

SRM Institute of Science and Technology Kattankulathur

DEPARTMENT OF MEATHEMATICS





18MAB102T ADVANCED CALCULUS & COMPLEX ANALYSIS

UNIT - II Vector Calculus

| | | Tutorial Sheet - 2 | | |
|----------|--|--|-------------------|--|
| | Sl.No. | Questions | Answer | |
| Part – A | | | | |
| 1 | If $\vec{F} = x^2 \vec{i} + y^2 \vec{j}$, evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ from (0,0) to (1,1) along the path | | $\frac{7}{12}$ | |
| | y = x. | | | |
| 2 | Show that $\vec{F} = (4xy - 3x^2z^2)\vec{i} + 2x^2\vec{j} - 2x^3z\vec{k}$ is a conservative field. | | 0 | |
| 3 | Find the wo | | | |
| | $\vec{A} = 3x^2 \vec{i} + (2x^2 + 2x^2) + (2x^2 + 2x^2)$ | $\frac{13}{6}$ | | |
| 4 | Using Green' | 0 | | |
| | is the closed of | curve of the region bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y^2 = x$. | | |
| 5 | Evaluate $\iint_{S} \vec{A}$ | $\hat{n} ds$, where $\vec{A} = z \vec{i} + x \vec{j} - 3y^2 z \vec{k}$ and S is surface of | of 90 | |
| | the cylinder $z = 5$. | $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ included in the first octant below $z = 0$ and | | |
| Part – B | | | | |
| 6 | the scalar pot | $=(2xy+z^3)\vec{i}+x^2\vec{j}+3xz^2\vec{k}$ is a conservative field. Find tential and the work done is moving an object in this -2, 1) to (3, 1, 4). | 202 units | |
| 7 | Verify G | reen's theorem in the plane for $(x + (4y - 6xy)dy)$ where C is the boundary of region | (a) $\frac{3}{2}$ | |
| | | a) $y = \sqrt{x}$; $y = x^2$ and (b) $x = 0$; $y = 0$; $x + y = 1$. | (b) $\frac{5}{3}$ | |
| 8 | Verify Green's theorem in the plane for $\int_C (x^2 - 2xy)dx + (x^2y + 3)dy$ where C is the boundary of region bounded by $y^2 = 8x$; $x = 2$. | | 128 5 | |
| 9 | $\operatorname{Find} \int_C (x^2 + y^2)$ | $-2ab^2$ | | |
| | bounded by $x = 0$, $x = a$, $y = b$, $y = 0$. | | | |
| 10 | Evaluate $\iint_{S} \vec{A} \cdot \hat{n} ds$, where $\vec{A} = (x^2 + y^2) \vec{i} - 2x \vec{j} + 2yz\vec{k}$ and S is | | 81 | |
| | the surface of the plane $2x + y + 2z = 6$ in the first quadrant. | | | |