# PRINTABLE VERSION

## Quiz 2

# You scored 100 out of 100

#### **Question 1**

## Your answer is CORRECT.

After a statement P has been negated 8 times, the resulting statement is logically equivalent to

- a) 

  P
- b)  $\bigcirc P \land \neg P$
- c)  $\bigcirc \neg P$
- d)  $\bigcirc P \lor \neg P$
- e) None of the above.

#### **Question 2**

## Your answer is CORRECT.

 $\neg Q \Rightarrow \neg P$  is logically equivalent to which, if any, of the following statements? (Hint: a truth table should help!)

- $a) \circ P \Rightarrow Q$
- b)  $\bigcirc \neg Q \land \neg P$
- c)  $\bigcirc \neg P \land Q$
- d)  $\bigcirc$  Q  $\Rightarrow$  P
- $e) \bigcirc \neg P \Rightarrow \neg Q$

### **Question 3**

# Your answer is CORRECT.

De Morgan's Laws tells us that  $\neg (P \land \neg Q)$  is logically equivalent to which of the following statements?

 $a) \bigcirc P \lor Q$ 

- b)  $\bigcirc P \land Q$
- c)  $\bigcirc \neg P \land Q$
- e)  $\bigcirc \neg Q \land \neg P$

#### **Question 4**

## Your answer is CORRECT.

The symbol "  $\forall$  " means ...

- a) There exists or "Some"
- b) "There does not exist"
- c) O "Not all" or "Not every"
- d) "For all" or "For every"
- e) There exists exactly one" or "There exists a unique"

#### **Ouestion 5**

### Your answer is CORRECT.

Determine which of the following statements is true when using the universal set U=Z.

$$\mathbf{a)} \bigcirc \forall \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}^3 - 4\mathbf{x} \neq 0$$

**b)** 
$$\bigcirc \forall x, x^3 - 4x = 0$$

- c)  $\exists x, x^2 \le -1$ , but not every x satisfies this condition.
- **d)**  $\bigcirc \exists ! x, x^3 4x = 0$
- e)  $\exists x, x^3 4x = 0$ , but not every x satisfies this condition.

#### **Ouestion 6**

## Your answer is CORRECT.

Consider the English sentence:

When some pairs of integers are added together the result is not positive

Which of the following statements correctly expresses this sentences using logical symbols?

- $a) \cap \exists x, y \in Z, xy \in Z$
- **b)**  $\bigcirc \exists x, y \in Z, x + y \in Z$
- $(c) \bigcirc \forall x, y \in Z, x + y \in Z$
- $\mathbf{d}$ )  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, x + y \leq 0$
- $e) \odot \exists x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, x + y \leq 0$
- $\mathbf{f}$ )  $\forall x, y \in Z$ ,  $xy \in Z$

#### **Question 7**

### Your answer is CORRECT.

Consider the following statement:

$$\exists x, \forall y, x + y = y.$$

From the options provided below, which universal set U makes this statement true?

- a)  $\odot$  U = {-9, -6, -3, 0, 3, 6, 9}
- **b)**  $\bigcirc$  U = {2, 4, 6, 8, ...}
- $e) \odot U = \{5\}$
- **d)**  $\bigcirc$  U = {1/2, 1, 2}
- e)  $\bigcirc$  U =  $\{-1, 3\}$

## **Question 8**

## Your answer is CORRECT.

Consider the English sentence P: "Someone is wearing a blue shirt." The negation of P can be expressed in logical symbols as which of the following? (We are using  $U = \{ \text{ all people } \}$  as our universal set.)

- a)  $\bigcirc \neg P : \forall x, x \text{ is not wearing a blue shirt}$
- **b)**  $\bigcirc \neg P : \exists x, x$  is not wearing a blue shirt
- c)  $\neg P : \exists x, x$  is wearing a blue shirt
- d)  $\bigcirc \neg P : \forall x, x$  is wearing a blue shirt