Banta's characteristics of effective outcomes assessment

- A. Planning
- B. implementation
- C. improving and sustaining

A. Planning

- 1. Involve stakeholders from the outset
- 2. Begin when need is recognized, and allow sufficient time for development
- 3. Written plan with clear purposes related to goals that people value. Assessment is a vehicle for improvement.
- 4. Bases assessment on clear program outcomes

B. Implementation

- 5. Knowledgeable, effective leadership
- 6. Recognizes that assessment is essential to learning, and everyone's responsibility
- 7. Include faculty and staff development
- 8. Devolves responsibility for assessment to unit level.
- 9. Uses multiple measures, maximizing reliability and validity
- 10. Assesses both processes and outcomes.
- 11. Undertaken in an environment that is receptive, supporting, and enabling on a continuing basis.
- 12. Continuous communication with constituents about activities and findings.

C. Improving and sustaining

- 13. Produces credible evidence of learning and organizational effectiveness.
- 14. Ensures assessment data is used continuously to improve programs and services.
- 15. Provides a vehicle or demonstrating accountability to stakeholders.
- 16. Encompasses expectation that outcomes assessment will be ongoing, not episodic.
- 17. Incorporates ongoing evaluation and improvement of assessment process.

From: T. Banta (2002), Building Scholarship of Assessment. Jossey-Bass, ch.14

Continuous program improvement process

