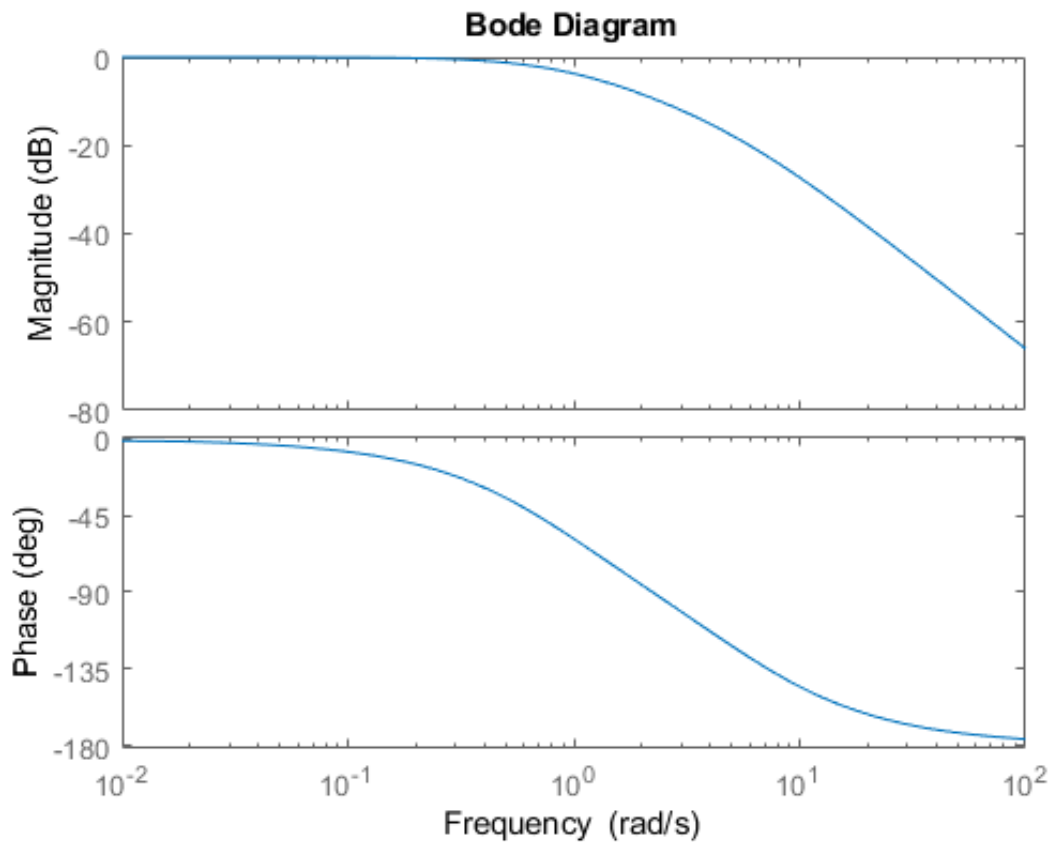


```
clc; clear; close all;  
s = tf('s');  
den_G = s*(s+6.54);
```

```
%10-2)  
%a)  
K_a = 5;  
G_a = K_a / den_G;  
CL_a = G_a/(1+G_a);  
BW_a = bandwidth(CL_a)
```

BW\_a = 0.8616

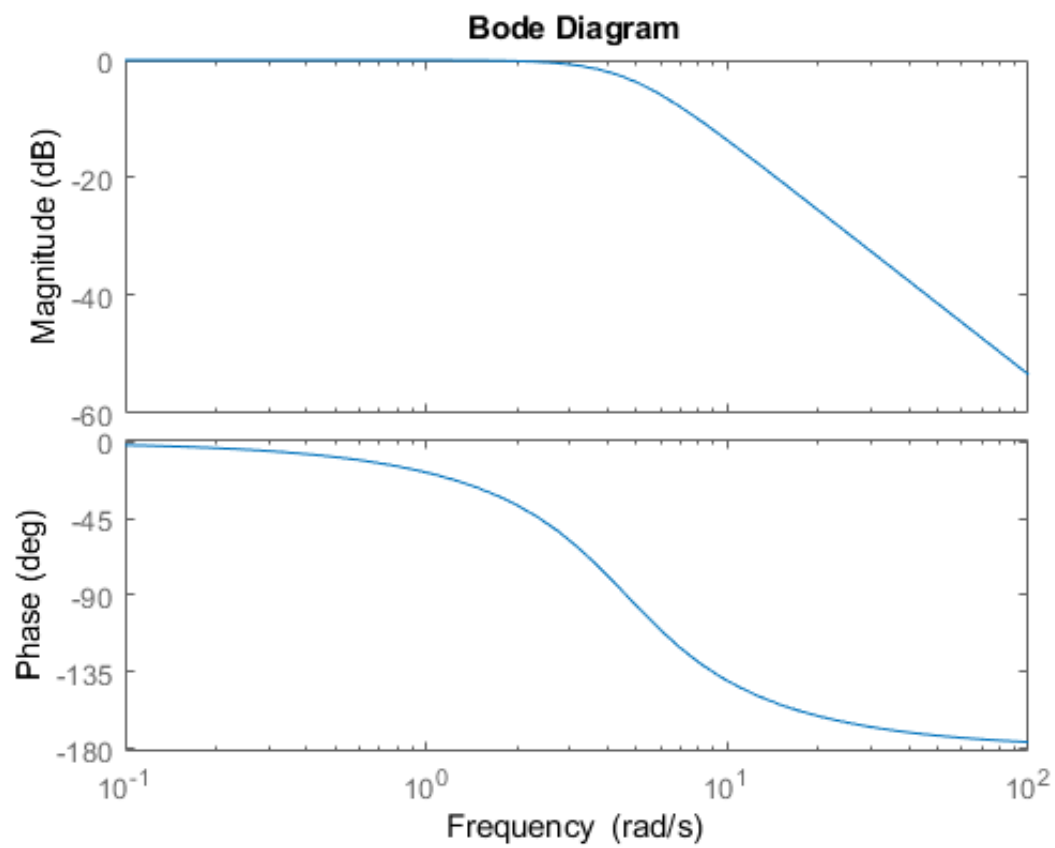
```
bode(CL_a);
```



```
%b)  
K_b = 21.36;  
G_b = K_b / den_G;  
CL_b = G_b/(1+G_b);  
BW_b = bandwidth(CL_b)
```

BW\_b = 4.6134

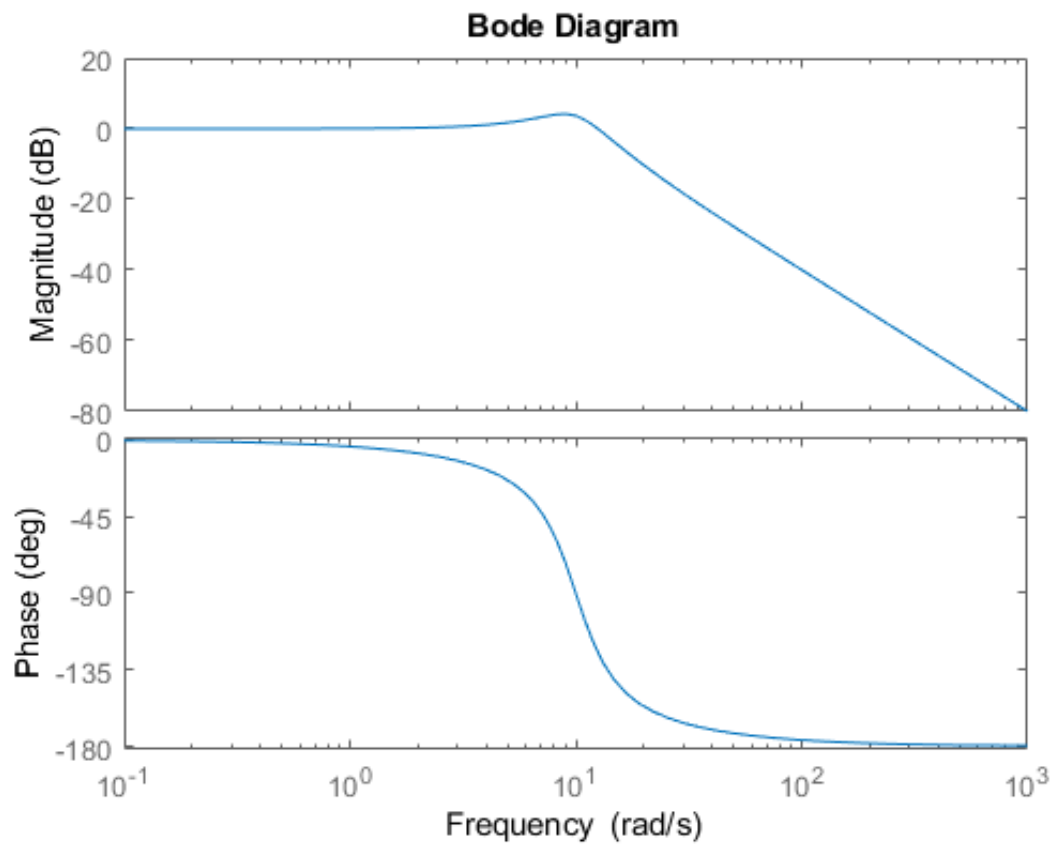
```
bode(CL_b);
```



```
%c)
K_c = 100;
G_c = K_c / den_G;
CL_c = G_c/(1+G_c);
BW_c = bandwidth(CL_c)
```

```
BW_c = 14.3398
```

```
bode(CL_c);
```



```
%10-4  
% e)  
num_10_4_e = 0.5;  
den_10_4_e = s*(s^2+s+1);  
G_10_4_e = num_10_4_e/den_10_4_e;  
CL_10_4_e = G_10_4_e/(1+G_10_4_e);  
BW_10_4_e = bandwidth(CL_10_4_e)
```

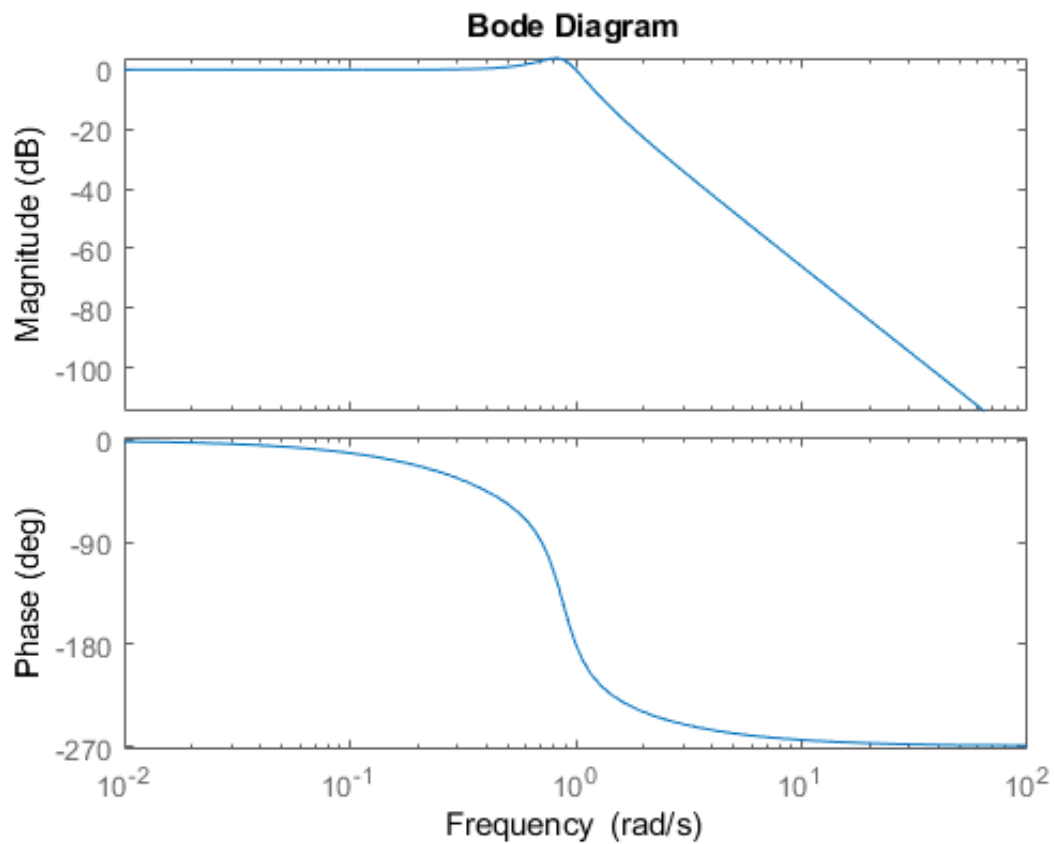
```
BW_10_4_e = 1.0858
```

```
[Mr,wr] = getPeakGain(CL_10_4_e)
```

```
Mr = 1.5655
```

```
wr = 0.8086
```

```
bode(CL_10_4_e);
```



```
%11.22
```

```
Kp = 6;
```

```
Ki = 1;
```

```
num_GH= 24*(Kp+Ki/s);
```

```
den_GH=s*(s+1)*(s+6);
```

```
GH=num_GH/den_GH;
```

```
%lead design
```

```
PL=55
```

```
PL = 55
```

```
CRover=15
```

```
CRover = 15
```

```
alpha=(1+sin(PL/180*pi))/(1-sin(PL/180*pi))
```

```
alpha = 10.0590
```

```
T=1/alpha^0.5/CRover
```

```
T = 0.0210
```

```
lead=(1+T*alpha*s)/(1+T*s)
```

lead =

$$\frac{0.2114 s + 1}{0.02102 s + 1}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

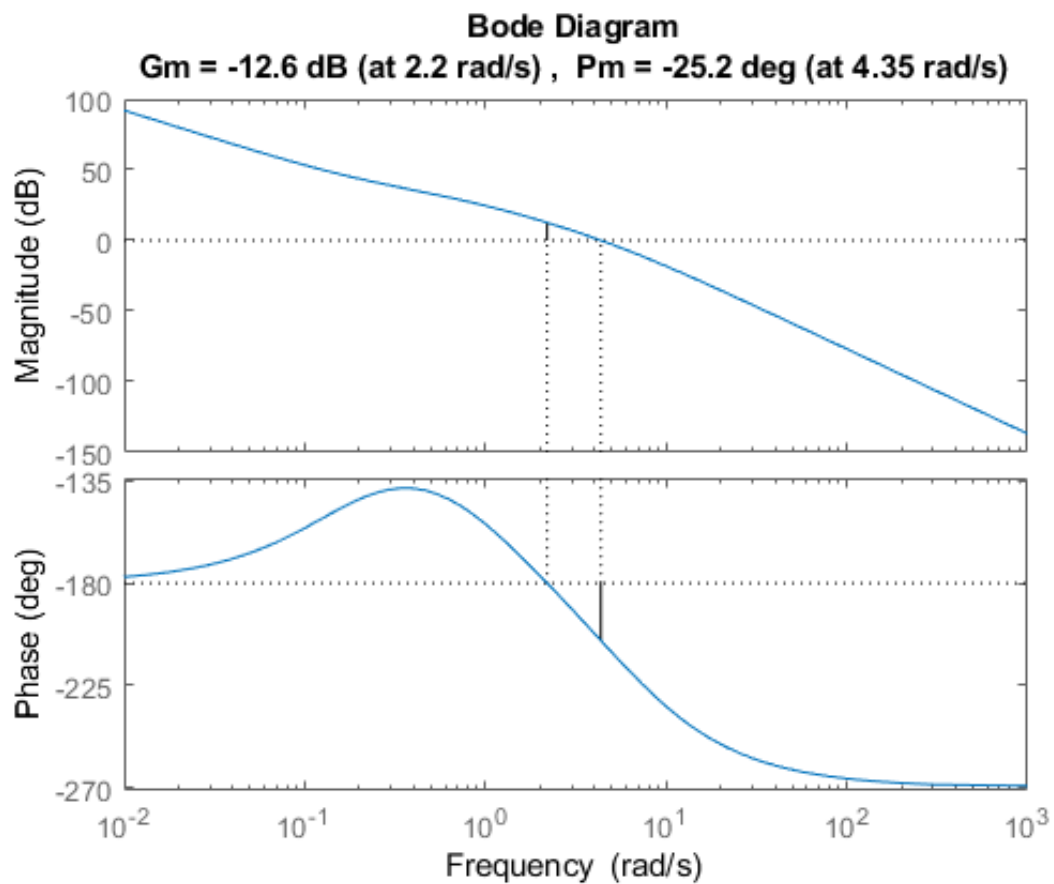
```
LT=GH*lead*lead %double lead compensation
```

LT =

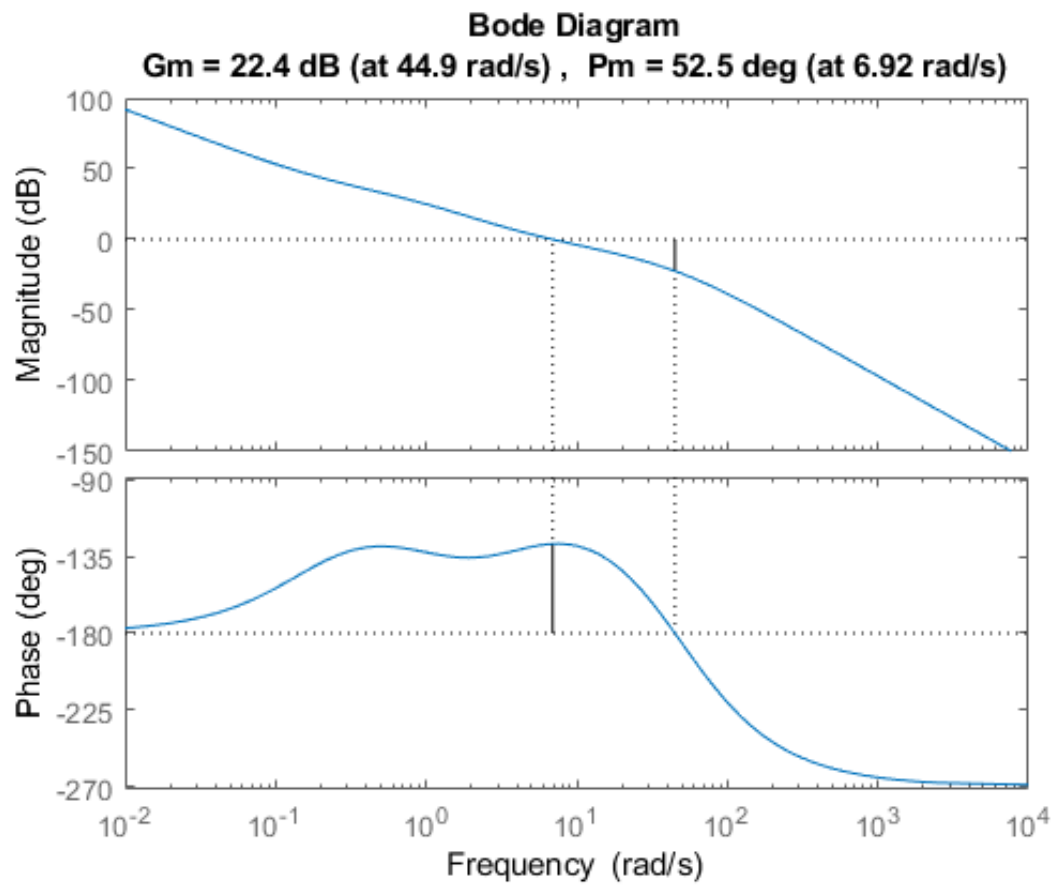
$$\frac{6.438 s^3 + 61.97 s^2 + 154.1 s + 24}{0.0004418 s^6 + 0.04513 s^5 + 1.297 s^4 + 7.252 s^3 + 6 s^2}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
CL = LT/(1+LT);  
figure(1)  
margin(GH)
```



```
figure(2)  
margin(LT)
```



```
figure(3)
bode(CL)
grid on;
```

