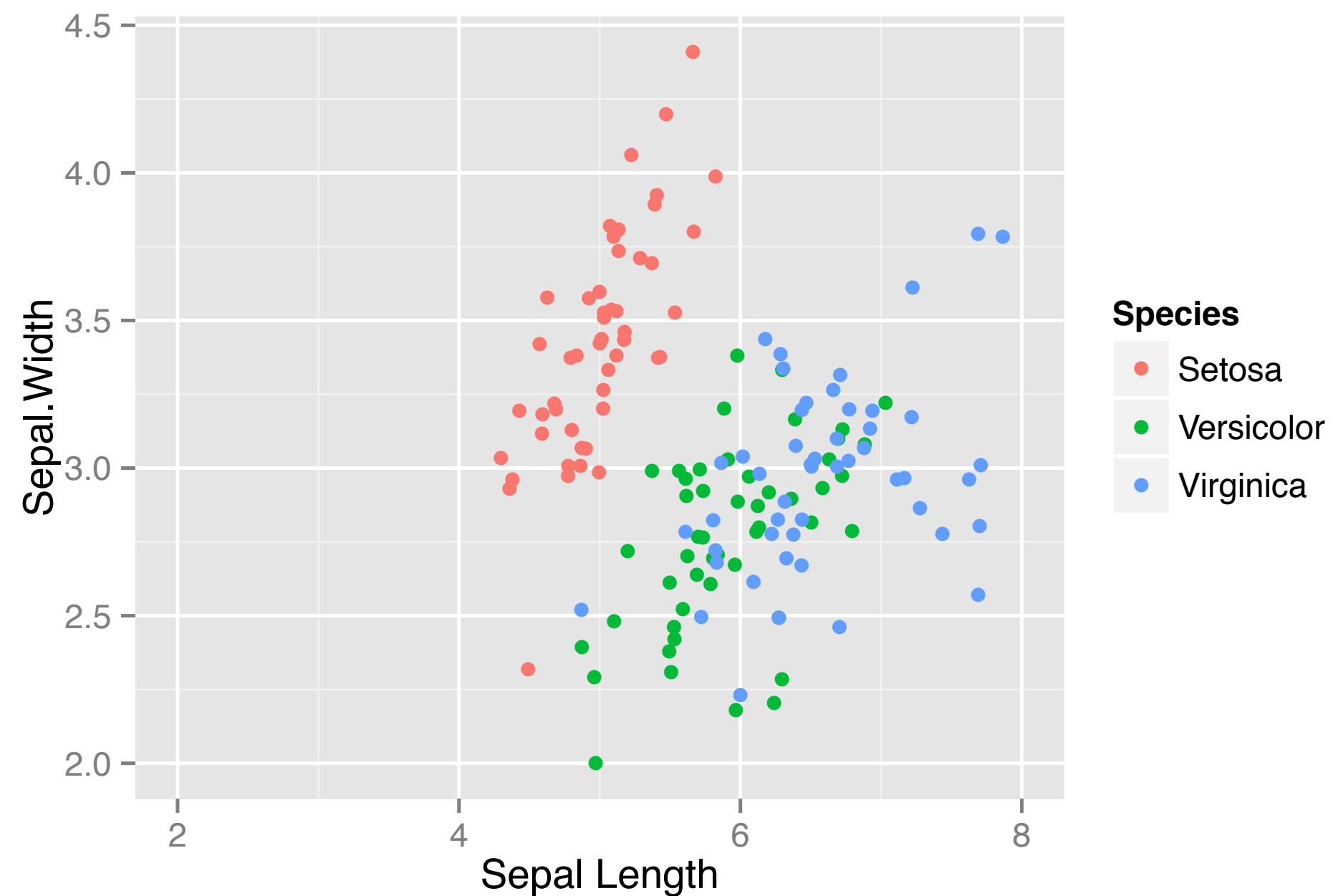
scale_

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point(position = "jitter") +  
  scale_x_continuous("Sepal Length") +  
  scale_color_discrete("Species")
```



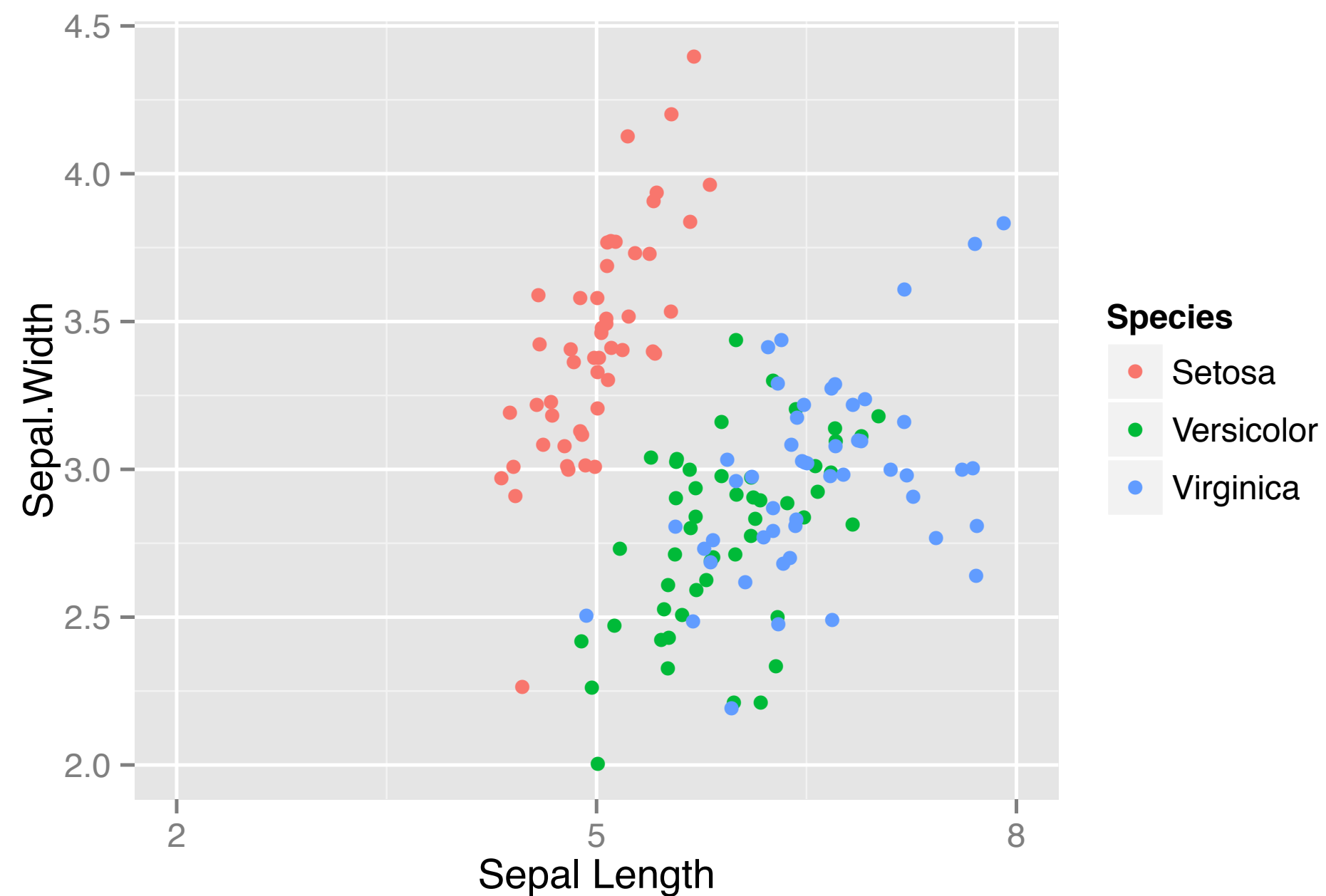
limit

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point(position = "jitter") +  
  scale_x_continuous("Sepal Length", limits = c(2, 8)) +  
  scale_color_discrete("Species")
```



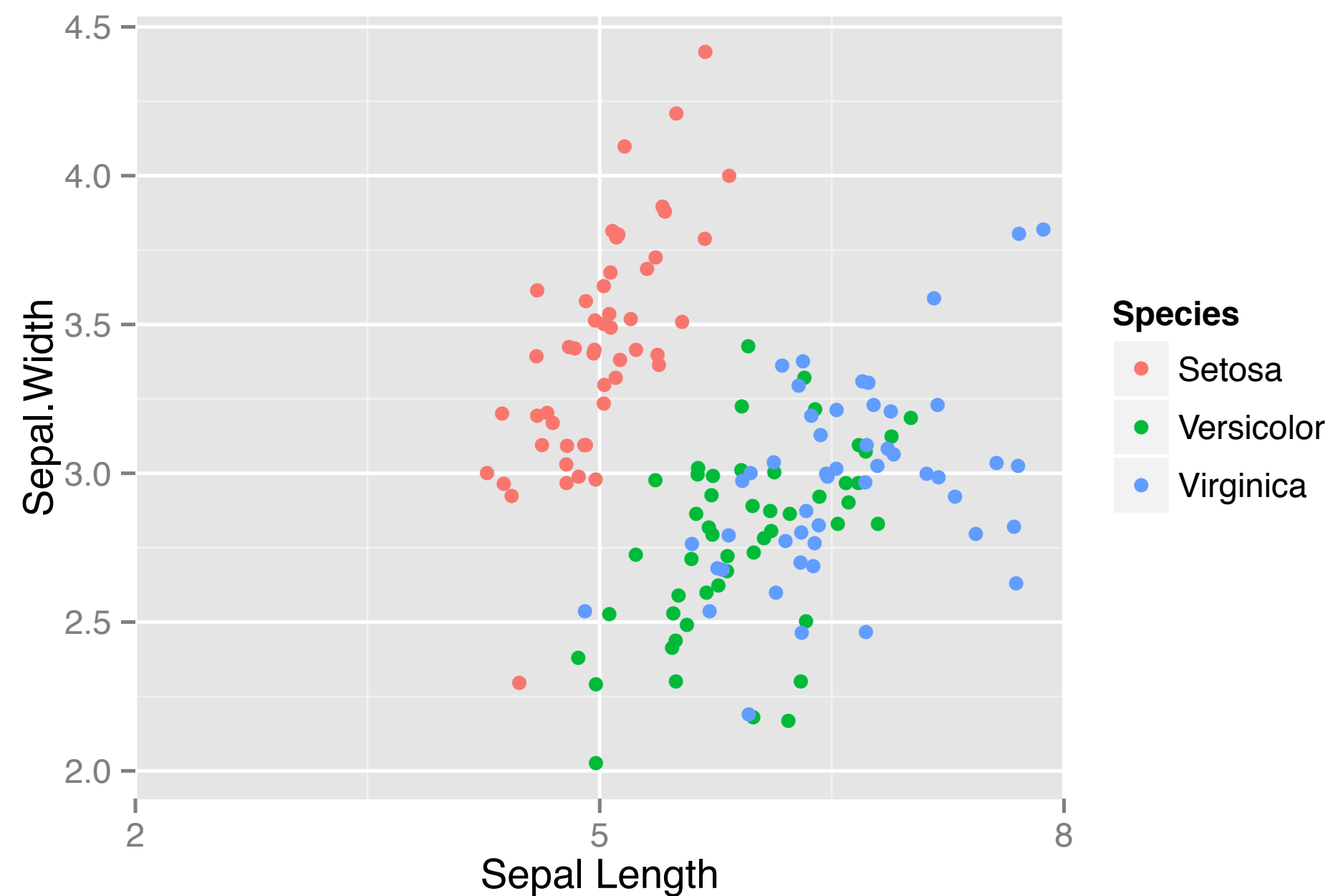
breaks

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point(position = "jitter") +  
  scale_x_continuous("Sepal Length", limits = c(2, 8),  
                    breaks = seq(2, 8, 3)) +  
  scale_color_discrete("Species")
```



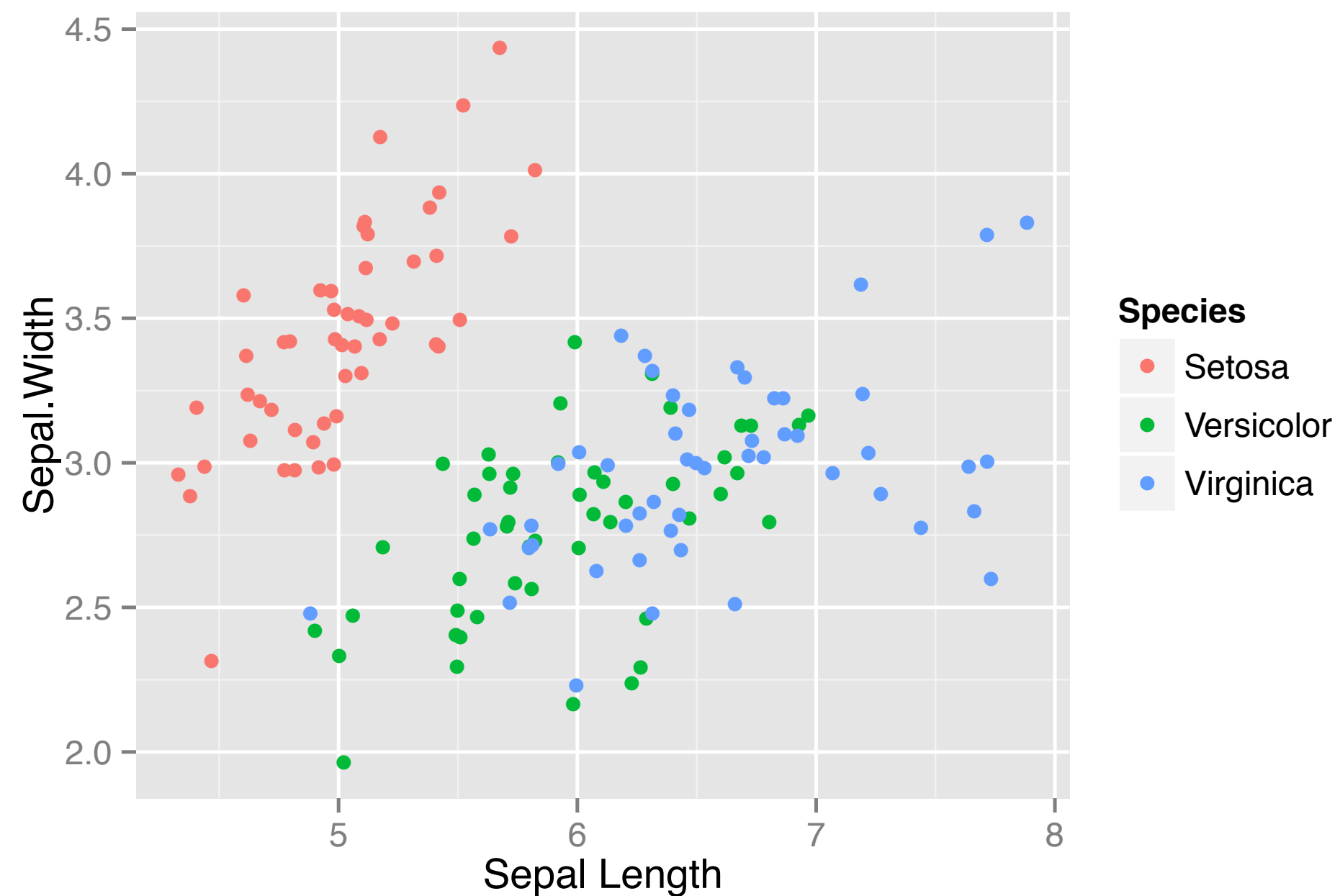
expand

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point(position = "jitter") +  
  scale_x_continuous("Sepal Length", limits = c(2, 8),  
                    breaks = seq(2, 8, 3), expand = c(0, 0)) +  
  scale_color_discrete("Species")
```



labels

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point(position = "jitter") +  
  scale_x_continuous("Sepal Length", limits = c(2, 8),  
                    breaks = seq(2, 8, 3), expand = c(0, 0)) +  
  scale_color_discrete("Species",  
                      labels = c("Setosa", "Versicolour", "Virginica"))
```



labs

```
> ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +  
  geom_point(position = "jitter") +  
  labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width", col = "Species")
```

