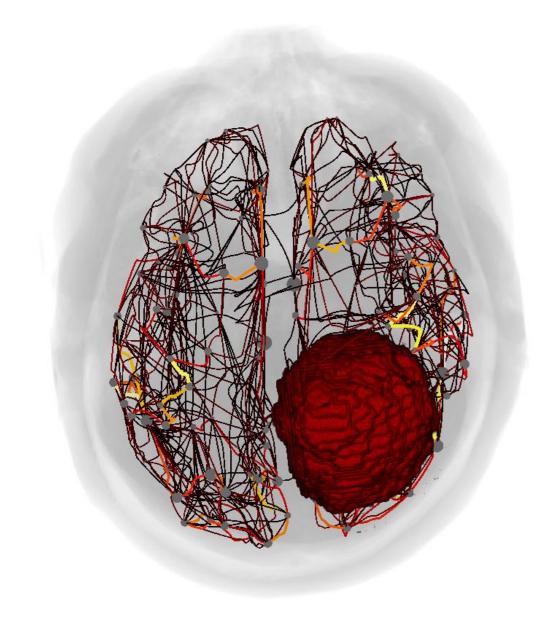
### FACULTY OF PSYCHOLOGY AND EDUCATIONAL SCIENCES



# MODELING BRAIN DYNAMICS IN BRAIN TUMOR PATIENTS USING THE VIRTUAL BRAIN

**ENBIT WORKSHOP 31/05/2018** 

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Supervisor: Prof. Dr. D. Marinazzo







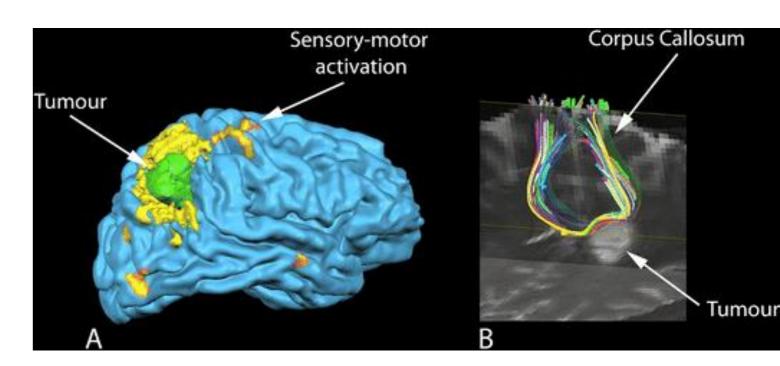
- Introduction
- Data
- Results
- Questions & discussion



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Presurgical planning for tumor resection using fMRI & DWI

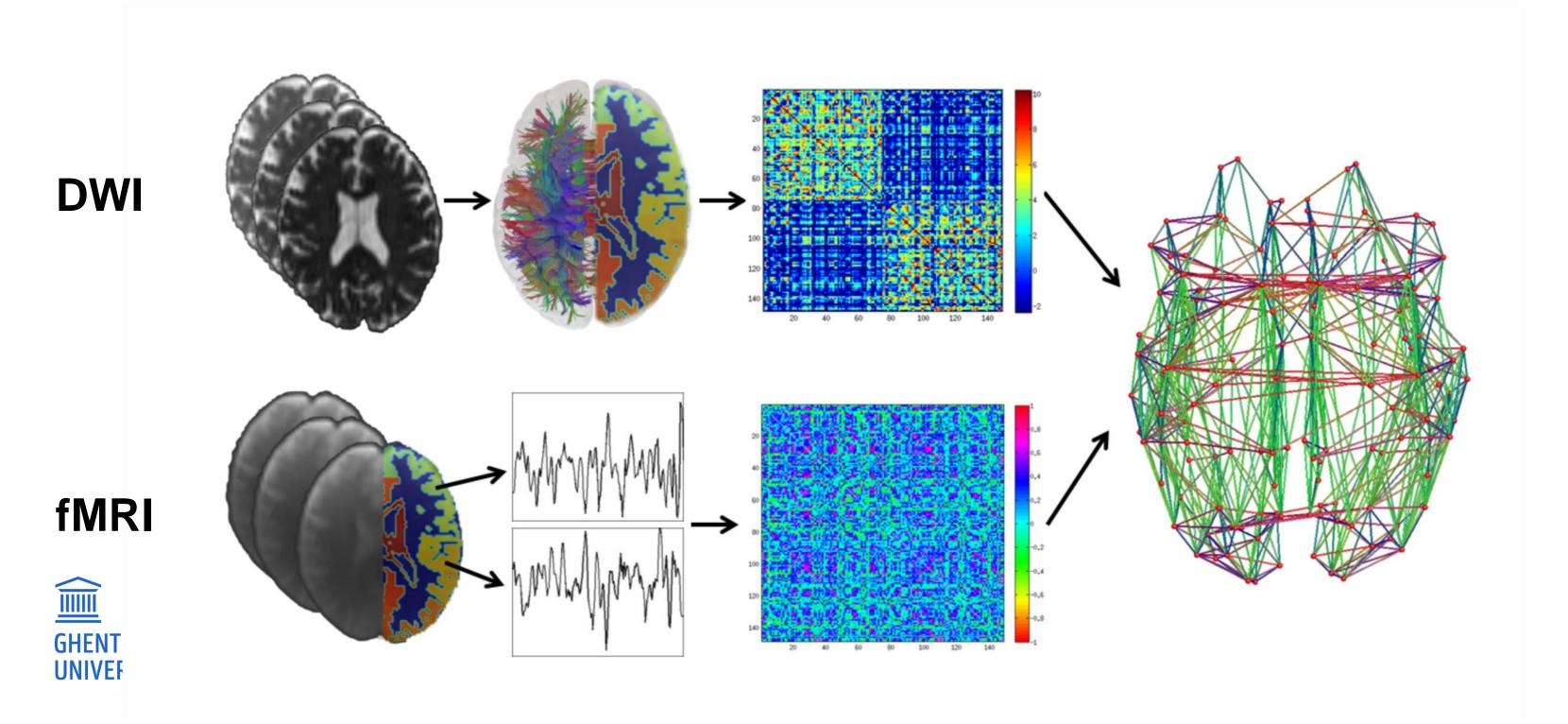


Dimou et al. 2013 (Neurosurgical Review)

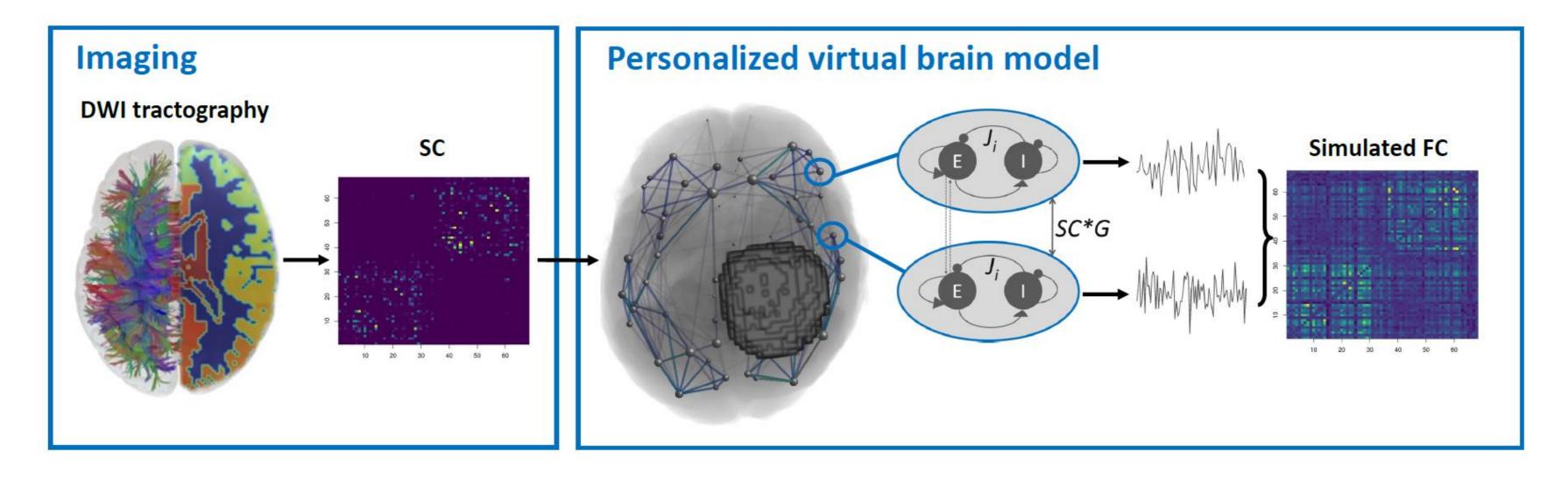
- Prediction of outcome still difficult
- Possible solution: computational modeling



### **Connectivity matrices**



### Computational modeling workflow



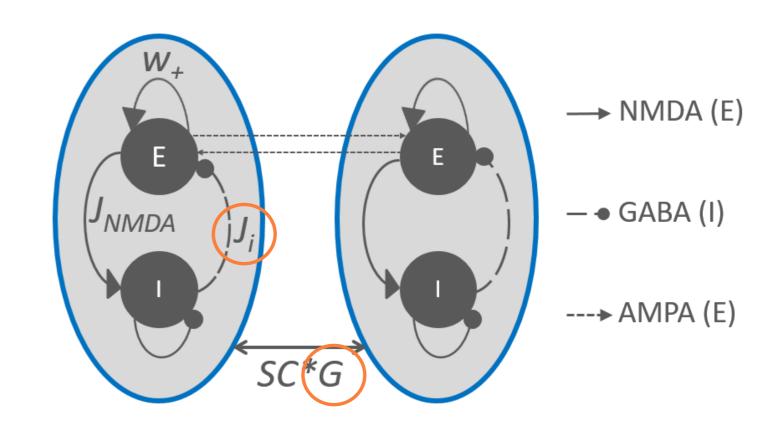


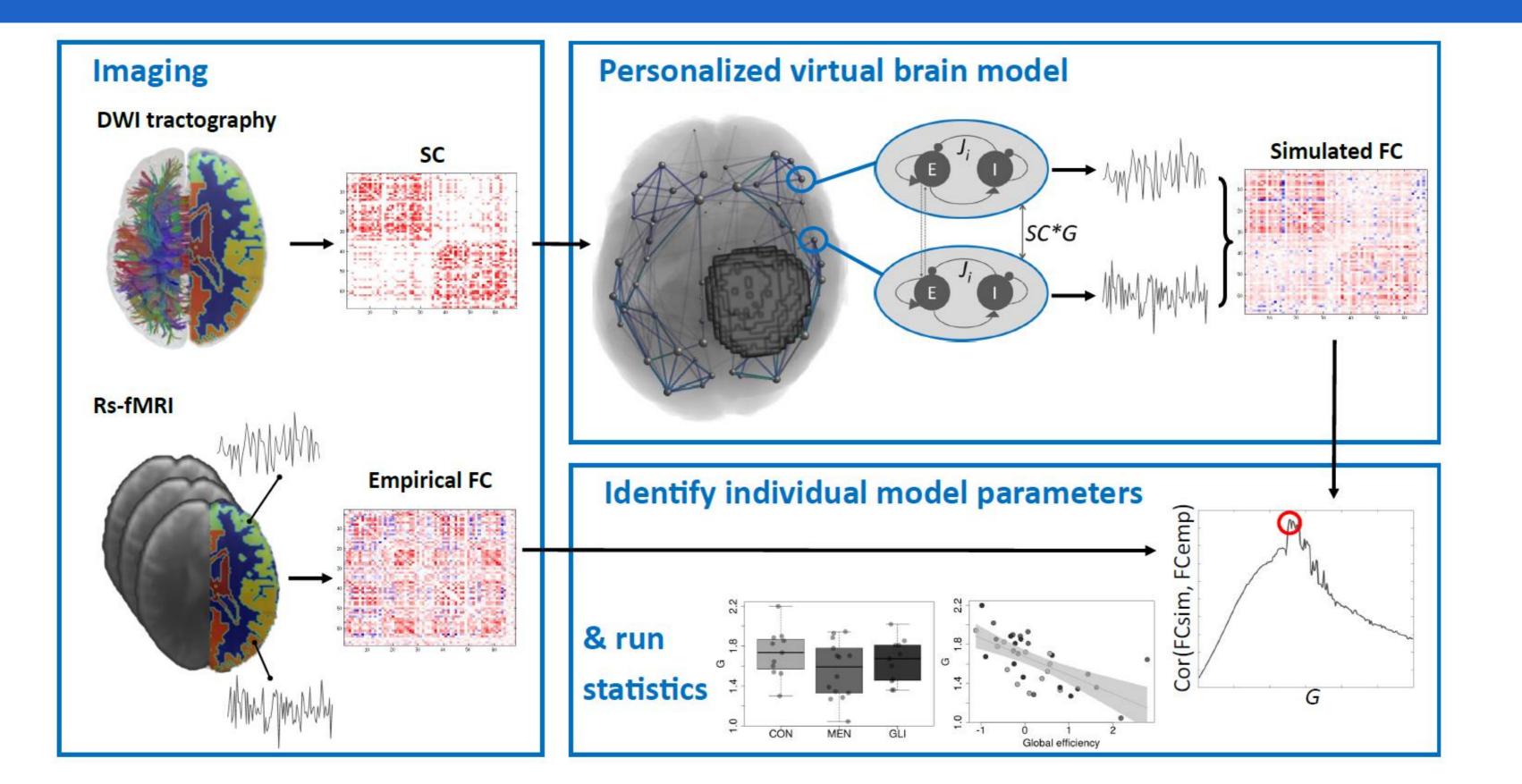
Select plausible model: Reduced Wong-Wang model (Deco et al. 2014)



- Examine model parameters:
  - between brain tumor patients & controls
  - between tumor and healthy regions







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### DATA

### Subjects

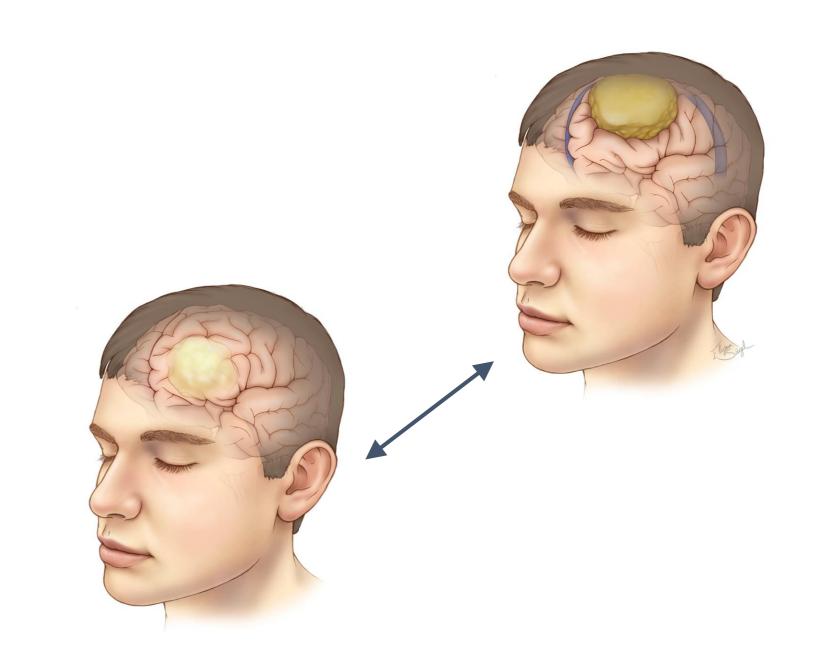
### 14 meningioma patients (MEN)

13 grade I, 1 grade II6 left hem, 5 right hem, 3 bilateral

### 11 glioma patients (GLI)

7 grade II, 1 grade II-III, 3 grade III 6 left hem, 5 right hem

11 control subjects (CON)



### DATA

#### Measures

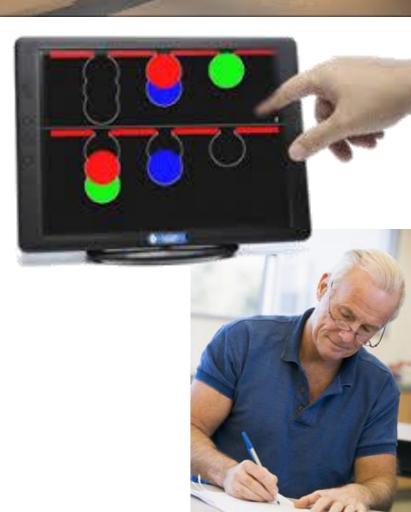
MRI: T1w, DWI, rs-fMRI



Cognition: reaction time, working memory, planning accuracy, spatial span length

Questionnaires: demographics, lifestyle, emotional functioning, social functioning

→ Data on OpenNeuro & ENBIT repository soon!



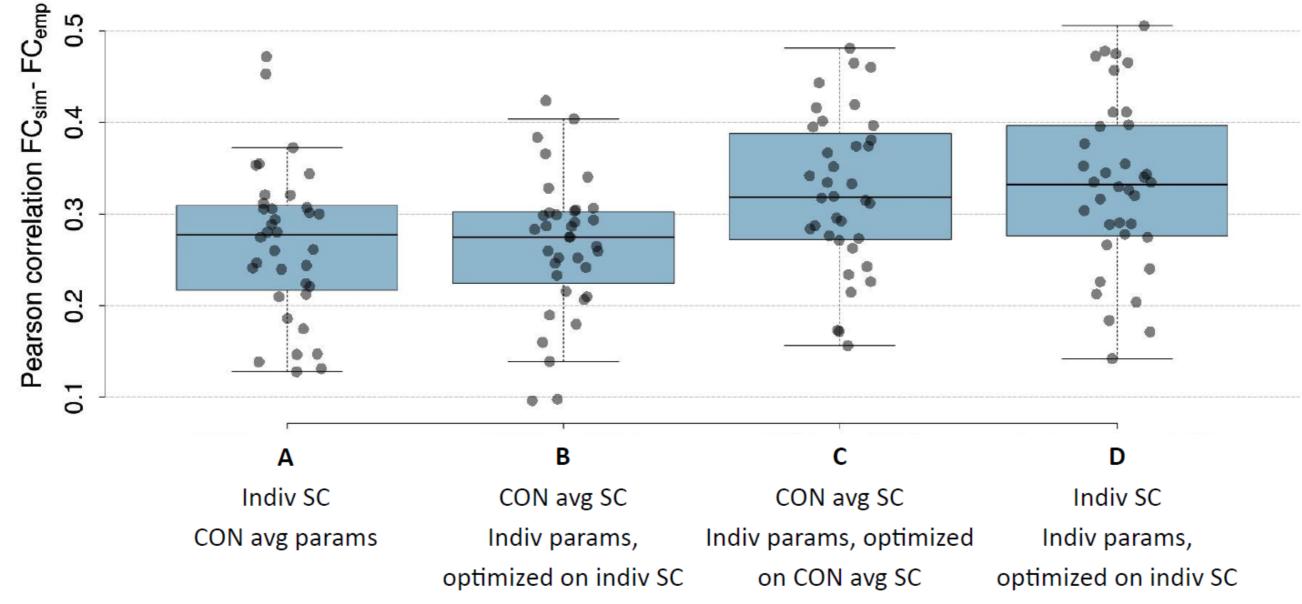
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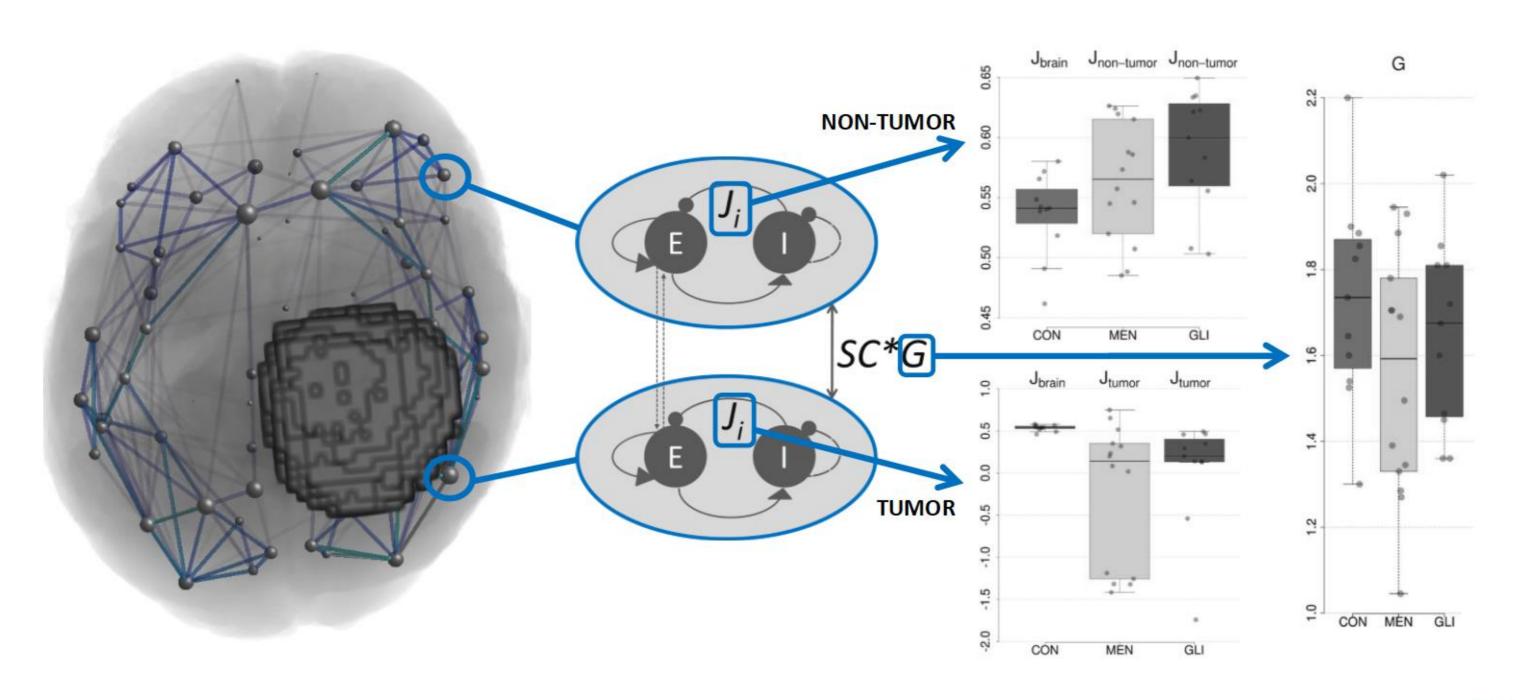
### (1) Importance of personalized virtual brain models







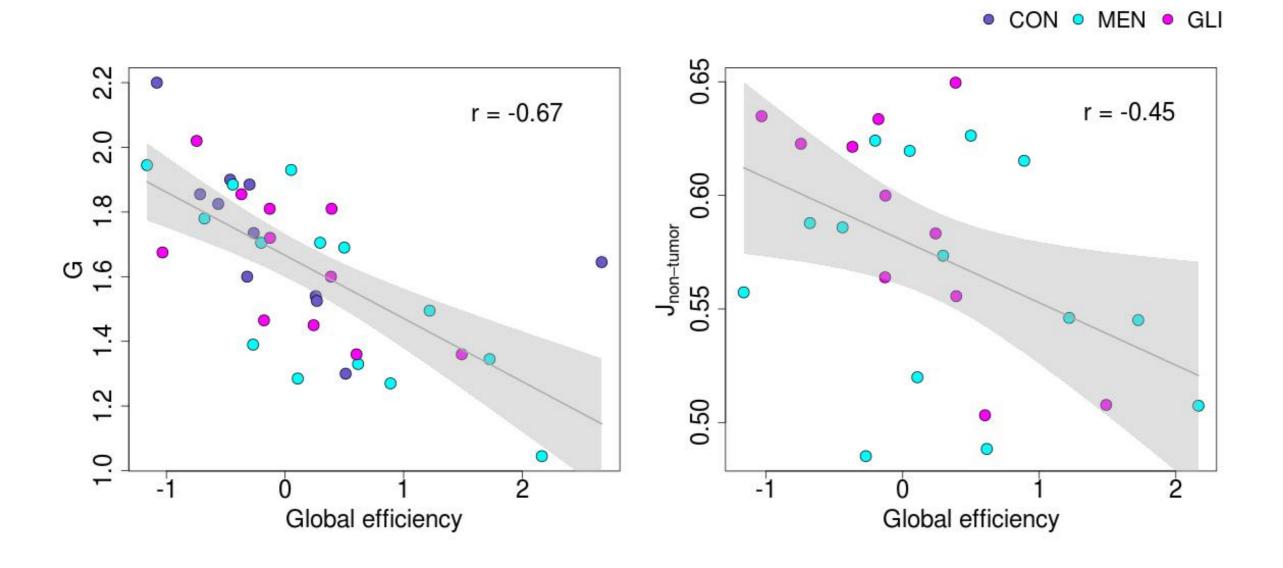
### (2) Group differences in model parameters







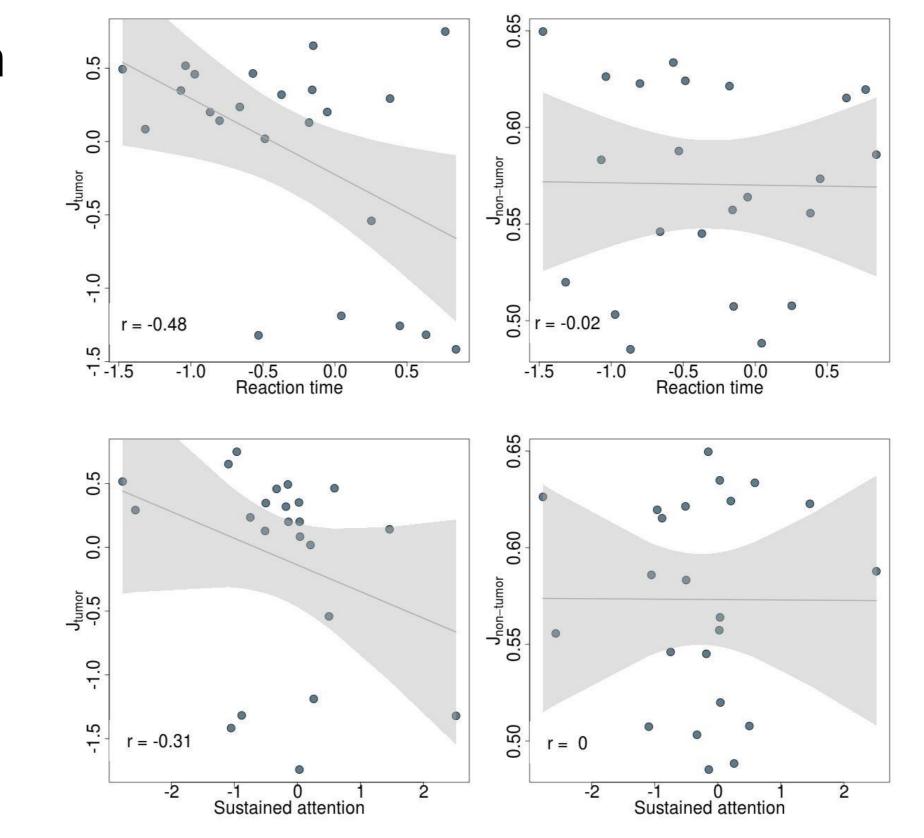
### (3) Model parameters correlate with structural network topology







# (3) ... and cognition







# More information: see paper



Research Article: New Research | Novel Tools and Methods

#### Modeling Brain Dynamics in Brain Tumor Patients Using the Virtual Brain

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# Thank you for your attention!

Questions, comments, feedback, ideas, ...?

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