

## OBSERVATIONS:

To find rise in capillary tube,

Microscopic reading without field ( $h_1$ ) = 6.624 cm

$$TR = MSR + (VSC \times LC)$$

$$LC = \underline{0.001 \text{ cm}}$$

S.No	Current (i)	Field (H)	Travelling microscope readings ( $h_2$ )			Difference $h = h_1 - h_2$	$h/H^2$ ( $m^{-1}$ )
	Ampere	Gauss	MSR (cm)	VSC (div)	TR cm	$\times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$	
1	5	1060	6.55	2	6.65	0.028	$2.50 \times 10^{-6}$
2	10	1930	6.75	20	6.77	0.176	$3.90 \times 10^{-6}$
3	15	2760	6.8	5	6.805	0.181	$2.40 \times 10^{-6}$
4	20	3670	6.93	22	6.972	0.348	$2.60 \times 10^{-6}$
5	25	4170	7.05	1	7.651	0.427	$2.50 \times 10^{-6}$
6	30	5270	7.2	3	7.203	0.379	$2.10 \times 10^{-6}$

$$\text{Mean } h/H^2 = \underline{2.63 \times 10^{-6}}$$



### OBSERVATION:-

$\rho$  = density of the liquid (or) Solution

$$= 1480 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$\sigma$  = density of air =  $1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

### Calculation:-

The magnetic Susceptibility of the given Solution;

$$\chi = \frac{2(\rho - \sigma)gh}{H^2}$$

$$\sigma = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\rho = 1480 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$1. \quad 2(1480 - 1) \times 9.81 \times 2.65 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{0.076}$$

$$2. \quad 2(1479) \times 9.81 \times 3.90 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{0.07}$$

$$3. \quad 2(1479) \times 9.81 \times 2.40 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{0.06}$$

$$4. \quad 2(1479) \times 9.81 \times 2.60 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{0.075}$$

$$\text{Mean} = \underline{18.89 \text{ kgm}^{-1}\text{s}^{-2}\text{gauss}^{-2}}$$