

### HW3 Solis:

A.) Let  $f(x) = x^T M x$

Let  $\hat{x}$  be s.t.

$$\hat{x}^T M \hat{x} = 0.$$

Then  $f(\hat{x}) \leq f(x) \quad \forall x$

because  $M$  is PSD.

Hence,  $\hat{x}$  is a minimizer of

$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} f(x)$ . Hence,

$$\nabla_x f(\hat{x}) = 0 \Rightarrow (M + M^T) \hat{x} = 0.$$

B.) Let  $z$  solve  $\text{LCP}(M, q)$ ,

d s.t.  $z + d \geq 0$

$$M(z + d) + q \geq 0$$

$$q^T d = 0$$

$$(M + M^T) d = 0$$

$\Rightarrow$

$z+d$  is a solution if

$$M(z+d) + q \geq 0$$

$z+d \geq 0$

By assumption.

$$(z+d)^T (M(z+d) + q) = 0$$

$$z^T (Mz + q) + d^T (Mz + q) + z^T Md + d^T Md$$

$$= 0 + d^T Mz + d^T q + z^T Md + \frac{1}{2} d^T (M + M^T) d$$

$$= 0 + z^T M^T d + 0 + z^T Md + 0$$

$$= z^T (M + M^T) d = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

Solution

Now: Let  $z$  and  $z+d$  be  
solutions to  $LCP(M, q)$

Want to show

- i)  $z+d \geq 0$
- ii)  $M(z+d) + q \geq 0$
- iii)  $q^T d = 0$
- iv)  $(M + M^T)d = 0$

i) and ii) true by  $z+d$  solution.

Also:  $(z+d)^T (M(z+d) + q) = 0$

Now: Let  $I_1: \{i: z_i > 0, (Mz+q)_i = 0\}$   
 $I_2: \{i: z_i = 0, (Mz+q)_i = 0\}$   
 $I_3: \{i: z_i = 0, (Mz+q)_i > 0\}$

$$z^T (Mz+q) + d^T (Mz+q) + z^T M d + d^T M d = 0$$

$$\underbrace{z^T(Mz+q)}_0 + \underbrace{d^T(Mz+q)} + \underbrace{z^T M d} + \underbrace{d^T M d}_0 = 0$$

$$I_1: = 0$$

$$I_2: = 0$$

$$I_3: \geq 0$$

$$I_1: \geq 0$$

$$I_2: = 0$$

$$I_3: = 0$$

$$\geq 0$$

(M PSD)

$\Rightarrow$  each term = 0 if  
is possible.

	$d_i$	$(Mz+q)_i$	$z_i$	$(Md)_i$
$I_1$	free	$= 0$	$> 0$	$\geq 0$
$I_2$	$\geq 0$	$= 0$	$= 0$	$\geq 0$
$I_3$	$\geq 0$	$> 0$	$= 0$	free

else,  $z$  and  $z+d$  can't both  
be solutions.

$$d^T M d = 0 \Rightarrow (M + M^T)d = 0 \quad (M \text{ PSD})$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{iv) Satisfied.}$$

$$d^T(Mz+q) + z^T M d = 0$$

$$= d^T M z + d^T q + z^T M d$$

$$= z^T M^T d + z^T M d + d^T q$$

$$= z^T (M + M^T) d + d^T q$$

$$= d^T q = 0$$

(iii) Satisfied.