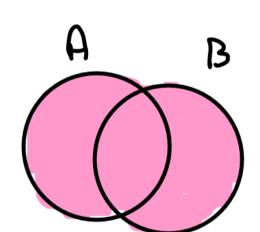
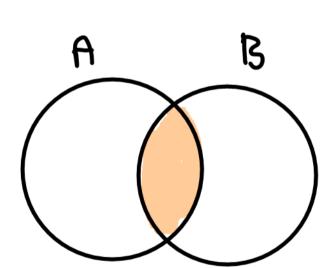
## Union, Intersection and Difference (more ways to create seas!)

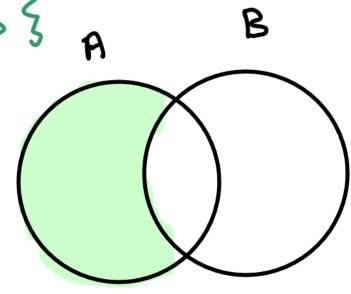
Given Sets A and B

$$[e \times 1]$$
  $A = \{1,2,4\}$   $B = \{0,1\}$   
 $A \cup B = \{1,2,4\}$   $\emptyset$ 





$$A - B = \{2, 6\}$$



1) we can extend these set operations to more than two sets

section 1.8 discusses in more detail unioning tinxense ching loss (even infinitely many) sets together

existing A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub>, ..., A<sub>n</sub>, ..., A<sub>n</sub>, ...  

$$A_{i} = A_{i} \cup A_{2} \cup A_{3} \cup ...$$

$$= \begin{cases} x : x \in A_{i} & \text{for some } i \end{cases}$$

$$A_{i} = A_{i} \cap A_{2} \cap A_{3} ...$$

$$= \begin{cases} x : x \in A_{i} & \text{for eveny } i \end{cases}$$

$$e \times 2$$
  $N \cap \mathbb{Z} \cap \mathbb{Q} = |N|$ 

ex 3) 
$$S_i = [0, i]$$
  $i \in \mathbb{N}$ 

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$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} 5_i = \begin{cases} x : 0 \le x \end{cases}$$

$$= [0, \infty)$$

Def. we say that two sets are disjoint if
their intersection is empty

"A and B are disjoint if An B = \$\psi \cdot\"