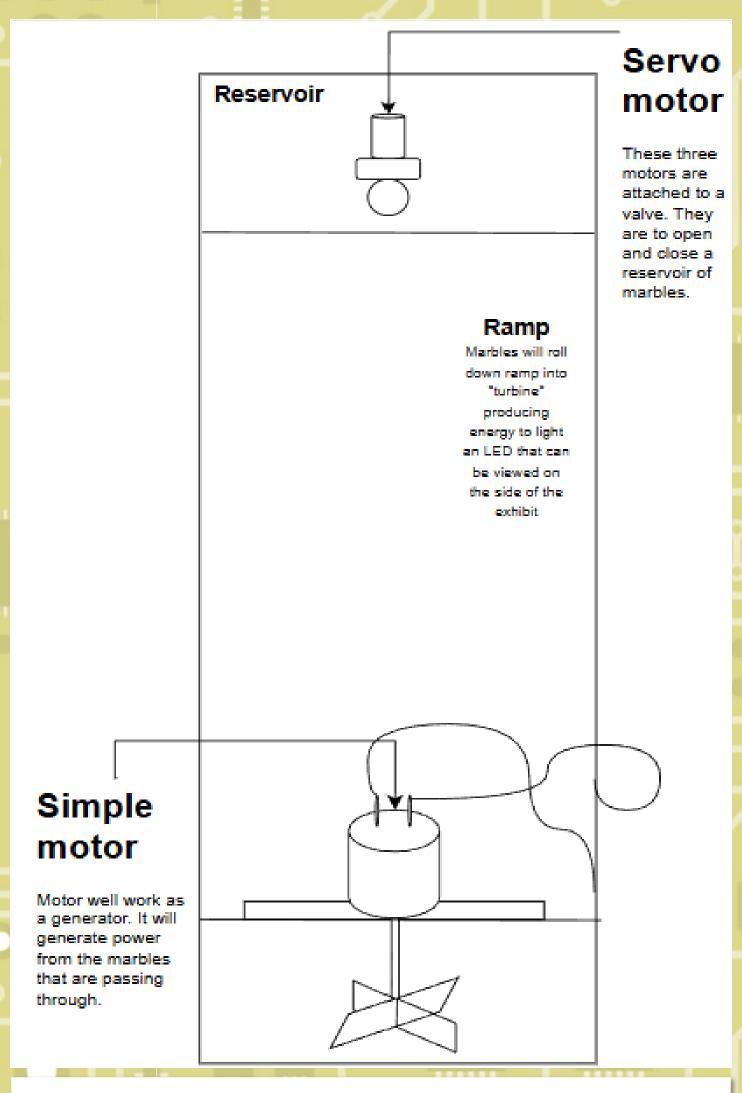
Dam Marbles

EGR314 Spring 2025: Embedded Systems Design Project II

Alexander Dooley, Frank Wade, Luis Saenz, Tyler Whipple



Concept Sketch and Ideation

This exhibit is a way to show young adults that everything,

both large or small can have energy. The energy on display

is gravitational potential energy which can change if the

height of the spheres changes. The transfer of energy

between the falling sphere and the lightbulb is done with

the aid of a generator.. **The audience** for this exhibit are

middle schoolers to highschoolers. Hydroelectric plants

have been turning out kilowatts of power for almost 150

years. Today the southwest uses wind power, solar power,

and nuclear power to provide energy. The user can control

how much "water" flows out by changing the valve opening

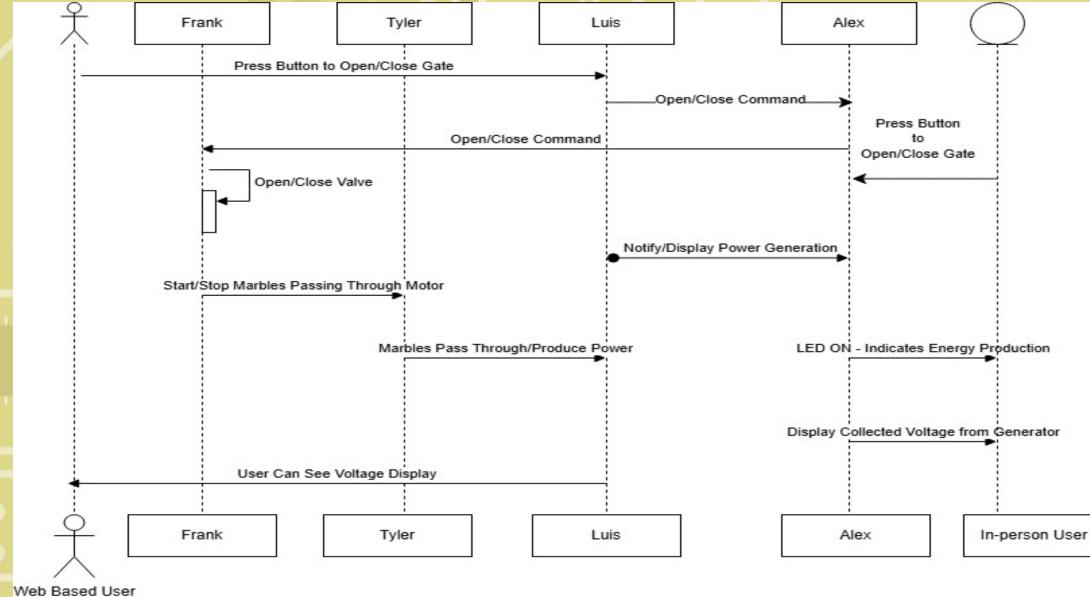
via the user interface. Then the hall effect senor reads the

rpm and ADC on the micro controller can give the voltage

produces by the simple motor. A LCD screen on the

interface displays all the relevant information while a

separate chip connects the device to Wi-Fi.



Block Diagram

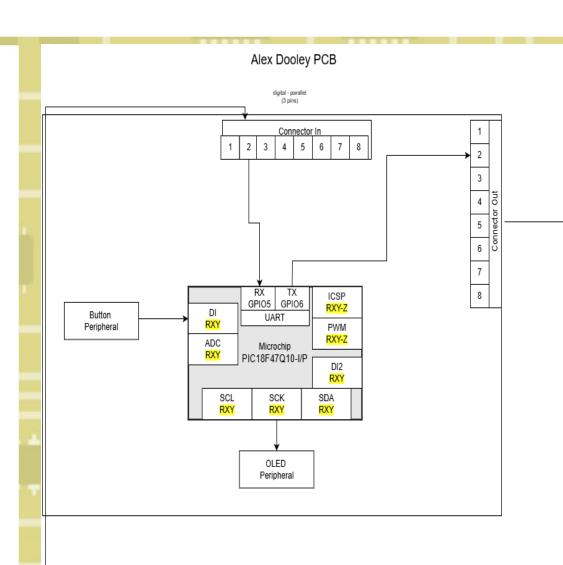
- Message Type 1:
 - Set specified motors direction
- Message Type 3:
 - Wifi error message
- Message Type 5:
 - Indicates uncommunicating subsystem
- Message Type 7:
- Status of sensor

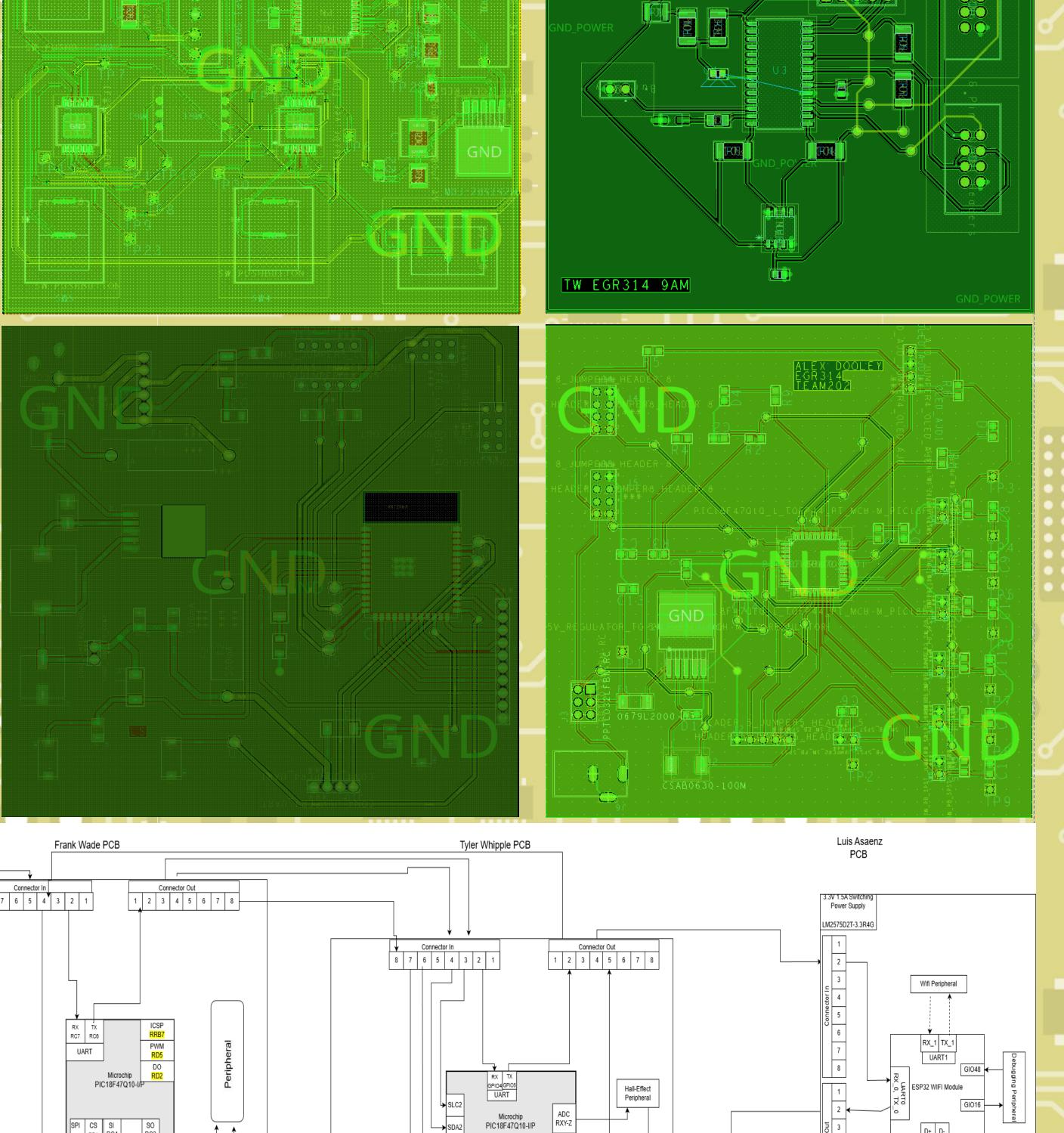
- Message Type 2:
- Sends specified sensor ID and its value
- Message Type 4:
- Wifi Status
- Message Type 6:
 - Status of motor
- Message Type 8:
- This is broadcast message

Block Diagram

- Sensor Tyler
- HMI Alex

 - o ESP32





Engineering

Arizona State University

5V 2A USB CON Power Supply

Block Diagram - Luis Saenz Team 202



- Servo motor
- o PIC
- - Magnet Sensor
 - o PIC
- - OLED
 - o PIC
- MQTT Luis