```
clc; clear; close all;
%Fixed Parameters
data = load('epidata.mat');
A = data.A;
G = graph(A);
I = 6;
rec_day = 4;
day_x = 1:30;
day = 30;
%3a)
% Recall R0 = p * k
% Let k be mean degree of network
k = mean(degree(G))
k = 4
% For p = 0.3,
p1 = 0.3;
R0_1 = p1*k
R0_1 = 1.2000
% For p = 0.6,
p2 = 0.6;
R0_2 = p2*k
R0_2 = 2.4000
%3b)
type = 'SIR'; % 'SIR' or 'SIS'
% For p = 0.3
[nS1 nI1 nR1] = epidemic(A, I, p1, rec_day, day, type);
```

VideoWriter

General Properties:

Filename: 'record.avi'

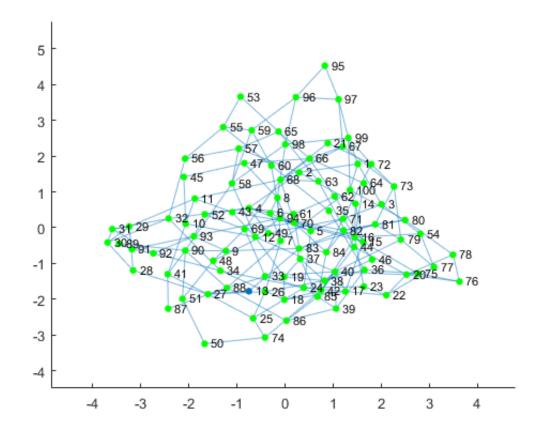
Path: 'C:\Users\ethan\OneDrive\Documents\University

FileFormat: 'avi'
Duration: 0

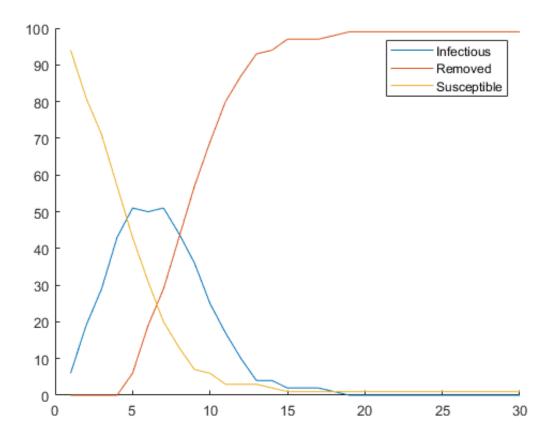
Video Properties:

ColorChannels: 3
Height: []
Width: []
FrameCount: 0
FrameRate: 10
VideoBitsPerPixel: 24
VideoFormat: 'RGB24'

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```
plot(day_x,nI1, day_x,nR1, day_x,nS1)
legend('Infectious', 'Removed', 'Susceptible')
```



```
% For p = 0.6
[nS2 nI2 nR2] = epidemic(A, I, p2, rec_day, day, type);
```

V -VideoWriter

General Properties:

Filename: 'record.avi'

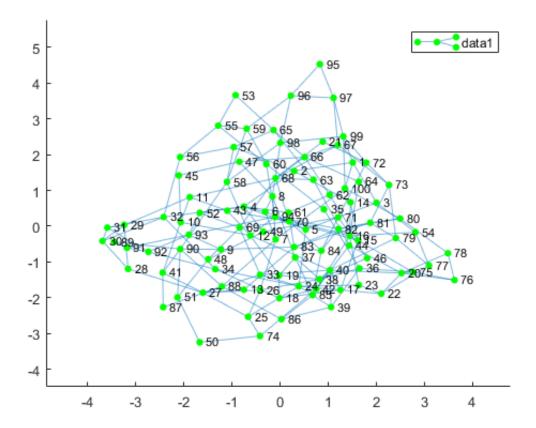
Path: 'C:\Users\ethan\OneDrive\Documents\University

FileFormat: 'avi'
Duration: 0

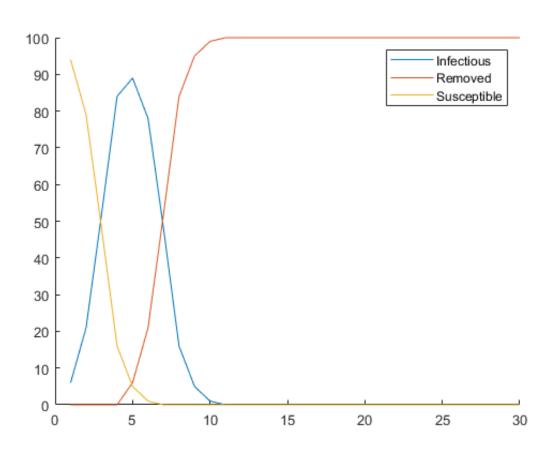
Video Properties:

ColorChannels: 3
Height: []
Width: []
FrameCount: 0
FrameRate: 10
VideoBitsPerPixel: 24
VideoFormat: 'RGB24'

Mara and and an area



plot(day_x,nI2, day_x,nR2, day_x,nS2)
legend('Infectious', 'Removed', 'Susceptible')



```
% spread is much lower, hence the higher peak of the infectious plot line
% for p = 0.6 (roughly 80) than for p = 0.3 (roughly 60). Additionally,
% since the disease spreads more quickly, it also dies out much faster as
% the number of susceptible nodes decreases much more quickly.
%3c)
type = 'SIS'; % 'SIR' or 'SIS'
day = 60;
day_x = 1:60;
% For p = 0.3
[nS3 nI3 nR3] = epidemic(A, I, p1, rec_day, day, type);
  VideoWriter
    General Properties:
                                  'record.avi'
       Filename:
                                  'C:\Users\ethan\OneDrive\Documents\University
       Path:
                                  'avi'
       FileFormat:
       Duration:
                                  0.1
    Video Properties:
       ColorChannels:
                                  3
                                  343
       Height:
```

434

1

10

24

'RGB24'

Width:

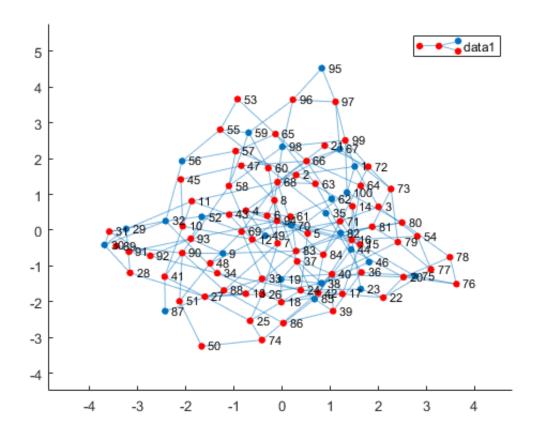
FrameCount:

VideoFormat:

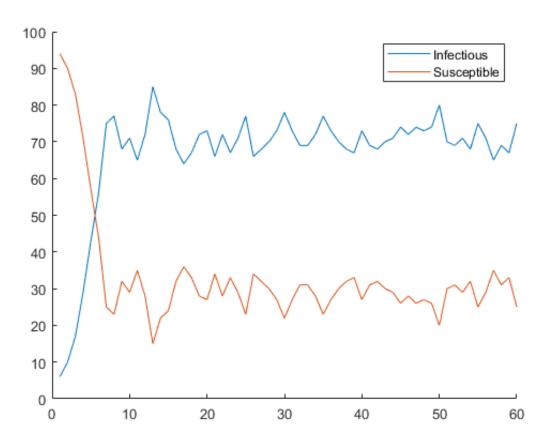
VideoBitsPerPixel:

FrameRate:

% As the probability of infection is higher for p = 0.6, the time taken to



plot(day_x,nI3, day_x,nS3)
legend('Infectious', 'Susceptible')



```
% For p = 0.6
[nS4 nI4 nR4] = epidemic(A, I, p2, rec_day, day, type);
```

```
VideoWriter
```

General Properties:

Filename: 'record.avi'

Path: 'C:\Users\ethan\OneDrive\Documents\University

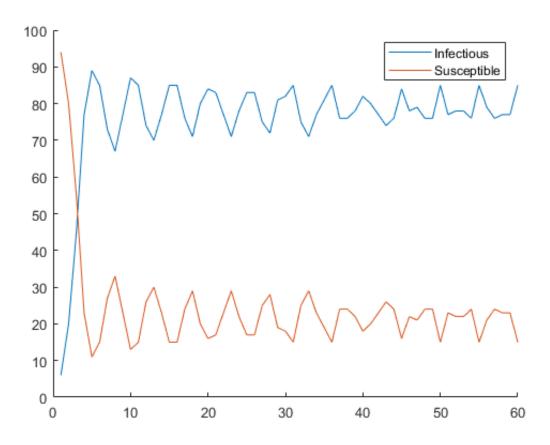
FileFormat: 'avi'
Duration: 0

Video Properties:

ColorChannels: 3
Height: []
Width: []
FrameCount: 0
FrameRate: 10
VideoBitsPerPixel: 24
VideoFormat: 'RGB24'

data1 5 95 4 53 3 55 • 59 • 65 2 1 0 -1 -2 25 -3 74 50 -4 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3

```
plot(day_x,nI4, day_x,nS4)
legend('Infectious', 'Susceptible')
```



% In the instance where there is no Removed state for nodes, i.e. nodes can % be reinfected after they recover, the p = 0.6 scenario begins an % oscillatory infectious and susceptible cycle. This is because the disease % spreads very rapidly to the susceptible individuals so they all become % infectious at similar times, therefore they all recover at roughly the % same time. The cycle will continue in this oscillatory cycle. In contrast % the p = 0.3 scenario will maintain a fairly constant number of infectious % and susceptible with smaller oscillations

```
%3d)
%trial and error p to make nI die out
p = 0.06
```

p = 0.0600

```
[nS5 nI5 nR5] = epidemic(A, I, p, rec_day, day, type);
```

VideoWriter

General Properties:

Filename: 'record.avi'

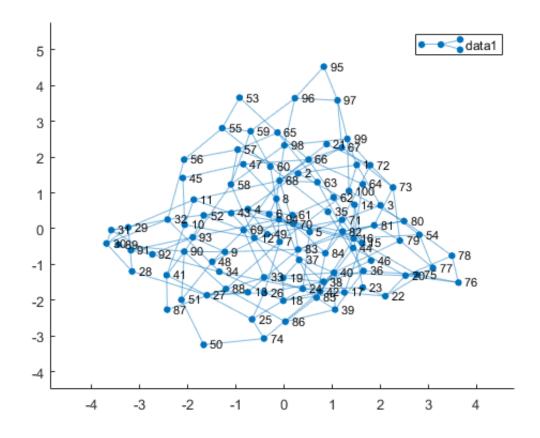
Path: 'C:\Users\ethan\OneDrive\Documents\University

FileFormat: 'avi Duration: 0.1

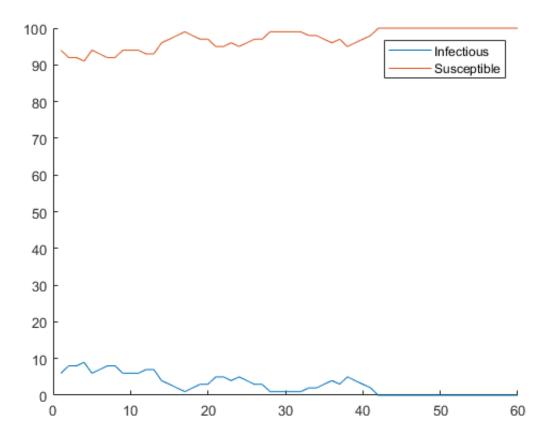
Video Properties:

ColorChannels: 3
Height: 343
Width: 434
FrameCount: 1
FrameRate: 10
VideoBitsPerPixel: 24
VideoFormat: 'RGB24'

W1 6 1 4 1 1 14 11 3BEG



```
plot(day_x,nI5, day_x,nS5)
legend('Infectious', 'Susceptible')
```



% value slightly greater than previous p for which disease does not die out p = 0.09

p = 0.0900

[nS6 nI6 nR6] = epidemic(A, I, p, rec_day, day, type);

v =

VideoWriter

General Properties:

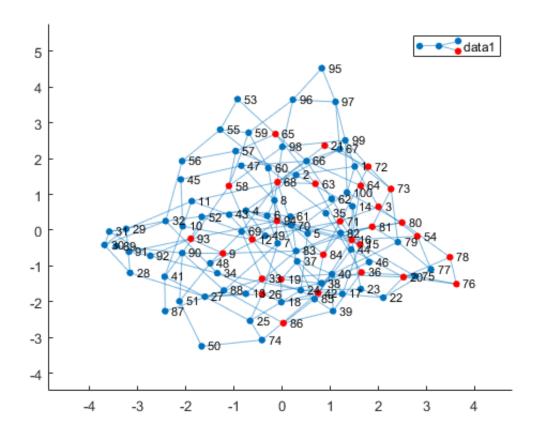
Filename: 'record.avi'

Path: 'C:\Users\ethan\OneDrive\Documents\University

FileFormat: 'avi'
Duration: 0

Video Properties:

ColorChannels: 3
Height: []
Width: []
FrameCount: 0
FrameRate: 10
VideoBitsPerPixel: 24
VideoFormat: 'RGB24'



plot(day_x,nI6, day_x,nS6)
legend('Infectious', 'Susceptible')

