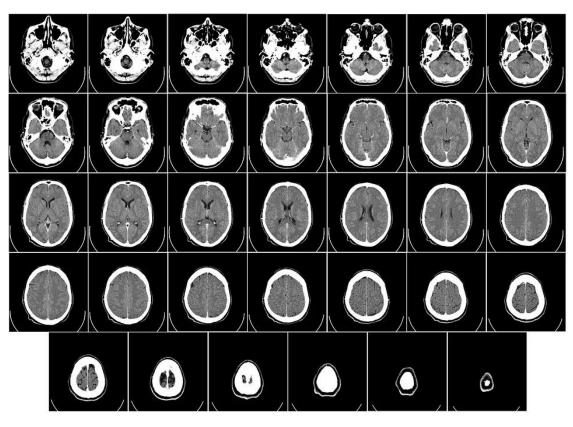
Brain Tumor Classification (CT Scan Images) using SkipNet Architecture

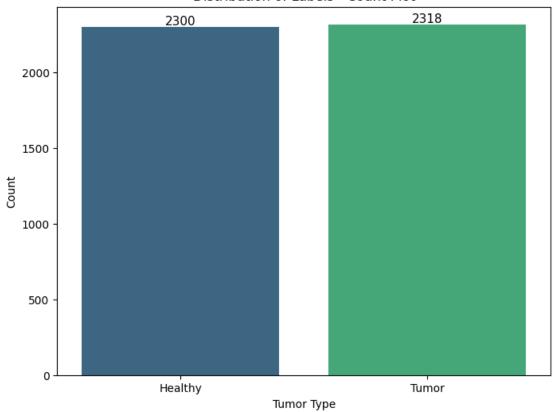


```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
base_path = "/kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-and-
mri/Dataset/Brain Tumor CT scan Images/"
categories = ["Healthy","Tumor"]
image_paths = []
labels = []
for category in categories:
    category_path = os.path.join(base_path, category)
    for image_name in os.listdir(category_path):
        image_path = os.path.join(category_path, image_name)
        image_paths.append(image_path)
        labels.append(category)
df = pd.DataFrame({
    "image_path": image_paths,
    "label": labels
})
```

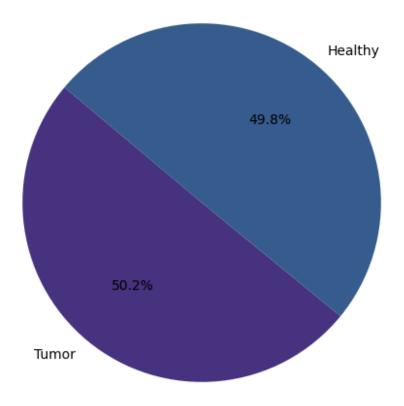
```
df.head()
                                                         label
                                          image path
0 /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                       Healthy
1 /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                       Healthy
2 /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                       Healthy
  /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                       Healthy
4 /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                       Healthy
df.tail()
                                                         label
                                              image_path
     /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                          Tumor
4614
     /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                          Tumor
4615
     /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                          Tumor
     /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                          Tumor
4616
     /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
4617
                                                          Tumor
df.shape
(4618, 2)
df.columns
Index(['image_path', 'label'], dtype='object')
df.duplicated().sum()
0
df.isnull().sum()
image_path
label
              0
dtype: int64
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4618 entries, 0 to 4617
Data columns (total 2 columns):
#
                 Non-Null Count Dtype
    Column
 0
     image path 4618 non-null
                                 object
 1
     label
                 4618 non-null
                                 object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 72.3+ KB
df['label'].unique()
array(['Healthy', 'Tumor'], dtype=object)
df['label'].value_counts()
```

```
label
Tumor
          2318
Healthy
          2300
Name: count, dtype: int64
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.countplot(data=df, x="label", palette="viridis")
plt.title("Distribution of Labels - Count Plot")
plt.xlabel("Tumor Type")
plt.ylabel("Count")
for p in plt.gca().patches:
    plt.gca().annotate(f'{int(p.get_height())}',
                       (p.get_x() + p.get_width() / 2., p.get_height()),
                       ha='center', va='center', fontsize=11, color='black',
xytext=(0, 5),
                       textcoords='offset points')
plt.show()
label_counts = df['label'].value_counts()
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.pie(label counts, labels=label counts.index, autopct='%1.1f%%',
startangle=140, colors=sns.color_palette("viridis"))
plt.title("Distribution of Labels - Pie Chart")
plt.show()
```

Distribution of Labels - Count Plot



Distribution of Labels - Pie Chart



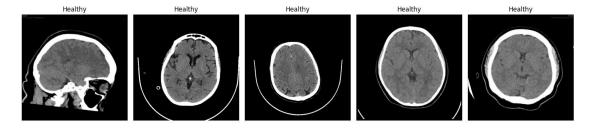
```
import cv2
num_images = 5
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 12))

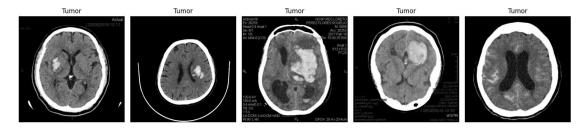
for i, category in enumerate(categories):
    category_images = df[df['label'] ==
category]['image_path'].iloc[:num_images]

for j, img_path in enumerate(category_images):
    img = cv2.imread(img_path)
    img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

    plt.subplot(len(categories), num_images, i * num_images + j + 1)
    plt.imshow(img)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.title(category)
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

```
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['category_encoded'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['label'])
df = df[['image_path', 'category_encoded']]
from imblearn.over_sampling import RandomOverSampler
ros = RandomOverSampler(random_state=42)
X_resampled, y_resampled = ros.fit_resample(df[['image_path']],
df['category_encoded'])
df resampled = pd.DataFrame(X resampled, columns=['image path'])
df_resampled['category_encoded'] = y_resampled
print("\nClass distribution after oversampling:")
print(df_resampled['category_encoded'].value_counts())
Class distribution after oversampling:
category_encoded
     2318
0
     2318
Name: count, dtype: int64
df_resampled
```

```
image_path category_encoded
      /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
0
1
      /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                                         0
2
      /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                                         0
3
      /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                                         0
4
      /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                                         0
4631 /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                                         0
4632 /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                                         0
4633 /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                                         0
4634 /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                                         0
4635 /kaggle/input/brain-tumor-multimodal-image-ct-...
                                                                         0
[4636 rows x 2 columns]
df_resampled['category_encoded'] =
df_resampled['category_encoded'].astype(str)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense,
Activation, Dropout, BatchNormalization
from tensorflow.keras import regularizers
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
print ('check')
check
train_df_new, temp_df_new = train_test_split(
    df_resampled,
    train_size=0.8,
    shuffle=True,
    random state=42,
    stratify=df resampled['category encoded']
)
valid_df_new, test_df_new = train_test_split(
    temp_df_new,
    test size=0.5,
    shuffle=True,
    random state=42,
```

```
stratify=temp df new['category encoded']
)
batch_size = 16
img_size = (224, 224)
channels = 3
img_shape = (img_size[0], img_size[1], channels)
tr_gen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
ts_gen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
train_gen_new = tr_gen.flow_from_dataframe(
    train_df_new,
    x_col='image_path',
   y_col='category_encoded',
    target_size=img_size,
    class_mode='binary',
    color_mode='rgb',
    shuffle=True,
    batch_size=batch_size
)
valid_gen_new = ts_gen.flow_from_dataframe(
    valid df new,
    x_col='image_path',
    y_col='category_encoded',
    target_size=img_size,
    class_mode='binary',
    color_mode='rgb',
    shuffle=True,
    batch_size=batch_size
)
test_gen_new = ts_gen.flow_from_dataframe(
    test_df_new,
    x_col='image_path',
    y_col='category_encoded',
    target_size=img_size,
    class_mode='binary',
    color_mode='rgb',
    shuffle=False,
    batch_size=batch_size
)
Found 3708 validated image filenames belonging to 2 classes.
Found 464 validated image filenames belonging to 2 classes.
Found 464 validated image filenames belonging to 2 classes.
```

```
import tensorflow as tf
print("Num GPUs Available: ", len(tf.config.list physical devices('GPU')))
Num GPUs Available: 2
gpus = tf.config.list physical devices('GPU')
if gpus:
   try:
        for gpu in gpus:
            tf.config.experimental.set_memory_growth(gpu, True)
        print("GPU is set for TensorFlow")
    except RuntimeError as e:
        print(e)
GPU is set for TensorFlow
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
class SpatialAttentionLayer(nn.Module):
    def init (self, in channels):
        super(SpatialAttentionLayer, self). init ()
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels, in_channels // 2, kernel_size=1)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(in channels // 2, 1, kernel size=3, padding=1,
dilation=1)
        self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(1, 1, kernel_size=3, padding=2, dilation=2)
        self.sigmoid = nn.Sigmoid()
    def forward(self, x):
        attention = self.conv1(x)
        attention = F.relu(self.conv2(attention))
        attention = self.sigmoid(self.conv3(attention))
        return x * attention
class CNNBlock(nn.Module):
    def init (self, in channels, out channels):
        super(CNNBlock, self).__init__()
        self.spatial_attention = SpatialAttentionLayer(in_channels)
        self.conv = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(in channels, out channels, kernel size=3, padding=1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(out channels),
            nn.ReLU()
        )
    def forward(self, x):
        x = self.spatial attention(x)
        return self.conv(x)
```

```
class SKIPNet(nn.Module):
    def init (self, num classes=3):
        super(SKIPNet, self).__init__()
        self.block1 = CNNBlock(3, 32)
        self.block2 = CNNBlock(32, 64)
        self.block3 = CNNBlock(64, 128)
        self.dropout = nn.Dropout(0.5)
        self.downsample = nn.Conv2d(128, 128, kernel size=2, stride=2)
        self.final_attention = SpatialAttentionLayer(128)
        self.fc = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Flatten(),
            nn.Linear(128 * 16 * 16, 256),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Linear(256, num_classes)
        )
    def forward(self, x):
       x = self.block1(x)
       x = self.dropout(x)
        x = self.block2(x)
       x = self.dropout(x)
       x = self.block3(x)
       x = self.dropout(x)
       x = self.downsample(x)
        x = self.final attention(x)
        x = self.fc(x)
        return x
model = SKIPNet(num classes=3)
print(model)
SKIPNet(
  (block1): CNNBlock(
    (spatial attention): SpatialAttentionLayer(
      (conv1): Conv2d(3, 1, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
      (conv2): Conv2d(1, 1, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
      (conv3): Conv2d(1, 1, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(2,
2), dilation=(2, 2))
      (sigmoid): Sigmoid()
    (conv): Sequential(
      (0): Conv2d(3, 32, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (1): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (2): ReLU()
  (block2): CNNBlock(
    (spatial_attention): SpatialAttentionLayer(
```

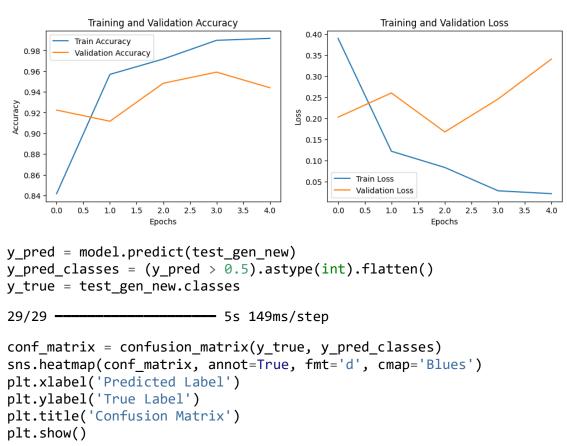
```
(conv1): Conv2d(32, 16, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
      (conv2): Conv2d(16, 1, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
      (conv3): Conv2d(1, 1, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(2,
2), dilation=(2, 2))
      (sigmoid): Sigmoid()
    (conv): Sequential(
      (0): Conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
      (2): ReLU()
    )
  (block3): CNNBlock(
    (spatial attention): SpatialAttentionLayer(
      (conv1): Conv2d(64, 32, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
      (conv2): Conv2d(32, 1, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
      (conv3): Conv2d(1, 1, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(2,
2), dilation=(2, 2))
      (sigmoid): Sigmoid()
    (conv): Sequential(
      (0): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (2): ReLU()
    )
  )
  (dropout): Dropout(p=0.5, inplace=False)
  (downsample): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(2, 2), stride=(2, 2))
  (final attention): SpatialAttentionLayer(
    (conv1): Conv2d(128, 64, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
    (conv2): Conv2d(64, 1, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
    (conv3): Conv2d(1, 1, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(2, 2),
dilation=(2, 2))
    (sigmoid): Sigmoid()
  )
  (fc): Sequential(
    (0): Flatten(start_dim=1, end_dim=-1)
    (1): Linear(in_features=32768, out_features=256, bias=True)
    (2): ReLU()
    (3): Linear(in_features=256, out_features=3, bias=True)
  )
)
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
```

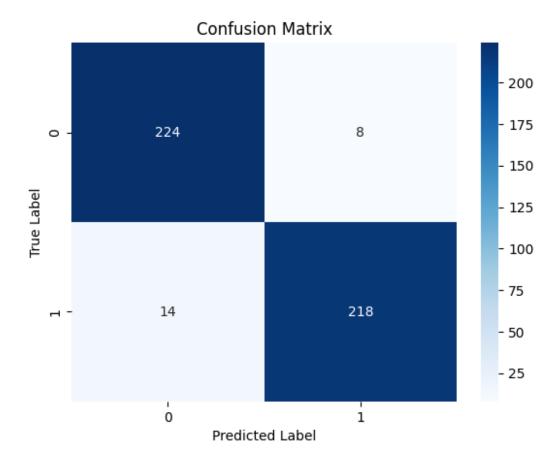
```
class SpatialAttentionLayer(keras.layers.Layer):
    def init (self, **kwargs):
        super(SpatialAttentionLayer, self). init (**kwargs)
        self.conv1 = layers.Conv2D(32, kernel size=1, activation='relu')
        self.conv2 = layers.Conv2D(1, kernel size=3, padding='same',
activation='sigmoid')
    def call(self, inputs):
        attention = self.conv1(inputs)
        attention = self.conv2(attention)
        return inputs * attention
class CNNBlock(keras.layers.Layer):
    def __init__(self, filters, **kwargs):
        super(CNNBlock, self).__init__(**kwargs)
        self.spatial attention = SpatialAttentionLayer()
        self.conv = keras.Sequential([
            layers.Conv2D(filters, kernel size=3, padding='same',
activation='relu'),
            layers.BatchNormalization(),
            layers.ReLU()
        1)
    def call(self, inputs):
        x = self.spatial_attention(inputs)
        return self.conv(x)
class SKIPNet(keras.Model):
    def init (self, num classes=2):
        super(SKIPNet, self).__init__()
        self.block1 = CNNBlock(32)
        self.block2 = CNNBlock(64)
        self.block3 = CNNBlock(128)
        self.dropout = layers.Dropout(0.5)
        self.downsample = layers.Conv2D(128, kernel size=2, strides=2)
        self.final attention = SpatialAttentionLayer()
        self.flatten = layers.Flatten()
        self.fc1 = layers.Dense(256, activation='relu')
        self.fc2 = layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
    def call(self, inputs):
        x = self.block1(inputs)
        x = self.dropout(x)
        x = self.block2(x)
        x = self.dropout(x)
        x = self.block3(x)
        x = self.dropout(x)
        x = self.downsample(x)
```

```
x = self.final attention(x)
       x = self.flatten(x)
       x = self.fc1(x)
       return self.fc2(x)
model = SKIPNet(num classes=2)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy',
metrics=['accuracy'])
model.build(input_shape=(None, 224, 224, 3))
history = model.fit(
   train gen new,
   validation data=valid gen new,
   epochs=5,
   batch size=16,
   verbose=1
)
Epoch 1/5
                  ------- 143s 400ms/step - accuracy: 0.7252 - loss:
232/232 ----
0.7376 - val_accuracy: 0.9224 - val_loss: 0.2028
Epoch 2/5
232/232 -
                   ------ 68s 291ms/step - accuracy: 0.9617 - loss: 0.1009
- val_accuracy: 0.9116 - val_loss: 0.2602
Epoch 3/5
             68s 292ms/step - accuracy: 0.9659 - loss: 0.1051
232/232 ----
- val_accuracy: 0.9483 - val_loss: 0.1678
Epoch 4/5
232/232 ————— 68s 292ms/step - accuracy: 0.9895 - loss: 0.0318
- val accuracy: 0.9591 - val loss: 0.2458
Epoch 5/5
               232/232 ----
- val accuracy: 0.9440 - val loss: 0.3404
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report
def plot history(history):
   plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
   plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
   plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
   plt.xlabel('Epochs')
   plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
   plt.legend()
   plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
   plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
plt.show()
```

plot_history(history)





print('Classification Report:\n', classification_report(y_true,
y_pred_classes))

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.94	0.97	0.95	232
1	0.96	0.94	0.95	232
accuracy			0.95	464
macro avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	464
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	464