

Test: FT-IV

Date: 24/04/2024

Course Code &amp; Title: 21MAB203T-Probability and Stochastic Processes

Duration: 1 hr 40 Minutes.

Year / Sem: II/IV

Max. Marks: 50

At the end of this course, learners will be able to:		Program Outcomes (PO)											
Course Outcomes (CO)	Learning Bloom's Level	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO1 Evaluate the characteristics of discrete and continuous random variables	4	3	3										
CO2 Explain the model and analyze system is using two-dimensional random variables	4	3	3										
CO3 Classify limit theorems and evaluate upper bounds using various inequalities	4	3	3										
CO4 Analyze the characteristics of random processes	4	3	3										
CO5 Examine problems in spectral density functions and linear time-invariant systems	4	3	3										

**Part-A (1 x 4 = 4 Marks)**

Answer ALL the Questions

Q. No	Question	Marks	BL	CO	PO
1.	The maximum value of $R_{XX}(\tau)$ is obtained at the point <div> <span>(a) <math>\tau=0</math></span> <span>(b) <math>\tau=1</math></span> <span>(c) <math>\tau=\infty</math></span> <span>(d) <math>\tau=-\infty</math></span> </div>	1	1	4	1,2
2.	The ____ of the random process $\{X(t)\}$ is the expected value of the random variable $X$ at time $t$ <div> <span>(a) time average</span> <span>(b) ensemble average</span> <span>(c) variance</span> <span>(d) average power</span> </div>	1	1	4	1,2
3.	The value of the spectral density function at zero frequency is equal to the total area under the graph of the <div> <span>(a) autocorrelation function</span> <span>(b) spectral density function</span> <span>(c) cross power spectral density</span> <span>(d) cross correlation function</span> </div>	1	1	5	1,2
4.	A linear time invariant system is said to be ____ if its response to any bounded input is bounded. <div> <span>(a) unstable</span> <span>(b) transient</span> <span>(c) stable</span> <span>(d) saturated</span> </div>	1	1	5	1,2

**Part – B (8 x 2 = 16 Marks)**

Answer any two questions

5.	If $\{X(t)\}$ is a WSS process with autocorrelation function $R_{XX}(\tau)$ and if $Y(t) = X(t+a) - X(t-a)$ show that $R_{YY}(\tau) = 2R_{XX}(\tau) - R_{XX}(\tau+2a) - R_{XX}(\tau-2a)$ .	8	2	4	1,2
6.	If the PSD of a WSS process is given by $S_{XX}(\omega) = \begin{cases} \frac{b}{a}(a- \omega ) &  \omega  \leq a \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ find the autocorrelation of the process.	8	4	4	1,2
7(i).	Find the mean and variance of the process given by $R_{XX}(\tau) = 25 + \frac{4}{1+\tau^2}$	4	3	5	1,2
7(ii).	Examine whether the following system is time invariant: $y(t) = t x(t)$ .	4	3	5	1,2

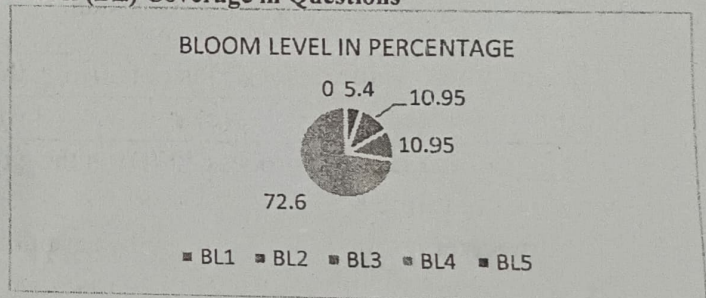
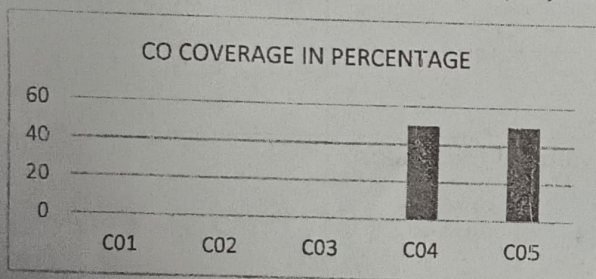


**Part - C (15 x 2 = 30 Marks)**

**Answer any two question**

8.	Consider two random processes $X(t) = 3 \cos(\omega t + \theta)$ and $Y(t) = 2 \cos(\omega t + \theta - \pi/2)$ where $\theta$ is a random variable uniformly distributed in $(0, 2\pi)$ . Prove that $\sqrt{R_{XX}(0)R_{YY}(0)} \geq  R_{XY}(\tau) $ .	15	4	4	1,2
9.	Given the PSD $S_{XX}(\omega) = \frac{157 + 12\omega^2}{(16 + \omega^2)(9 + \omega^2)}$ find the average power.	15	4	4	1,2
10(i).	The process $\{X(t)\}$ , whose probability distribution under certain conditions is given by $P\{X(t) = n\} = \frac{(at)^{n-1}}{(1+at)^{n+1}}, n = 1, 2, \dots$ $= \frac{at}{1+at}, n = 0$ Show that it is not stationary.	8	4	5	1,2
10(ii).	A circuit has unit impulse response given by $h(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{T} & 0 \leq t \leq T \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ Evaluate $S_{YY}(\omega)$ in terms of $S_{XX}(\omega)$ .	7	4	5	1,2

**Course Outcome (CO) and Bloom's level (BL) Coverage in Questions**



Name of the Student:

Register No.:

R	A																		
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**Evaluation Sheet**

Part- A (4* 1= 4 Marks)			
Q. No	CO	Marks Obtained	Total
1	2		
2	2		
3	3		
4	3		
Part- B (8*2= 16 Marks)			
5	2		
6	3		
7(i)	2		
7(ii)	3		
Part- C (15*2= 30 Marks)			
8	2		
9	3		
10(i)	2		
10(ii)	3		

**Consolidated Marks:**

CO	Marks Scored
CO4	
CO5	
Total	