PRINTABLE VERSION

Quiz 3

You scored 100 out of 100

Question 1

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose we are told that set A satisfies $\{1, \pi, \clubsuit\} \cap A = \{\pi\}$. Of the following options which can be used for the set A?

- a) $\bigcirc Z$
- b) No set A will make this true.
- \mathbf{c}) $\bigcirc \{1, \pi, \clubsuit\}$
- \mathbf{d}) $\bigcirc \{-1, \clubsuit, \heartsuit\}$
- **f**) {♡}

Question 2

Your answer is CORRECT.

The statement $A \cup B = \emptyset$ implies which of the following?

- a) $\bigcirc \exists x, x \in A \land x \in B$.
- $\mathbf{b)} \ \mathbf{0} \ \mathbf{A} = \emptyset \ \land \ \mathbf{B} = \emptyset$
- c) $\bigcirc \forall x \in B, x \in A$.
- d) $\bigcirc \forall x \in A, x \in B$.

Ouestion 3

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose |S| = 3 and $|S \times T| = 12$. What is the cardinality of T?

- **a)** |T| = 7
- **b)** $\bigcirc |T| = 1$
- |T| = 4
- **d)** $\bigcirc |T| = 12$
- e) |T| = 36

Ouestion 4

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose |T| = 5 and $|P(S) \times T| = 40$. What is the cardinality of S?

- **a)** |T| = 5
- **b)** |S| = 8
- |S| = 3
- **d)** $|S| = 2^5$
- e) |S| = 40

Question 5

Your answer is CORRECT.

Is it possible for |S| = 0?

- a) This can happen, but it doesn't always happen.
- **b)** O This is impossible! It never happens!
- c) This is true. It always happens!

Question 6

Your answer is CORRECT.

Consider the set \boldsymbol{S} defined below:

$$S = \{n \in N : 2n = 1 \lor 3n = 1\}$$

Which of the following is true?

$$a) \odot S = \emptyset$$

$$\mathbf{b}$$
) \bigcirc $\mathbf{S} = \{2m : m \in \mathbf{N}\}$

$$c_i \cap S = \{2i + 1 : i \in N\}$$

$$\mathbf{d}$$
) \circ S = N

$$\mathbf{e)} \cap \mathbf{S} = \{2^b : b \in \mathbf{N}\}$$

Question 7

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose we have two sets S and T, each described in terms of a condition: $S = \{x \in U : P(x)\}$ and $T = \{x \in U : Q(x)\}$. (Here U is a Universal set.) If it is also true that

then which of the following statements must be true?

$$a) \cup \forall x \in U, Q(x) \Rightarrow P(x)$$

b)
$$\bigcirc \forall x \in U, P(x) \Rightarrow Q(x)$$

c)
$$\bigcirc \exists t \in U, P(t) \land Q(t)$$

$$d$$
) $\bigcirc \forall x \in U, P(x) \Rightarrow Q(x)$

$$e) \odot \forall x \in U, Q(x) \Rightarrow P(x)$$

Question 8

Your answer is CORRECT.

A Venn Diagram or De Morgan's Laws should help you complete this sentence:

$$A \cup B =$$

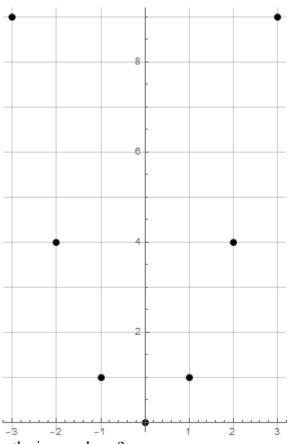
- $a) \cap A \cup \overline{B}$
- \mathbf{b}) $\bullet \overline{\mathbf{A}} \cap \overline{\mathbf{B}}$
- c) OBUA
- d) $\bigcirc A \cup \overline{B}$

 $e) \bigcirc \overline{A} \cup B$

Question 9

Your answer is CORRECT.

Consider the image shown:



Which set of points is depicted in the image above?

a)
$$((x, x^2) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3)$$

b)
$$\bigcirc \{(x, \sin(\pi x)) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3\}$$

$$e_{0} \odot \{(2, x) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3\}$$

d)
$$\bigcirc \{(x, 2x) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3\}$$

e)
$$((x, 2) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3)$$

$$f_0 \cap \{(x, \sqrt{9-x^2}) : x \in Z \land -3 \le x \le 3\}$$

Question 10

Your answer is CORRECT.

 $P({2,4}) \cap P({2,-3,4}) =$

- $a) \odot \{ \{4\}, \{2,4\} \}$
- **b)** { {-3} }
- (2, 4, -3)
- **d)** \bigcirc { {4} }
- e) \bigcirc { \emptyset , {2}, {4}, {2,4} }
- $f_{1} \odot \{2,4\}$