PRINTABLE VERSION

Quiz 5

You scored 100 out of 100

Question 1

Your answer is CORRECT.

Given the following sampling distribution:

X	-20	-9	-3	11	19
P(X)	1/25	² / ₂₅	1/100	3/50	

What is P(X = 19)?

- a) 0.82
- **b)** 0.79
- c) 0.80
- **d)** © 0.81
- **e)** 0.19
- f) None of the above

Question 2

Your answer is CORRECT.

Given the following sampling distribution:

X	-18	-11	-4	4	19
P(X)	7/100	1/50	9/100	1/20	

What is P(X > -11)?

- **a)** 0.94
- **b)** 0.93
- **c)** 0.90

- **d)** © 0.91
- e) 0.88
- f) None of the above

Question 3

Your answer is CORRECT.

Given the following sampling distribution:

X	-19	-14	-3	5	15
P(X)	1/25	9/100	7/100	2/25	

What is the mean of this sampling distribution?

- a) 08.9
- **b)** \bigcirc 9.2
- c) -3.2
- **d)** 9.0
- e) -0.2
- f) None of the above

Question 4

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose you have a distribution, X, with mean = 14 and standard deviation = 4. Define a new random variable Y = 4X - 3. Find the mean and standard deviation of Y.

- **a)** \odot E[Y] = 53; σ_{Y} = 13
- **b)** \bigcirc E[Y] = 56; σ_{Y} = 13
- c) \odot E[Y] = 56; σ_{Y} = 64
- **d)** \odot E[Y] = 53; σ_{Y} = 64
- e) \odot E[Y] = 53; σ_{Y} = 16
- f) None of the above

Question 5

Your answer is CORRECT.

In testing a certain kind of missile, target accuracy is measured by the average distance X (from the target) at which the missile explodes. The distance X is measured in miles and the sampling distribution of X is given by:

X	0	10	50	100
P(X)	1/34	1/17	² ⁄ ₁₇	27/34

Calculate the mean of this sampling distribution.

- a) 083.4
- **b)** 088.4
- c) 0865.4
- **d)** 29.4
- e) © 85.9
- f) None of the above

Question 6

Your answer is CORRECT.

In testing a certain kind of missile, target accuracy is measured by the average distance X (from the target) at which the missile explodes. The distance X is measured in miles and the sampling distribution of X is given by:

X	0	10	50	100
P(X)	1/40	1/20	1/10	33/40

Calculate the variance of this sampling distribution.

- a) 088.0
- **b)** 0 253.7
- c) 761.0
- **d)** 027.6
- e) 5138.7
- f) None of the above

Ouestion 7

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose you want to play a carnival game that costs 8 dollars each time you play. If you win, you get \$100. The probability of winning is $\frac{3}{100}$. What is the expected value of the amount the carnival stands to gain?

- a) 05.10
- **b)** 0.-5.00
- c) © 5.00
- **d)** 0 5.30
- e) 3.00
- f) None of the above

Question 8

Your answer is CORRECT.

Suppose you want to play a carnival game that costs 8 dollars each time you play. If you win, you get \$100. The probability of winning is $\frac{3}{100}$. What is the expected value of the amount that you, the player, stand to gain?

- a) -5.10
- **b)** 0 5.00
- c) -5.00
- **d)** −5.30
- e) -3.00
- f) None of the above

Question 9

Your answer is CORRECT.

A random sample of 2 measurements is taken from the following population of values: 0, 1, 3, 4, 7. What is the probability that the range of the sample is 7?

- **a)** © 0.1
- **b)** 0.4

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c)	0	٠.

- **d)** 0.3
- e) 0.5
- f) None of the above

Question 10

Your answer is CORRECT.

A furniture store is having a sale on sofas and you're going to buy one. The advertisers know that buyers get to the store and that 1 out of 3 buyers change to a more expensive sofa than the one in the sale advertisement. Let X be the cost of the sofa. What is the average cost of a sofa if the advertised sofa is \$150 and the more expensive sofa is \$450?

- a) © 250.00
- **b)** 350.00
- c) 0250.22
- **d)** 225.00
- e) 300.00
- f) None of the above