# INVENTORY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM WITH REAL-TIME STOCK REDUCTION AND ALERTS

# MINI PROJECT REPORT

***Submitted by***

**MANIKANDAM M 2116230701174**

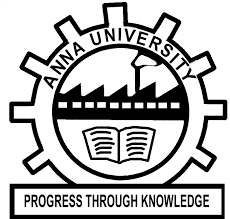
**ELUMALAI B 2116230701084**

**In partial fulfillment for the award of the degree**

**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING**

***in***

**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

**RAJALAKSHMI ENGINEERING COLLEGE**

**ANNA UNIVERSITY: CHENNAI 600 025**

**MAY 2024**

# BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

# Certified that this project “INVENTORY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM WITH REAL-TIME STOCK REDUCTION AND ALERTS ” is the bonafide work of “MANIKANDA M (2116230701174) and ELUMALAI B (2116230701084)” who carried out the project work under my supervision.

|  |
| --- |
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Submitted for the **ANNA UNIVERSITY** practical examination Mini-Project work viva voice held on \_

**INTERNAL EXAMINER EXTERNAL EXAMINER**

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# LIST OF ABBREVIATION

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **ABBREVIATION** | **ACRONYM** |
| **IOT** | Internet of Things |
| **HTTP** | HyperText Transfer Protocol |
| **API** | Application Programming Interface |
| **SMS** | Short Message Service |
| **UIID** | Unique Inventory Item ID |

# ABSTRACT

The Inventory Management System (IMS) presented in this paper is designed to automate the management of stock in a retail environment. The system utilizes real-time stock reduction based on product sales, barcode scanning for easy product identification, and notifications to alert administrators about low stock levels. This web-based system integrates with a database to track product quantities, update stock in real-time, and generate billing information for customers. The primary goal is to improve operational efficiency, reduce errors in inventory tracking, and enhance communication regarding stock levels through automated alerts.

# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 INTRODUCTION

Inventory management is a crucial aspect of retail businesses, ensuring that the right amount of stock is available to meet customer demands while minimizing overstock and stockouts. Traditional manual inventory management is prone to human errors, inefficient stock updates, and delayed notifications. This paper proposes a modern, automated inventory management system (IMS) designed to reduce stock in real-time using barcode scanning and provide instant alerts via email when stock levels reach critical thresholds. The system integrates seamlessly with backend databases to manage products and track sales, enhancing both inventory accuracy and business efficiency.

## 

## 1.2 SCOPE OF THE WORK

This system is ideal for small-scale warehouses, retail shops, and pharmacies. It eliminates manual entries, reduces human error, and provides real-time visibility into inventory. This scalable solution can be integrated with existing inventory management software or ERP systems..

## 1.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT

## Traditional inventory management systems often suffer from inaccuracies, delayed stock updates, and lack of timely notifications, leading to overstocking, stockouts, and missed sales opportunities. This paper proposes a real-time Inventory Management System (IMS) that integrates barcode scanning, RFID billing, sensor-based stock monitoring, and email alerts to address these issues efficiently.

## 

## 1.4 AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF THE PROJECT

## To develop a real-time inventory monitoring system. To implement automatic stock reduction using RFID and ultrasonic sensors. To notify administrators of low stock levels via buzzer and email alerts.To integrate a responsive web app for real-time inventory control and billing. To enhance overall efficiency and reduce human error in inventory tracking.

# CHAPTER 2

## SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

## IOT DEVICES

1.Arduino UNO

2.RFID Reader

3.RFID Tags

4.Ultrasonic sensors

5.Buzzer

6.Power Supply

7.Jumper wired

## 

## 2.2 SOFTWARE SPECIFICATIONS

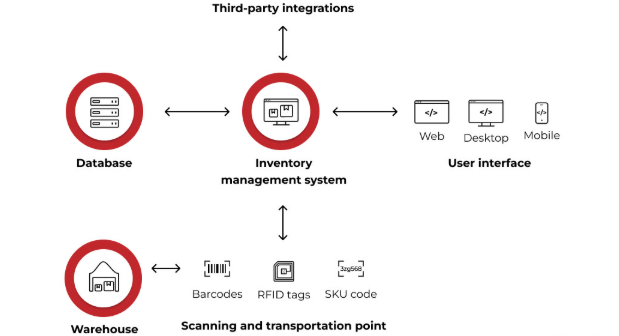
|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Operating System | Windows 11 |
| Front – End | React JS |
| Back – End | Node js , Supabase |
| Browser | Google Chrome |
| IDE | Arduino IDE |

# CHAPTER 3

# SYSTEM DESIGN

## 3.1 ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM

An architecture diagram is a graphical representation of a set of concepts, that are part of an architecture, including their principles, elements and components.

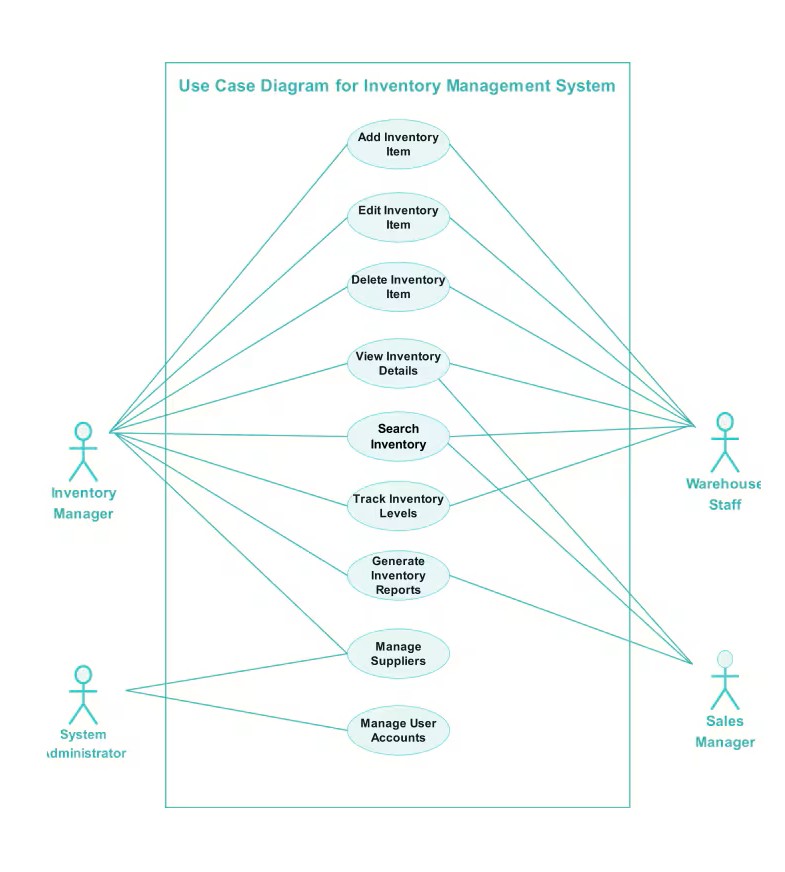


**Figure 3.1** Architecture Diagram

From the above Figure 3.1, the architecture of the system is well understood.

## 3.2 USE CASE DIAGRAM

A use case is a list of actions or event steps typically defining the interactions between a role (known in the Unified Modelling Language as an actor) and a system to achieve a goal. The actor can be a human or other external system.

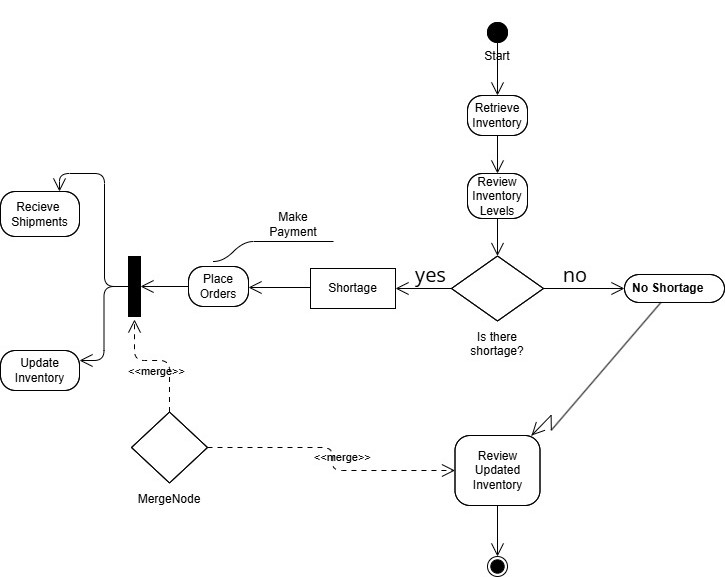


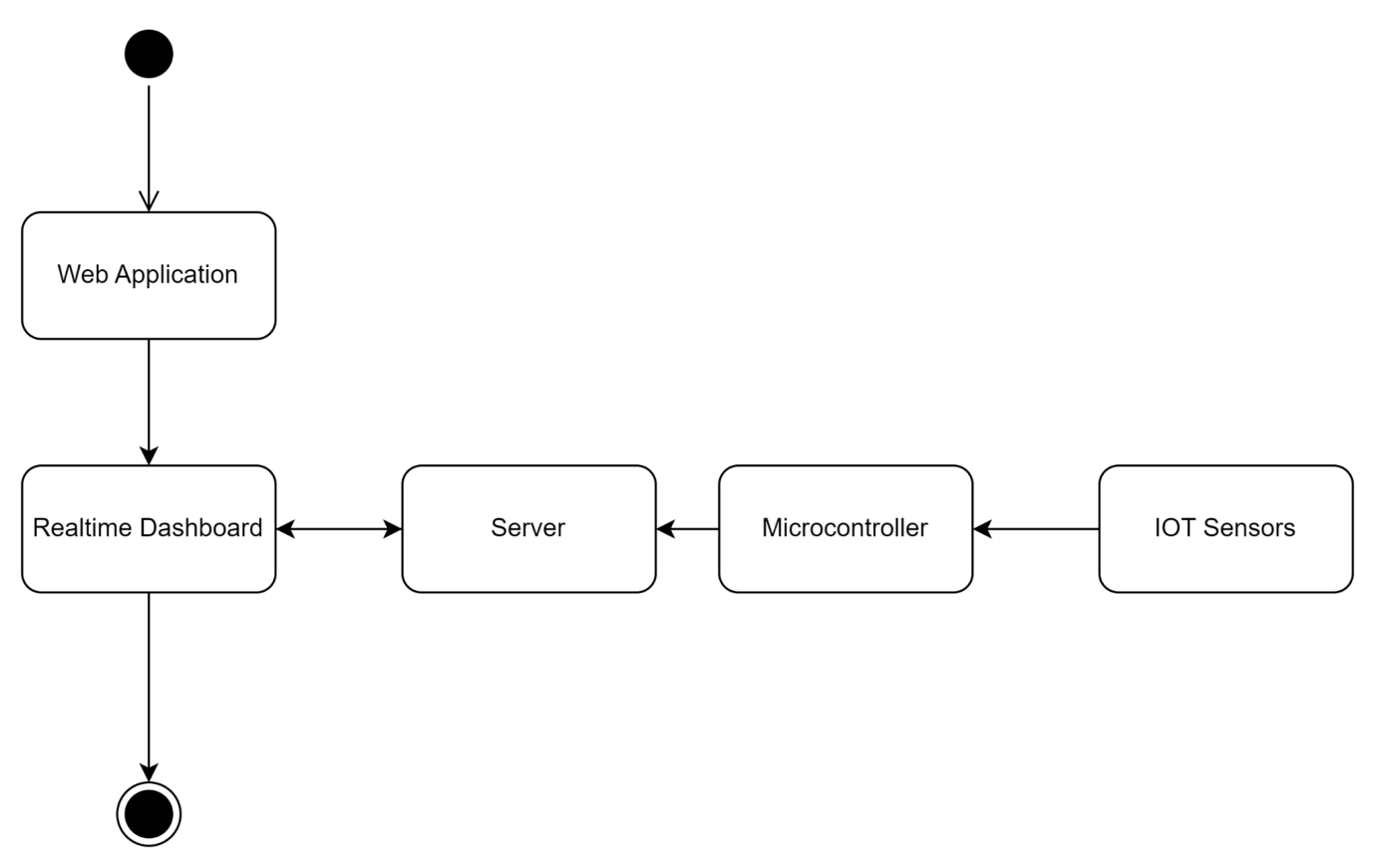
**Figure 3.2** Use case diagram

From the above figure 3.2, the interactions between a role in the system is shown

**3.3 ACTIVITY DIAGRAM**

An activity in Unified Modelling Language (UML) is a major task that must take place in order to fulfill an operation contract. Activities can be represented inactivity diagrams. An activity can represent: The invocation of an operation. A step in a business process.



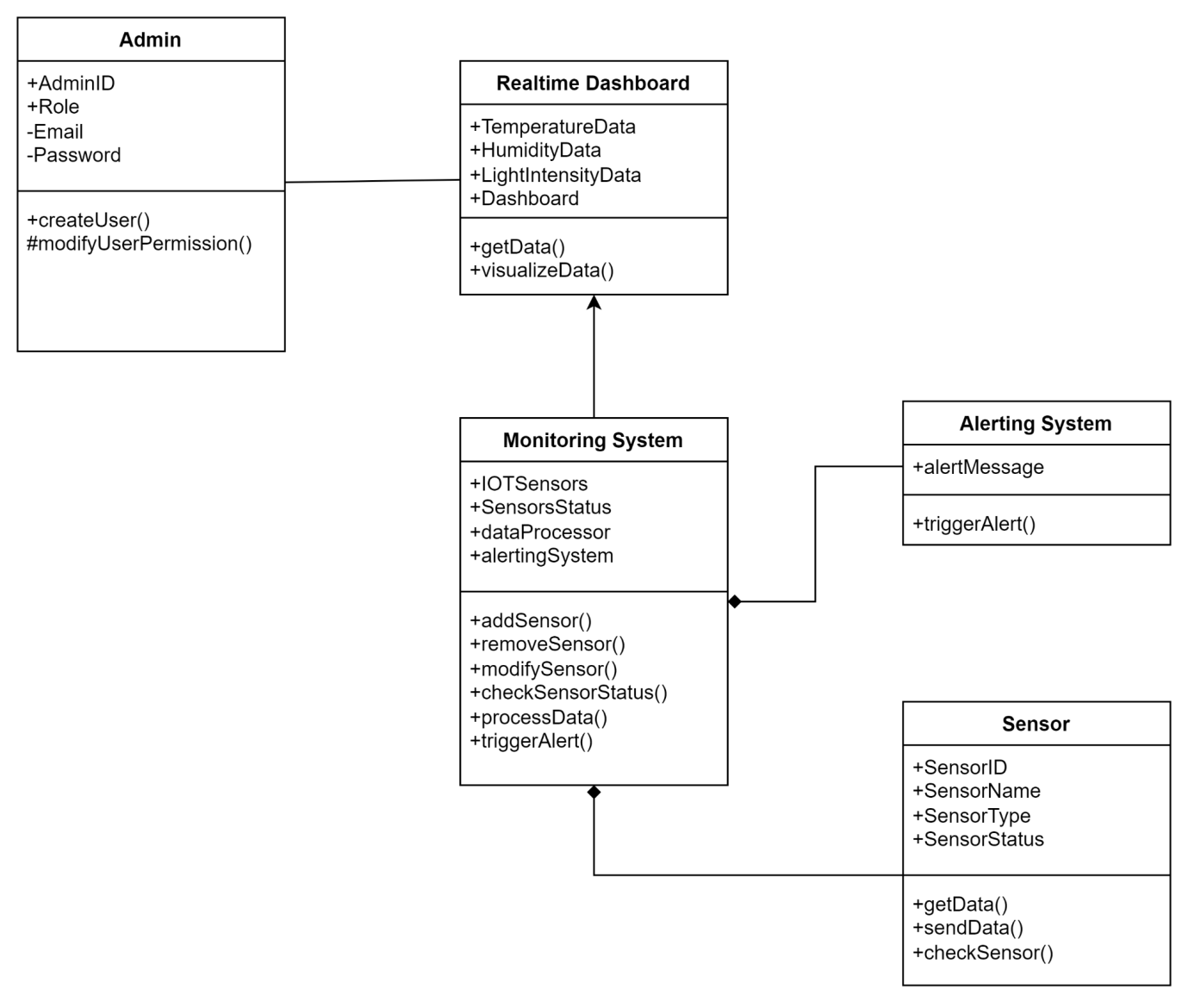


**Figure 3.3** Activity Diagram

From the above figure 3.3, the activities of the system are shown

## 3.4 CLASS DIAGRAM

A class diagram is an illustration of the relationships and source code dependencies among classes in the Unified Modelling Language (UML). In this context, a class defines the methods and variables in an object, which is a specific entity in a program or the unit of code representing that entity.

Online Food Ordering System - Class Diagram

**Figure 3.4** Class Diagram

The above Figure 3.4 is the class diagram for the system.

# CHAPTER 4

# MODULE DESCRIPTION

## 4.1 HARDWARE MODULE:

## This module consists of smart hardware components such as barcode scanners, RFID readers, or weight sensors connected to microcontrollers like NodeMCU (ESP8266) or Raspberry Pi. These IoT devices are responsible for capturing product data such as unique IDs or quantity changes. The hardware transmits this information wirelessly to the cloud using Wi-Fi, allowing for seamless, real-time updates without manual input. The use of IoT in the hardware module ensures automatic data collection and reduces dependency on human intervention.

## 4.2 DATA COLLECTION AND PROCESSING MODULE:

## Once data is received from the IoT hardware, it is processed instantly in the cloud. This module verifies product entries against the database and updates stock quantities accordingly. Using cloud platforms such as Firebase or MQTT brokers, the module ensures fast and reliable communication between the hardware and backend. It maintains logs of inventory changes and supports real-time decision-making for accurate inventory tracking.

## 4.3 ALERTING MODULE:

## The alerting module monitors stock levels continuously. When the quantity of a product falls below a specified threshold, an automatic alert is generated and sent via email, SMS, or push notifications. These alerts are triggered using IoT logic, eliminating the need for manual checks. This proactive system ensures that administrators are instantly notified about low stock conditions, enabling timely restocking and avoiding product shortages.

## 4.4 WEB APPLICATION MODULE:

## The web application module acts as the control center for managing the entire IoT-enabled system. It displays real-time stock levels, device status, and alert messages on a user-friendly dashboard. The interface allows admins to add or update product details, monitor sensor data, and remotely manage devices. Through cloud synchronization, the web app ensures that all inventory and device data is always up to date and accessible from anywhere.

## 4.5 INTEGRATION MODULE:

This module facilitates the communication between IoT devices and the backend database. It uses lightweight protocols like HTTP or MQTT to handle data transmission securely and efficiently. It ensures that all modules—hardware, data processing, alerting, and web interface—work cohesively as a unified system. The integration module is responsible for managing authentication, data routing, and system scalability, providing a solid backbone for the entire IoT-enabled Inventory Management System.

# CHAPTER 5

**TABLE**

## 5.1 MEDICINE TABLE

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **S.NO** | **ATTRIBUTE** | **TYPE** |
| 1 | InventoryID | NUMBER(5) |
| 2 | ProductID | VARCHAR(45) |
| 3 | ProductName | VARCHAR(45) |
| 4 | Category | NUMBER(5,2) |
| 5 | Currentstock | NUMBER(5,2) |
| 6 | Reorderlevel | NUMBER(7,2) |
| 7 | lastUpdate | NUMBER(5,2) |
| 8 | Warehouse | DATE |
| 9 | Locations | VARCHAR(50) |

## 5.2 STORAGE TABLE

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **S.NO** | **ATTRIBUTE** | **TYPE** |
| 1. | STORAGE\_ID | NUMBER(5) |
| 2. | InventoryID | NUMBER(5) |
| 3. | ProductID | DATE |
| 4. | EXPIRY\_DATE | DATE |

## 

## 5.3 HISTORY TABLE

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **S.NO** | **ATTRIBUTE** | **TYPE** |
| 1. | HISTORY\_ID | NUMBER(5) |
| 2. | STORAGE\_ID | INTEGER |
| 3. | InventoryID | NUMBER(5,2) |
| 4. | ProductID | NUMBER(5,2) |
| 5. | lastUpdate | NUMBER(7,2) |
| 6. | Category | NUMBER(5,2) |

## 

## 5.4 CURRENT DATA TABLE

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **S.NO** | **ATTRIBUTE** | **TYPE** |
| 1. | ProductID | NUMBER(5,2) |
| 2. | ProductName | NUMBER(5,2) |
| 3. | UpdatedBY | NUMBER(7,2) |
| 4. | StockStatus | NUMBER(5,2) |

# CHAPTER 6

# SAMPLE CODING

**ARDUINO Program**

#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>

#include <ESP8266HTTPClient.h>

#include <ArduinoJson.h>

#include <SPI.h>

#include <MFRC522.h>

#define RST\_PIN D3

#define SS\_PIN D4

#define TRIG\_PIN D5

#define ECHO\_PIN D6

#define BUZZER\_PIN D7

const char\* ssid = "YOUR\_SSID";

const char\* password = "YOUR\_WIFI\_PASSWORD";

const char\* supabaseUrl = "https://your-project.supabase.co/rest/v1";

const char\* supabaseKey = "YOUR\_SUPABASE\_ANON\_OR\_SERVICE\_ROLE\_KEY";

// Your table names

const char\* inventoryTable = "inventory";

const char\* rfidLogsTable = "rfid\_logs";

MFRC522 mfrc522(SS\_PIN, RST\_PIN);

int inventory = 5;

const int maxStock = 5;

bool alerted = false;

bool restocking = false;

long distance;

unsigned long lastPenTime = 0;

bool firstPenTaken = false;

WiFiClientSecure client; // for HTTPS requests

void setup() {

Serial.begin(115200);

WiFi.begin(ssid, password);

Serial.print("Connecting to WiFi");

while (WiFi.status() != WL\_CONNECTED) {

delay(500);

Serial.print(".");

}

Serial.println("\nWiFi connected");

// Setup pins

pinMode(TRIG\_PIN, OUTPUT);

pinMode(ECHO\_PIN, INPUT);

pinMode(BUZZER\_PIN, OUTPUT);

digitalWrite(BUZZER\_PIN, LOW);

SPI.begin();

mfrc522.PCD\_Init();

client.setInsecure(); // Disable certificate verification (not secure for prod!)

uploadInventory(inventory); // Initial upload

}

void loop() {

// Ultrasonic sensor reading

digitalWrite(TRIG\_PIN, LOW);

delayMicroseconds(2);

digitalWrite(TRIG\_PIN, HIGH);

delayMicroseconds(10);

digitalWrite(TRIG\_PIN, LOW);

distance = pulseIn(ECHO\_PIN, HIGH) \* 0.034 / 2;

if (distance < 20 && !restocking) {

unsigned long currentMillis = millis();

if (!firstPenTaken) {

delay(4000);

inventory--;

Serial.println("Pen taken");

firstPenTaken = true;

lastPenTime = currentMillis;

uploadInventory(inventory);

} else if (currentMillis - lastPenTime >= 5000) {

if (inventory > 0) {

inventory--;

Serial.println("Pen taken");

lastPenTime = currentMillis;

uploadInventory(inventory);

}

}

if (inventory == 1 && !alerted) {

beepBuzzer(5000);

alerted = true;

}

if (inventory == 0) {

beepBuzzer(5000);

restocking = true;

alerted = false;

}

delay(1000);

}

if (restocking) {

inventory = maxStock;

Serial.println("Restocked");

uploadInventory(inventory);

restocking = false;

firstPenTaken = false;

}

checkRFID();

}

void checkRFID() {

if (mfrc522.PICC\_IsNewCardPresent() && mfrc522.PICC\_ReadCardSerial()) {

String uid = "";

for (byte i = 0; i < mfrc522.uid.size; i++) {

if (mfrc522.uid.uidByte[i] < 0x10) uid += "0"; // pad leading 0

uid += String(mfrc522.uid.uidByte[i], HEX);

}

uid.toUpperCase();

Serial.print("RFID UID: ");

Serial.println(uid);

logRFID(uid);

mfrc522.PICC\_HaltA();

}

}

void uploadInventory(int count) {

if (WiFi.status() == WL\_CONNECTED) {

HTTPClient https;

String url = String(supabaseUrl) + "/" + inventoryTable + "?id=eq.1";

// Build JSON body for PATCH (update where id=1)

String jsonBody = "{\"count\":";

jsonBody += String(count);

jsonBody += "}";

https.begin(client, url);

https.addHeader("apikey", supabaseKey);

https.addHeader("Authorization", "Bearer " + String(supabaseKey));

https.addHeader("Content-Type", "application/json");

int httpCode = https.PATCH(jsonBody);

if (httpCode > 0) {

String payload = https.getString();

Serial.print("Inventory updated: ");

Serial.println(payload);

} else {

Serial.print("Error updating inventory: ");

Serial.println(httpCode);

}

https.end();

}

}

void logRFID(String uid) {

if (WiFi.status() == WL\_CONNECTED) {

HTTPClient https;

String url = String(supabaseUrl) + "/" + rfidLogsTable;

// Build JSON body for POST (insert)

String jsonBody = "{\"uid\":\"" + uid + "\", \"timestamp\": \"now()\"}";

https.begin(client, url);

https.addHeader("apikey", supabaseKey);

https.addHeader("Authorization", "Bearer " + String(supabaseKey));

https.addHeader("Content-Type", "application/json");

int httpCode = https.POST(jsonBody);

if (httpCode > 0) {

String payload = https.getString();

Serial.print("RFID logged: ");

Serial.println(payload);

} else {

Serial.print("Error logging RFID: ");

Serial.println(httpCode);

}

https.end();

}

}

void beepBuzzer(int durationMs) {

digitalWrite(BUZZER\_PIN, HIGH);

delay(durationMs);

digitalWrite(BUZZER\_PIN, LOW);

}

**Web Application**

# App.tsx

import { Toaster } from "@/components/ui/toaster";

import { Toaster as Sonner } from "@/components/ui/sonner";

import { TooltipProvider } from "@/components/ui/tooltip";

import { QueryClient, QueryClientProvider } from "@tanstack/react-query";

import { BrowserRouter, Routes, Route } from "react-router-dom";

import { InventoryProvider } from "./context/InventoryContext";

import Layout from "./components/layout/Layout";

import Dashboard from "./pages/Dashboard";

import Products from "./pages/Products";

import AddProduct from "./pages/AddProduct";

import EditProduct from "./pages/EditProduct";

import Scanner from "./pages/Scanner";

import Bills from "./pages/Bills";

import BillDetail from "./pages/BillDetail";

import NotFound from "./pages/NotFound";

const queryClient = new QueryClient();

const App = () => (

<QueryClientProvider client={queryClient}>

<TooltipProvider>

<InventoryProvider>

<Toaster />

<Sonner />

<BrowserRouter>

<Layout>

<Routes>

<Route path="/" element={<Dashboard />} />

<Route path="/products" element={<Products />} />

<Route path="/products/add" element={<AddProduct />} />

<Route path="/products/edit/:id" element={<EditProduct />} />

<Route path="/scanner" element={<Scanner />} />

<Route path="/bills" element={<Bills />} />

<Route path="/bills/:id" element={<BillDetail />} />

<Route path="\*" element={<NotFound />} />

</Routes>

</Layout>

</BrowserRouter>

</InventoryProvider>

</TooltipProvider>

</QueryClientProvider>

);

export default App;

# Dashboard.jsx

import React from 'react';

import { useNavigate } from 'react-router-dom';

import { useInventory } from '@/context/InventoryContext';

import { Card, CardContent, CardDescription, CardHeader, CardTitle } from '@/components/ui/card';

import { Button } from '@/components/ui/button';

import { BarChart, Bar, XAxis, YAxis, CartesianGrid, Tooltip, ResponsiveContainer } from 'recharts';

import { AlertCircle, PackagePlus, FileText, Package, ArrowUp, ArrowDown } from 'lucide-react';

const Dashboard = () => {

const { products, alerts, stockMovements, bills } = useInventory();

const navigate = useNavigate();

// Calculate stats

const totalProducts = products.length;

const totalValue = products.reduce((sum, product) => sum + (product.price \* product.quantity), 0);

const lowStockCount = products.filter(p => p.quantity <= p.threshold).length;

const outOfStockCount = products.filter(p => p.quantity === 0).length;

const recentSales = bills.slice(0, 5);

// Prepare chart data

const stockData = products

.filter(p => p.quantity > 0)

.slice(0, 6)

.map(p => ({

name: p.name.length > 12 ? p.name.substring(0, 12) + '...' : p.name,

quantity: p.quantity,

threshold: p.threshold,

}));

// Recent stock movement stats

const incomingStock = stockMovements

.filter(m => m.type === 'in')

.reduce((sum, m) => sum + m.quantity, 0);

const outgoingStock = stockMovements

.filter(m => m.type === 'out')

.reduce((sum, m) => sum + m.quantity, 0);

return (

<div className="space-y-8 animate-fade-in">

<div className="flex justify-between items-center">

<h1 className="text-3xl font-bold text-gray-800">Dashboard</h1>

<div className="space-x-2">

<Button onClick={() => navigate('/products/add')} className="bg-inventory-blue hover:bg-inventory-darkBlue">

<PackagePlus className="h-4 w-4 mr-2" /> Add Product

</Button>

<Button onClick={() => navigate('/scanner')} variant="outline">

Scan Products

</Button>

</div>

</div>

{/\* Stats Overview \*/}

<div className="grid grid-cols-1 md:grid-cols-2 lg:grid-cols-4 gap-6">

<Card className="bg-white">

<CardHeader className="pb-2">

<CardTitle className="text-lg">Total Products</CardTitle>

</CardHeader>

<CardContent>

<div className="flex justify-between items-center">

<span className="text-3xl font-bold">{totalProducts}</span>

<Package className="h-8 w-8 text-inventory-blue" />

</div>

</CardContent>

</Card>

<Card className="bg-white">

<CardHeader className="pb-2">

<CardTitle className="text-lg">Inventory Value</CardTitle>

</CardHeader>

<CardContent>

<div className="flex justify-between items-center">

<span className="text-3xl font-bold">₹{totalValue.toFixed(2)}</span>

<FileText className="h-8 w-8 text-inventory-green" />

</div>

</CardContent>

</Card>

<Card className="bg-white">

<CardHeader className="pb-2">

<CardTitle className="text-lg">Low Stock Items</CardTitle>

</CardHeader>

<CardContent>

<div className="flex justify-between items-center">

<span className="text-3xl font-bold">{lowStockCount}</span>

<AlertCircle className="h-8 w-8 text-inventory-orange" />

</div>

<p className="text-sm mt-2 text-gray-500">

Including {outOfStockCount} out-of-stock items

</p>

</CardContent>

</Card>

<Card className="bg-white">

<CardHeader className="pb-2">

<CardTitle className="text-lg">Stock Movement</CardTitle>

</CardHeader>

<CardContent>

<div className="grid grid-cols-2 gap-4">

<div className="flex items-center">

<ArrowUp className="h-5 w-5 mr-2 text-inventory-green" />

<div>

<p className="text-sm text-gray-500">In</p>

<p className="font-semibold">{incomingStock}</p>

</div>

</div>

<div className="flex items-center">

<ArrowDown className="h-5 w-5 mr-2 text-inventory-red" />

<div>

<p className="text-sm text-gray-500">Out</p>

<p className="font-semibold">{outgoingStock}</p>

</div>

</div>

</div>

</CardContent>

</Card>

</div>

{/\* Stock Level Chart \*/}

<div className="grid grid-cols-1 lg:grid-cols-2 gap-6">

<Card className="bg-white">

<CardHeader>

<CardTitle>Current Stock Levels</CardTitle>

<CardDescription>Stock quantity vs threshold for top products</CardDescription>

</CardHeader>

<CardContent>

<div className="h-[300px]">

<ResponsiveContainer width="100%" height="100%">

<BarChart

data={stockData}

margin={{ top: 10, right: 10, left: 0, bottom: 40 }}

barSize={20}

>

<CartesianGrid strokeDasharray="3 3" />

<XAxis

dataKey="name"

angle={-45}

textAnchor="end"

height={70}

/>

<YAxis />

<Tooltip />

<Bar dataKey="quantity" fill="#0EA5E9" name="Current Stock" />

<Bar dataKey="threshold" fill="#DC2626" name="Threshold" />

</BarChart>

</ResponsiveContainer>

</div>

</CardContent>

</Card>

{/\* Recent Alerts \*/}

<Card className="bg-white">

<CardHeader className="border-b">

<CardTitle>Recent Alerts</CardTitle>

<CardDescription>Latest inventory alerts and notifications</CardDescription>

</CardHeader>

<CardContent className="divide-y">

{alerts.length > 0 ? (

alerts.slice(0, 5).map((alert) => (

<div key={alert.id} className={`py-3 ${!alert.read ? 'bg-blue-50' : ''}`}>

<div className="flex justify-between">

<div className="flex items-center">

{alert.type === 'low-stock' && (

<div className="h-2.5 w-2.5 rounded-full bg-yellow-500 mr-2" />

)}

{alert.type === 'out-of-stock' && (

<div className="h-2.5 w-2.5 rounded-full bg-red-500 mr-2" />

)}

{alert.type === 'restock' && (

<div className="h-2.5 w-2.5 rounded-full bg-green-500 mr-2" />

)}

<span className="text-sm">{alert.message}</span>

</div>

</div>

<p className="text-xs text-gray-500 mt-1">

{new Date(alert.timestamp).toLocaleString()}

</p>

</div>

))

) : (

<div className="py-4 text-center text-gray-500">No recent alerts</div>

)}

{alerts.length > 5 && (

<div className="pt-3">

<Button

variant="ghost"

className="w-full text-inventory-blue hover:text-inventory-darkBlue"

onClick={() => navigate('/alerts')}

>

View all alerts

</Button>

</div>

)}

</CardContent>

</Card>

</div>

{/\* Recent Activity \*/}

<Card className="bg-white">

<CardHeader className="border-b">

<CardTitle>Recent Sales</CardTitle>

<CardDescription>Latest transactions and bill generation</CardDescription>

</CardHeader>

<CardContent>

<div className="divide-y">

{recentSales.length > 0 ? (

recentSales.map((bill) => (

<div key={bill.id} className="py-4">

<div className="flex justify-between items-start">

<div>

<p className="font-medium">

Bill #{bill.id.substring(0, 8)}

{bill.customerName && ` - ₹{bill.customerName}`}

</p>

<p className="text-sm text-gray-500">

{new Date(bill.timestamp).toLocaleString()}

</p>

<p className="text-sm mt-1">

{bill.items.length} {bill.items.length === 1 ? 'item' : 'items'}

</p>

</div>

<div className="text-right">

<p className="font-bold">₹{bill.total.toFixed(2)}</p>

<Button

variant="outline"

size="sm"

className="mt-1"

onClick={() => navigate(`/bills/₹{bill.id}`)}

>

View Bill

</Button>

</div>

</div>

</div>

))

) : (

<div className="py-4 text-center text-gray-500">No recent sales</div>

)}

</div>

{bills.length > 5 && (

<div className="mt-4">

<Button

variant="outline"

className="w-full"

onClick={() => navigate('/bills')}

>

View All Bills

</Button>

</div>

)}

</CardContent>

</Card>

</div>

);

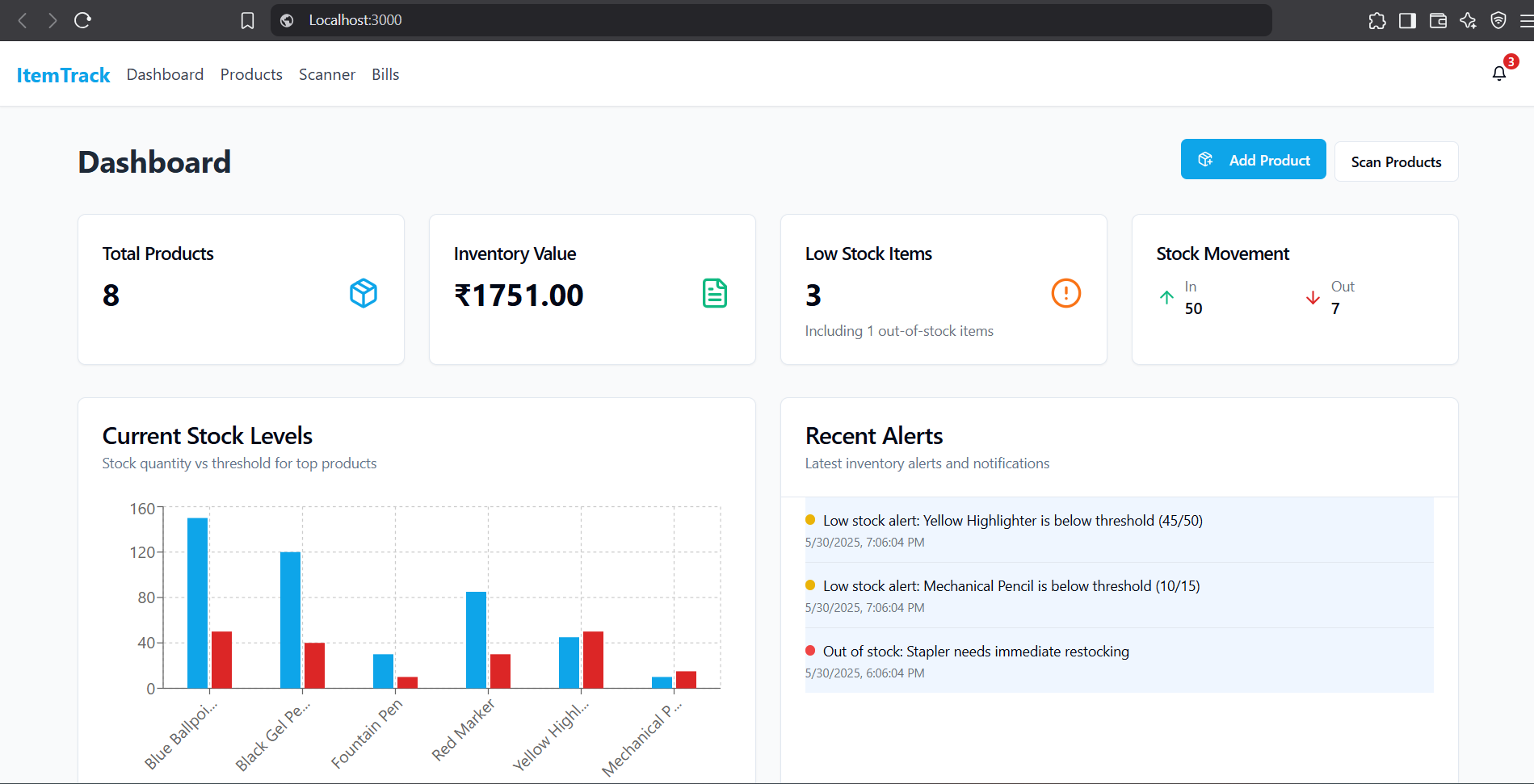
};

export default Dashboard;

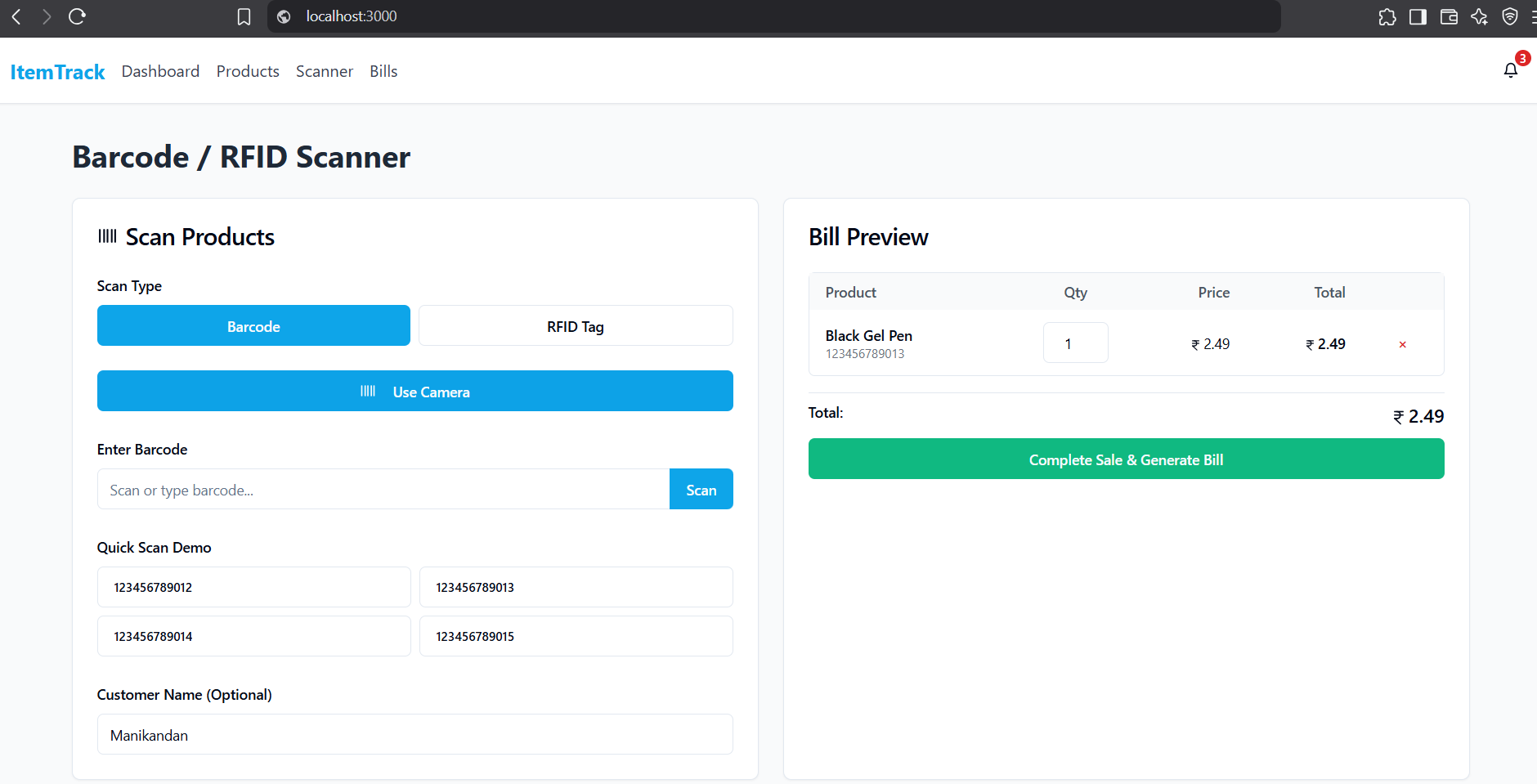
# CHAPTER 7

# SCREEN SHOTS

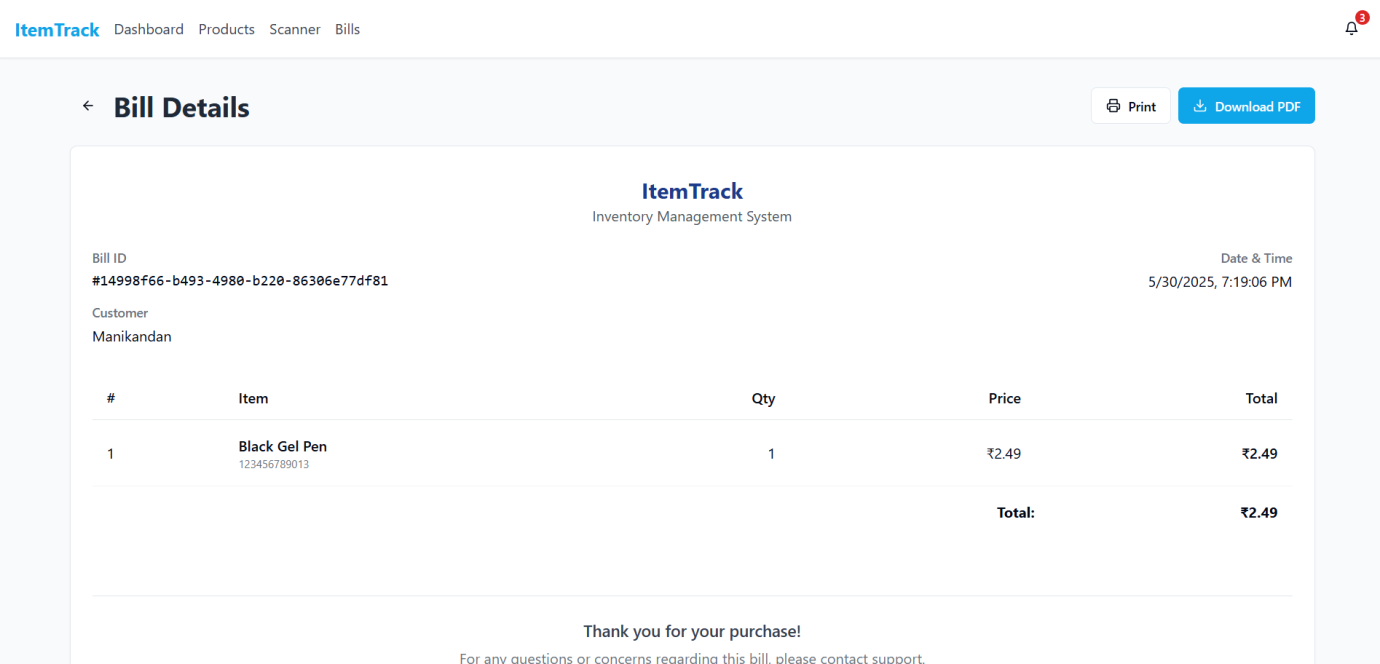
### Dashboard Page



**Figure 7.1** Responsive Dashboard

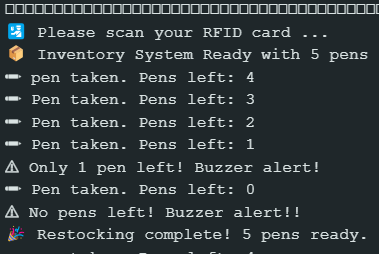


**Figure 7.2** RFID scanner



**Figure 7.3** Bill Details

**2. Data Sent from ARDUINO,ESP8266 - Nodemcu to Server**



**Figure 7.4** Data Received by Server from ESP8266-supabase

# CHAPTER 8

## CONCLUSION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

. In conclusion, the IoT-based Inventory Management System significantly improves inventory tracking, product identification, and stock management in retail environments. By integrating barcode scanning and Firebase for real-time updates, the system minimizes manual errors, reduces stock discrepancies, and ensures timely low-stock alerts to administrators. This automation leads to enhanced operational efficiency, improved customer satisfaction, and more informed decision-making.

**Future Enhancements** may include:

* **AI-Powered Forecasting:** Predict future stock needs using machine learning.
* **Voice Assistant Integration:** Allow voice commands for inventory queries and updates.
* **Mobile App Support:** Extend accessibility through Android/iOS apps.
* **Multi-store Synchronization:** Enable centralized monitoring across branches.
* **Blockchain for Security:** Ensure tamper-proof inventory logs using blockchain.

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