

Computer Network

Spring 2019

Problem Set 3

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May 14, 2019

This problem set has six questions. Please answer them clearly and concisely. Your solutions must be your own.

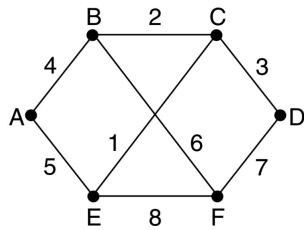
Send your solution file to TA's email address with both **subject** and **file-name** formatted like ID-NAME-PS1-SOLUTION.DOC/.PDF. Turn in your solution before **Wednesday, May 29, 2019**.

1 Short-answer questions

- (1) Tell the desirable properties in a routing algorithms.
- (2) Show the comparison of Virtual-Circuit and Datagram Networks.
- (3) Tell the differences between IPv4 and IPv6, and show the goals of IPv6.
- (4) Explain the OSPF and BGP protocol briefly.

2 Calculation

- (1) Consider the network of figure(a) below. Distance vector routing is used, and the following vectors have just come in to router C: from B: (5, 0, 8, 12, 6, 2); from D: (16, 12, 6, 0, 9, 10); and from E: (7, 6, 3, 9, 0, 4). The cost of the links from C to B, D, and E, are 6, 3, and 5, respectively. What is C's new routing table? Give both the outgoing line to use and the cost.



(a)

(2) A router has the following (CIDR) entries in its routing table:

Address/mask	Next hop
135.46.56.0/22	Interface 0
135.46.60.0/22	Interface 1
192.53.40.0/23	Router 1
default	Router 2

For each of the following IP addresses, what does the router do if a packet with that address arrives? (You are expected to specify the destination(Next hop) for the packet from IP addresses below)

- (a) 135.46.63.10
- (b) 135.46.57.14
- (c) 135.46.52.2
- (d) 192.53.40.7
- (e) 192.53.56.7