

# **Conceptual Framework for Consumer Electronic Enterprise Architecture**

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# **Outline**

- Objectives
- Key Components of EA
- Business Architecture
- IT Architecture
- Demo
- Difficulties and Challenges
- Documentation Strategy
- Poster

# **Objectives**

### Comprehensive

 Well specified, detailed model of the enterprise and its components

### **Consistent**

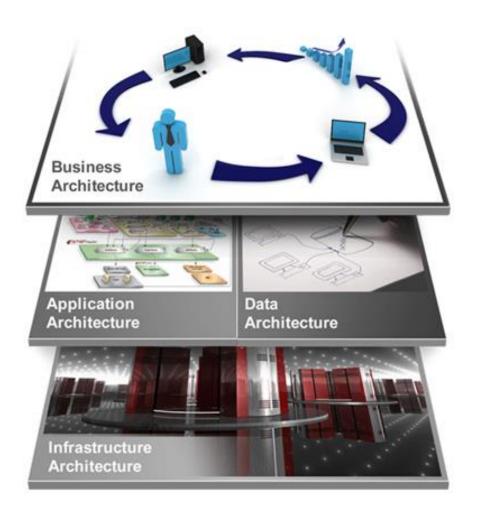
Model contains consistent terminology

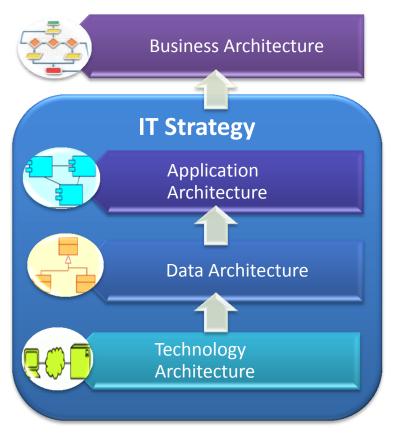
# Unambiguous

 No ambiguous situations in model and between its states

The primary goal of EA is to make the organization as efficient and effective as possible!

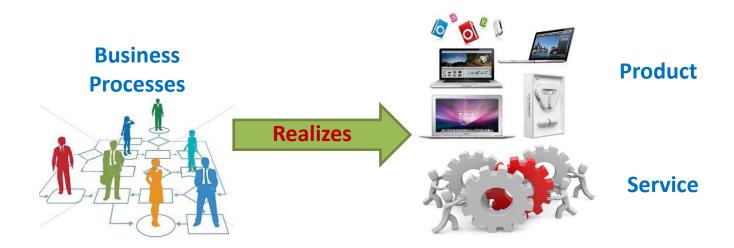
# **Key Components of Enterprise Architecture**





# What is a Business Process

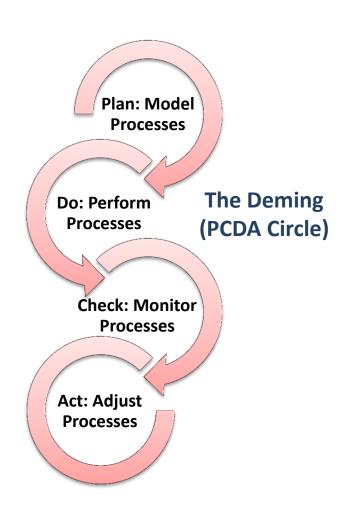
 A Business Process consists of a set of activities that are performed in coordination in an organizational and technical envioroment. These activities jointly realize a business goal (service or product).



 Each Business Process is enacted by a single organization, but it may interact with business processes performed by other organizations.

# **Benefit of Process Modeling**

- Representation of Processes
- Analysis of Processes
- Continuous Improvement of Processes
- A basis for IT Support
- A solid basis for Process Management



# What is **BPMN?**

### **Business Process Model and Notation**

### Business Process

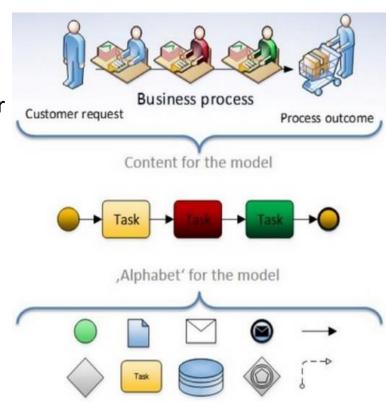
A collection of related, structured activities which produce a specific service or product for a particular customer

### Model

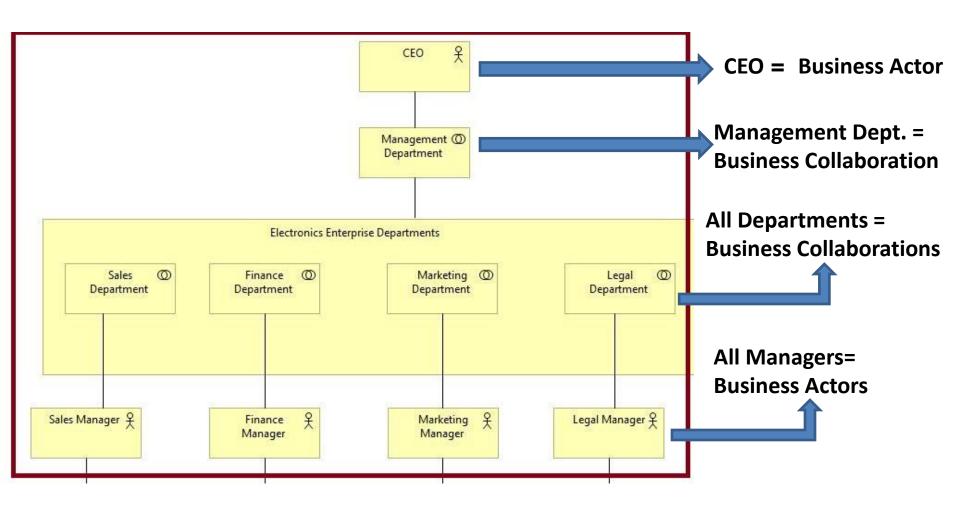
A representation of a business process

### Notation

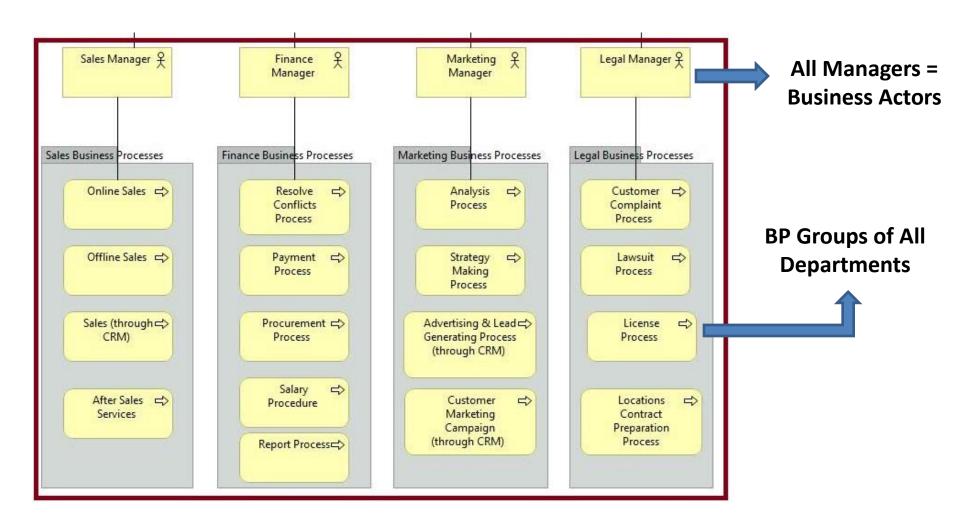
A set of elements (languages) + rules used for representing a business process in a business process model(Diagrams)



# **Organizational Structure**



# **Business Processes for each Departments**



# **Basic BPMN Elements**

### Flow Objects

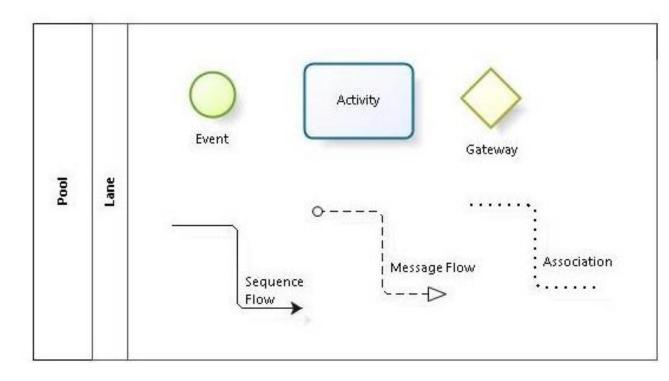
- Events
- Activities
- Gateways

### Connecting Objects

- Sequence flows
- Message flows
- Assosiations

### Swimlanes

- Pools
- Lanes

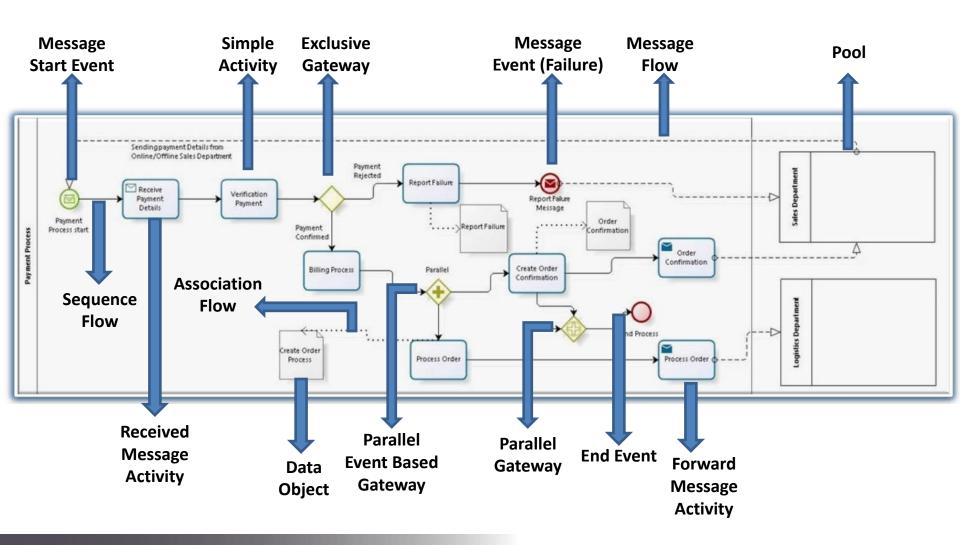


Enterprise Architecture

19 October 2015

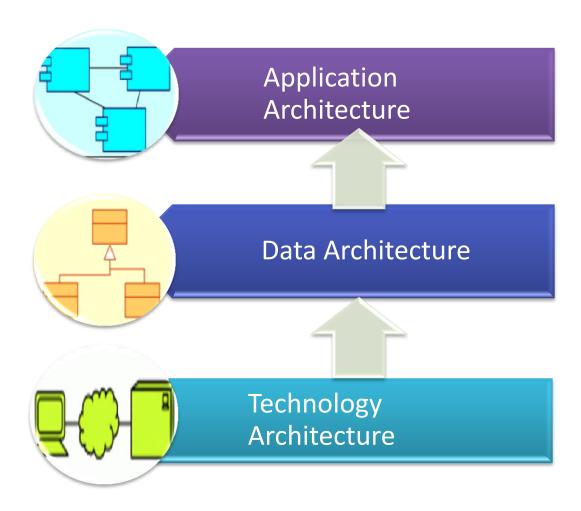
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# **Payment Business Process**



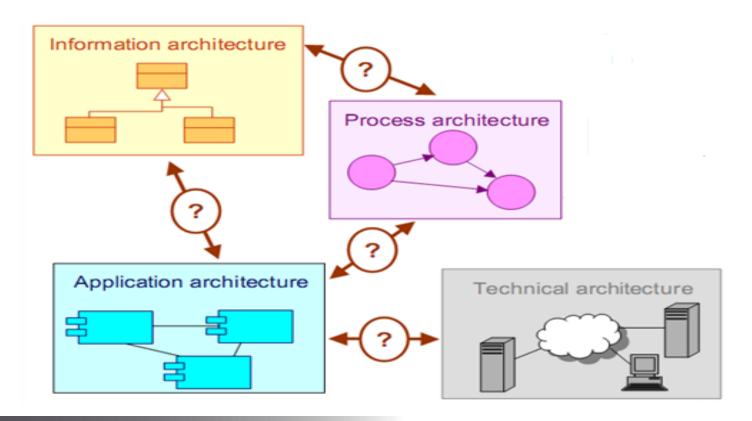
# **IT Architecture**





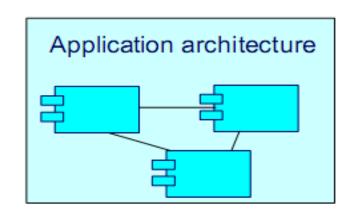
# What is ArchiMate?

 ArchiMate offers a common language for describing the construction and operation of business processes, organizational structures, information flows, IT systems, and technical infrastructure.

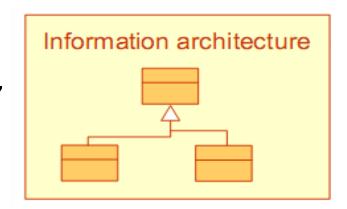


# **IT Architecture**

Applications Architecture is the science and art of ensuring the suite of applications being used by an organization to create the composite architecture is scalable, reliable, available and manageable.

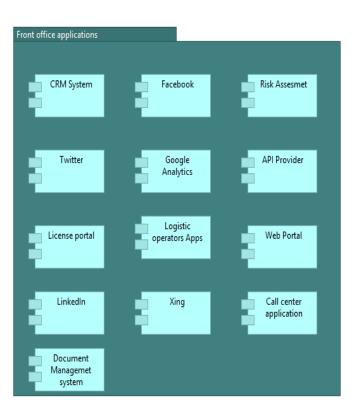


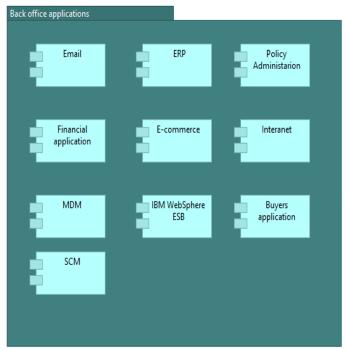
Data Architecture is composed of models, policies, rules or standards that govern which data is collected, and how it is stored, arranged, integrated, and put to use in data systems and in organizations

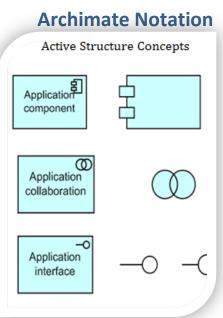


# **Application Architecture Demo**

### **Application Landscape**



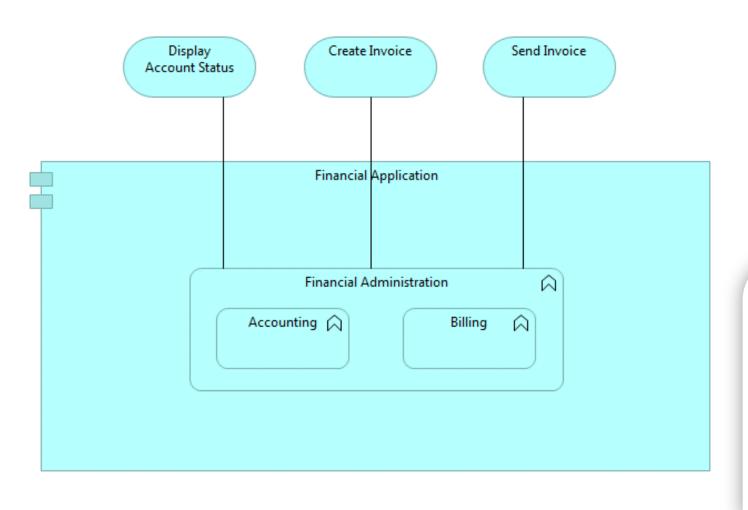




**Enterprise Architecture** 

# **Application Architecture Demo**

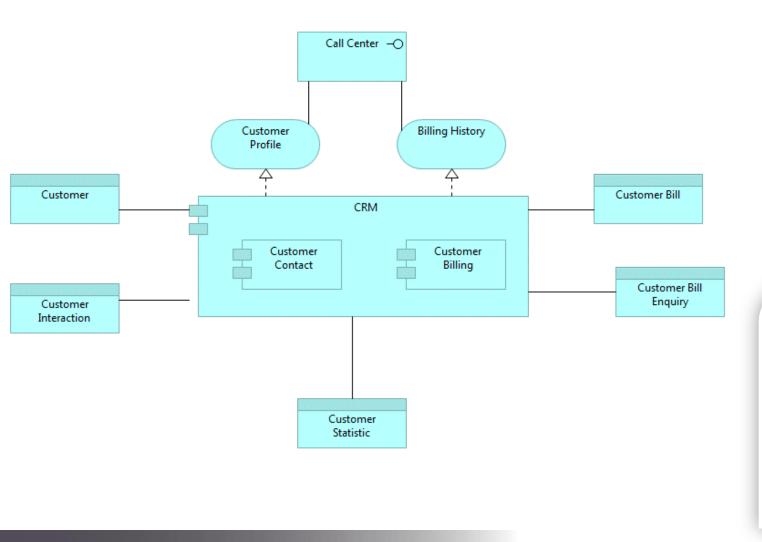
### **Application Behavior Viewpoint**



# Application interaction Application interaction Application interaction

# **Application Architecture Demo**

### **Application Structure Viewpoint**



# **Archimate Notation**

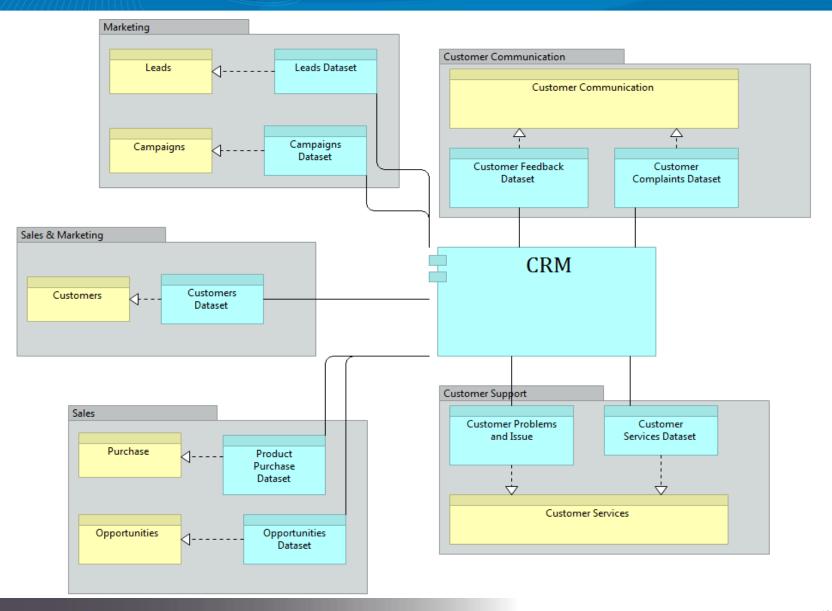
Passive Structure Concepts

Data
object

# **Data Architecture Demo**



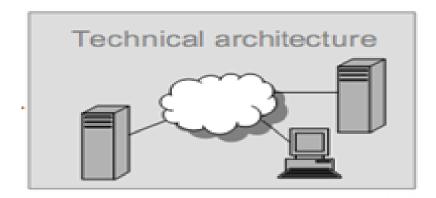
# **Data Architecture Demo**



# **IT Architecture**

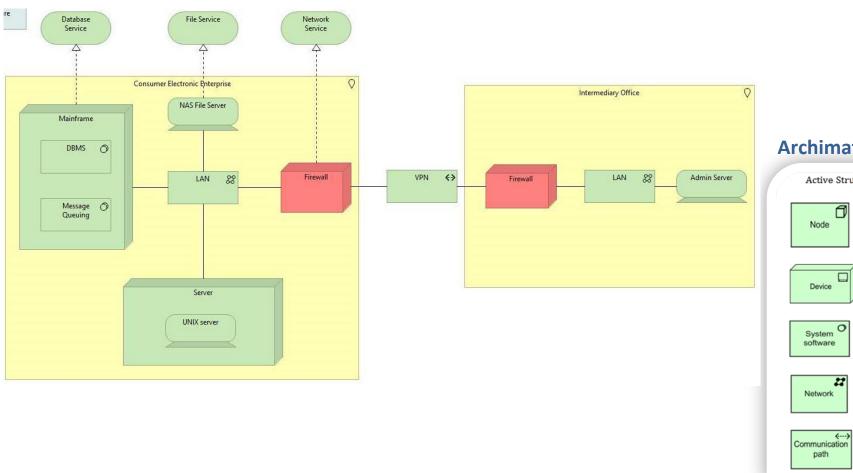
### **Technical Architecture**

offers infrastructural services (e.g., processing, storage and communication services) needed to run applications, realized by computer and communication hardware and system software

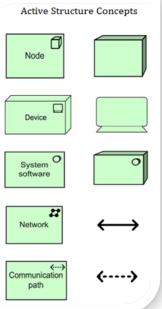


# **Infrastructure Architecture Demo**

# **Infrastructure Landscape**

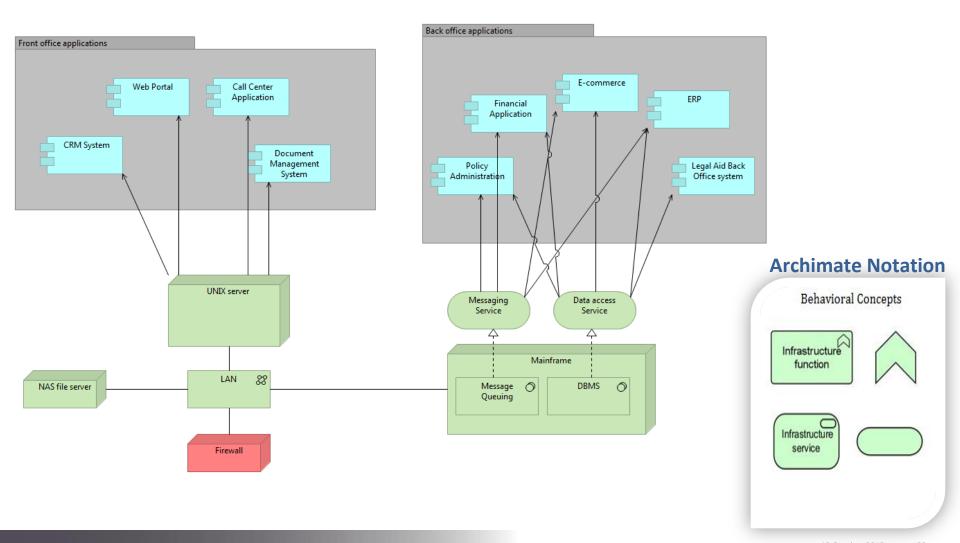


### **Archimate Notation**

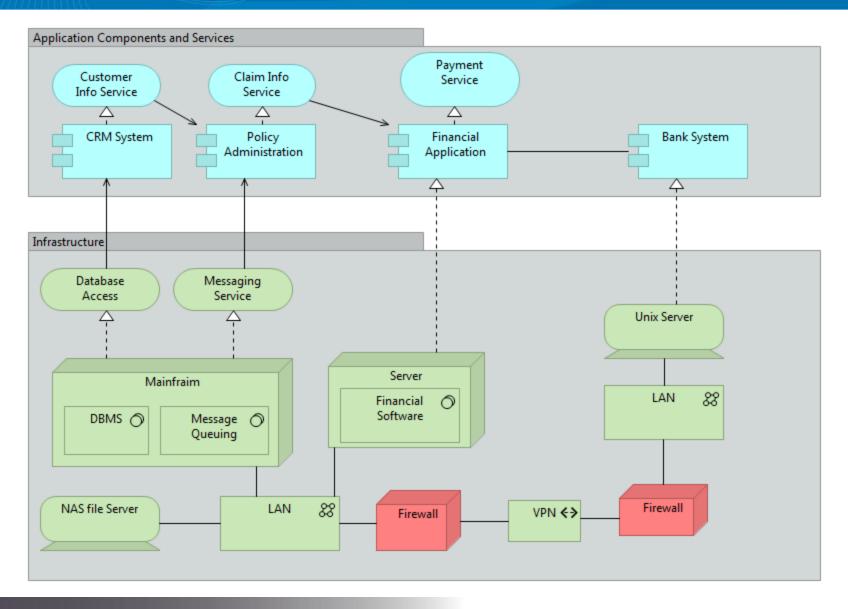


# Infrastructure Architecture Demo

# **Infrastructure Usage Viewpoint**



# Infrastructure Deployment Viewpoint



# **Difficulties and Challenges**

- Getting information about business processes for each domain and department
- Selecting a tool (we required tool with both BPMN and Archimate notations to automatically keep diagrams and entities consistent, we found one, but was it expired in between, so we had a problem to switch to other tools and redraw all our diagrams)
- Maintain consistency between two tools (later we switched to 2 different tools for BPMN and Archimate, and it was a challenge to maintain consistency for entities between them)

# **Documentation Strategy**

Documentation consists of two main parts:

### Technical System Documentation

Contains detailed information about implemented EA models

### – Components:

- Framework and Architecture Layers
- Organizational Structure of EA
- Business Process Models
- Application, Data and Technology Architecture

### User Manual

Describes BPMN and Archimate notations and helps user to understand the models.

