

HW3 Solis:

A.) Let $f(x) = x^T M x$

Let \hat{x} be s.t.

$$\hat{x}^T M \hat{x} = 0.$$

Then $f(\hat{x}) \leq f(x) \quad \forall x$

because M is PSD.

Hence, \hat{x} is a minimizer of

$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} f(x)$. Hence,

$$\nabla_x f(\hat{x}) = 0 \Rightarrow (M + M^T) \hat{x} = 0.$$

B.) Let z solve $\text{LCP}(M, q)$,

d s.t. $z + d \geq 0$

$$M(z + d) + q \geq 0$$

$$q^T d = 0$$

$$(M + M^T) d = 0$$

\Rightarrow

$z+d$ is a solution if

$$M(z+d) + q \geq 0$$

$z+d \geq 0$

By assumption.

$$(z+d)^T (M(z+d) + q) = 0$$

$$z^T (Mz + q) + d^T (Mz + q) + z^T Md + d^T Md$$

$$= 0 + d^T Mz + d^T q + z^T Md + \frac{1}{2} d^T (M + M^T) d$$

$$= 0 + z^T M^T d + 0 + z^T Md + 0$$

$$= z^T (M + M^T) d = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

Solution

Now: Let z and $z+d$ be
solutions to $LCP(M, q)$

Want to show

- i) $z+d \geq 0$
- ii) $M(z+d) + q \geq 0$
- iii) $q^T d = 0$
- iv) $(M + M^T)d = 0$

i) and ii) true by $z+d$ solution.

Also: $(z+d)^T (M(z+d) + q) = 0$

Now: Let $I_1: \{i: z_i > 0, (Mz+q)_i = 0\}$
 $I_2: \{i: z_i = 0, (Mz+q)_i = 0\}$
 $I_3: \{i: z_i = 0, (Mz+q)_i > 0\}$

$$z^T (Mz+q) + d^T (Mz+q) + z^T M d + d^T M d = 0$$

$$\underbrace{z^T(Mz+q)}_0 + \underbrace{d^T(Mz+q)} + \underbrace{z^T M d} + \underbrace{d^T M d}_0 = 0$$

$$I_1: = 0$$

$$I_2: = 0$$

$$I_3: \geq 0$$

$$I_1: \geq 0$$

$$I_2: = 0$$

$$I_3: = 0$$

$$\geq 0$$

(M PSD)

\Rightarrow each term = 0 if
is possible.

	d_i	$(Mz+q)_i$	z_i	$(Md)_i$
I_1	free	$= 0$	> 0	≥ 0
I_2	≥ 0	$= 0$	$= 0$	≥ 0
I_3	≥ 0	> 0	$= 0$	free

else, z and $z+d$ can't both
be solutions.

$$d^T M d = 0 \Rightarrow (M + M^T)d = 0 \quad (M \text{ PSD})$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{iv) Satisfied.}$$

$$d^T(Mz+q) + z^T M d = 0$$

$$= d^T M z + d^T q + z^T M d$$

$$= z^T M^T d + z^T M d + d^T q$$

$$= z^T (M + M^T) d + d^T q$$

$$= d^T q = 0$$

(iii) Satisfied.

C)

$$s x - 1 = 0$$

$$\text{Min } x^T C$$

x

$$\text{s.t. } \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \dots & 1 \\ -1 & \dots & -1 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \geq -$$

$$x \geq 0$$

\Downarrow

x^* is sol iff

$$\exists \lambda \in \mathbb{R}^2 \quad c - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \lambda \geq 0 \perp x \geq 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \dots & 1 \\ -1 & \dots & -1 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \geq 0 \perp \lambda \geq 0$$

$$\text{Let } x^* = e_j$$

$$\lambda_1 = \text{Max}(C_j, 0) \geq 0$$

$$\lambda_2 = -\text{Min}(C_j, 0) \geq 0$$

$$\lambda_1 - \lambda_2 = c.$$

x^*, λ satisfy $\Rightarrow x^* = e_j$ is sol