

Consider two subspaces U_1 and U_2 , where U_1 is spanned by the columns of A_1 and U_2 is spanned by the columns of A_2 with

$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 7 & -5 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

a. Determine the dimensions of U_1, U_2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -1R_1 + R_3 \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -2R_1 + R_2 \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -R_1 + R_0 \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -R_0 + R_3 \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow R_0 \text{ switch } R_3 \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow R_1 \text{ switch } R_0 \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \alpha R_1 + R_2 \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \alpha R_1 + R_2 \quad (9)$$

consider the following coefficients to generate the last column vector

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_1 &= 1 \\ \lambda_2 &= 1 \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

so the final matrix is

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (11)$$

and the dimension is 2

now for A_2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 7 & -5 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -R_0 + R_3 \quad (12)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 7 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -7R_1 + R_2 \quad (13)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -19 & -19 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -3R_1 + R_0 \quad (14)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -9 & -9 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -19 & -19 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -3R_1 + R_0 \quad (15)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -9 & -9 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -19 & -19 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \alpha R_2 + R_0 \quad (16)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -19 & -19 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow R_3 \text{ switch } R_0 \quad (17)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -19 & -19 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow R_1 \text{ switch } R_0 \quad (18)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -19 & -19 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow R_1 \text{ switch } R_0 \quad (19)$$

we can see that no set of coefficients will allow the last column vector to be a linear combination of the other two column vectors, so it must be the case this is the final matrix and so the dimension is 3

b. Basis vector for U_1 and U_2

check above answer

c. Basis vector for $U_1 \cap U_2$

we again apply gaussian elimination to the union of basis vectors for U_1 and U_2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 7 & -5 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -R_1 + R_3 \quad (20)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 7 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -R_1 + R_0 \quad (21)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 2 & -5 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 7 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -2R_1 + R_2 \quad (22)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 2 & -5 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & -7 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow -R_0 + R_3 \quad (23)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 2 & -5 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & -7 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow R_0 \text{ switch } R_1 \quad (24)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & -5 & -3 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & -7 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (25)$$

note that the last column vector can be obtained by the following coefficients

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_1 &= 0 \\ \lambda_2 &= 0 \\ \lambda_3 &= 1 \\ \lambda_4 &= 1 \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

so the final matrix is

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & -5 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (27)$$

and the final dimension is 4

$$\mathbf{x}_k = \{x_1, x_2, x_4, x_5\} \quad (28)$$