PRINTABLE VERSION

Quiz 3

You scored 50 out of 100

Question 1

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose we are told that set A satisfies $\{1, \pi, \clubsuit\} \cap A = \{1\}$. Of the following options which can be used for the set A?

- a) One set A will make this true.
- **b)** \bigcirc {1, π , \clubsuit }
- $c) \odot Z$
- d) $\bigcirc \{\emptyset\}$
- $e) \cap \{-1, \clubsuit, \heartsuit\}$
- $f_{1} \odot \{\pi, 2\}$

Question 2

Your answer is CORRECT.

The statement $A \subseteq B$ implies which of the following?

- a) $\bigcirc \forall x \in B, x \in A$.
- b) $\bigcirc \exists x, x \in A \land x \in B$.
- c) \bigcirc \forall $x \in A$, $x \in B$.
- \mathbf{d}) $\bigcirc \mathbf{A} = \emptyset \land \mathbf{B} = \emptyset$

Ouestion 3

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose |S| = 7 and $|S \times T| = 14$. What is the cardinality of T?

a)
$$|T| = 9$$

b)
$$|T| = 2$$

c)
$$|T| = 98$$

d)
$$\bigcirc |T| = 5$$

e)
$$|T| = 14$$

Ouestion 4

Your answer is INCORRECT.

Suppose |T| = 5 and $|P(S) \times T| = 40$. What is the cardinality of S?

a)
$$|S| = 40$$

c)
$$|S| = 8$$

d)
$$\bigcirc |T| = 5$$

e)
$$|S| = 3$$

Question 5

Your answer is INCORRECT.

Is it possible for $(1,3) \in \mathbb{N}$?

- a) This can happen, but it doesn't always happen.
- b) This is true. It always happens!
- c) \bigcirc This is impossible! It never happens!

Question 6

Your answer is INCORRECT.

Consider the set S defined below:

$$S = \{n \in N : n^2 \in N\}$$

Which of the following is true?

$$a) \bigcirc S = N$$

$$\mathbf{b}) \odot \mathbf{S} = \emptyset$$

$$\mathbf{c)} \odot \mathbf{S} = \{2^b : b \in \mathbf{N}\}$$

d)
$$\bigcirc$$
 S = $\{2i + 1 : i \in N\}$

$$e) \odot S = \{2m : m \in N\}$$

Question 7

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose we have two sets S and T, each described in terms of a condition: $S = \{x \in U : P(x)\}$ and $T = \{x \in U : Q(x)\}$. (Here U is a Universal set.) If it is also true that

$$S \nsubseteq T$$

then which of the following statements must be true?

$$a) \odot \forall x \in U, P(x) \Rightarrow Q(x)$$

$$\mathbf{b}$$
) $\bigcirc \exists t \in U, P(t) \land Q(t)$

$$c) \bigcirc \forall x \in U, \ Q(x) \Rightarrow P(x)$$

$$d$$
) $\bigcirc \forall x \in U, P(x) \Rightarrow Q(x)$

$$e) \bigcirc \forall x \in U, \ Q(x) \Rightarrow P(x)$$

Ouestion 8

Your answer is INCORRECT.

A Venn Diagram or De Morgan's Laws should help you complete this sentence:

$$A - B =$$

$$a) \cap A \cap \overline{B}$$

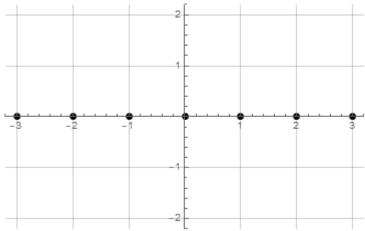
$$\mathbf{b}$$
 \bigcirc $\mathbf{A} \cup \overline{\mathbf{B}}$

$$c) \circ \overline{A} \cup \overline{B}$$

Question 9

Your answer is CORRECT.

Consider the image shown:



Which set of points is depicted in the image above?

a)
$$\bigcirc \{(x,2) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3\}$$

b)
$$\bigcirc \{(x, x^2) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3\}$$

c)
$$(x, \sin(\pi x)) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3$$

d)
$$\bigcirc \{(x, 2x) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3\}$$

e)
$$((x, \sqrt{9-x^2}) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3)$$

$$f_1 \cap \{(2, x) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3\}$$

Question 10

Your answer is INCORRECT.

$$P({3,4}) \cap P({3,-3,4}) =$$

$$a) \odot \{ \emptyset, \{3\}, \{4\}, \{3,4\} \}$$

b)
$$\bigcirc$$
 { {4}, {3,4} }

e)
$$0$$
 {3, 4, -3 }

- **d)** \bigcirc { {4} }
- e) 0 { {-3} }
- **f**) (3, 4)