

Compare the two object that contains integer values that demonstrate the overloading of equality (==), less than (<), greater than (>), not equal (!=), greater than or equal to (>=) and less than or equal to(<=) operators.

```
#include <iostream>
#define SUCCESS 0
using namespace std;
class Integer
{
private:
    int no;
public:
    Integer(int a):no(a){};
    bool operator==(Integer a)
    {
        if(a.no == no)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
    bool operator<(Integer a)
    {
        if(no < a.no)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
    bool operator>(Integer a)
    {
        if(no > a.no)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
    bool operator<=(Integer a)
    {
        if(no <= a.no)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
}
```

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    }
    bool operator>=(Integer a)
    {
        if(no >= a.no)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
};
int main()
{
    int temp;
    cout << "Enter integer for object a";
    cin >> temp;
    Integer a(temp);
    cout << "Enter integer for object b";
    cin >> temp;
    Integer b(temp);
    if (a == b)
        cout << "object a and b are equal"<< endl;
    if (a < b)
        cout << "object a is less than b"<< endl;
    if (a > b)
        cout << "object a is greater than b"<< endl;
    if (a <= b)
        cout << "object a is less than or equal to b"<< endl;
    if (a >= b)
        cout << "object a is gerater than or equal to b"<< endl;
    return SUCCESS;
}

```

```

#include<iostream> //or
using namespace std;
class op
{
    int num;
public:
    op(int i)
    {
        num=i;
    }
}

```

```

}
void operator == (op o2)
{
    cout<<"For "<<num<<" == "<<o2.num<<endl;
    if(num==o2.num)
    {
        cout<<"True"<<endl;
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"False"<<endl;
    }
}
void operator < (op o2)
{
    cout<<"For "<<num<<" < "<<o2.num<<endl;
    if(num<o2.num)
    {
        cout<<"True"<<endl;
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"False"<<endl;
    }
}
void operator > (op o2)
{
    cout<<"For "<<num<<" > "<<o2.num<<endl;
    if(num>o2.num)
    {
        cout<<"True"<<endl;
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"False"<<endl;
    }
}
void operator != (op o2)
{
    cout<<"For "<<num<<" != "<<o2.num<<endl;

```

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    if(num!=o2.num)
    {
        cout<<"True"<<endl;
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"False"<<endl;
    }
}

void operator >= (op o2)
{
    cout<<"For "<<num<<" >= "<<o2.num<<endl;
    if(num>=o2.num)
    {
        cout<<"True"<<endl;
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"False"<<endl;
    }
}

void operator <= (op o2)
{
    cout<<"For "<<num<<" <= "<<o2.num<<endl;
    if(num<=o2.num)
    {
        cout<<"True"<<endl;
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"False"<<endl;
    }
}
};

int main()
{
    op o1(1),o2(2);
    o1==o2;
    o1>o2;
    o1<o2;

```

```
o1!=o2;  
o1>=o2;  
o1<=o2;  
}
```