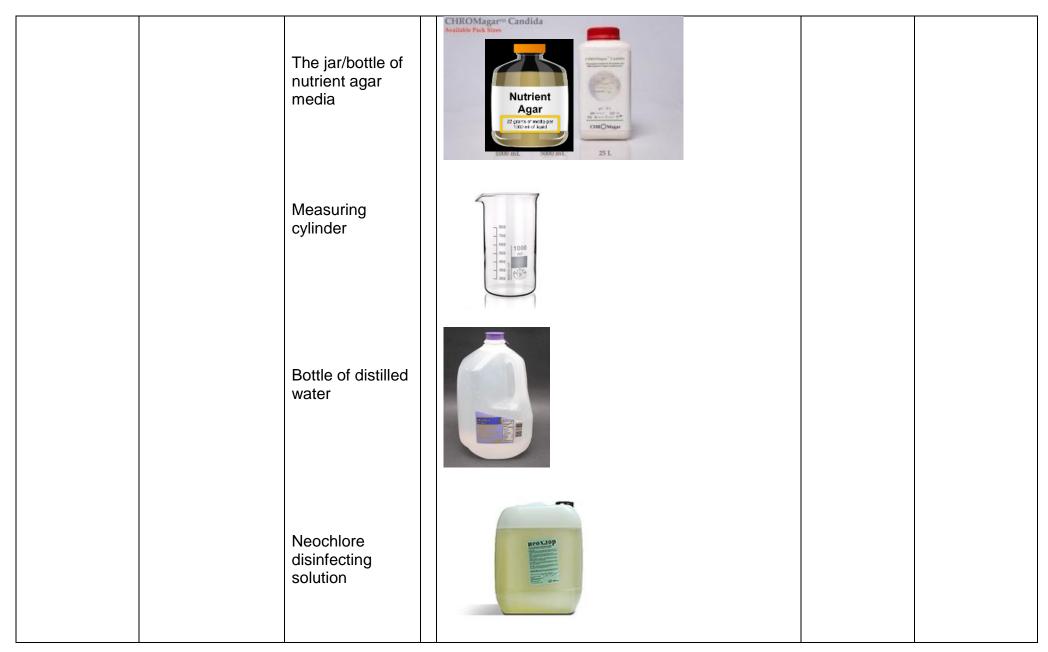
FLOW SHEET #	01	SCENARIO #	01	DATE	<mark>11/02/2016</mark>	PERSONNEL		atush, Yaryna driy Halushka
TITLE	Isolation a	nd identification	of Cano	lida sp. fro	m the oral ca	vity.		
SOURCES/ REFS								
VIDEO TIME (min:s)	ACTIO	ON OBJ	ECTS		РНОТО	S OF OBJECTS	POSSIBLE ERRORS	NOTES/ SCREENTEXT /GRAPHICS
SCENE #	1	PREPAI	RATION	OF NUTRI	TION MEDIA			
0:00	Introduction health & sa principles a methods.	afety, lab coat gloves.	&				Failure to wear lab coat and/or gloves.	Links to codes of practice:
	Gather sup	plies Material equipme Work be	ent:					



	Electronic laboratory balance		
	Erlenmeyer flask		
	Glass stirring rod		
	Chemical spoon		

Sterile, empty Petri plates		
Bunsen burner Autoclave		

Avatar measures distilled water into clean flask		Failure to measure the correct amount of water
Avatar measures the components of the medium into a flask containing 9/10 volume of the solvent. Uses a clean chemical spoon for every measurement	P DD s	Failure to measure the correct amount of the medium
Avatar dissolves the solid components and fills with the remaining solvent up to final volume		Failure to completely dissolve components of the medium

	Avatar closes the flask with cotton plug and covers with aluminium foil, puts into the autoclave and starts a sterilisation cycle		Autoclave	Failure to sterilize correctly	
0:19	Avatar prepares box to the work	washes surfaces with Neochlore disinfecting solution, turns on the UV lamp for 20 min		Omitting preparation a suitable work area Failure to allow sufficient time for sterilizing box Forget to turn off the lamp before entering the box	
	Avatar cools flask with the media about 20-30 minutes				If the medium is too cool, it will start to solidify into plates. If it is too hot, it will leave excess condensation on the lids.

0:30	Avatar adjusts Bunsen burner			Failure to adjust bunsen to give blue zone	The neck of the flask is not sterilized and contamination occurs
0:57	Avatar takes out the cotton plug and flames the neck of the flask over a Bunsen burner				
1:07	Avatar pours the medium into sterile, empty Petri plates	(15-20 mL into each Petri plate)		розливає середовище далі, ніж за 15 см від полум'я; наливає в чашку замало середовища (не покрило дно);	
1:31	Avatar closes the flask with cotton plug				
1:37	Avatar keeps the plates with medium on table to solidify	Turn dishes upside-down and stack them up for storage	Okeomá říme	перевертає або переносить чашку до того, як застигло	

				<mark>середовище</mark> .	
1:43	Avatar extinguishes the Bunsen burner				
	After several hours avatar labels the plates according to the type of the medium and the date	In case of longer storage, Petri plates must be placed into plastic bags or boxes to avoid drying out	Nutrient Agar		Do not store medium containing agar-agar under 4-5°C as it destroys its structure!
	Avatar performs a sterility test:	incubate the test plates at 28°C for 24 hours, and check for sterility			

QUESTIONS FOR SCENARIO

(Establish the correspondence between the names of media and their description:)

1. Differential-diagnostic	a) enable the fast growth of certain group of microorganisms with common physiological properties
2. Transportation	b) contain components that inhibit the growth of some microorganisms, but do not have the influence on another
3. Elective	c) contain conserving compounds and are used to prevent the death of microoorganisms during the transportation of the studied material to the microbiological laboratory
4. Selective	d) are used for the determination of fermentative properties of microorganisms, which is important during their biochemical identification
	e) are used for the accumulation of sufficient amount of cells for the analysis

Establish the correct sequence of nutrition media preparation stages (put the photos in the correct order):

