

# Stacks – Exercises

Ex 1

Consider the mathematical expression that includes several sets of nested parentheses, for example,

$$7 - ((x * ((x + y)) / (j-3) + y) / (4 - 2.5))$$

We want to ensure that the parentheses are nested correctly ; that is, we want to check that

- there are an equal number of right and left parentheses
- every right parenthesis is preceded by a matching left parenthesis

Expressions such as ((a+b) or a+b( violate condition 1.

Expressions such as ) a+b ( -c or (a + b)) – (c + d violate condition 2.

- 1.** Devise an algorithm for solving this problem, then write the corresponding C program (**with or without using stacks**)
- 2.** What if expressions have different types of brackets () [] {} as in the following expression

$$7 - \{ [ x * [ ( x + y ) / ( j - 3 ) ] + y ] / ( 4 - 2.5 ) \}$$

Devise an algorithm for solving this problem, then write the corresponding C program.

## Ex 2 – Calculator

Consider the following operation :  $((a + b) * (c - (d - e)) ^ (f+g))$ . This is called an infix expression as the binary operators are between operands.

To do the calculation, we are going to split this into 2 distinct operations :

1. Transform the infix expression into a postfix expression. For instance :  
 $ab + c * de - - fg + ^$

The interesting part of this transformation is that we don't need parentheses anymore to express the precedence between operations !

Design an algorithm that takes a string as an infix expression and transforms it into an postfix expression then write its corresponding C program.

2. Design an algorithm to evaluate the postfix expression, then write its corresponding C program